ROYAL EDITION

The Times

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THE TIMES, Monday, June 2, 1930

The CHARGE for ANNOUNCEMENTS of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, and DEATHS (authenticated by name and permanent address of the sender) is ONE GUINEA for three lines or less and FIVE SHILLINGS for each additional line of about six words. The charge for IN MEMORIAM NOTICES is TWELVE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for three lines or less and THREE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for every additional line. A special rule for five and ten years' memorial insertion may be obtained on application. In order to avoid incorrect insertions in "Deaths" and "In Memoriam" announcements senders are asked to indicate their origin. In the case of mothers using the mother's pseudonym should first be obtained. Announcements may be sent to "The Times" Office, Printing House-square, London, E.C.4, to "The Times" Office, 72, Regent-street, London, W.1, to "The Times" Book Club, 42, Wigmore-street, London, W.1, or to the Bureau de Vente, 2, Chaussée d'Antin, Paris. For Small Advertisement Index see last column of this page.

Two Insertions in Court Page, Three Guineas for first line or less and Twelve Shillings and Sixpence for each additional line.

Subscription rates for "The Times" for one year—£4 11s. Inland, £5 4s. Foreign.

BIRTHS

BANTON.—On May 29, 1930, at Sheldon-avenue, Cavaler, to PEGGY (*née* Sivess), wife of NORMAN E. BANTON—a son.

BELL.—On May 29, 1930, at a nursing home, New Barnet, to ENNA, wife of RUSSELL BELL—a daughter.

BROCK GRIGGS.—On May 30, 1930, at a nursing home, to PEGGY, wife of H. THOMAS BROCK GRIGGS, of 9, Bramerton-street, Chelsea—a daughter.

BROWN.—On May 27, 1930, at Canzen Saar, to VIE, wife of CAPT. I. DOUGLAS BROWN, The Gordon Highlanders—a daughter.

EPPS.—On May 28, 1930, at St. Mary's Vicarage, Bexley, to JOAN (*née* CARLTON), wife of the Rev. STANLEY MOORCROFT EPPS—a daughter.

HUNGERFORD.—On May 29, 1930, at 33, Kensington-mansions, S.W.5, to SIR WILSON and LADY HUNGERFORD, of 3, Malone-park, Belfast—a son.

MacLEOD.—On May 30, 1930, at a nursing home, Chelsea, to LOUISE, wife of ALASTAIR MACLEOD, 3, Tite-street, S.W.3—a daughter.

MASON.—On May 27, 1930, at Thornbury, Nelson-road, Southsea, to MOLLIE, wife of J. ALEX. MASON—a daughter.

MURCOTT.—On May 27, 1930, to BETSY (*née* Rutherwick), wife of CAPTAIN S. S. MURCOTT, Madras Pioneers, Bangalore—a daughter (premature).

TYNDALE-BISCOE.—On May 30, 1930, at 38, Compayne-gardens, N.W.6, to YVONNE and CECIL JULIAN TYNDALE-BISCOE, Tanganyika—a son.

WHITEHEAD.—On May 31, 1930, to EDITH NORA, wife of HAROLD MILLER WHITEHEAD, 9, Sussex-square, Brighton—a son.

WILLMER.—On May 30, 1930, at 2, Arkwright House, Arkwright-road, Hampstead, to MARY BARBARA, the wife of H. G. WILLMER—a son.

WINTERSGILL.—On May 25, 1930, at Colderdale House, Halifax, to GUINEVERE (*née* Northcote), wife of L. E. WINTERSGILL—a daughter.

MARRIAGES

BARTHOLOMEW : SHARPE.—On May 31, 1930, at St. Mary-of-the-Angels, Paddington, ROBERT ALLEN BARTHOLOMEW to MARY KATHERINE SHARPE.

BERRYMAN : SHIPTON.—On May 9, 1930, at St. Thomas's Cathedral, Bombay, by Canon G. F. Harvey, Father Superior, Royal Air Force, assisted by the Rev. and Mrs. A. Cassels Berryman, of Berkhamsted, Herts, to EDITH KATHLEEN (KITTY) SHIPTON, daughter of the late Leonard Shipton, Ceylon Government Service, and Mrs. Shipton, of Bedford.

CALKIN : CALKIN.—On May 31, 1930, at the Hampstead Parish Church, by the Rev. H. T. Earnest, assisted by the Rev. Bruce Bernard, CLIFFORD E. CALKIN, of Corlton-road, Ealing, to BRENDA BERNARD, youngest daughter of the late H. BERNARD CALKIN, of Lloyd's, and of Mrs. Calkin, of 21, West Heath-avenue, Golders Green.

JESSE : ERWOOD.—On May 17, 1930, at St. Mary's Church, Ewell, WILLIAM JESSE, of Uganda, to ELSIE MARGARET ERWOOD, of Kingston-on-Thames.

MONTGOMERY-SMITH : WINTLE.—On May 31, 1930, at St. Mary Abbot's Church, KENNETH GEORGE BOYD, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. MONTGOMERY-SMITH, to MARION FLORENCE, elder daughter of the late Mr. W. S. WINTLE and Mrs. WINTLE.

RILEY : SPAIN.—On May 31, 1930, at Hutton, Essex, CLIFFORD RILEY, younger son of Mr. and Mrs. Riley, of Hutton, to NELLIE, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. BINSLEY SPAIN, of Shenfield.

WAYKIN : BLANDEN.—On May 31, 1930, at St. Marylebone Parish Church, quietly, ARTHUR JOHN WAYKIN to MARY BLANDEN.

GOLDEN WEDDING

MOUNSEY : FERRIER.—On June 1, 1880, at the Church of St. John the Evangelist, Penge, by the Rev. Bevan Mansel, vicar of Jesmond, JOHN MOUNSEY, of South Norwood, to CHARLOTTE EMILY, daughter of GEORGE FERRIER, of Sydenham. Present address: Worthing.

DEATHS

ANTENBRING.—On May 30, 1930, at Wenlock, St. Leonards-on-Sea, HELENA GRACE ANTENBRING, widow of Rev. Arthur Wichart Antenbring, Rector of Little Bursted, Essex, aged 82.

BAIRSTOW.—On May 31, 1930, at a nursing home, 3, Park-road, Shipley, Yorkshire, Springfield, Low Hills, near Keighley, in his 79th year. Service and interment at St. Thomas's Church, Sutton-in-Craven, near Keighley, on Wednesday, June 4, at 12.30.

BARTON.—On May 29, 1930, at 11, Everton-gardens, Hendon, HARRIET ANN BARTON, daughter of the late C. C. Barton, of Bowhams, aged 97. Funeral Kensal Green (Treaty's-road) on Tuesday, at 11.30 a.m.

BERNARD D'OVLY.—On May 31, 1930, at Combe Hill, Honiton, of pneumonia, MARY LUSHINGTON, widow of ARTHUR FRANCIS BERNARD, of Combe Raleigh, and only daughter of the late MAJOR-GENERAL SIR CHARLES WALTERS D'OYLY, ninth Baronet. Funeral St. Nicholas, Combe Raleigh, at 3.30 p.m., Wednesday, June 4.

BOYSSIUS.—On May 29, 1930, suddenly, at Oakleigh, The Park, Buxton, OLIVER BOYSSIUS. Cremation at the Manchester Crematorium to-morrow (Tuesday), 2.30 p.m. No flowers, by request. Inquiries P. Bennett and Son, High-street, Buxton. (Tele., 449.)

BROWNE.—On June 1, 1930, at Bexhill, GEORGE FORREST BROWNE, late Bishop of Stepney and of Bristol, aged 84.

CRUICKSHANK.—On May 30, 1930, at Brentwood, Essex, ANNE, the beloved wife of GEORGE CRUICKSHANK.

DARK.—On May 30, 1930, in London of pneumonia after an operation, JOHN, eldest and beloved son of JOHN and MARY DARK, Court Lodge, Brasted, Kent. Funeral Sundridge Church 2.30 to-morrow (Tuesday).

EHRMAN.—On June 1, 1930, in London, SIDNEY HELLMAN EHRMAN, beloved son of Sidney M. and Florence H. Ehrman, of San Francisco, and devoted brother of Esther M. Ehrman.

ELDRIDGE.—On May 30, 1930, at Tangley, Reigate, FRANCES HEATH, widow of STUART ELDRIDGE, of Yokohama, Japan. Funeral service at Tangley, Reigate, to-morrow (Tuesday), at 2.30 p.m. Cremation at St. John's, Woking, 4 p.m. Friends, kindly accept this, the only intimation. (Japan papers, please copy.)

GASTER.—On May 31, 1930, at 53, Devonshire-place, ANSELL GASTER, M.D., M.R.C.P.Lond., aged 66. Funeral took place on Sunday, June 1.

HUNTER.—On May 31, 1930, at Abbey House, Windsor, CONSTANCE JANET, daughter of the late SIR PAUL and LADY HUNTER. No flowers, by her wish. Funeral Mortimer 2.30 p.m. to-morrow (Tuesday).

JACKSON.—On May 30, 1930, at Wayfaring, Hythe, Kent, LIEUT.-COLONEL KEITH HUNGERFORD JACKSON, youngest son of the late Elphinstone Jackson, Judge of H.M. High Court of Calcutta, and dearest beloved husband of Conte Jackson. R.I.P. Please, no flowers.

JACKSON.—On May 30, 1930, at the residence of his brother-in-law, Nicholas Meaden, R.N., 40, Alexandra-road, Reading, WILLIAM TYRES JACKSON, of Sittingbourne, Kent, aged 82 years. Funeral service at St. Michael's Church, Sittingbourne, Kent, at 2.30, on Wednesday, June 4. No flowers, by request.

JURY.—On May 29, 1930, in Dublin, EDITH MARY, wife of COLONEL JURY, C.M.G., late Colonel, 18th Hussars, and eldest daughter of Ernest Ralph Dodsworth, of St. Peter's Grove, York. Funeral St. Olave's Church, York, to-day (Monday), at 11.30 o'clock.

LAKE.—On May 29, 1930, at Carlton House, Tunbridge Wells, WYNTER ARWELL EDWARD, devotedly loved husband of FLORENCE LAURA LAKE, late Deputy Inspector-General of Indian Police, son of Captain Andrew Winter Lake, Madras Army, aged 72. Funeral service at King Charles Church, Tunbridge Wells, to-day (Monday), at 2.30 p.m.

LEE.—On May 31, 1930, passed away after a short illness, ERNEST WILLIAM LEE, "Junipers," Dorking-road, Epsom. Funeral to-morrow (Tuesday), 3 o'clock, at Epsom Cemetery.

MACGREGOR.—On May 29, 1930, at 3, Eton-terrace, Edinburgh, MRS. HELEN MACGREGOR, widow of the Very Reverend James MacGregor, D.D., St. Cuthbert's Parish Church, Edinburgh, Chaplain-in-Ordinary to H.M. Funeral to-day (Monday). Service at St. Cuthbert's Church at 2 p.m., thereafter to Grange Cemetery. No flowers.

MACLEOD.—On May 30, 1930, at 20, Craven-hill, W.2, HERBERT WILLIAM GEORGE MACLEOD, M.D., B.Sc., M.R.C.P.(Lond.), Barrister-at-Law, late Captain I.M.S., aged 69 years.

MILLER.—On May 31, 1930, GEORGE WICKS MILLER, of Copthorne Lodge, Suttton, Surrey, and Stock Exchange, London, aged 86. Funeral Benhilton Church, Sutton, Wednesday, 2.30. Flowers from relatives only, please.

MOON.—On May 31, 1930, at a nursing home in London, after an operation, SIR REGINALD B. MOON, K.C.B., K.C., for many years Solicitor to the Treasury. Funeral at Chelsea Church to-morrow (Tuesday). Arrangements in to-morrow's issue of "The Times."

PEARSON.—On May 31, 1930, GEORGE PEARSON, Stanley House, Heath, Leighton Buzzard, the beloved husband of Fay Pearson, son of the late George and Elizabeth Pearson, of Preston and Lytham, in his 79th year. No mourning or flowers. Cremation at Golders Green to-day (Monday).

PESCATORE.—On May 30, 1930, at Freiburg im Breisgau, EMMA, daughter of M. Tony Dutreux, and widow of M. ANTOINE PESCATORE, late Charge d'Affaires of Luxemburg at the Court of St. James's, in her 85th year.

ROLL.—On June 1, 1930, at a Brighton nursing home, HELEN VIOLET ROLL, wife of Hugh Winfield Roll, formerly of Eastbourne.

ST. JOHN-KNELLER.—On June 1, 1930, after a short illness, at St. Cuthbert's, Compton-street, Eastbourne, HENRY GC. JOHN-KNELLER, (the beloved husband of Helen St. John-Kneller, in the 82nd year. Funeral service at All Saints' Church, Eastbourne, at 11 a.m., Thursday, June 5; afterwards interment at Ocklynge Cemetery. Friends please accept this, the only intimation. (Indian papers please copy.)

DEATHS (continued)

SANDALL.—On May 31, 1930, at Springfield, Muntalt-road, Woodford Green, after 35 years of the happiest married life, CHARLOTTE THOMAS EDWARD SANDALL, C.M.G., T.D., M.D.Cantab., formerly commanding 5th Battalion, The Lincolnshire Regiment, late D.C.M.S., Ministry of Pensions. Funeral 2 p.m. Wednesday, Wolvercote Cemetery, Oxford. Flowers direct to cemetery.

SCOLDING.—On May 29, 1930, at Bathurst Lodge, St. Margaretta, from heart failure, EDWARD WILLIAM, dearly beloved husband of CICELY SCOLDING, aged 75 years. Funeral services to-MORROW (Tuesday) at St. Stephen's Church, East Twickenham, at 2 o'clock. Interment at Chiswick Cemetery, 2.45 p.m.

SITWELL.—On May 31, 1930, at Elm Cottage, Truro, WILLIAM SACHEVERELL, second son of the late REV. DEDOR WILMOT SITWELL, of Leamington, Hastings, and dear husband of Dorothea Mary Sitwell. Interment at Kenwyn, Truro, to-MORROW (Tuesday), at 3 p.m.

STOKES.—On May 29, 1930, ALEXANDER HEYDON STOKES, of Middleton, Bromley, Kent, Stockbroker to the Supreme Court of Chancery, aged 72. A dearly loved husband and father. No flowers or special mourning, by his request.

TAYLOR.—On May 30, 1930, at Newstead, Birstall, Leicestershire, JOHN HENRY TAYLOR, in his 82nd year. Interment at Birstall to-morrow (Tuesday), at 3 o'clock.

TEMPLER.—On May 29, 1930, at Hunsber, Paignton, ARTHUR HENRY, third son of the late JAMES TEMPLER, of Lyndridge, Devon, in his 71st year.

VIVIAN.—On May 30, 1930, at The Limes, Crouch End-hill, N.8, HENRY HARVEY VIVIAN, J.P., formerly M.P. for Birkenhead and Totnes Division of Devon. Funeral at Golders Green Crematorium to-morrow (Tuesday), at 11 a.m.

WADE.—On May 28, 1930, suddenly, at 8, Albert Court, S.W.7, PHILIP HAROLD WADE, aged 40.

WARDLAW.—On May 29, 1930, at 11, Haslemere-road, Crouch End, N.8, JESSIE A. WARDLAW, aged 97. Funeral to-day (Monday). First portion of service at her late residence, at 11 a.m., and interment at Highgate New Cemetery, at 11.15 a.m.

WATSON.—On May 31, 1930, at Dibbinsdale, Bromborough, JANE STOCK, widow of WILLIAM WATSON, late of Lancelyn Spital, aged 92 years. Funeral at St. Andrew's Church, Bebington, to-morrow (Tuesday), at 2.30 p.m.

WAUD.—On May 30, 1930, at Shanklin, I.W., GERTRUDE ANNE, daughter of the late EDWARD W. WAUD, of Montreal, Canada.

WILSON.—On May 31, 1930, after a short illness, JAMES MCGURDAN WILSON, of 1, Ormanton-road, West-hill, Sydenham. Funeral Elmers End Cemetery, Beckenham, to-morrow (Tuesday), at 12 noon.

IN MEMORIAM ON ACTIVE SERVICE

ALDERTON.—In most loving and devoted memory of CHARLES JOHN WOODWARD, on his 34th birthday, killed in action Nov., 1917.

COLTMAN.—In proud memory of WALTER JOSEPH, Second Lieutenant, 2/6th City of London Rifles, died of wounds June 2, 1917.

FRANCIS.—In proud and ever-loving memory of JOHN FRANCIS, Captain, 13th Royal Warwickshire Regiment, killed in action in Flanders, June 2, 1915.

HILARY.—In ever-loving memory of HARRY HILARY, R.F.A., who died of wounds received in action at Monchy-le-Preux, June 2, 1917, aged 42.

MOTT.—In ever-loving memory of MONTAGU VINES MOTT, 3rd Dragoon Guards, who fell in action, June 1, at Banni Bannok, Kurdistan.

"Lightly, thou wind, over each dear young head,
Where now the wings of dreamless sleep are spread,
Whisper a benediction o'er the dead."

—MOTHER.

SCOTT.—In ever-loving remembrance of CECIL, killed on June 2, 1916. Also of YONKER, died in Singapore June 12, 1923.—MOM.

WATSON.—In loving memory of LIEUT. C. C. WATSON, A Battery, 231st Brigade, R.F.A., who died of wounds received in action near Lens on June 1, 1917.—G. M. G. and A. G.

WILBERFORCE.—In proud and devoted memory of our beloved son, CAPTAIN WILBERFORCE SARGENT WILBERFORCE, M.C., King's Royal Rifles and Royal Air Force, killed in the service of his King and Country June 2, 1913.

BOYD-CARPENTER.—In loving memory of HENRY JOHN BOYD-CARPENTER, of Riverlea, Kingswear, who died on June 2, 1925.

"Sleep on, beloved, sleep and take thy rest,
Lay down thy head upon thy mother's breast."

BROUGHAM.—In memory of my husband, the HONBLE. REGINALD BROUGHAM, who passed away at Chambery on June 1, 1925.

"A vous mes Pensées, à moi vos Souvenirs"

CASSELTON.—In loving and constant memory of my dear husband, ALFRED EDMUND CASSELTON, who died June 2, 1925.

CURTIS-BENNETT.—In loving remembrance of SIR HENRY CURTIS-BENNETT, sometime Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, who passed over on June 2, 1913.

MYERS.—In ever-loving memory of ADOLPH, beloved husband of ANNETTE MYERS, June 1, 1929.

NATHAN.—In fond and loving memory of my dear husband, GEORGE (BILLY), who died on June 1, 1927.—ISOBEL.

NATHAN.—In loving memory of our old friend BILLY, who died on June 1, 1927.—ALLAN and PEARL.

POLLARD.—In loving memory of our darling BERTIE, who departed this life June 1, 1920.—From his MOTHER, FATHER, SISTER, and BROTHERS.

"Until the Day break and the Shadows flee away."

POPE.—In loving memory of MONTAGU MERCER POPE, Priest.

POWELL.—In grateful and loving recognition of DR. ELLIS POWELL.—Always present with us, his wife and family.—MARY POWELL.

SIMPSON.—In loving memory of MARJORIE DELLFOSSE SIMPSON. Ever in our thoughts, dear child. June 1, 1929.—FATHER and MOTHER.

SMITH.—Sacred to the dearly loved memory of SARAH EDITH SMITH, who died at her home, Stellamere, Ealing, on June 1, 1924.—NELL.

VEAL.—In loving memory of our brother CHARLES, died June 2, 1929.—GODSY, MUMSULL.

"God shall wipe away all tears."

WINDOVER.—In ever loving and sweet remembrance of my darling devoted wife LEAH, who died June 2, 1929.—ERNEST.

WINDOVER.—In ever loving memory of our dearest mother, LEAH WINDOVER, who passed away June 2, 1929.—PHYLLIS and REGGIE.

MAPLE and Co., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, London, W.1. CARRY OUT FUNERALS EFFICIENTLY AND INEXPENSIVELY in Town or Country. CREMATIONS. MONUMENTAL WORK. VALUATIONS FOR PROBATE and PROPERTY. Telegrams, "MAPLE, LONDON." Phone, Museum 7000.

THE GARDEN OF REST, GOLDERS GREEN or WOKING.—Descriptive Booklet from Crematorium Office, 23, Nottingham-place, W.1. Welbeck 4168.

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JEWELLERY DIAMONDS, EMERALDS, and PEARLS, OLD SILVER PLATE, &c., bought for cash or valued.—ROBERTSON'S DIAMOND MERCHANTS, JEWELLERS, 199, Edgware-road, London, W.2. Est. 1797. Obtain our offer before selling elsewhere.

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3 lines 15s. (minimum)

RIDING LESSONS in Hyde Park or Richmond Park by competent masters. Specially trained hacks for Sale or Hire.—Cadogan Riding School (Indoor), Little Cadogan-place, S.W. (Sloane 8201); or King's Head Stables, Roehampton-lane (Putney 4488).—W. Smith, Ltd. 3816.

GUN LESSONS in SHOOTING are ideal Birthday or Wedding Presents.—Stephen Grant and Joseph Lang, Ltd., 7, Bury-street, St. James's, S.W.1. Regent 0454.

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3 lines 9s. (minimum)

CHICKENS, finest milk-fattened; carriage paid. 1s. 10d. per lb., roast plucked; trussing 6d. each.—Kingston, Russell House Poultry Farm, Dorchester.

WEST COUNTRY FARMER sends CLOTTED CREAM to private customers at farm prices. Perfect delivery guaranteed. Trial order, 1lb., 2s. 10d.; 2lb. 5s. 6d.—Trenoweth Farm, Gwinear, Hayle, Cornwall.

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3 lines 9s. (minimum)

CHOICE DESSERT FRUIT direct from Importers, Hamper of Oranges, Apples, Pears, Grapefruit, 21s. carriage paid England, Wales. Satisfaction guaranteed. —Kendrews, 142, Long Acre, Covent Garden, London.

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4 lines 12s. (minimum)

SUITS TURNED as new by our invisible process, 35s.; overcoats, 30s.; costumes, 37s. 6d. Alterations, cleaning and repairs.—Call or post garments, Dept. A, The Original Turning Co., 140, High Holborn (four doors from British Museum Station). We collect. Holb. 3674-5.

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4 lines 10s. (minimum)

LONDON HOSPITAL TRAINED NURSING STAFF.

TRAINED NURSES for ADULTS or CHILDREN. Apply Matron, Telephone: Bishopsgate 5328.

The Nurses on the private staff return to the wards to keep their cases after sufficient rest, so that their work and knowledge are kept thoroughly up to date.

There are vacancies every seven weeks for Candidates wishing to enter for General Training.

QUEEN CHARLOTTE'S MATERNITY HOSPITAL, Marylebone, N.W.1. MATERNITY NURSES required at the Hospital, reading at Nurses' Home, 99/101, Fitzroy-street. Apply to the Matron. Tel. Ambassador 2256.

PERSONAL

F.S.—While one flower blooms in such profusion no art can ever change my adoration.—Y. R.

THE charge for announcements in the Personal Column is 6s. 10d. for 12 words (minimum) and 6s. for each additional line. Trade announcements 25s. for two lines and 12s. 6d. for each additional line. Lost and Found Notices 2s. 6d. per line (minimum two lines). A fee comprises about 6d. per word. Private residences, if added, form part of the advertisement and are charged for. Names and addresses of actual advertisers should accompany all advertisements, not for publication, unless desired, but as a guarantee of good faith. For index to other classifications see column seven.

£6 REWARD.—LOST, 29th May, between High-street, Kensington, Church-street, and Sheffield-terrace, SINGLE PEARL BAR BROOCH.—Summons, Henderson and Co., 48, Lime-street, E.C.3.

MAY WEEK.—Eight tickets College Ball for Sale, June 17th.—Write Box K.280, The Times, E.C.4.

WIMBLEDON.—Several BALLOT SEATS REQUIRED for whole meeting.—Write, stating position, Box 887, care of Hooper and Batty, Ltd., 15, Walbrook, E.C.4.

ABBEY.—Will Mr. EDWIN CAMPBELL ABBEY, formerly of Argyllshire, COMMUNICATE with his Wife or her Solicitors, Withers and Co., 4, Arundel-street, Strand, London?

HABERDASHERS ASKE'S ACTON OLD GIRLS' CLUB WEEK-END REUNION will be held at School, on July 4th-6th, 1930. Open to non-members. For particulars apply Miss Battley, Whitelands College, S.W.3.

IF you wish to get in touch with American or Overseas visitors write Box N.1683, The Times, E.C.4.

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE ANGLO-BATAVIAN SOCIETY A PARTY has been arranged to VISIT the Works in connexion with the reclamation of the Zuider Zee and the Ymuiden Lock. Special facilities have been granted and the tour will be under the guidance of Professor Thierry, of Delft; and the chief engineer supervising the construction of the lock. The date fixed is Wednesday June 11th-14th. There are still a few vacancies. For further particulars apply Frank E. Beresford, Hon. Secretary, 3, Dalston-road, N.W.2.

IRIS128.—Mrs. W. R. Dyer invites Iris Livera to see the Irises in flower at Robbinscourt, Pyle Hill, Woking, on June 3, 6, 7, 8.

YOUNG MAN, 20, seeks situation as CHAUFFEUR-HANDYMAN; do all running repairs; excellent references.—Edward Brown, Compton Dundon, Somerton, Somerset.

NO SALARY.—Recent Widow of Cavalry Officer of position, fond of social life, travelling, bridge, &c., desires POST as Companion or Chaperone without salary. —Write "Beta," care of Scripps's, South Molton-street, W.1.

PEERESS and FOUR PEERS RECOMMEND the offer by eminent ARTIST to paint excellent portrait of Lady for his out-of-pocket expenses and exhibition.—Write Box S.694, The Times, E.C.4.

LE TOUQUET, outskirts forest.—Attractive VILLA, two sitting, five beds, &c.; company's water, electric light; garage; garden; good lawn; for eight weeks, August-September; 7gns. weekly.—Colonel Day, Trepied, Etaples, France.

N. CORNWALL.—To be LET FURNISHED, August 1st, six weeks, COTTAGE; sleep seven, and two maids; room for car; garage; near sea.—Apply Dowding, 1, Derwent-road, Eastbourne.

SELLING in IRELAND.—The head of a live organization, equipped with organizing, technical and staff training experts and having, with branches, a personnel of over 40, covering the whole of Ireland, selling direct to the public and to business houses, will be in London during the week. He will be open to consider in strictest confidence a first-grade speciality proposition.—Write Box K.295, The Times, E.C.4.

DINARD.—Very attractive VILLA with large garden; three reception rooms, eight bed rooms, bath, &c.; garage; £260 for season.—Write Box K.301, 72a Times, E.C.4.

KENYA, N. RHODESIA, NYASALAND, TANGANYIKA.—SETTLERS and FARMERS should call at DEPT. OFFICE, Royal Mail Building, Cockspur-street, S.W.1. Farming as a career. Settlers and Pupils with necessary capital can be given introductions to farmers in E. Africa.

MARRIAGE CHOICE OR CARE from the selection collected under the Confidential Scheme. Call or write.—Mrs. Nitch, 60, Harley-street, W.1.

"I would suggest that your Association do all they can to attract RETIRED OFFICIALS like myself to come to South Africa to spend the autumn of their lives in peace and comfort without the worry of farming or making money."—From a retired Major of the Indian Army to the 1820 Memorial Settlers' Association (London Office :—190, Piccadilly, W.1).

ALBANY, W.1.—Attractive set of APARTMENTS to be LET UNFURNISHED, one room, lounge hall, sitting room, principal bed room, secondary bed room, bath room, kitchen, two servants' rooms.—Apply the Secretary, 5, Albany Courtyard, W.1.

FOR SALE, STEINWAY GRAND DUO ART PIANOLA PIANO, cost £900; perfect condition, working order; seen by arrangement. Any reasonable offer; owner going abroad.—Write BM/LOSD, W.C.1.

SON of French Lawyer, aged 22, wishes to STAY with ENGLISH FAMILY during July, August, September, to improve his English; South of England preferred; young society essential; would teach French, Spanish, and German in part board; references given and required.—Box 895, Harrisons, 46, St. Martin's-lane, W.C.2.

E.H. to J.—Hope feeling better. Take care yourself. Thanks letter. Lots love.

BEXHILL.—Charming COTTAGE of CHARACTER to be LET Unfurnished from September; sunny, rural position; 7 miles; individual garden; fruit trees; five bed rooms; central heating; garage. Rent £150. Improvements £200.—Write Box K.291, The Times, E.C.4.

WEST SUSSEX.—TUDOR COTTAGE, cost £1,850, sacrifice £1,250 or offer; 4 bed rooms and bath rooms; telephone; garage; garden; main line seven miles London; one hour; owner leaving, will accept offer below cost for quick sale.—Write Box K.292, The Times, E.C.4.

GENTLEMAN (retired) wishes to SHARE FLAT or HOUSE with another; would be willing to pay rent in advance.—Write Box K.293, The Times, E.C.4.

SOUTH DEVON COAST.—Two miles of sea and golf course.—Delightful COUNTRY HOUSE, in first class order; three-four reception, seven beds, bath, &c.; garage; 2½ acres; glorious views, delightful climate. PRICE £4,000, or near offer.—Details of "S.W.E.G.," 20, Abbey-road, S.W.8.

SOLE CHARGE WANTED by RECTOR contemplating retiring, or small living within easy distance of London.—Write Box K.281, The Times, E.C.4.

CHANNEL ISLANDS.—Would be LET or SOLD, comfortable MODERN RESIDENCE in delicious situation; suitable for person of substantial means in search of ideal climate and light taxation.—Write Box K.279, The Times, E.C.4.

FURNISHED HOUSE near sandy beach wanted from July 15th to August 15th or 6 weeks for lady, party (ladies, children, nurses, and servants). About 30-40 beds.—Write fully, stating rent required, to Box K.278, The Times, E.C.4.

ELIZABETHAN RESIDENCE; three reception, eight bed, &c.; gardens 5 acres; Sussex; Freehold £7,000.—Write Box E.3186, The Times Bureau, Brighton.

WANTED, comfortably FURNISHED HOUSE, four weeks August 1st, within four hours London, five miles golf course; three beds and golf; short tennis court essential; nice bed rooms; electric light, telephone; no children; careful tenants. Rent not to exceed 15 guineas.—Mrs. Nitch, 60, Harley-street, W.1.

£6 MILE.—BUICK Saloons, owner chauffeur driven.—Apply Auburn Gardens, Pinner.

SMALL SUNNY FURNISHED FLAT to be LET from mid-June, six months to two years; moderate rent; two reception, three quiet bed rooms, &c.; newly decorated; gas fires throughout.—Captain, R.N., 28, Beaufort-mansions, Chelsea.

UNUSUALLY ATTRACTIVE Small Unfurnished MAISONNETTE (garage), off Seymour-street; beautifully and recently decorated by experts; oak panelling in large sitting room, three good bed rooms, bath, kitchen. Lease 7-14-21 years. Rent £250, including rates, taxes; moderate premium.—Write Box 7801, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

DOKER.—Wanted, Mixed Club, West End; nice people; small game, comparable ordinary Bridge.—Write Box 8.1694, The Times, E.C.4.

MANNEQUINS.—A few vacancies for exclusive and individual mannequin training.—Mayfair Mannequin Academy, 91, Knightsbridge, Piccadilly. Sloane 3361.

MASSAGE and MEDICAL ELECTRICITY.—Association of Certificated Blind Masseurs. President:—Sir Robert Jones, Bt., K.B.E., C.B. Chartered Masseurs and Masseuses undertake Massage and Electrical Treatments at London and Provincial Addresses. Apply Sec., 23, Great Portland-street, W.1. Mus. 9701. 9.30 to 5.30.

BYCULLA, Southsea.—SCHOOL for GIRLS of good family, ages 8 to 18.—Apply Secretary.

CUSTOMER WANTED for NEW LAID EGGS; up to 150 dozen supplied weekly.—Blois, Sternfield, Saxmundham, Suffolk.

MANNEQUINS.—For an interesting and lucrative engagement apply The London Mannequin School, Madame Trevor, 299, Oxford-street, W.1, Mayfair 2477.

MISS A. M. MacNAUGHT, Diplôme (Cordon Bleu), Paris.—Home-made cakes, sweets, ices, pommes varices, aspics; dinners cooked, carved, and served; cooking lessons given (privately or otherwise); outside catering.—9, St. George's-square, S.W.1.

A PUBLIC SCHOOL BOY, 18.—Will nice family offer hospitality for 3ns. weekly? Within 40 minutes' train service Leicester Sq. Can play tennis, golf; need quiet room for study appreciated. Has portable typewriter and gramophone if of use. References exchanged.—Write Box 8.1707, The Times, E.C.4.

AT SAVILE-ROW.—LOUNGE SUITS from 8gns. Built for you by EMMS.—Appointment, write or 'ph. EMMS, Ltd., Tailors, 44, Conduit-street, W.1. Regent 3564.

MOTOR YACHTS and BOATS.—Visitors from overseas who are interested in the centuries-old craft of boat-building are invited to visit the Thornycroft Boat Yard at Hampton-on-Thames and inspect examples of British motor craft under construction for different parts of the world.—Write to John I. Thornycroft and Co., Limited, Thornycroft House, Smith-square, West-minster, S.W.1, or ring 'phone Sloane 4900.

EVERYONE APPRECIATES GOOD CLOTHES, but if not everyone can pay their original cost; we have enormous demands from our various branches for partly worn clothing, such as gentlemen's lounge or dress suits, overcoats, tuxedos, costumes, furs, confections, shoes, and therefore pay far above the average prices for all unrequired effects.—Cash by return for parcels, or call at PETER DEAD'S and Co., 3, RIDGWAY-PLACE ROAD, W.2. Bays. 3326. Buyers attend free of charge anywhere.

MAPLE and Co., Ltd.—If you require FURNITURE or EFFECTS PACKED and SHIPPED ABROAD apply to MAPLE and Co., Ltd., TOTTENHAM COURT-ROAD, W.1, for particulars regarding packing, freight, Custom House formalities and insurance; also rates for Continental and American removals.

A GENTLEMAN always LOOKS WELL DRESSED in A GOOD CLOTHES.—New models direct from Lesley and Roberts, Schoffe, Reakes, &c.; lounge suits, overcoats, &c., 4-10gns.; alterations.—Regent Dress Co., 17, Shaftesbury-avenue, W.1 (next Café Monico).

GLORIOUS DEVON'S HOLIDAY RESORTS described in Holiday Handbook. 1800. Careful by Booksellers or Superintendent of the Line, G.W.R., Paddington Station, London, W.2.

GOING ABROAD? Fresh Silk Washing Frocks for all the sunshine ready at Peter Robinson's to-day. Lunch, Tea, Dinner Gowns, Mineral and Evening Cloaks, 60s. 6d. PENWICK of Bond-street (corner of Brook-street).

AN OCEAN SUN CURE.—Cease cruising in a 20,000-ton Liner for a Cure or Amusement; rest; perfect cooking; good company; 73 days, 4,000 miles; from £52. Illustrated circulars from P. and O

SHIPPING

P. & O.
BRITISH INDIA AND NEW ZEALAND COMPANIES.

MAIL, PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICES.

MEDITERRANEAN, EGYPT, SUDAN, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, BURMA, CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, MAURITIUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA. P. & O. and B.I. Tickets interchangeable, also Tickets of P. & O., Orient, and New Zealand Companies. All sailings subject to change with or without notice.

P. & O.

(Under Contract with His Majesty's Government.)
Taking passengers, if for Malta, for Port Sudan.

BOMBAY AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	London.	Marseilles.
Narkunda	16,850	Parker	—	June 6
†Malwa	11,080	Britten	June 6	June 10
Rawalpindi	16,600	Carter	June 13	June 19
†Karanja	14,600	Hamilton	June 20	June 27
Mooltan	21,000	Townshend	June 27	July 4
†Kaiser-i-Hind	11,500	Hamlyn	July 4	July 11
Nevasa	11,080	Hamilton	July 11	July 17
Maloja	20,000	Skelton	July 18	July 25
Comorin	16,000	Cartwright	July 25	Aug. 1
Karoola	16,000	Perring	Aug. 1	Aug. 8
Mirza	11,080	Harrison	Aug. 8	Aug. 15
†Rajputana	16,600	Brooks	Aug. 15	Aug. 22
Salsette	16,600	Harrison	Aug. 22	Aug. 29
†Viceroy of India	19,700	Odgers	Aug. 29	Sept. 5

FORTNIGHTLY TO AUSTRALIA.
From London and Marseilles.

Narkunda	16,850	Parker	—	June 6
†Malwa	11,080	Britten	June 20	July 3
Mooltan	21,000	Townshend	June 27	July 4
†Nellora	13,000	Catching	July 11	July 17
Comorin	16,000	Cartwright	July 25	Aug. 1
†Moldavia	16,600	Hillier	Aug. 8	Aug. 14
Canton	16,600	Harrison	Aug. 22	Aug. 29
†Mongolia	18,500	Rhodes	Sept. 5	Sept. 11

† Taking also 2nd cabin passengers. * Taking one class only at 3rd cabin rates.

COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.
Calling at Southampton.

Dalca (cargo)	7,756	—	June 6	—
Shahjan (cargo)	6,000	—	June 20	—
Perim (cargo)	7,645	—	July 4	—

CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.
Fortnightly Direct Service, calling at Southampton.

Rajputana	16,600	Cadiz	June 13	June 20
Perth (cargo)	11,000	—	June 20	—
Canton	16,600	Mallaton	June 25	—
Shahjan	11,000	Bignell	July 11	July 18
Lashkar	9,600	Sodell	July 24	—
Malwa	11,080	Britten	Aug. 8	Aug. 15

BRITISH INDIA.

(Under Contract with the Government of India.)
BOMBAY, PORT OKHA, AND/OR BEDI BUNDER (JAMNAGAR) AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'shro.	Antwerp.	LONDON
*TREVELYE	5,734	July 1	July 10	July 11
DOMALA	5,141	July 2	July 9	July 12
*MASULA	7,261	July 23	July 30	Aug. 1
*MUNDRA	7,270	Aug. 12	Aug. 19	Aug. 23

* Cargo Steamer. † Calls Port Sudan.

COLOMBO, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp	Mid'shro.	LONDON
†MANTOLA	8,324	—	June 7	June 13
†MASHOBRA	8,324	June 11	June 21	June 26
†MANDALA	8,346	June 25	July 5	July 10
†MANELA	8,305	July 9	July 19	July 25

† Calls Tangier.

PORT SUDAN, ADEN, AND EAST AFRICAN PORTS.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Mid'shro.	LONDON	M'seilles.
†MATIANA	8,087	—	—	June 6	June 14
†MALDA	8,900	June 14	June 23	July 4	July 12
†GODAVA	9,070	July 12	July 23	Aug. 1	Aug. 9
†MADURA	9,077	Aug. 9	Aug. 20	Aug. 29	Sept. 6

† Calls Tangier.

QUEENSLAND.

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'shro.	Immingham.	LONDON
A STEAMER	—	—	—	—

CHIEF PASSENGER OFFICE,

Manager: F. H. CROSVENOR.
P. & O. HOUSE, 14, COCKSPUR-ST., S.W.1.

City Passenger Office, 130, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3. Strand Passenger Office (A. P. Case, Manager), Australia House, W.C.2. Paris: 1, Cité Paradis. P. & O., 40, Bld. des Capucines. Monte Carlo (Cox & Co., Fune, P. & O. Agents), Avenue de Monte Carlo.

FREIGHT OR GENERAL BUSINESS:
P. & O. or B.I. Offices, 122, LEADENHALL-ST., E.C.3.
B.I. Agents:—
GRAY, DAWES & Co., 122, LEADENHALL-ST., E.C.3.

P. & O., Bovaple, McGrath and Co., 18, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3; B.I.S.N. Co., Gellatly, Hankey and Co., Ltd., Dock House, Billiter-street, E.C.3; (Middleton's to Bombay and Karachi); Gellatly, Hankey and Smith, 7, Billiter-street, E.C.3; and (Queensland Line) Birt, Potter and Hughes, 2, Fenchurch-avenue, London, E.C.3.

NEW ZEALAND LINE.

Regular Four-weekly Passenger Sailings from Southampton to NEW ZEALAND and AUSTRALIA.

VIA PANAMA CANAL.

Single-berth Cabins and Bath-room Suites.

Ship.	Tons.	SOUTHAMPTON
ROTORUA	12,500	June 6
		LONDON
*REMUERA	11,500	June 13
		SOUTHAMPTON
RANGITIKI (new motor vessel)	17,000	July 4
TRUFARU	9,000	Aug. 1
RUAPEHU	13,000	Aug. 4

† Saloon and 3rd Class Passengers only. * Via Suez.
Apply the N.Z.S.S. Co., Ltd. (J. R. Westray and Co., Ltd., Agents), 124, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3 (Tels., Avenue 5220), or the N.Z. Passenger Agency, Ltd. (W. J. Jones, General Manager), 14, Cockspur-street (first floor), London, S.W.1 (Tels., Regent 6724).

UNION-S.S.CO. of NEW ZEALAND LTD. TO NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA.

By our Atlantic Line to Canada or U.S.A., thence via VANCOUVER or San Francisco.

	From ‡ Vancouver.	From † San Francisco.
NIAGARA	June 25	—
TAHITI	—	July 9
AORANGI	July 23	—
MARURA	—	Aug. 6

† Canadian-Australasian Line, via Honolulu, Fiji and Auckland to Sydney. ‡ Union Royal Mail Line via Tahiti, Raratonga, Wellington to Sydney.
Apply the Trans-Pacific Passenger Agency, Ltd. (W. L. Jones, General Manager), 14, Cockspur-street (first floor), London, S.W.1 (Tels., Regent 6724); or for Vancouver service any office of the Canadian Railways.

P. & O. BRANCH SERVICE

MAIL STEAMERS TO AUSTRALIA.
Via Malta, Port Said, Suez, Aden and Colombo.
ONE CLASS ONLY AT LOWEST FARES.

Ship.	Tons.	London.	Plymouth
BALRANALD	13,000	June 6	June 7
BENDIGO	12,000	July 4	July 5
†BALLARAT	13,000	July 11	—
BARADINE	13,000	Aug. 1	Aug. 2

† Calls Marseilles 17th July; not calling Malta.

MEDITERRANEAN AND CANADIAN SERVICE.

Ship.	Tons.	London.	Marseilles.
R.M.S. MOLDAVIA	16,500	Aug. 8	Aug. 14
R.M.S. MONGOLIA	18,500	Sept. 5	Sept. 11

Apply P. & O., 130, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3, 14-16, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1, or Australia House, Strand, London, W.C.2.

AUSTRALIA BY THE ORIENT LINE.

Under Contract to carry His Majesty's Mails.
Through Tickets to NEW ZEALAND and TASMANIA.
Tickets interchangeable with other lines.

HOLIDAY TRIPS TO SPAIN, MOROCCO, RIVIERA, ITALY, EGYPT, and CEYLON, CRUISES by 20,000-TON STEAMERS.

	Tons.	London.	Toulon.	Naples
ORAMA	20,000	June 21	June 27	June 29
ORANTO	20,000	July 19	July 25	July 27
ORMONDE	15,000	Aug. 16	Aug. 22	Aug. 24
ORVIETO	15,000	Aug. 30	Sept. 5	Sept. 7
ORONTES	20,000	Sept. 13	Sept. 19	Sept. 21
ORONSAY	20,000	Sept. 27	Oct. 3	Oct. 5
ORAMA	20,000	Oct. 11	Oct. 17	Oct. 19
ORFORD	20,000	Oct. 25	Oct. 31	Nov. 2

Managers, ANDERSON, GREEN and Co., Ltd., Head Office, 5, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3; Branch Offices, 14, Cockspur-street, S.W.1; No. 1, Australia House, Strand.

ELLERMAN LINES

CITY HALL BUCKNALL

LIVERPOOL to EGYPT, SUDAN, INDIA & CEYLON.

Steamer.	Tons.	Date of Sailing.	Destination.
City of Cairo	7,606	June 5	Calcutta.
City of Venice	8,306	June 19	Bombay & Karachi
City of York	7,844	July 3	Calcutta
City of Baroda	7,129	July 15	Bombay & Karachi

(a) Calls Marseilles.

LONDON TO SOUTH AFRICA.

City of Alexandria	4,712	June 7	C. Town, Algoa Bay.
City of Karachi	5,570	July 19	E. London, Natal.

MARSEILLES TO STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.
Regular freight service with limited accommodation for passengers at reduced rates. Sailings on application.

REDUCED SUMMER FARES TO MARSEILLES AND EGYPT

Sailings subject to cancellation without notice.
LONDON: 104-6, Leadenhall-st., E.C. Tels., Ave. 9240
LIVERPOOL: Tower-bldgs., Water-st. " Cent. 3540
GLASGOW: 75, Bothwell-street " Cent. 9222

N.Y.K. LINE.

(JAPAN MAIL.)
FORTNIGHTLY PASS. & CARGO SERVICE to COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG, SHANGHAI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.

	Tons.	London.	Marseilles.	Naples.
KATORI MARU	16,000	June 14	June 21	June 23
ATSUTA MARU	8,000	June 29	June 28	June 30
KASHIMA MARU	16,000	July 4	July 10	July 12

REDUCED SUMMER FARES TO GIBRALTAR, MARSEILLES, NAPLES, AND PORT SAID.

FORTNIGHTLY PASSENGER SERVICE FROM SAN FRANCISCO, via HONOLULU, to JAPAN & CHINA. Through Bookings from Europe.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA, 4, Lloyd's-avenue, E.C.3. Tele.: Royal 0844-9.
(A Limited Company Incorporated in Japan.)
West End Agency, Cunard Line, 26-27, Cockspur-st., S.W.1.

BIBBY LINE.

THE FIRST CLASS ONLY FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE OF SCREW OIL-DRIVEN MAIL VESSELS TO MARSEILLES, EGYPT, PALESTINE, PORT SUDAN, CEYLON, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, and SOUTHERN INDIA.

Vessel.	Tons.	Liverpool.	Sailing Marseilles.
Yorkshire	13,500	June 7	June 13
Lancashire	12,000	June 21	June 27
Shropshire	12,000	June 27	July 5
Cheshire	12,000	July 12	July 19

BIBBY BROS. and Co., 24, Chapel-street, Liverpool; 22, Pall Mall, London, S.W.1. Tele., Regent 8066, 8067.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FROM MARSEILLES (Service Contractuelle).
CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.
D'ARGONNE ... June 28 | ANGKOR
MOMBASA, MADAGASCAR, MAURITIUS.
Gen. Metzinger ... June 29 | Gen. de Lisle
FOR PIRAEUS, ISTANBUL, LEMNOS, NEVROKOP, ARCADIA ... June 14 | July 5
EGYPT, PALESTINE, AND BEYROUT.
Sfax, Gautier ... June 16 and June 27 ... Marquis Pacha
Sidonie ... June 23 and July 7 ... Ste. Marie
For Passenger Rates, &c., apply to the Company's Agents, 1, Charterhouse-st., or 62, PALL MALL, and 52, Piccadilly, London, S.W.1.

SHIPPING (continued)

CUNARD LINE.
U.S.A. CANADA.

SOUTHAMPTON—CHERBOURG—NEW YORK.
AQUITANIA - - - JUNE 7
†CARMANIA .. June 7 | BERENGARIA .. June 14
† Calls Havre prior to Southampton.
Via Cobh.

LIVERPOOL—COBH—NEW YORK.
*SAMARIA - - - - JUNE 7
‡FRANCONIA .. June 14 | *LACONIA .. June 21
‡ Calls Boston.
* Calls Halifax, not Cobh.

SOUTHAMPTON—CHERBOURG—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.
AURANIA - - - - JUNE 7
ASCANIA .. June 14 | ALAUNIA .. June 21
†LIVERPOOL—CLYDE—BELFAST—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.
ANDANIA - - - - JUNE 6
‡ATHENIA .. June 14 | ANTONIA .. June 20
‡ From Glasgow and Belfast previous day.

MIDSUMMER CRUISE
By "CARINTHIA" (20,000 tons) from Southampton TO BALTIC, NORWAY and RUSSIA (Leningrad and Moscow), Aug. 1st, 18 days from 38 guineas.
Apply Cunard Line, London, 15, Bishopsgate, E.C.2; 26-27, Cockspur-street, S.W.1; Liverpool, Pier Head; and principal passenger agencies.

OCEANIC HOUSE, 1, COCKSPUR-ST., S.W.1.

WHITE STAR LINE.

THE "BIGGEST SHIP" ROUTE.
SOUTHAMPTON-NEW YORK, via Cherbourg.
Homeric .. Wed., June 4 | †Calgaric .. Sat., June 14
Olympic .. Wed., June 11 | Majestic .. Wed., June 18
† Calls at Havre the previous day—omitting Cherbourg.

LIVERPOOL—BOSTON—NEW YORK.
Via Queenstown.
Arabic .. Sat., June 7 | Cedric .. Sat., June 21
(2) Baltic .. Sat., June 14
* (2) M.V. "BRITANNIC," 27,000 TONS.
Largest British Motor Vessel's First Sailing.
LIVERPOOL TO NEW YORK .. June 28.
† Via Belfast and Glasgow instead of Queenstown.
(2) Not calling Boston.

LIVERPOOL—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.
Albertic .. Fri., June 6 | Doric .. Fri., June 27
Laurentic .. Fri., June 13 | Alberic .. Fri., July 4

SOUTHAMPTON—HALIFAX, N.S.—NEW YORK.
Calgaric .. Sat., June 14
LONDON—NEW ZEALAND, via Panama.
Corinthic (Passengers from Southampton only) Fri., June 20

RED STAR TO NEW YORK.

FROM SOUTHAMPTON & CHERBOURG.
(4) Westernland .. .. .. June 7
(6) Belgenland .. .. .. June 14

TO CANADA.

SOUTHAMPTON TO HALIFAX, N.S.
(6) Westernland .. .. .. Sat., June 7
(4) Pennland .. .. .. Sat., June 21
From Antwerp previous day.
(4) Tourist Third Cabin and Third Class Passengers only.
(6) First, Tourist Third Cabin and Third Class Passengers.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE.

LONDON'S LARGEST LINERS.

LONDON to NEW YORK

Via Boulogne.
FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS ONLY.
*Minnetonka, 21,998 tons .. .. June 21 | July 5
*Minnewaska, 21,719 tons .. .. June 21 | July 19
TOURIST THIRD CABIN PASSENGERS ONLY.
*Minnekahda, 17,381 tons .. .. June 14 | July 12
* Carrying also freight, including refrigerated cargo.
Apply also Londenhall-street, E.C.3, or Local Agents.

FRENCH LINE C.G.T.

REGULAR
EXPRESS FIRST AND SECOND CLASS
FAST "CABIN" AND TOURIST THIRD CABIN SERVICES from DIRECT TO
PLYMOUTH NEW YORK.
"THE ROUTE THAT CUTS OFF THE CORNER" BY AVOIDING A PASSAGE DOWN CHANNEL.

	From Plymouth.	Due New York.
"PARIS" (c)	June 5	June 11
"DE GRASSE" (c)	June 6	June 14
"FRANCE" (c)	June 10	June 16
"LAFAYETTE" (c)	June 14	June 22

(c) Express Service First and Second Class only.
(c) Fast Cabin and Tourist Third Cabin Service.

Also
HAVRE to HOUSTON, Texas (Cabin Class) MONTHLY
Also
PLYMOUTH TO WEST INDIES.
TRINIDAD—SPANISH MAIN—CRISTOBAL
S.S. "LA MARTINIERE" .. .. July 10
S.S. "PELLERIN DE LATOUCHE" .. .. July 14
The largest and fastest liners from England. Also
FRANCE TO CUBA & MEXICO monthly.
Cie. Gle. Transatlantique, Ltd., 20, Cockspur-street, S.W.1, and all leading Travel Agents.

HEALTH—PLEASURE—EDUCATION.
TRAVEL ROUND THE WORLD
£257 10s. First Class. £162 6s. Second Class. Special Class. Fortnightly Sailings. Stop-over Privileges at all Ports.

DOLLAR STEAMSHIP LINES AND AMERICAN MAIL LINE.

Complete Voyage—112 Golden Days of Travel or Voyage can be completed any time within two years.
For full particulars and accommodation apply to T. by Dolf and Co., (General Agents, 22, Billiter-street, London, E.C.3 (Tels., Monument 0221), or to the Principal Passenger Agencies.

UNION-CASTLE LINE.

SOUTH AFRICA, EAST and WEST AFRICA.
ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.

	London.	Southampton.
†DUNDRUM CASTLE ..	June 5	—
†CARNARVON CASTLE ..	—	June 6
†DUNBAR CASTLE ..	June 12	—
†EDINBURGH CASTLE ..	—	June 13

† Via Madeira. ‡ Cargo only to Mauritius, via Las Palmas, Walvis Bay, and South African Ports.
Via Plymouth and Las Palmas.
Apply to the Head Office, 3, Fenchurch-street, E.C.3. West End Agency, 125, Pall Mall, S.W.1.

UNITED STATES LINES.

AMERICAN MERCHANT LINES
TO NEW YORK.

U.S.L.	A.M.L.
From Southampton Weekly.	From London Weekly.
Passage Cabin Class From £30 Return (Tourist) Cabin.	One class only. From £20 10s. With bath £25 10s.

Booklets, &c., free from your Agent or U.S. Lines Offices, 14, Regent-street, S.W.1. (Gerrard 5820.)

LEVIATHAN June 3 | George Washington June 5
President Roosevelt June 10 | America .. .. June 19

ANCHOR LINE.

LIVERPOOL TO BOMBAY & KARACHI.
CALLING AT GIBRALTAR, PORT SAID, and SUEZ.
*CASTALIA .. July 11 | *TELYSIA .. Sept. 12
*CIRCASSIA .. Aug. 28 | †BRITANNIA .. Sept. 24
* First Class Passengers only. Specially low fares.
† Calls Port Sudan. § Leaves Marseilles Oct. 1.
1st Class and 3rd Cabin Passengers.
Vessels recognised by Indian Government.
Indian Government Vouchers accepted.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

New S.S. CALIFORNIA, 17,000 TONS,
carrying FIRST CLASS and THIRD CABIN passengers, sails from LIVERPOOL Oct. 21, MARSEILLES Oct. 27.
All 1st Class state rooms are fitted with Punkah Louvres and with fans. Also vessel has exceptionally fine 3rd cabin accommodation.

GLASGOW TO NEW YORK.

TRANSYLVANIA June 6 | CALIFORNIA .. June 20
CALEDONIA .. June 13 | CAMERONIA .. June 28
ANCHOR LINE, 48, FENCHURCH-STREET, E.C.3, and at 26 and 27, Cockspur-street, S.W.1.

HENDERSON LINE.

GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL
To PORT SAID, PALESTINE, SUEZ, PORT SUDAN, and RANGOON, via MARSEILLES.
REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES.
Sails Liverpool. Sails Marseilles.
"CHINDWIN" .. .. 6th June | 14th June
"KEMMENDINE" .. .. 20th June | 28th June
Galbraith, Pembroke and Co., Ltd., 7, Billiter-square, London, E.C.3; Lamport and Holt, Ltd., 14, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3; P. Henderson and Co., 153, St. Vincent-street, Glasgow, C.2.

ROYAL NETHERLANDS STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Incorporating the services of the former ROYAL NETHERLANDS WEST INDIA MAIL.
Fortnightly passenger and mail service to Barbados, Trinidad, La Guaira, Pto. Cabello, Curaçao, Pto. Colombia, Cartegena, and Pto. Limon.

Next Sailings from Dover:—
S.S. "CRYNSSEN" .. .. June 7
S.S. "STUYVESANT" .. .. June 21
S.S. "VENEZUELA" .. .. July 5
DOVER TO DEMERARA SERVICE VIA MADEIRA.
S.S. "PRINS FREDERIK HENDRIK" .. June 21
S.S. "ORANJE NASSAU" .. .. July 12
S.S. "RICKERIE" .. .. June 28
For Passage Rates and full particulars apply to —
Phs. Van Ommeren (London), Ltd., 7-8-19, Pall Mall, London, S.W.1. Phone: Regent 4520.
Or to CITY OFFICE: 27, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3. (Phone: Monument 0021.)

CLAN LINE.

CAPE TOWN, MOSSEL BAY, ALGOA BAY, AND EAST LONDON.
†CLAN SKENE .. Newport, Glasgow, Birken'hd. .. June 12 | June 18
† Lobito Direct.
NATAL, LORENZO MARQUES, AND BEIRA.
BANFFSHIRE .. Newport, Glasgow, Birkenh'd. .. June 19 | June 25
NATAL, LORENZO MARQUES, AND MAURITIUS.
BANFFSHIRE .. Newport, Glasgow, Birkenh'd. .. June 12 | June 22
BOMBAY AND PERSIAN GULF.
†CLAN MACBRIDE .. Glasgow, Manchester, Birkenh'd. .. June 12 | June 17
† Cochin and Tuticorin direct.
COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA, AND CHITTAGONG.
CLAN MACKAY .. Glasgow, Manchester, Birkenh'd. .. June 12 | June 19
MARMAGIA, CALICUT, COCHIN, ALLEPPEY, AND TUTICORIN.
HALIARTUS .. Glasgow, Birkenh'd, London, Antwerp. .. June 15 | June 17 | June 23
For Rates of Freight, &c., apply to CAYZER IRVINE and Co., Ltd., London, Glasgow, Liverpool; or to R. W. KYNASTON and Co., Manchester.

JAMAICA DIRECT FRUIT LINE.

SPECIAL SUMMER TOURS.
LONDON TO JAMAICA.
32 Days' round Trip from £55, inclusive of Hotel accommodation and shore excursions.
First-class accommodation, all outside rooms. Private Bath Rooms. Perfect Service. Cuisine.
For further particulars apply to:—
JAMAICA, KAYE, SON and Co., Ltd., 112, Fenchurch-street, E.C.3 (Monument 0437); or to West End Agents: Hickie, Borman, Grant and Co., Ltd., 25, Cockspur-street, S.W.1 (Gerrard 8261), or Local Agents.

SHIPPING (continued)

SOUTH AMERICA
by
THE ROYAL MAIL LINE,
BRITAIN'S LARGEST & FASTEST LINERS
to
PERNAMBUCO, BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO and BUENOS AIRES.
Via France, Spain, and Portugal.

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From St. Nazaire.	From Liverpool
ASTURIAS (M.V.) ..	22,071	June 6	—
†DESEADO ..	11,464	—	June 7
†ALMANZORA ..	11,551	June 20	—
ALCANTARA (M.V.)	22,181	July 4	—
†ARLANZA ..	11,469	—	July 5
†ORBITA ..	11,377	July 18	—
DESEADO ..	11,477	—	July 19
ASTURIAS (M.V.) ..	22,071	Aug. 1	—

* Calls Madeira. † Omits Cherbourg.
EUROPE—NORTH PACIFIC.

THE PACIFIC LINE
TO
WEST COAST OF SOUTH AMERICA.
CHILE, Via PERU,
BERMUDA, France, PANAMA
HAVANA. Spain. CANAL.

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From Liverpool.
ORDUNA	15,507	July 3
ORBITA	15,495	July 31
ORCOMA (omits Bermuda)	12,215	Aug. 14
ORCOMA	11,580	Aug. 28

SPECIAL SUMMER TOUR TO BERMUDA.
ORDUNA, July 3.

"ATLANTIS" LIDO

Lido days on deck .. sunshine, sea bathing, siesta. And all the while .. new surroundings, new interests, new adventure. That's the special joy of an "Atlantis" cruise .. two holidays in one.

CRUISES BY R.M.S.P. "ATLANTIS"

THE LATEST CRUISING SHIP.
TO NORWAY & NORTHERN CAPITALS, &c.
JULY—AUGUST.
TO ATLANTIC ISLANDS, JUNE 8.
TO MEDITERRANEAN, SEPT.—DEC.
Unsurpassed Cuisine.

LONDON { America House, Cockspur-street, S.W.1. / Royal Mail House, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.
LIVERPOOL—Cotton, Water-street.
PARIS—12, Boulevard des Capucines. Or Local Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC CANADA & U.S.A.

SOUTHAMPTON
TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.
(Via Cherbourg.)

MONTROSE (via Cobh) ..	June 5
EMPRESS OF SCOTLAND (to Quebec only)	June 7
MONTCLARE	June 12
EMPRESS OF FRANCE (Quebec only)	June 14

LIVERPOOL
TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.

DUCHESS OF ATHOLL (B.)	June 6
DUCHESS OF RICHMOND (B.G.)	June 13
EMPRESS OF JAPAN (to Quebec only)	June 14
DUCHESS OF BEDFORD (B)	June 20

(B.) Via Belfast. (G.) Via Greenock.

GLASGOW TO QUEBEC & MONTREAL
MINNEDOSA June 7 | D. OF RICHMOND June 14

JAPAN AND CHINA
VIA CANADA (from Vancouver).

EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	June 26
Latest connecting Steamer from Southampton	June 14
EMPRESS OF JAPAN	July 24
Latest connecting Steamer from Southampton	July 12

NEW ZEALAND & AUSTRALIA
Via Canadian Pacific and Canadian Australasian Mail Service from
Vancouver to Honolulu, Suva, Auckland, and Sydney.
NIAGARA .. June 23 | AORANGI .. July 23
When travelling always carry Canadian Pacific Express Travellers' Cheques.

SUMMER TOURS IN CANADA.

For interesting illustrated booklets describing glorious Tours in Canada from 19 days to 7 weeks,

APPLY CANADIAN PACIFIC
62-65, Charing-cross, London, S.W.1;
103, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3;
Royal Liver Building, Liverpool;
31, Mosley-street, Manchester;
4, Victoria-square, Birmingham;
9, Canute-road, Southampton;
18, St. Augustine's-parade, Bristol;
25, Bothwell-street, Glasgow; or Local Agents.

AUSTRALIA IN 29 DAYS.
ONE CLASS ONLY.
Calling at Port Said and Colombo.

Esperance Bay	14,176 tons from Southampton	June 25
Jervis Bay	14,164 tons from Southampton	July 23
Largs Bay	14,164 tons from Southampton	Aug. 6

Fares from £58 to £52.
ABERDEEN and COMMONWEALTH LINE.
Apply 2, Australia House, Strand, W.C., 34, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3; or Principal Booking Agents.

NEW ZEALAND IN 32 DAYS BY "MATAROA" AND "TAMAROA"
(oil burners).
SHAW SAVILL & ALBION LINE,
34, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3.

THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE.

ALFRED HOLT and Co., LIVERPOOL.
FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS ONLY.
FROM LIVERPOOL AND MARSEILLES TO PORT SAID, THE STRAITS, AND CHINA.
Holidays at Sea to the South of France and Egypt.
Special Summer Return Rates—Marseilles £22. Port Said £18. Sold Cook's Nile Saloon.

SARPEDON	21 June	ANCHISES	3 Sept.
PATROCLUS	19 July	HECTOR	13 Sept.
ANTENOR	2 Aug.		

London Agents, John Swire and Sons, Ltd., 8, Billiter-square, E.C.3, or Principal Travel Agents.

BLUE FUNNEL AND WHITE STAR—ABERDEEN JOINT SERVICE
TO
SOUTH AFRICA & AUSTRALIA.
A Combined Service offering Unequalled Facilities at Moderate Fares.

(1) S.S. NESTOR	From Liverpool	5th JULY
(1) S.S. CERAMIC	Liverpool	23rd AUG.
(1) S.S. ASCANIUS	Liverpool	13th SEPT.

(1) First Class only.
For full particulars apply to:—
BLUE FUNNEL LINE, India Buildings, Water-street, Liverpool; 101, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3; 80, Buchanan-street, Glasgow.
WHITE STAR LINE, 30, James-street, Liverpool; 1, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1; 34, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.

BLUE STAR LINE.
HEALTH & PLEASURE CRUISES
by the World's most delightful Cruising liner,
"ARANDORA STAR."
"Britain's Dream Ship."
To MOROCCO, SPAIN, DALMATIA, ITALY, CONSTANTINOPLE, BALEARIC and ATLANTIC ISLANDS, etc.
June 18th, 14 days. Sept. 19th, 24 days.
July 5th, 14th, 24 days. Oct. 1st, 16 days.
To NORWAY, NORTH CAPE, NORTHERN CAPITALS, LENINGRAD, MOSCOW, etc.
July 5th, 13 days. July 19th, 20 days.
Aug. 9th, 14 days. Aug. 23rd, 23 days.
Glorious decks, delightful ball rooms, restful sun deck away from games. Swimming pool. Louis XIV. restaurant with exceptional cuisine and service accommodating all passengers at one sitting.
No other liner afloat has such spacious and tastefully fitted state rooms, throughout. Luxurious public rooms with a comfort obtainable only on the "ARANDORA STAR."
Early bookings secure preference in accommodation.
For "Arandora Star" 1930 Cruise Programme apply BLUE STAR LINE, 3, Lower Regent-street ('Phone Regent 7671); 40, St. Mary Axe; 19, Water-street, Liverpool; Paris, Wagons-Lits Co.; and Tourist Agents.

SHORT SEA VOYAGES
from SOUTHAMPTON fortnightly.
TO ALGIERS AND GENOA
by the luxurious Dutch East Indian Mail Ships of the
NEDERLAND ROYAL MAIL LINE.
M.S. P. C. HOOFT .. .. 5th June
S.S. KONINGIN DER NEDERLANDEN .. 19th June
D. H. DRAKEFORD, General Passenger Agent to Great Britain, 60, Haymarket, S.W.1. Gerrard 5635-4-5.

ROTTERDAM LLOYD.
EGYPT, CEYLON, SUMATRA, SINGAPORE & JAVA.

FORTNIGHTLY MAIL PASSENGER SERVICE from SOUTHAMPTON via TANGIER, GIBRALTAR and MARSEILLES.
EGYPT, Jan. 30—AUGUST.
AUSTRALIA, CHINA and JAPAN.
SPECIAL SUMMER RATES to TANGIER, GIBRALTAR and MARSEILLES.
Apply U.K. Agents, Escombe, McGrath and Co., 13, Fenchurch-avenue, London, E.C.3; West End Agency, American Express Co., 6, Haymarket, S.W.1.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE.
REGULAR SAILINGS FROM SOUTHAMPTON.
TO HALIFAX AND NEW YORK.
*ROTTERDAM (First-class fare from £42 10s.) June 14
†VEENDAM (First-class fare from £35) .. June 17

HOLLAND'S LARGEST LUXURY LINER.
†S.S. STATENDAM 30,000 tons.
Next Sailing .. .. .. June 7

TO CUBA AND MEXICO.
*MAASDAM June 21. | *SPAARNDAM .. July 19
* Specially low fares. † Calling Halifax.
Apply 19, PALL MALL, S.W.1 (Tels. No., Gerr. 5440), or to 37, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3 (Tels. No., Mon. 0021).

OCEAN PASSAGES OF THE WORLD. PLEASURE CRUISES AT ANY SEASON for any PERIOD.
Full particulars of all Sailings, Fares, &c., from Official Agents, ALL LINES. No Booking Fees.
J. D. HEWETT & CO.,
11, (Lower) REGENT-STREET, S.W.1. Regent 7607.
And 101, LEADENHALL-STREET, E.C.3. Avenue 9876.

CRUISES TO NORWAY.
FULL PROGRAMME ON APPLICATION.
HICKIE, BORMAN, GRANT & CO., LTD., 25, Cockspur-street, LONDON, S.W.1. Gerr. 2094-5.

SHIPPING (continued)

SOUTH AMERICA
by
BLUE STAR LINE
BRITAIN'S LATEST & MOST LUXURIOUS LINERS
to
LISBON, MADEIRA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, BUENOS AIRES.

"ANDALUCIA STAR"	From	12	JUNE
"AVILA STAR"	London	10	JULY
"ALMEDA STAR"	and	24	JULY
"ANDALUCIA STAR"	Boulogne	7	AUG.

NO EMIGRANTS—FIRST CLASS ONLY.
ALSO BUENOS AIRES DIRECT FORTNIGHTLY.
Blue Star Line Express Cabin Service. Fare from £50.
STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, Monthly from £80.
For South American and Canary Sailings apply BLUE STAR LINE, 3, Lower Regent-street ('Phone, Gerrard 2471); 40, St. Mary Axe; 9, Water-street, Liverpool; Paris, Wagons-Lits Co.; and Principal Tourist Agents.

The SHORT SOUTHERN ROUTE TO SOUTH AMERICA
Via GENOA, VILLEFRANCHE (Nice), BARCELONA.
Splendid liners all over 18,000 tons.

CHARITIES AND APPEALS

E. R.

KING EDWARD'S HOSPITAL FUND FOR LONDON.
Office: 1, Pall-mall East, London, S.W.1.
PATRON—HIS MAJESTY THE KING.
PRESIDENT—H.R.H. The PRINCE OF WALES.

SUBSCRIPTIONS and DONATIONS are much NEEDED. Contributions may be sent to the Bankers, the Bank of England, 207 London Bank, or to the Hon. Secretaries.

HELP THE HOSPITALS.

FIFTH LIST OF SUBSCRIPTIONS, 1930.
£15,000.—Asked for capital, £300.—Lake, Lord, £150.—Granted, £100.—Cast, Mrs. C. H. £25.—Mathews and Co., Messrs., Scott, Sir E. £25.—Bankers, £15.—Toulmin, Dr. Andrew, £10.—Baker, Sir H.; Griffiths, Miss F. C.; Reading, Mar. quess of, £5 5s. 5d.—Sun Insurance Office, Ltd., Staff Benevolent Fund, £5.—Bowring, Sir Edgar, Bart., Mrs. C. E.; Lilley, W. Bayley and Co., Ltd.; Metropolitan Board Warehousemen, Ltd.; Reckitt, A. J., £3.—Barber, Miss L.; Buckingham, Lady; Cook, Mrs. H. W.; Penyra, Hon. Mrs. Stephen; Webb, Mrs. E.; White, F. A., £2 2s.—Lister and Beck, £2.—Longman, V. N., £2 2s.—Wadhams, Viscount; Harvey, Mrs. C.; Rose, Johnson and Playfair, Messrs.; Scott, Mrs. M., £1 1s.—Bovril, Ltd.; Wheatcroft, Rev. Gen. Hon. T.; Wingrove and Wingrove, Ltd., £1.—Bevan, Mrs. M. A., £1 1s.—Bevan, Hon. Mrs. H. J.; Bevan, Mrs. Ethel M.; Ellis, A. J.; Fothergill, J.; Franklin, A. C.; Hazell, Miss E.; Hickling, Miss J. C.; Le Mesurier, Mrs. P.; Rudland, Mrs. H. E.; Sampson, Miss M.; Scott, Miss F.; Smith, H.; Smith, Mrs. E. M.; Tuke, Miss J.; Vacher, Miss A. M.; Waller, Mrs. F. Wyatt, Mrs., £1.—Rennie, Mrs. C., Under £1.—£2s. 6d.

DONATIONS £2278.—Tench, Archibald and Sons, Ltd., on account of publication of The King's Message to his People, £26.—Norman, A. C., £11 0s. 10d.—Mackie, Peter, £5.—Proceeds of sale of publications, per The Royal Society, £10.—Bowring, Sir E., £5.—Kennaway, Mrs., £2 2s.—Jeyes Sanitary Compounds Co., Ltd., £2.—Anonymous (India).—Anonymous (London).—Miss W. C., £1.—£3 6s. 6d.

LEGACIES—£1,000.—Exors. of the late Mr. James John Rumsted, £1 17s. 2d.—Exors. of the late Miss E. Phelps.

T. Walbrook, E.C.4. 29th May, 1930.

THE NATIONAL BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION.

Founded by the late Peter Hervé, 1812.
Patron—HIS MAJESTY THE KING.
President—Sir Robert Dibdin, J.P.
Pensions of £25 per annum GRANTED to distressed gentry.
Upwards of 836 PENSIONERS on the books.
ADDITIONAL SUPPORT GREATLY NEEDED.
Southampton-row, W.C.1. H. C. LATREILLE, Sec.

PUBLIC NOTICES
4 lines 16s. (minimum)

NOTICE is hereby given that I, the undersigned, on behalf of the Appeal Committee of the Young Women's Christian Association Blue Triangle Forward Movement Central Club for Girls and Women, 26 and 27, Regent-street, London, W.1, intend to APPLY to the London County Council at the County Hall, Westminster Bridge, S.E.1 (the Council), for a CERTIFICATE, under Section 13 of the Metropolis Management and Building Acts Amendment Act, 1878, in respect of the Second Floor North Wing, at the premises known as the Y.W.C.A. Central Club, for Girls and Women, and situate at Great Russell-street, W.C.1, in the Administrative County of London, with a view to making an application for a later date for a LICENCE to keep the premises for MUSIC AND DANCING PLAYS.
Dated this 31st day of May, 1930.
EDWIN L. LUTYENS, for and on behalf of the Appeal Committee of the Y.W.C.A. Blue Triangle Forward Movement Central Club for Girls and Women.

OFFICIAL NOTICE.—PROPOSAL TO CHANGE A SHIP'S NAME.
I, John E. Thornycroft, K.B.E., J.P., of Clock House, Chelsea Embankment, S.W.3, hereby give notice, that in consequence of my desire to continue a name held by other vessels owned by me, I have applied to the Board of Trade, under Section 47 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, for the approval of my proposal to change the name of my steel fishing steamer, official number 148321, of gross tonnage 10.24 tons, of registered tonnage 6.96 tons, hereinafore owned by S. Taylor Chadwick, of Hamble, Hampshire, and now with permission to CHANGE her NAME to "GAMECOCK III," to be registered in the said new name at the port of London as owned by me.
Any objection to the proposed change of name must be sent to Registrar General of Shipping and Seamen, Tower Hill, E.C.3, within seven days from the appearance of this advertisement.
Dated this 29th day of May, 1930.
(Signed) JOHN E. THORNYCROFT, K.B.E., J.P.

ST. JOHN'S HOSPITAL for DISEASES of the SKIN (Incorporated), 49, Leicester-square, W.C.2.—Notice is hereby given that an ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of Members and Subscribers will be held at 49, LEICESTER-SQUARE, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th June, 1930, at 3 o'clock, to receive the audited balance-sheet and the report of the past year; to elect a Treasurer and Auditor, and to fill three vacancies on the Board of Management caused by retiring members, who, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election; and to transact such other business as may be necessary. The Earl of Chesterfield, K.G. (President of the Hospital), will preside.
By Order of the Board of Management.
LEONARD G. R. TURPIN, Secretary.
Dated this 2nd day of June, 1930.

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY FOR EPILEPTICS.—The ANNUAL MEETING of GOVERNORS will be held at the offices of the Society, Denison House, Vauxhall Bridge-road, Victoria, S.W.1, on MONDAY, 23rd June, at 3 o'clock, to receive the Report of the Executive Committee, together with the Balance-sheet and other Statements of Account for 1929, and to elect members of the Executive Committee for the ensuing year.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the ROYAL ASSOCIATION in aid of the Deaf and Dumb will be held on June 3rd, at 2.45 p.m., at St. Mark's Hall, Bolderton-street, W.1.

CONTRACTS AND TENDERS
4 lines 20s. (minimum)

POST OFFICE NOTICE.
CONVEYANCE of HIS MAJESTY'S MAILS BY MAIL VANS IN LONDON.
The POSTMASTER-GENERAL will be prepared to receive TENDERS on or before the 31st July, 1930, for the CONVEYANCE (as from 1st August, 1931), within the London Postal Area, by mail vans, of LETTER MAILS:—
(a) Between Head District Post Offices and Railway Stations or Docks; between Railway Stations; and between Head District Post Offices (see Part A of Second Schedule).
(b) Between the Mount Pleasant Sorting Office, E.C.1, the Eastern Central District Sorting Office, E.C.1, the Western Central District Post Office, W.C.1, and certain Post Offices in the Eastern Central and Western Central Postal areas and also between the Mount Pleasant Sorting Office, E.C.1, the Eastern Central District Sorting Office, E.C.1, the Western Central District Post Office, W.C.1, and certain firms and other organisations in these areas (see Part B of Second Schedule).
The services will be subject to variation by the Postmaster-General.
Tenders may be submitted for the whole of the services referred to above or a portion of them, as indicated in the foregoing, and will be received only if contained on application personal or written, at the office of the Controller of the London Postal Service, King Edward Building, General Post Office, London, E.C.1, to whom any inquiries should be addressed.
Each Tender must be addressed to the Controller, London Postal Service, King Edward Building, General Post Office, London, E.C.1, and be endorsed "Tender for Conveyance of Mails" in the left-hand corner of the envelope.
No Tender will be accepted after 11 a.m. on Thursday, the 31st day of July, 1930.
By Command of the POSTMASTER-GENERAL.
General Post Office, 31st May, 1930.

THE DIRECTOR-GENERAL INDIA STORE DEPARTMENT, Belvedere-road, Lambeth, London, S.E.1, invites TENDERS for:—
10 Steel Crank Axles for Locomotives.
Tenders close on the 12th June, 1930.
Forms of tender available from the above at a fee of 3s., which will not be returned.

NURSING HOMES

NURSE OFFERS Lady HOME during accouchement. —1, St. Albans, Hewlett-road, Cheltenham.

OAKFIELD, 20, Shoot-up-hill, N.W.2.—Rest, care, maternity; residential nurseries; excellent food, comfort; large garden. 'Phone, Hampstead 1610.

RESIDENT PATIENTS.—Illustrated BOOKLET describing the Residences, &c., of numerous Doctors in all parts of town, country, seaside—who receive PRIVATE PATIENTS (Mental, Neurasthenic, Maternity, Invalids, &c.) post free on application to the General Manager, British Medical Bureau, 12, Stratford-place, Oxford-street, W.1.

TO PARENTS from ABROAD.—ENTIRE CHARGE TAKEN of CHILDREN, happy home life, educational facilities; close to sea; parents' and doctors' references. All ages taken for holidays. Also children with own nurses received. Lane, 18, Cantelupe-road, Bexhill-on-Sea. Tele. 151.

WANTED

YOUNG GENTLEMAN, nerve case, requires comfortable HOME, with some nursing; seaside and West of England preferred.—Write Box G.1990, The Times, E.C.4.

PROPERTY INVESTMENTS
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

CITY of LONDON.—Well-situated BUSINESS PREMISES of Ground Floor, Basement, and Four Upper Floors, with front and rear entrances. Held for 49 years unexpired, and sublet to a well-known company for the full term at £4000 per annum. Net income £412 per annum. PRICE £5,000.—Apply
HILLIER, PARKER, MAY and ROWDEN,
77, Mosley-street, W.1. Tele., Mayfair 6710.

SLOUGH, HIGH-STREET.
TWO ENTIRE PREMISES, let on full repairing leases at £420 per annum, for quick SALE. Freehold £5,250, or near offer.
EARL'S COURT.—First-class BLOCK of MANSION FLATS for SALE at a bargain price. Present net income £2,900, capable of great improvement.—Full details from HEALEY and BAKER, 29, George-street, Hanover-square, W.1.

A 10 PER CENT. INVESTMENT.
AN easily managed PROPERTY in select London suburb; let in self-contained flats to first-class tenants. Rentals £491. FREEHOLD £5,500. No agents.—Write RM/ZXGG, London, W.C.1.

AN IMPORTANT INVESTMENT.
MESSRS. HAMPTON and SONS are instructed to sell privately an exceptionally fine MODERN BUILDING having a floor area of nearly 40,000 sq. ft. and occupying an island site close to Kingsway. The premises are held for a term having 74 years unexpired at the low ground-rent of £800 per annum and are let on lease as a whole to a very old established and well-known firm for 21 years at the rental of £7,150 per annum. The Price required is £85,000.—Further particulars may be obtained from HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

WESTMINSTER.

In the midst of the improvements and only a few yards from Horseferry-road and the approach to the New Lambeth Bridge.
VALUABLE FREEHOLDS,
24 and 25, MEDWAY-STREET, and
14 and 15, MONCK-STREET,
Covering an area of about 2,500ft. Producing £204 12s. 4d. per annum, and forming a first-rate building site for future development.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on 25th June.—Particulars of Messrs. GEO. TROLLOPE and SONS, 43, Parliament-street, S.W.1.

33, CAVENDISH-SQUARE, W.—WITH VACANT POSSESSION.—Spacious RESIDENCE, suitable for professional or high-class business purposes, such as club, &c.; many rooms; held for 999 years at a ground-rent of £100 per annum. To be SOLD by AUCTION on the 19th June next.—Particulars from GARRETT, WHITE and POLAND, 17, Hanover-street, W.1.

ARTICLES FOR SALE AND WANTED

Private Announcements 3 lines 6s. (minimum); Trade 3 lines 9s. (minimum)

ANTIQUES, CURIOS, &c.

EXECUTORS, Colleges, and others having RARE GOLD and SILVER COINS for DISPOSAL are respectfully invited to COMMUNICATE with SPINK and SON, 5, 6, 7, and 8, King-street, St. James's, S.W.1, who have deals in the finest coins of all countries for over a century. The very highest prices guaranteed, whether for a few coins or for a large collection.

BOOKS

WANTED Second-Hand Modern edition ENCYCLOPÆDIA BRITANNICA.—Write stating price, Box K.900, The Times, E.C.4.

FURNITURE

FURNITURE, PRIVATE SALE.—The greatest bargain offer for two years owing to cancellation of contract for EXPORT TO INDIA. We are instructed to dispose of these goods at half contract price. They are all made from picked timber to stand climate, and in most cases sold at less than PRE-WAR PRICES.
250 BED-ROOM SETS in oak and white enamel, complete with beds, £4 17s. 6d. each.
45 Double-size bed-room suites in waxed oak, mahogany, fumed oak, walnut, &c., from 11½gns. to 63gns.; beds to match.
2 Only hand-made French grey walnut bedroom suites, each 6 pieces, 2 only coil double beds to match.
30 Only oak fitted gent's robes, £4 15s. each.
250 Lounge chairs and Chesterfields in art linen, from 39s. 6d. each to 10gns.
750 Dining-room chairs in oak, mahogany, walnut, &c., from 10s. 6d. each.
300 Real hide lounge chairs, fitted velvet cushion, 4 ft. 10 in. each in leathers to match.
5 Only three-piece Chesterfield suites in French damask and velours, £7 15s. each (worth double). The above are only a few lines in offer.
WE CALL SPECIAL ATTENTION to the contents of a well-known Peer's mansion (recently deceased), all of which are equal to new, being sold at third original cost, comprising exclusive designed 6ft. 6in. fine figured walnut bed-room suite with bedstead, Stanley spring, cheval mirror, &c., cost 370gns., now £175, complete drawing and dining room in Chinese Chippendale, Chesterfields in hide and silk covers, &c. Inspection invited. Every item for furnishing. All goods purchased can remain stored and packed free for country. On view 9-8 daily.
A. MARSH & CO., LTD.,
Furniture Depositories,
(Patronised for the Crown Agents for Colonies.)
114-118, KENTISH TOWN-ROAD, N.W.1.
10 Minutes from Oxford and Piccadilly Circuses, and all principal rail termini. Est. 1857. North 0758.

SECOND-HAND FURNITURE
REMOVED FROM
EATON-PLACE, HAMPTON,
St. John's Wood, Sloane-street, and elsewhere.
NOW on SALE at PRICES LESS THAN AUCTION.
FOR BEST VALUE YOU MUST COME TO THE WEST
CADOGAN FURNITURE GALLERIES, Limited, 162, SLOANE-STREET, S.W.1 (near Sloane-square).

£30,000 FURNITURE SALE.
High-grade stock of FURNITURE made for a large Hotel abroad, now released for disposal owing to breach of contract through non-delivery. All goods soundly constructed of hard seasoned timbers, to withstand hot climate; a lifetime opportunity to purchase good furniture at half actual cost.
Included also are goods of the late Rt. Hon. the Earl of Baldour, K.G., P.C.; removal-dispersal, Artistic gardens A.W.
300 LUXURIOUS Lounge EASY CHAIRS and SETTEES in variety of coverings from 25s.; 150 real hide easy chairs with loose cushions, £3 17s. 6d.; settees to match, £6 15s.; three only beautifully sprung CHESTERFIELD SUITES covered in French brocade, 12gns., worth 25gns.
175 BED-ROOM SUITES in Oak, Mahogany, FIGURED Walnut, including bed and spring, from £5 10s. to 95gns.; five only complete DINING ROOMS, including sideboards, dining table, and chairs with leather seats, 10gns.
500 DINING-ROOM CHAIRS in all woods from 11s. 6d.; 50 only NOTEWORTHY SUITES in a beautiful Burr Walnut Bed-room Suite, including a triple Cheval Mirror Dressing Table, Chest, &c., 24gns.; beds to match, honestly worth 50gns.; also one available in unique Jacobean finish, 24gns.; everything for furnishing available.
IMMEDIATE INSPECTION ADVISED.
All goods STORED and PACKED FREE in Country.
EDWARDES FURNITURE DEPOSITORIES, Ltd.,
35-39 and 45, BATTERSEA-RISE,
CLAPHAM JUNCTION, LONDON, S.W.11.
Hours 9-9 daily. Five minutes Clapham Common and Clapham Junction Stations, Waterloo and Victoria electric trains eight minutes. Omnibuses and Trams from all parts. Batterses 5932-3.

PIANOFORTES

CHALLEN BABY GRAND SPECIALISTS; prices reduced from 82gns. new; stock of second-hands at reduced prices.—14, Hanover-street, Regent-street, W.1.

ARNOLD, LTD.,
PIANO GALLERIES, 28, SOUTH MOLTON-STREET, Oxford-street, W.1 (third-street Station).
PRACTICALLY NEW MODELS by all LEADING MAKERS, including Steinway, Bechstein, Bluthner, Broadwood, &c., at ABOUT HALF of the LIST PRICES, for cash or on deferred payments; expert examination invited: 10 years' guarantee; booklet free.

TEA AND PROVISIONS

THE best Household Tea is sold at 2s. 2d. by HUGHES'S "ITY" of LONDON COMPANY, Ltd. 7lb. carriage free. C.O.D. London. Pound sample by post 2s. 8d.—1, Beer-lane, Great Tower-street, E.C.3.

WEARING APPAREL

A Good Price by MITCHELL'S, 562, Edgware-road, W.2, Ladies', Gentlemen's DISCARDED CLOTHING, FURS, Uniforms, Linen, Teeth, Jewellery, Plate, &c. Buyer attends free or cash by return. Ambs. 1333. Est. 1860.

CAST-OFF CLOTHING URGENTLY REQUIRED, good prices returned for parcels; old-established firm.—Melton's, Ltd., Addlestone, Surrey.

MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES

TYPEWRITERS, Duplicators, Adders, Calculators. Office Furniture Bought, Sold, Hired, Repaired.—Taylor's, 74, Chancery-lane, W.C. Holborn 3793.

COAL, COKE, &c.

COALS.—FILL UP AT ONCE.—SPECIAL.—Good coal from 38s. 6d.; prompt booking advised.—Stevens, 177, Kensington High-street, W.8. Western 6412.

PUBLIC APPOINTMENTS
3 lines 7s. 6d. (minimum)

ADMINISTRATIVE COUNTY OF LONDON.
The London County Council invites APPLICATIONS for TWO POSITIONS of DISTRICT INSPECTOR of SCHOOLS in the Education Officer's Department, salary £700 a year, rising by annual increments of £25 to £800, and thence by biennial increments of £50 to a maximum of £1,100 a year.
Duties.—District Inspectors are required to conduct and to assist in conducting general inspections of schools in their charges, and to visit and advise on instruction in some subject (e.g., English, Classics, Mathematics, Science, &c.) of which they possess special knowledge.
Application to the Education Officer (C.1), The County Hall, Westminster Bridge, S.E.1 (stamped addressed foolscap envelope essential), for form of application, which must be returned not later than Saturday, 14th June, 1930.
In the case of women candidates marriage terminates contract of service. Canvassing disqualifies.
MONTAGU H. COX,
Clerk of the London County Council.

ADMINISTRATIVE COUNTY OF LONDON.
The London County Council invites applications for the POSITION of INSPECTOR of COMMERCIAL EDUCATION (District Rank) in the Education Officers' Department.
Salary £700 a year, rising by annual increments of £25 to £800 a year, and thence by annual increments of £50 to a maximum of £1,000 a year.
Duties.—To inspect and report on commercial education, and to conduct and assist in conducting general inspections of schools and colleges. The duties involve evening work.
Application to the Education Officer (C.1.), The County Hall, Westminster Bridge, S.E.1 (stamped addressed foolscap envelope essential), for form of application, which must be returned not later than Saturday, 14th June, 1930.
In the case of women candidates marriage terminates contract of service. Canvassing disqualifies.
MONTAGU H. COX,
Clerk of the London County Council.

ADMINISTRATIVE COUNTY OF LONDON.
The London County Council invites APPLICATIONS from persons of good education with experience in social work for temporary employment as ASSISTANT ORGANISERS of children's care work. The permanent staff, particulars of which are given in the form of application, is recruited exclusively by selection from the temporary staff.
Candidates must be either natural born or naturalized British subjects under 40 years of age on 16th June, 1930. Except in special circumstances, married women are ineligible. The rate of pay is 66s. 6d. a week.
Application to the Education Officer (C.1), The County Hall, Westminster Bridge, S.E.1 (stamped addressed foolscap envelope essential), for form of application, which must be returned not later than 16th June, 1930.
Canvassing disqualifies.
MONTAGU H. COX,
Clerk of the London County Council.

BROMPTON HOSPITAL, LONDON, S.W.3.
APPLICATIONS are invited for the POST of ACCOUNTANT and SENIOR CLERK (Male). Age 25-30. Commencing salary £300 per annum. A thorough knowledge of the Revised Uniform System of Hospital Accounts is essential.
Applications, in candidate's own handwriting, with copies of testimonials, must reach the Secretary not later than Tuesday, June 10th.
FREDERICK WOOD, Secretary.
May 29th, 1930.

CITY and COUNTY of BRISTOL.
The Watch Committee are prepared to receive APPLICATIONS for the POSITION of CHIEF CONSTABLE of the Bristol Police Force.
The salary will be £4,100 per annum on appointment, rising by £100 every three years to a maximum of £4,400 per annum. The authorised strength of the Police Force is 610 men.
The person appointed will also be the officer responsible to the Committee for the control and efficiency of the Bristol Fire Brigade, which is a Police Fire Brigade with an authorised strength of 71 men.
Fire Brigade with an authorised strength of 71 men. The Chief Constable will be required to perform such other duties as the Committee may from time to time determine.
Candidates must be about 35 to 45 years of age, and must have had previous experience in a Police Force.
The Chief Constable will be granted a non-pensionable allowance of not exceeding £100 per annum in lieu of a house, and will be required to reside in a convenient situation within the City.
Applications from candidates, stating their present positions and age, and their experience of police duties, with copies of three recent testimonials, and endorsed "Application for the position of Chief Constable," are to be sent to the Town Clerk on or before the 21st day of June next.
Canvassing, either directly or indirectly, any member of the Watch Committee or the Council will disqualify.
JOSIAH GREEN, Town Clerk.
The Council House, Bristol, May, 1930.

DALY COLLEGE, INDORE, CENTRAL INDIA.
APPLICATIONS are invited for an APPOINTMENT as SECOND ENGLISH ASSISTANT MASTER. Candidates should preferably be Honours Graduates of a British University and preferably should possess teaching experience. The subject to be taught is English mainly, and a knowledge of either English History, Indian History, Geography or Mathematics would be an advantage. Competence in outdoor games is essential. Age should not exceed 30 years. Appointment for five years in first instance, with provision of retention and ultimate succession to post of Principal. Commencing pay per calendar month will be fixed at a figure between Rs.750 and Rs.1,000, commensurate with age and qualifications. Annual increments of Rs.40 will be given during first five years for approved service. (Approximately sterling equivalent per annum, Rs.750 (Rs.1,000) £675 and £900 respectively.) Rent free, unfurnished house. Free first-class passage to India and return passage. Strict medical examination.
Forms of application and further particulars may be obtained upon request by postcard from the Secretary to the High Commissioner for India, General Department, India House, Aldwych, London, W.C.2. Last date for receipt of applications, the 12th July, 1930.

PUBLIC APPOINTMENTS (continued)

CROWN AGENTS for the COLONIES.
COLONIAL GOVERNMENT APPOINTMENTS.
APPLICATIONS from qualified candidates are invited for the following POST:—
M.2269.—WATER and SANITARY ENGINEER REQUIRED by the GOVERNMENT of TRINIDAD for the Public Works Department for three years' service. Salary £750, rising to £900 a year by annual increments of £25. Free passages. Candidates, 35-40 years of age, must be A.M.I.C.E. Must have had practical experience in the preparation of schemes pertaining to water and sanitary works and the execution of such works.
Apply at once by letter, stating age, whether married or single, and full particulars of qualifications and experience, to the Crown Agents for the Colonies, 4, Millbank, London, S.W.1, quoting M/2269.

ESSEX COUNTY COUNCIL.
HEALTH VISITOR.
The County Council of the Administrative County of Essex invite APPLICATIONS for the above APPOINTMENT from women having the necessary qualifications.
Salary from £170 to £200 per annum, according to experience, together with allowances, rising, subject to satisfactory service, by annual increments of £10 to £220 per annum.
The appointment will be subject to one month's notice on either side.
Particulars and form of application may be obtained from the undersigned.
Applications on the prescribed form, accompanied by copies of not more than three recent testimonials (which will not be returned), should be addressed to me and delivered at the Shire Hall, Chelmsford, not later than 10 a.m. on Tuesday, the 10th day of June, 1930.
JOHN H. GOOLD, Clerk of the County Council.
Shire Hall, Chelmsford, 20th May, 1930.

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL.
AGRICULTURAL EDUCATION SUB-COMMITTEE.
(1) Owing to the appointment of Mr. A. McVean, B.Sc.(Agr.), as Agricultural Organiser for Lindsey (Lincs.), the post of WARDEN of the COUNTY FARM INSTITUTE, MOULTON, and ASSISTANT COUNTY AGRICULTURAL ORGANIZER will shortly be vacant. The salary of the Warden will be £350 per annum, with board and quarters, or an allowance in lieu thereof.
(2) APPLICATIONS are also invited for the POST of JUNIOR AGRICULTURAL ASSISTANT, for duty principally in connexion with the County Farm Institute and Experimental Farm. The salary offered is £200 per annum, (together with board and quarters, or an allowance in lieu thereof.
Candidates for either post should hold the B.Sc.(Agr.) Degree or the N.D.A., or equivalent qualification. Further particulars and forms of application can be obtained from the undersigned, with whom applications should be lodged not later than 14th June next.
J. L. HOLLAND, Secretary for Education.
County Education Offices, Northampton.

PORT of LONDON AUTHORITY.
APPLICATIONS are invited for the POSITION of SURVEYING OFFICER (Docks), Salary £280, rising by annual increments of £15 to £325 per annum, and uniform. Candidates must be not over 35 years of age and must hold a Foreign Going Master Mariner's Certificate.
Applications, stating age, qualifications, and experience, together with copies of recent testimonials, must be sent to the Establishment Officer, Port of London Authority, Trinity-square, E.C.3, not later than Saturday, 14th June, 1930.
J. D. RITCHIE, Secretary.
London, E.C.3, June 2, 1930.

ROYAL AIR FORCE.
SHORT SERVICE COMMISSIONS IN THE GENERAL DUTIES BRANCH (FLYING).
The Air Ministry invite APPLICATIONS for the above-named APPOINTMENTS from well-educated candidates of good physique who are between the ages of 18 and 19½ on commencement of training at Cranwell.
Application forms and full details of the conditions of service can be obtained from the Secretary (S.7.Q.), Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2.

SOUTH WEST AFRICA ADMINISTRATION.
VACANCIES FOR TWO TEMPORARY SURGEONS.
APPOINTMENT.—On contract for two years, subject to extension by mutual consent.
SALARY.—£375 for first year, £400 for second year, with allowances commencing at £122 for married men, and £91 10s. for single.
TRANSPORT.—First class transport from residence to destination will be supplied, subject to proportionate refund in the event of premature termination of contract.
QUALIFICATIONS.—Applicants must have secured a Diploma or Degree in Veterinary Science and must be British subjects.
Applications, in duplicate, should be lodged with the Secretary, Office of the High Commissioner for the Union of South Africa, Trafalgar-square, W.C.2 (from whom forms of application may be obtained), not later than 11th June, 1930.

THE CANCER HOSPITAL (FREE)
(Incorporated under Royal Charter),
Fulham-road, London, S.W.3.
The Committee are prepared to receive APPLICATIONS for the POST of PATHOLOGIST to the Hospital.
Experience in Clinical Pathology is essential. Salary £550 per annum.
The appointment is subject to Rules, a copy of which can be obtained from the Secretary. Applications, accompanied by not more than three recent testimonials, to be sent to the undersigned by not later than Monday, the 23rd June, 1930.
J. COURTNEY BUCHANAN, Secretary.

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE of the MANCHESTER STEAM USERS' ASSOCIATION invite APPLICATIONS for the POST of CHIEF ENGINEER and MANAGER.
Applications (which will be treated in confidence), giving full particulars of age and experience, and experience of being lost or mislaid no inconvenience will ensue.
Manchester.

THE GOVERNMENT of BURMA invite APPLICATIONS for two APPOINTMENTS as SENIOR TIMBER ASSISTANT for the FOREST UTILISATION CIRCLE, BURMA. Candidates must be unmarried, must produce evidence of having received a good general education of British public school standard, and satisfy the High Commissioner for India that they are in all respects suitable for appointment under the Government of Burma. Candidates must be prepared to proceed to Burma at about the end of September, 1930. Their age must not, without exception on any ground, be less than 18 or more than 22 years on the 1st August, 1930. Agreement for five years, with provision for continuation of employment. Pay: first year Rs.550 a calendar month, rising by annual increments of Rs.50 to Rs.1,000 a calendar month (approximate sterling equivalent per annum £660 to £1,200) to £1,600 per annum to Burma Provident fund, with Government contribution of 100 per cent. Travelling allowances. Strict medical examination.
Forms of application and further particulars may be obtained, upon request by postcard, from the Secretary to the High Commissioner for India, General Department, India House, Aldwych, London, W.C.2. Last date for receipt of applications, 30th June, 1930.

UNIVERSITY of LONDON, KING'S COLLEGE.
The Delegacy will REQUIRE in October next the services of an ASSISTANT LECTURER in the DEPARTMENT of ENGLISH. Salary £300 per annum. Applications, accompanied by three copies of three recent testimonials, must reach the Secretary, King's College, Strand, W.C.2, from whom particulars and forms of application may be obtained, not later than 16th June, 1930.

UNIVERSITY of DURHAM.
DURHAM COLLEGES.
PROFESSORSHIP of FRENCH LANGUAGE and LITERATURE.
The Council of the Durham Colleges invites APPLICATIONS for the PROFESSORSHIP of FRENCH LANGUAGE and LITERATURE.
The duties of the post will commence in October, 1930, or at a date thereafter to be arranged, and the initial stipend will be at the rate of £800 per annum. The Professor will be required to join the Federated Superannuation Scheme.
Applications, together with copies of testimonials, should reach the undersigned, from whom further particulars of the post may be obtained, at the University Office, 38, North Bailey, Durham, on or before June 16th, 1930.
J. L. BURCHNALL, Secretary of Council.

UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, SOUTHAMPTON.
Council invites APPLICATIONS for the POST of VICE-WARDEN of a Hall of Residence for women students. Duties will be entirely of an administrative and domestic nature. Quarters and maintenance will be provided during residence in the Hall, and the salary will be £150-£200 per annum, according to qualifications and experience.
For further particulars apply to the Administrative Secretary.
GEORGE GRANT, Registrar.

UNIVERSITY OF LONDON.
EXTERNAL EXAMINERSHIPS, 1931.
The Senate announce the following VACANT EXTERNAL EXAMINERSHIPS for all Examinations above Matriculation for the year 1931. Except when otherwise stated, Examiners will act in all Examinations in which the subject is included. Where Examiners are appointed for (a) Intermediate Examinations only, and (b) Final and Higher Examinations only, the fact is indicated after the name of the subject below; in these cases the same Examiner cannot hold both appointments.
The Examiners for the Final Examinations will be invited as occasion arises to take part in the Higher Examinations, but the Senate have resolved that in certain cases in which the work is heavy, they shall not be required to do so.
FOR EXAMINATIONS OTHER THAN MEDICAL.
Accounting and Business Organization.
Botany (Intermediate Examinations).
Chemistry (Final and Higher Examinations).
Economics (Final and Higher Examinations, one; Intermediate Examinations, two).
English (Final and Higher Examinations, two; Intermediate Examinations, one).
English Constitutional Law and its History, and the History of English Law.
Equity and Real and Personal Property.
Geography.
Geology.
Greek (Final and Higher Examinations).
Hebrew and New Testament Greek (Intermediate Divinity).
History (Intermediate Examinations).
Japanese.
Jurisprudence and Roman Law, two.
Mathematics (Final and Higher Examinations, one; Intermediate Examinations, one).
Mine Surveying.
Municipal and Local Government Law.
Philosophy, (Final and Higher Examinations).
Roman Dutch Law.
Sanitation.
Sinhalese.
Tamil.
Theology (especially for Church History, Philosophy and History of Religion. Semitics is not essential).
Theory and Principles of Valuation of Land and Buildings (Rating).
Town Planning and Estate Development.
Veterinary Anatomy.
Zoology.
ENGINEERING.
EXAMINER.—Civil and Mechanical Engineering (for External Students only).
MODERATOR.—Mathematics in the Faculty of Engineering (must be External to the University).
FOR THE FIRST EXAMINATION FOR MEDICAL DEGREES.
Chemistry.
FOR THE SECOND EXAMINATION FOR MEDICAL DEGREES.
Pharmacology.
FOR FINAL AND HIGHER EXAMINATIONS FOR MEDICAL DEGREES.
Medicine. Surgery.
ASSOCIATE EXAMINERS.
Applications will also be invited for Associate Examiners in Medicine, Obstetric Medicine, Pathology, and Surgery. A separate application form must be used for Associate Examinerships, and the word "Associate" must be written on it.
Application Form (or Forms if more than one Examinership is applied for) and particulars of the remuneration and duties can be obtained from the External Registrar.
Candidates must send in their names to the External Registrar, Gen. F. Goodchild, M.A., B.Sc., with any attestation of their qualifications they may think desirable, on or before Monday, July 7, 1930. (Envelopes should be marked "Examinership.")
The Senate desire that no application of any kind be made to individual members.
If testimonials are submitted, one copy only of each is required. In no case should original testimonials be submitted. If more than one Examinership is applied for, a separate and complete application must be forwarded in respect of each Examinership. The appointments will be made by the Senate in November. Applicants who desire that the result should be communicated to them are requested to enclose a stamped and addressed envelope with their applications.
EDWIN DELLER, Principal.
University of London, South Kensington, S.W.7.
June, 1930.

PUBLIC APPOINTMENTS (continued)

UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, HULL.—ASSISTANT LECTURER in CLASSICS will be APPOINTED at a salary of £350, together with the usual superannuation benefit.—Particulars may be obtained from the Secretary, to whom applications may be sent at as early a date as possible.

UNIVERSITY of BIRMINGHAM.
DEPARTMENT of EDUCATION.
A LECTURER in EDUCATION (man), with high qualifications in Modern Languages, is REQUIRED, to begin duties if possible on September 1st, 1930. Diploma in Education and good school teaching experience essential. Stipend beginning at £400.
Three copies of application and testimonials must be sent by Tuesday, June 24th, to the undersigned, from whom further particulars may be obtained.
C. G. BURTON, Secretary.

APPOINTMENTS & SITUATIONS VACANT
3 lines 4s. 6d. (minimum); Employment Agencies and Schools, 4 lines 10s. (minimum)

APPLICANTS for situations are advised not to send original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies will answer the purpose quite as well, and in the event of being lost or mislaid no inconvenience will ensue.
APPLICANTS' testimonials typed by return post: 12 copies, 2s. 6d.; 24 copies, 4s. 6d.—Gaiety Typing Bureau, 5, Foscap.—H. King, 11a, Fulwood-place, London, W.C.1.
A Leading firm of West End Estate Agents and Auctioneers require young man, aged about 21, for their accounts department; must have good practical knowledge of bookkeeping and be able to take shorthand. Write, stating age, experience, and salary required, to Box A.1227, The Times, E.C.4.
A Progressive Firm, looking for good men, willing to give a long-term connexion, invites retiring from abroad or from Services and wishing to enter business here (also young Varsity men) opportunity of training (free) for responsible executive positions organising and controlling business; can earn while training; small investment required; attractive work.—Write, giving particulars education and nature of work done, if any, to Box S.1683, The Times, E.C.4.
AUCTIONEERS and Estate Agents.—Applications are invited from a gentleman not over 35 years to join one of the largest and most important West End firms in a leading position. Varied experience of the profession is an essential, together with personality, education, and initiative. Terms commensurate with the importance of the position will be paid, and there are splendid prospects in the future.—Applications, which will be treated in the strictest confidence, should be written in the first instance to Box K.299, The Times, E.C.4.
A Very Capable Salesman is required to sell a high-priced article. Exceptional ability is necessary, and will be amply rewarded. All replies will be treated in strict confidence, and should state age, previous selling experience and earnings, and commencing salary required.—Write Box S.1530, The Times, E.C.4.
CIVIL Service Commission.—Forthcoming Examination:—Typists and Clerk-Typists (Female) in the Civil Service (18-28).—Regulations and particulars, together with the forms on which applications must be made, will be sent in response to requests (preferably by postcard) addressed to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, Burlington-gardens, London, W.1, giving the title of the situation. The latest date for the receipt of application forms is 24th July.
COMPANY Secretary required immediately for progressive firm of contracting engineers supplying plant to gas works and other important undertakings; age 30-35, having good commercial education involving commercial contracts and used to office organization and control. Knowledge of French and German an advantage. Excellent prospects are open to a capable man.—Apply in confidence, stating full particulars as to age, experience, salary, &c., Box 76, Dorland (City) Ltd., Pinner's Hall, London, E.C.2.
COURIERS.—Thorough knowledge of Continent, good linguist, required immediately.—Stern and Grouse, Employment Agents, 35, Church-street, Shaftesbury-avenue, W.1. Ger. 1

Sporting News

RACING NOTES

THE DERBY

DIOLITE'S FINE CHANCE

(FROM OUR RACING CORRESPONDENT)

The Epsom Summer Meeting, one of the most important meetings of the year, will be begun to-morrow afternoon. The race for the Derby Stakes will be started at 3 o'clock on Wednesday and the race for the Oaks Stakes at 20 minutes past 3 o'clock on Friday afternoon.

There is little that is new to be written about the candidates for the Derby. I shall deal fully with the prospects of the probable starters for that race on Wednesday morning. The field will not be as large as was expected, the latest scratchings for the race including Strongbow, while I learned on Saturday afternoon that Parenthesis will not be in the field as his owner, Lord Woolavington, will start Dick Swiveller instead. Caerleon, it is understood, will not be a runner if the going is hard. Those people who should know all about the prospects of Ballyferis for the race seem to have lost confidence after his gallop at Newmarket last week. I understand that Trews went better than his stable companion, Iliad, in their last gallop, but both will be started. The Manton "neglected" has so often beaten the Manton "expected" that it will cause me no surprise to see Iliad finish in front of Trews on Wednesday. Iliad is very classically bred, being by Swynford out of a mare who was by a Derby winner. His grandam was also by a Derby winner, and his dam traces back to St. Simon. He finished in front of Trews in the Two Thousand Guineas. Further, Trews belongs to an owner whose luck in the Derby has for years been astonishingly bad. Of the two riders concerned I like Jones the better over the Epsom course. If any horse who finished behind Diolite at Newmarket is to beat him then it may well be Iliad. At the same time Diolite won so easily at Newmarket that it seems unreasonable to believe that any of the horses he beat there should beat him this week.

The Aga Khan will be represented by both Rustom Pasha and Blenheim. The latter was easily beaten in the Two Thousand Guineas by Diolite. Rustom Pasha was not started in that race and later missed the Newmarket Stakes, which event, if he has any chance in the Derby, he would most certainly have won. It was stated at that time that all was not well with Rustom Pasha, but that statement has since been denied by his owner, but it has never been denied, so far as I know, that he has never been sick or sorry during his preparation for this great race. He ran like a non-stayer at Lingfield early in the season, but at the Epsom Spring Meeting he was an easy winner of the Nonsuch Stakes. It has been generally agreed that that race was falsely run. Paradine, who was second in that race, was, according to his experienced rider, never on an even keel, while the third horse was Stingo, who does not stay. Rustom Pasha showed in that race that he possessed fine speed but he did not show that he could stay. He is by Son-in-Law, a fine stayer, out of Cos, a sprinter, and the almost invariable result of such a mating is either a stayer who is deficient in speed or a sprinter who cannot stay. As Rustom Pasha has shown fine speed it is most probable that he does not stay.

It has been argued that Diolite, being by Diophon, will not stay the mile and a half at Epsom this week, but he certainly stayed the Newmarket mile very well, and, further, he is out of a Rock Sand mare and bears a much closer resemblance to his dam's family than he does to his sire. His able trainer has no doubt about his ability to stay a mile and a half. I saw the colt last week at Lambourn and he has certainly done as well as any one could wish since he won the Two Thousand Guineas more easily than any other horse has done for many years. I can see no reason why I should alter my belief that he will win the Derby.

LINGFIELD PARK MEETING

The Lingfield Park Meeting was concluded on Saturday in pleasant weather except for a short shower of rain. There was a much larger attendance of visitors than on the previous afternoon. The going, in spite of the rain which fell on Friday, was good. There is little that needs to be recorded about the opening selling race, the Godstone Plate for two-year-olds, for it was won with ease by Go On, a gelding by The Vizier. The stable estimate of this winner was certainly not so high as that of some other people, as was shown at the sale which followed the race. After some spirited bidding Go On was sold to J. M. Bell, acting for Sir M. McAlpine, for no less than 570 guineas. Ye Olde Leather Bottel, who had finished a long way in front of Go On at Windsor, was bought in for 290 guineas, while Orangelle, who had beaten Go On at Lewes, was bought in for 350 guineas. In my opinion Go On is not worth half the price paid for him on Saturday. The aged mare, Vie, proved herself to be the best of the very indifferent animals who ran for the Sterbergh Selling Plate. Ridden all out she just held off Self Help and won by a head, with Brave Kate third. Citronota, trained in the same stable as Go On, ran badly and was sold for 50 guineas. He will, I understand, in future be trained for races under National Hunt Rules.

Rapahannock and Trembling Grass failed to stay in the Village Handicap, even this easy mile being too much for them. Triptych, who, with the other two mentioned, was very well backed, stayed on better, but she could not win, being caught close to the finish by Prince of Song, who won with several pounds to spare. Prince of Song had not been placed before this season, but probably he had been running over distances too short for him. He was a fairly useful colt last season and should win again. He was ridden by Fox, who completed a double when he won the Old Mill Handicap on Golden King, who, although he was less than a length in front of Duchess of Mars and Bearskin, really won very easily. Somme Orb found his penalty too much for him, but the American-bred Chestnut Oak again ran well and when the handicappers take a more lenient view of his abilities he will win a race. It should be possible to find a small race which Duchess of Mars can win, but she is not so good a three-year-old as she promised to be last autumn. Bearskin, like other children of Marten, is apparently not to be trusted. He was well handicapped on Saturday, but the race was practically over before he was really racing. There was the usual large field for the Weir Courtenay Plate, for which Lady of Rank, The Eccentric, and Marie Dhu were the best backed. Marie Dhu ran very well for four furlongs but then lost her place and the running was taken up by Lady of Rank, who held on to her advantage to the end, winning by a neck from The Eccentric, with Alexis only a head away third. Lady of Rank had been beaten easily at Haydock Park by Fisonio, who was giving her considerable weight, so that it still seems reasonable to assume that Lord Derby's gelding is one of the best, if not quite the best, two-year-olds yet seen out. Alexis is a big, well-made gelding by Herodote. He was running on at the finish and might develop into a useful stayer.

Knight of Knockeevan won the Lingfield Club Stakes for amateur riders after making practically all the running. He was capably ridden by Mr. Selater.

There is no racing this afternoon under Jockey Club Rules.

THE AYLESBURY CASE

The end has not yet been heard of the Archerot-Aylesbury case at Gatwick. It will be remembered that Aylesbury won a selling race at Gatwick with Archerot second. After the "All right" had been signalled and the winner put up for auction the Stewards of the meeting held an inquiry into an accident that had happened in that race and found that Dick, the rider of Aylesbury, was to blame. They suspended him for the remainder of the meeting and also disqualified his mount. The result was that Archerot had to be brought to the meeting next day and sold, the sale of Aylesbury being cancelled. Bets followed the original decision, so that all backers of Archerot lost their money while the owners of the horse were put to the expense of buying him in. It was incredible in the circumstances that there should have been any bids for him. Apart from that, Archerot lost his maiden certificate. The owners of Archerot have now appealed against the decision of the Gatwick Stewards. They have certainly been heavily penalized for an offence which neither they nor any of their servants committed.

WINNING JOCKEYS

The following table shows the positions and percentages of the most successful jockeys to date, together with the result of investing £1 on each of their mounts:—

	Won	Lost	Total	Per. centage	£1 stake Returns
					£. s. d.
T. Weston	29	159	188	15·43	—6 5 6
F. Fox	28	191	219	12·78	—13 2 0
C. Richards	25	190	222	10·36	—87 6 11
C. Ray	21	147	168	12·50	—21 3 4
H. Wragg	21	162	183	11·47	—29 7 0
F. Beasley	20	99	119	16·80	—9 19 7
J. Childs	17	94	111	15·31	—19 1 0
W. Nevett	15	86	101	14·85	—17 1 11
J. Taylor	14	79	93	15·05	—14 9 9
H. Beasley	14	96	110	12·72	—34 9 3
R. Dick	14	98	112	12·50	—2 19 0
C. Richards	13	122	135	10·29	—18 13 7
J. Leach	13	76	89	14·60	—35 6 7
T. Lowrey	13	101	114	11·40	—28 9 10
R. Perryman	13	157	170	7·64	—80 17 7

GUARDIAN PARI-MUTUEL PRICES

LINGFIELD

(Sp. Unit.—Stake and Winnings)

2.30.—Go On, Win 12s. 9d.; Place 5s. 3d.; Tanit Bay, Place 2s. 3d.; Headman, Place 2s. 3d.

3.0.—Vie, Win 10s. 2d., Place 6s.; Self Help, Place 4s. 3d.; Brave Kate, Place 14s.

3.35.—Prince of Song, Win 10s. 3d., Place 12s. 6d.; Triptych, Place 2s. 9d.; Rapahannock, Place 3s. 9d.

4.10.—Golden King, Win 5s., Place 2s. 3d.; Duchess of Mars, Place 13s.; Bearskin, Place 5s. 9d.

4.40.—Lady of Rank, Win 6s. 6d., Place 3s.; The Eccentric, Place 35s. 6d.; Alexis, Place 16s.

5.10.—Knight of Knockeevan, Win 3s. 9d., Place 2s. 9d.; Cadenabbia, Place 8s. 6d.

5.40.—Dunlop, 1s. 3d., Prince of Song, and 4.10, Golden King—unbacked.

DONCASTER

3.0.—Some Pep, Win 5s., Place 2s. 6d.; Wearing a Crown, Place 2s. 6d.; Merton Abbey, Win 16s., Place 22s.; Pergamus, Place 9s. 9d.; Silver Castor, Place 5s. 3d.

4.0.—Balmy Breeze, Win 6s. 9d., Place 2s. 6d.; Grand Rock, Place 2s. 6d.; Sandals, Place 4s. 6d.

4.30.—Richborough, Win 7s. 6d., Place 3s. 9d.; Tanker, Place 5s.; Scottish Fusilier, Place 6s. 9d.

5.0.—Icarus, Win 7s. 9d., Place 4s.; Debonair, Place 12s. 9d.

5.30.—Botany Bay, Win 4s., Place 2s. 3d.; Stick Out, Place 2s. 9d.; Gunnel, Place 3s.

AYR

2.15.—Pas du Tout, Win 69s., Place 24s. 3d.; Hit the Deck, Place 8s. 3d.; Red Sunset, Place 3s. 3d.

2.45.—Jericho, Win 45s., Place 4s.; Haymarket, Place 2s. 6d.; Atherton, Place 2s. 3d.

3.20.—Rosquefort, Win 5s., Place 10s. 3d.; Little Grafton, Place 18s. 9d.; Old Contemptible, Place 10s. 3d.

3.50.—Sarafan, Win 6s. 9d., Place 3s. 9d.; Epistola, Place 15s. 6d.

4.20.—Caplerig, Win 3s. 3d., Place 2s. 6d.; Tongking, Place 4s. 9d.

4.50.—Castlederg, Win 9s. 9d., Place 5s. 9d.; Manvero, Place 2s. 6d.; Lights o' London, Place 2s. 6d.

LINGFIELD RESULTS

2.30 (2.33).—The GODSTONE SELLING PLATE of 200 sovs.; for two-year-olds. Five furlongs.

GO ON, b or br g, by The Vizier—Moe's Thorn (Mr. D. Prace). 8st. 11lb. ..... C. Ray 1

TANIT BAY, b f, by Blue Ensign—Tanit (Mr. L. Lysaght). 8st. 11lb. ..... R. Jenkins 2

HEADMAN, b g, by Golden Boss—Alladine (Mr. V. Smyth). 8st. 6lb. ..... M. Oates 3

Sea Queen f, by Tantoc (Lingerman-Chloris) (C. Richards, 8st. 11lb. ..... J. Leach 0

Ormata (Mr. W. Cooke). 8st. 11lb. ..... T. Barber 0

Persepolis (Mrs. F. Dick). 8st. 11lb. ..... R. Dick 0

Petite Reine (Mr. V. Hennessy). 8st. 11lb. ..... B. Donoghue 0

Mellifera f, by Knockando (Major J. A. Morrison). 8st. 6lb. ..... C. Harrison 0

Tuscany (Mr. G. C. Poole). 8st. 11lb. ..... C. Richards 0

Bel-Ja f, by Trumpeter (Mr. C. V. Taber). 8st. 11lb. ..... J. Ernest 0

Marinata f, by Redwood (Mr. V. T. Thompson). 8st. 11lb. ..... F. Griffith 0

(Winner trained by Douglas Penman, at Upavon).

Starting Price.—5 to 4 agst Go On, 11 to 4 Headman, 6 to 1 Sea Queen filly, 7 to 1 Tanit Bay, 8 to 1 Bel-Ja filly, 20 to 1 each agst the others.

Totalisator Prices (each unit represents 2s. stake).—Win dividend, 7s. 2d.; places, 2s. 9d., 2s. 2d., 3s. 9d. Total win pool, 4,664 units; total place pool, 4,222 units.

Won by two lengths; a length separated second and third. Bel-Ja filly was fourth and Persepolis last.

The winner was sold to Sir Malcolm McAlpine for 570 guineas.

3.0 (3.3).—The STERBERGH SELLING WELTER HANDICAP PLATE of 200 sovs. One mile.

VIE, b m, by Sir Berkeley—Vie (Mr. H. Lester). 5st. 8lb. ..... R. Dick 1

SELF HELP, b g, by Aldgrove—Countess Delia (Mr. G. T. Eastman). 6 yrs, 9st. 2lb. ..... C. Richards 2

BRAVE KATE, b f, by Chivalrous—Matoaka (Mr. H. Smyth). 3 yrs, 6st. 12lb. ..... R. Smyth 3

Grandrose (Mr. A. Law). 6 yrs, 9st. 4lb. ..... H. Beasley 0

Pensalino (Mr. S. Wootton). 4 yrs, 7st. 12lb. ..... R. Dick 0

Citronota (Mr. J. Cooper). 4 yrs, 8st. 2lb. (car. 8st. 3lb.) ..... C. Ray 0

Rock Bottom (Mr. H. Lester). 4 yrs, 8st. 12lb. ..... S. Magee 0

Virgo (Mr. H. Martin). 4 yrs, 7st. 10lb. (car. 8st.) ..... S. Magee 0

(Winner trained by J. Scott, at Wantage)

Starting Prices.—2 to 1 agst Citronota, 5 to 2 Virgo, 5 to 1 Pensalino, 6 to 1 Self Help, 12 to 1 Vie, 10 to 1 Grandrose, 20 to 1 each agst the others.

Totalisator Prices.—Win dividend, 17s.; places, 2s. 6d., 3s., 12s. 9d. Total win pool, 4,859 units; total place pool, 3,477 units.

Won by a head; three-quarters of a length separated second and third. Virgo was fourth and Rock Bottom last.

The winner was bought in for 180 guineas.

3.35 (3.37).—The VILLAGE HANDICAP PLATE of 500 sovs. One mile.

PRINCE OF SONG, ch c, by Prince Galahad—Irish Melody (Mr. M. Markham). 7st. 11lb. ..... F. Fox 1

TRIPTYCH, ch f, by Gainsborough—Trista (Lord H. de Walden). 8st. 9lb. ..... C. Ray 2

RAPAHANNOCK, b c, by ? c, by Knockando—Golden Mask (Sir R. Sheffield). 8st. 7lb. ..... M. Beary 3

Trembling Grass (Mr. A. Fabricius). 8st. 7lb. ..... M. Beary 0

Stingo (Countess Haugwitz). 8st. 7lb. ..... A. Wragg 0

Cadabas (Duke of Richmond and Gordon). 9st. 12lb. ..... C. Richards 0

Pergamus (Mrs. A. E. Considine). 7st. 7lb. ..... F. Smith 0

Parlay Call (Mr. H. Z. Phillips). 7st. 7lb. ..... F. Griffith 0

Persuasity (Colonel D. F. Burnaby). 7st. 7lb. ..... A. Burns 0

Rosemary (Mr. D. Prace). 7st. 7lb. ..... A. Roberts 0

(Winner trained by Ruding, at Newmarket)

Starting Prices.—2 to 1 agst Trembling Grass, 9 to 4 Triptych, 100 to 30 Rapahannock, 100 to 8 Golden Cadabas, 100 to 6 Prince of Song, 20 to 1 each agst the others.

Totalisator Prices.—Win dividend, 31s.; places, 3s. 3d., 2s. 3d., 3s. 9d. Total win pool, 6,021 units; total place pool, 5,213 units.

Won by a length and a half; three lengths separated second and third. Trembling Grass was fourth and Flying Call last.

4.10 (4.13).—The OLD MILL HANDICAP PLATE of 400 sovs. Five furlongs.

GOLDEN KING, ch g, by Golden Orb—Queen Camilla (Mr. F. Hartigan). 5 yrs, 8st. 5lb. ..... F. Fox 1

DUCHESS OF MARS, b or br f, by Son-in-Law—Princess of Mars (Mr. J. E. Rowson). 3 yrs, 6st. 12lb. ..... F. Sharpe 2

BEARSKIN, ch g, by Marten—Soldier's Daughter (Mr. D. L. Wilson). 4 yrs, 7st. 4lb. ..... W. Stephenson 3

Chestnut Oak (Mr. C. J. Ryan). 4 yrs, 9st. 2lb. ..... H. Beasley 0

Somme Orb (Mr. D. M. Gant). 5 yrs, 8st. 8lb. ..... J. Sirett 0

Baara (Mrs. J. Howcock). 4 yrs, 7st. 11lb. ..... A. Wragg 0

Tutbury (Mr. A. M. Melville). 6 yrs, 7st. 6lb. ..... F. Balch 0

Trochee (Mr. G. H. Drummond). 4 yrs, 7st. 11lb. (car. 7st. 3lb.) ..... C. Richards 0

Douglas (Sir M. McAlpine). 3 yrs, 6st. 8lb. ..... L. Martin 0

(Winner trained by F. Hartigan, at Weyhill)

Starting Prices.—2 to 1 agst Golden King, 3 to 1 Somme Orb, 6 to 1 Baara, 8 to 1 Trochee, 10 to 1 each agst Tutbury, Bearskin, and Douglas, 20 to 1 each agst the others.

Totalisator Prices.—Win dividend, 6s. 9d.; places, 4s., 18s. 9d., 3s. Total win pool, 8,466 units; total place pool, 7,400 units.

Won by three-quarters of a length; a head separated second and third. Douglas was fourth and Trochee last.

4.40 (4.43).—The WEIR COURTENAY PLATE of 200 sovs.; for two-year-olds. Five furlongs.

LADY OF RANK, br f, by Black Jester—Perfume (Mr. J. B. Joel). 8st. 11lb. ..... H. Carslake 1

THE ECCENTRIC, ch g, by Teamster—Georgette (Mr. A. Heathorn). 8st. 11lb. ..... J. Kruger 2

ALEXIS, ch g, by Herodotus—Belle of the West (Mr. J. S. Austen). 8st. 11lb. ..... F. Lane 3

Alabaire c, by Bucks Hussar (Mr. T. W. Blenkiron). 8st. ..... R. Dick 0

Orestis (Mr. Z. Michalinos). 9st. ..... J. Sirett 0

Tom Tit III. (Mr. R. Brendon). 9st. ..... J. Leach 0

Lady Kitty c, by Vencedor (Mr. G. Hartigan). 9st. ..... C. Richards 0

True Blue (Duke of Richmond and Gordon). 9st. ..... H. Beasley 0

Stockholm (Lord Woolavington). 9st. ..... A. Burns 0

Policewoman c, by Twelve Pointer (Mr. R. Woolley). 8st. ..... J. Collins 0

Fly Alone (Mr. W. Yeatman-Biggs). 8st. 11lb. ..... M. Beary 0

Rose Alley (Miss L. Beaumont). 8st. 11lb. ..... K. Robertson 0

Peter's Pair (Mr. R. Brendon). 8st. 11lb. ..... S. Magee 0

Sharad's (Mr. W. M. Cazalet). 8st. 11lb. ..... A. Wragg 0

Marie Dhu (Mr. J. A. Dewar). 8st. 11lb. ..... F. Fox 0

Halichuak (Mr. J. W. Hartley). 8st. 11lb. ..... R. Forgham 0

Fleur d'Or (Lord H. de Walden). 8st. 11lb. ..... M. Wing 0

Sultanita (Mr. C. Lund). 8st. 11lb. ..... C. Elliott 0

Rosier (Mr. D. Masters). 8st. 11lb. ..... C. Bush 0

Watercress (Mrs. Hugh Peel). 8st. 11lb. ..... D. Butchers 0

Queen of Mars (Mr. J. E. Rowson). 8st. 11lb. ..... C. Ray 0

Ashanti Gold (Mr. C. Wadia). 8st. 11lb. ..... W. Brookman 0

Madam d'Arblay (Lady Wentworth). 8st. 11lb. ..... W. Wells 0

(Winner trained by C. Peck, at Foxhill)

Starting Prices.—4 to 1 each agst Lady of Rank and The Eccentric, 5 to 1 Marie Dhu, 6 to 1 each Lady Kitty colt and Sultanita, 7 to 1 Tom Tit III., 100 to 6 Kitty colt and Orestis, Alexis, and Sharada, 33 to 1 each agst the others.

Totalisator Prices.—Win dividend, 9s. 2d.; places, 4s., 2s. 6d., 19s. 2d. Total win pool, 8,379 units; total place pool, 6,915 units.

Won by a neck; a head separated second and third. Tom Tit III. was fourth and Stockholm last.

5.10 (5.11).—The LINGFIELD CLUB WELTER STAKES of 3 sovs. each, with 150 sovs. added. One mile and a half.

KNIGHT OF KNOCKEEVAN, br g, by Knight of Kilcash—Knockeven (Mr. A. E. McAlpine). 4 yrs, 10st. 4lb. ..... Mr. Selater 1

CADENABBIA, b f, by Tetrameter—Sorellina (Major W. B. Roderick). 4 yrs, 9st. 7lb. ..... Mr. F. Cundell 2

XENOPHOBE, b c, by Blue Ensign—Xanadu (Mr. M. Stephens). 4 yrs, 11st. 7lb. ..... Mr. M. Blair 3

Sabine Sailor (Mr. R. G. de Mestre). 5 yrs, 11st. 7lb. ..... Mr. A. Cottrill 0

Bankell (Mrs. Boswall-Preston). 4 yrs, 9st. 8lb. (car. 9st. 11lb.) ..... Colonel Blacker 0

King's Writ (Mr. F. de Moleyns). 4 yrs, 9st. 8lb. (car. 9st. 12lb.) ..... Mr. Groves 0

(Winner trained by Poole, at Lewes)

Starting Prices.—5 to 4 agst Knight of Knockeevan, 5 to 2 Xenophobe, 7 to 2 Sabine Sailor, 10 to 1 Cadenabbia, 33 to 1 each agst the others.

Totalisator Prices.—Win dividend, 8s. 3d.; places, 2s. 6d., 3s., 2s. 6d. Total win pool, 7,215 units; total place pool, 6,134 units.

Won by a head; a length and a half separated second and third. Tuscania was fourth and Silver Nun last.

5.40 (5.42).—The CHESTERFIELD PLATE (high-weight handicap) of 600 sovs.; second to receive 50 sovs. and third 25 sovs. Mile and a half.

RICHBOROUGH, b g, by Gainsborough—Trestle (Lord Derby). 5 yrs, 8st. 6lb. ..... T. Weston 1

TANKER, b c, by Lemberg—Solitude (Captain T. Hogg). 3 yrs, 7st. 11lb. ..... C. Richards 2

SCOTTISH FUSILIER, b c, by Royal Lancer—Mountain Crag (Mr. W. H. Thorpe). 4 yrs, 7st. 11lb. ..... G. Baines 3

Sledmere (Mr. S. Tattersall). 6 yrs, 8st. 12lb. ..... J. Jones 0

Show Girl (Lady Ludlow). 4 yrs, 8st. 11lb. ..... S. Wragg 0

First Flight (Lady Scarbrough). 5 yrs, 8st. 11lb. ..... H. Perryman 0

Monastic Haste (Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen). 3 yrs, 8st. 7lb. ..... H. Wragg 0

Lyme Regis (His Majesty). 4 yrs, 8st. 6lb. ..... J. Childs 0

Hunting Tower (Colonel B. J. Green). 5 yrs, 8st. 4lb. ..... J. Dines 0

Tradescant (Mrs. G. H. Drummond). 5 yrs, 7st. 13lb. ..... J. Thwaites 0

Loveliness (Major T. G. N. Bardwell). 4 yrs, 7st. 7lb. ..... J. Simpson 0

Stolen Joy (Mr. J. McLean). 4 yrs, 7st. 4lb. ..... T. Lowrey 0

(Winner trained by Frank Butters, at Newmarket)

Betting.—9 to 4 agst Monastic Haste, 4 to 1 Tanker, 9 to 2 Richborough, 7 to 1 Hunting Tower, 10 to 1 Scottish Fusilier, 100 to 8 Sledmere, 100 to 7 Lyme Regis, 33 to 1 each agst the others.

Won by half a length; a similar distance separated second and third. Monastic Haste was fourth and Loveliness last.

5.50 (5.52).—The GUNNERSBURY HANDICAP, a plate of 300 sovs. About one mile and five furlongs.

CASTLEDERG, br g, by My Prince—Cymorite (Mrs. G. & L. Whitelaw). aged, 11st. 2lb. ..... Mr. Thackray 1

MANVERO, ch g, by Dante—Papavero (Mr. J. E. Anderton). 3 yrs, 7st. 2lb. ..... Mr. A. Rogers 2

LIGHTS O' LONDON, bl or br g, by Galloper Light—Hiawata (Lord Carnarvon). aged, 11st. 4lb. ..... Owner 3

Duke of Florence (Mr. A. D. McAlpine). aged, 12st. 5lb. ..... Mr. Whitfield 0

Langold (Mr. J. Johnstone). 4 yrs, 10st. 7lb. ..... Owner 0

Dunpender (Lieutenant-Colonel R. W. Tuppedie). 6 yrs, 10st. 10lb. ..... Mr. J. Fawcus 0

Glenconnie (Mr. R. Lumsden). 5 yrs, 10st. 5lb. ..... Mr. J. McArthur 0

Potocki (Colonel T. C. Dunlop). 5 yrs, 11st. 4lb. ..... Owner 0

(Winner trained by Whitelaw, at Wantage)

Starting Prices.—11 to 8 agst Lights o' London, 7 to 2 Castlederg, 4 to 1 Duke of Florence, 8 to 1 each Dunpender and Manvero, 100 to 6 each agst the others.

Totalisator Prices.—Win dividend, 7s. 9d.; places, 3s. 9d., 3s., 5s. 6d. Total win pool, 6,802 units; total place pool, 7,589 units.

Won by three-quarters of a length; two lengths separated second and third. Langold was fourth and Potocki last.

DONCASTER RESULTS

3.0 (3.8).—The CORPORATION SELLING HIGH-WEIGHT HANDICAP, a plate of 250 sovs. Five furlongs (straight).

SOME PEP, ch g, by Percival Keene—Actress (Lieutenant-Colonel J. Carruthers). 5 yrs, 8st. 10lb. ..... F. Beasley 1

WEARING A CROWN, ch g, by Diadumenus—Rock Garden (Mr. F. Leach, jun.). aged, 8st. 11lb. ..... H. Leach 2

MOSQUE, b f, by The Vizier—Missouri (Mr. W. H. Thorpe). 3 yrs, 6st. 9lb. ..... F. Rickaby 3

Mudlark (Mr. W. H. Thorpe). 5 yrs, 9st. ..G. Baines 0

Grand Success (Mr. J. Brown). 4 yrs, 8st. 12lb. ..... B. Colvin 0

Instalment (Mr. A. W. Greenwood). 5 yrs, 8st. 2lb. ..... R. Perryman 0

Regal Love (Mr. F. W. Leach). 3 yrs, 6st. ..... C. Aldey 0

Dance On (Mr. H. F. Clayton). 3 yrs, 7st. 10lb. ..... T. Weston 0

Talpra (Mr. J. Metcalf). 3 yrs, 7st. 9lb. ..... Dines 0

Quarrel (Mr. F. Hartigan). 3 yrs, 7st. 7lb. S. Wragg 0

Quenda (Mr. H. Pelitzer). 3 yrs, 7st. 5lb. G. Richards 0

Longmyad Lad (Mr. H. Boulton). 3 yrs, 6st. 12lb. ..... Evens 0

Glena (Mr. P. Jackson). 3 yrs, 6st. 10lb. (car. 6st. 12lb.) ..... Lowrey 0

Daily Mart (Miss R. Taylor). 6 yrs, 6st. 9lb. ..... A. Smirke 0

(Winner trained by R. J. Colling, at Newmarket)

Betting.—7 to 4 agst Some Pep, 4 to 1 Quarrel, 100 to 12 each Dance On and Quenda, 10 to 1 each Wearing a Crown and Daily Mart, 100 to 8 each Instalment and Mosque, 100 to 7 Glena, 33 to 1 each agst the others.

Won by half a length; a length separated second and third. Dance On was fourth and Regal Love last.

There was no bid for the winner.

3.30 (3.32).—The SCURRY HIGH-WEIGHT HANDICAP, a plate of 200 sovs. Six furlongs (straight).

MERTON ABBEY, ch c, by Abbots Trace—Irish Beltry (Mr. J. A. Dewar). 4 yrs, 8st. 6lb. ..... R. James 1

PERGAMUS, b g, by Papyrus—Sauzy Girl (Mr. H. Boultson). 4 yrs, 7st. 12lb. ..... T. Weston 2

SILVER CASTOR, ch c, by Duncan Gray—Miss Sugar (Mr. M. Vasey). 4 yrs, 7st. 2lb. ..... T. Lowrey 3

Camacha (Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen). 4 yrs, 8st. 2lb. ..... S. Wragg 0

Sergeant Costume (Captain T. Hogg). 4 yrs, 7st. 10lb. ..... G. Richards 0

Mouchen (Mr. H. C. Madden). 4 yrs, 7st. 5lb. ..... G. Baines 0

Golden Boy (Mr. John Bell). aged, 7st. (car. 7st. 5lb.) ..... G. Saxton 0

Konda (Mr. A. Sevastopulo). 4 yrs, 7st. 5lb. ..... J. Dines 0

(Winner trained by Pickering, at Newmarket)

Betting.—15 to 8 agst Camacha, 7 to 2 Pergamus, 4 to 1 Merton Abbey, 5 to 1 Konda, 8 to 1 Silver Castor, 100 to 7 each agst the others.

Won by a length; three-quarters of a length separated second and third. Konda was fourth and Golden Boy last.

4.0 (4.1).—The DON SELLING PLATE of 200 sovs.; for two-year-olds. Five furlongs (straight).

BALMY BREEZE, b f, by Desmas—Pride of the Park (Mr. M. Vasey). 8st. 11lb. ..... T. Lowrey 1

GRAND ROCK, br g, by Grand Parade—Tuscar Rock (Mr. R. L. Glasspool). 8st. 6lb. ..... H. Perryman 2

ORANGELLE, ch f, by Jus d'Orange—Nell (Mr. H. Johnstone). 8st. 9lb. ..... G. Richards 3

Sabretache (Mr. J. R. Brown). 8st. 9lb. ..... A. Broady 0

Speardrea, c, by Trespasser (Mr. F. W. Leach). 8st. 9lb. ..... H. Leach 0

Bachelor's Base (Mr. J. C. Lund). 8st. 9lb. ..... H. Wragg 0

Rejected Countess (Mr. H. Bennett). 8st. 6lb. ..... J. Dines 0

Sky Law (Major H. Hawkins) 8st. 6lb. ..... R. James 0

Face to Face (Mr. W. M. C. Hustler). 8st. 6lb. ..... F. Beasley 0

Doodie, f, by Knockando (Mr. S. Morris). 8st. 6lb. ..... J. Evans 0

Sporting Chat f, by The Vizier (Mr. J. W. Sharples). 8st. 6lb. ..... J. Colvin 0

Saxe f, by Puttenden (Mr. E. C. Sayer). 8st. 6lb. ..... F. Wadsworth 0

(Winner trained by M. Vasey, at Doncaster)

Betting.—9 to 4 agst Orangelle, 4 to 1 Sky Law, 5 to 1 Face to Face, 7 to 1 Grand Rock, 10 to 1 Speardrea colt and Face to Face, 10 to 1 Doodie filly, 33 to 1 each agst the others.

Won by half a length; a length and a half separated second and third. Sky Law was fourth and Sporting Chat fifty last.

The winner was bought in for 310 guineas.

4.30 (4.32).—The CHESTERFIELD PLATE (high-weight handicap) of 600 sovs.; second to receive 50 sovs. and third 25 sovs. Mile and a half. Course (about one mile, six furlongs, and 132 yards).

RICHBOROUGH, b g, by Gainsborough—Trestle (Lord Derby). 5 yrs, 8st. 6lb. ..... T. Weston 1

TANKER, b c, by Lemberg—Solitude (Captain T. Hogg). 3 yrs, 7st. 11lb. ..... C. Richards 2

SCOTTISH FUSILIER, b c, by Royal Lancer—Mountain Crag (Mr. W. H. Thorpe). 4 yrs, 7st. 11lb. ..... G. Baines 3

Sledmere (Mr. S. Tattersall). 6 yrs, 8st. 12lb. ..... J. Jones 0

Show Girl (Lady Ludlow). 4 yrs, 8st. 11lb. ..... S. Wragg 0

First Flight (Lady Scarbrough). 5 yrs, 8st. 11lb. ..... H. Perryman 0

Monastic Haste (Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen). 3 yrs, 8st. 7lb. ..... H. Wragg 0

Lyme Regis (His Majesty). 4 yrs, 8st. 6lb. ..... J. Childs 0

Hunting Tower (Colonel B. J. Green). 5 yrs, 8st. 4lb. ..... J. Dines 0

Tradescant (Mrs. G. H. Drummond). 5 yrs, 7st. 13lb. ..... J. Thwaites 0

Loveliness (Major T. G. N. Bardwell). 4 yrs, 7st. 7lb. ..... J. Simpson 0

Stolen Joy (Mr. J. McLean). 4 yrs, 7st. 4lb. ..... T. Lowrey 0

(Winner trained by Frank Butters, at Newmarket)

Betting.—9 to 4 agst Monastic Haste, 4 to 1 Tanker, 9 to 2 Richborough, 7 to 1 Hunting Tower, 10 to 1 Scottish Fusilier, 100 to 8 Sledmere, 100 to 7 Lyme Regis, 33 to 1 each agst the others.

Won by half a length; a similar distance separated second and third. Monastic Haste was fourth and Loveliness last.

5.0 (5.1).—The FITZWILLIAM STAKES of 5 sovs. each, with 150 sovs. added; for two-year-olds. Five furlongs.

ICARUS, gh c, by Golden Sun—Sharp Flight (Mr. H. Bottomley). 8st. 5lb. ..... G. Richards 1

DEBONAIR, gh c, by Warden of the Marches—Lady of the Heath (Captain S. R. Lord). 8st. 12lb. ..... J. Childs 2

PESCARINA, ch f, by Fidello—Pescara (Lord Crewe). 8st. 9lb. ..... R. Perryman 3

Smolensk f, by Scherzo (Mrs. C. Richi). 9st. ..... F. Beasley 0

Heaven Sent (Mrs. C. Beatty). 8st. 12lb. ..... S. Wragg 0

Cravenette c, by Trespasser (Mr. J. Sharp). 8st. 12lb. ..... E. James 0

Gorse f, by Ellangowan (Mr. J. St. V. Fox). 8st. 9lb. ..... H. Jelliss 0

(Winner trained by Wilmot, at Hawthorn Hill)

Betting.—4 to 4 agst Icarus, 5 to 2 Debonair, 4 to 1 Pescarina, 6 to 1 Heaven Sent, 8 to 1 Smolensk filly, 20 to 1 each agst the others.

Won by a short head; two lengths separated second and third. Gorse filly was fourth and Cravenette colt last.

5.30 (5.30).—The MILTON MAIDEN (APPRENTICE) PLATE of 250 sovs. The Straight Mile.

BOTANY BAY, b or br g, by Phalaris—Rosebay (Lord Derby). 3 yrs, 6st. 5lb. ..T. McCaffery 1

STICK OUT, gh f, by Simon Square—Bustle (Captain C. F. Elsey). 3 yrs, 8st. 11lb. ..S. McKee 2

GUNNEL, b c, by Captain Cuttle—Sunset Gun (His Majesty). 3 yrs, 6st. 5lb. ..... A. Smirke 3

Sprinkle Light (Mr. R. Benton), aged, 7st. 2lb. ..... J. Green 0

Rosquefort II. (Count Pal de Saint Phalle). 5 yrs, 7st. 2lb. ..... C. Drake 0

Leader (Mr. Greenall). 4 yrs, 7st. (car. 7st. 2lb.) ..... F. Lindley 0

Spring Grass (Sir J. Arnold). 3 yrs, 7st. 11lb. (car. 8st.) ..... F. Beasley 0

St. Bruno (Mrs. Outlie). 3 yrs, 7st. 11lb. (car. 8st.) ..... R. Dick 0

Fifth Dips (Mr. J. T. Downing). 3 yrs, 7st. 11lb. (car. 8st.) ..... J. Childs 0

Rose Crystal (Mr. C. Leader). 3 yrs, 7st. 11lb. ..... C. Dewdale 0

(Winner trained by Frank Butters, at Newmarket)

Betting.—9 to 4 agst Botany Bay, 3 to 1 Gunnel, 6 to 1 each Spring Grass and St. Bruno, 8 to 1 Rosquefort II., 10 to 1 Rose Crystal, 20 to 1 each agst the others.

Won by six lengths; three lengths separated second and third. Rosquefort II. was fourth and Spring Grass last.

RUGBY FOOTBALL

ANOTHER BRITISH VICTORY

Masterton (N.Z.), May 31.—The British touring team beat Wairarapa here to-day by two goals and three tries (19 points) to two penalty goals (6 points).

Wairarapa made a fine fight in the first half, and chiefly through the good play of their forwards the score was equal at half-time, each side having 3 points. Afterwards the British pack had matters their own way and they kept Wairarapa altogether on the defensive. R. S. Spong and T. P. Murray, who was playing at scrummage half-back for the first time

Sporting News

(Continued from page 4)

GOLF

R. T. JONES AMATEUR CHAMPION

THE PERFECT GOLFER

(FROM OUR GOLF CORRESPONDENT)

ST. ANDREWS, MAY 31

R. T. Jones beat R. H. Wethered by seven up and six to play in the final of the Amateur Championship over the Old Course to-day. He has now caught up Alexander the Great and has no more Championships to win. He played just as we have always been told he did in a 36-hole match, unhasting, unrelenting, playing not so much against a flesh-and-blood enemy as against the perfect score for the course. In the first round there was never a ghost of a flaw. In the afternoon he seemed for one brief moment to be growing unsettled and then came back to that rhythmic and unbroken stride under which he has trampled the whole world of golf like some inevitable juggernaut. It was so magnificent that it hardly seemed to be golf; it was rather the progress of a mechanical creature which is wound up and goes on clicking round the course for ever and ever.

The match was much more exciting than the final result would indicate, and Wethered made a fine fight of it against overwhelming odds. He did hit a few crooked drives in the morning, but generally speaking his wooden club play was good. It would be unfair to say he lost the match by driving. It is truer to say, in Jack White's words, that "This man Jones is teaching us that matches can be won by driving." Wethered's iron play was superb and unfaltering, and his approach putts were well struck and not blessed with much luck. He did fail to some extent in the shorter putts. All the week he has been holing the middle length and short putts beautifully, but to-day he seemed to be moving his body just a fraction too soon and not, as he usually does, after the ball is on its way. He had several good chances on the green which he did not hole. If he could have taken them he might have made a much closer thing of it, but it is hardly conceivable that he ever could have won.

AN EXCITING START

The first round began by sending agreeable shivers of excitement down the spine, for after Wethered had played a lovely second to within four yards or so of the hole Jones missed his pitch so completely that the ball stopped short of the Burn. He played an excellent third and holed his putt; Wethered just failed to get his 3, and the hole was halved. The luck evened itself at the second, where Wethered bombarded the wall with a fierce hook and the ball came back on to grass. He played a fine second and halved in four with Jones, who had played the hole like a plaster saint. From this point it would be a waste of words to describe Jones's play in minute detail, since it never varied; a vast straight drive down the course, a good second with some iron club, and then a putt which was generally stone dead and seldom more than 4ft. away. He had settled down to his old familiar gait in long matches, which has broken so many opponents. "Keep on shooting par at them and they'll all crack" is his motto on these occasions, and he acted up to it so fully that when he had a shortish putt to beat par he seemed positively averse from holing it.

A sundial counts only the sunny hours; I will do the converse and only record the few shots, all putts, which Jones missed. Wethered offers a wider field for description. He took three putts at the third to be one down, and then played a truly magnificent approach to the fourth, giving him a chance of a 3, which he could not quite take. To the Heathery Hole he cut his drive away into the heather, whence he played the most divine of pitch-and-run shots over the hill and through the hollow to lie stone dead. That made the match square again, and after two good halves Jones did something worthy of record. At the ninth Wethered hit the most colossal of hooks from the tee, but recovered and got his 4. Jones had a 4ft. or 5ft. putt to win in three and missed it, so the match was still all square with both players out in 35—very fine figures, but obtained more easily by one than the other.

Wethered took three putts at the 10th and that was one down. He seemed likely to square at the 11th until Jones holed a horrid, sidling putt of 8ft. I suppose he holed it because he had it to keep even with the great god par and not to beat him. At the 13th he had quite a short one for a 3, but that would have been one better than par, and therefore he missed it. So Jones was still only one up and Wethered was playing his irons like a hero and hanging on nobly. But the strain had to tell soon, and now the inevitable happened. Wethered recovered from a sliced second at the Hole o' Cross, but failed at the final putt: two down. He recovered splendidly from the edge of Hell bunker at the Long Hole, but the inexorable Jones obviously regarded this as a par 4 and holed a 10ft. putt to win it accordingly. At the 15th Wethered took three putts after his long putt looked as if it must drop, and at the Corner of the Dyke he went out of bounds. That was five up to Jones, and the interest shifted momentarily from the match to the subsidiary question whether Jones could get round St. Andrews without a single 5. Wethered played the odd to the 17th and rightly took every risk. The ball pitched just to the right of the Road bunker, hard against the bank, gave one hop, and lay four yards from the pin. Jones also went straight at it, and his ball ended in the bunker under the green. The crowd was carefully cleared away from the back to give him a chance of going from the bunker into the road. The great man smiled indulgently at the stewards and, playing a really miraculous shot, half gentle and half explosive, laid the ball 4ft. from the pin and then—a sad anti-climax—he missed the putt and had that one black blot of a 5 after all. The home hole was halved in four, and Wethered finished four down. Jones had taken one 5, two 3's, and 15 4's. I do not think I ever saw golf so well played in all my life. The scores were:—

JONES

OUT: 4 4 4 5 4 4 4 3 4 = 36
HOME: 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 = 35 } 71

WETHERED

OUT: 4 5 4 5 4 4 3 5 4 = 38
HOME: 4 3 5 4 4 4 4 4 4 = 36 } 74

THE SECOND ROUND

After luncheon there was a prodigious crowd, but it was good-tempered and docile and well shepherded by an army of stewards, including one Amazon with a red flag and a periscope. The start was a dramatic one, and looked for a little while as if it might turn the tide in Wethered's favour. Both played splendid pitches to the first hole, Jones to within 7ft. and Wethered to within 6ft. Jones tried for his 3 and ran 2ft. past. Wethered missed also, but laid a dead stymie which Jones failed to loft. So in place of a likely half in three the hole had been won in four against five and one was lopped off the lead. At the second hole Wethered went right down the course and Jones hit a really wild hook. The ball seemed bound for perdition under the wall if not through the gate, but was stopped, I think, by the crowd. At any rate it finished lying tolerably clean on the road, and thence Jones played a heroic pitch over all the bunkers and on to the bank behind the green. Thence he very nearly holed his putt and laid Wethered, who was eight or nine yards away, a dead stymie. Wethered had to get past the hole; he played the shot well, lay apparently dead, and then, amid groans of horror, missed his short putt. It certainly was the very cruellest tit for tat for the first hole. There had been hopes of down to two up; now it was four up again and all real hope was gone. The next three holes were halved. Wethered missing a not very long putt at the fourth; and every hole halved was now almost a hole gained for the leader. At the sixth Wethered holed a 12-yard putt for 3, amid frantic demonstrations, but he tried to do the same thing at the seventh, ran past and was duly laid a hopeless stymie. That really was the end. He lost the eighth, where he was bunkered. Jones drove on to the edge of the 10th green and got his 3 to be six up. Wethered made a gallant effort for a 2 at the 11th and failed by an inch. It was the last dying kick, for he took 5 to the 12th, and Bobby ended with yet one more 4, his twenty-second 4 out of 30 holes played.

The winner was at once swallowed up in a cheering mob and ultimately got home by the road with four stalwart constables as an escort. He can never come too often or win too often for a St. Andrews crowd. The scores were:—

JONES

OUT: 5 4 4 5 4 4 4 3 4 = 37
HOME: 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 = 35 } 72

WETHERED

OUT: 4 5 4 5 4 4 3 5 4 = 38
HOME: 4 3 5 4 4 4 4 4 4 = 36 } 74

CLUB COMPETITIONS

(Figures in Parentheses denote Scratch Score)

BANSTEAD DOWNS (74).—Monthly Medal.—Senior—J. Cumming (79—5=74) and A. V. Hay (86—12=74) tied. Junior.—J. W. Stambra, 80—20=60.

BECKENHAM (76).—Captain's Prize.—E. Brooker (18), 155 net; A. C. Unney (7), 156 net.

BETCHWORTH PARK (75).—Scratch Medal.—A. Patcher, 75. Handicap.—1st Division.—A. Baker, 75—4=71.

BISHOPS STORTFORD (77).—Monthly Bogey.—T. H. B. Lawther (15), 2 up; A. V. Coleman (7), all square. Ladies' Spring Meeting.—Medal.—Silver Division.—Mrs. Armstrong, 92—18=75. Bronze Division.—Mrs. Paton, 92—19=73. Greensome Bogey.—Mrs. Frank Jones and Miss Mitchell, 3 down, won after a tie.

BOGNOR (75).—Open Bogey.—A. V. Bocker (8), all square; and R. H. Webber (14) all square, tied.

BRAMSHOTT (77).—Australia and New Zealand Challenge Cup.—Captain Bowell-Preston (Australia) (16), 4 up; Captain Hayley (Bramshott) (12), 3 down. Roger Foursomes.—W. E. Sutton (6) and F. J. Abbot (9), 3 up.

BURHILL (75).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—A. N. Rushworth (3), all square. Junior.—H. W. Hele (14), 2 up.

CHIGWELL (77).—Mr. A. Grant Rogers' Prize.—C. S. Nicholls, 80—8=72.

CHISLEHURST (70).—Spring Meeting.—Gold Challenge Medal.—Rex Hartley, 69. Captain's Cup.—M. P. Griffith-Jones, 75—8=67, and H. W. Hill, 85—18=67, tied. Sickleman Challenge Cup.—M. P. Griffith-Jones, 149—16=133. J. McFarlane, 155—20=135.

COODEN BEACH (75).—Club Prize.—G. F. Herron, 80—11=69.

COOMBE HILL (76).—Weekly Competition.—Bogey.—H. F. W. Loud, F. H. Barber, and J. McBrien tied at 2 down.

COWEY WOOD (79).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—A. E. White, 84—12=72. Junior.—F. R. Wright, 87—15=72.

CULVERDEN (66).—Culverden Cup.—H. L. Dyer (9), 3 up; F. C. David (9), 1 up.

ELTHAM WARREN (73).—Bogey.—G. H. Barker (12), 2 up.

FOLKROVE (74).—Monthly Bogey Senior.—Dr. F. W. W. Smith, 5 up. Junior.—F. E. Statham, 2 up.

GUILDFORD (75).—Baltic Challenge Cup.—R. T. C. Rice, 4 up.

HAMPSTEAD (73).—Foursomes.—Dr. G. T. Hebert and H. W. Fletcher, 81—8=73; R. W. F. Goodrich and J. F. Passmore, 81—8=73.

HAREWOOD DOWNS (73).—Monthly Medal.—R. C. Hilton, 79—6=73.

HERNE BAY (74).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—C. Pentecost, 74—2=72. Junior.—E. Evan-Smith, 89—18=71, and A. F. Young, 99—18=81, tied. Marshall Prize (54 holes).—C. Pentecost, 220.

HESWALL (—).—Mixed Foursomes.—Miss E. Meyers and G. W. Cars, 83—13=70.

HOME PARK (74).—Spring Meeting.—Mixed Foursomes.—A. G. Webb and Miss M. Wodehouse, 96—12=74; R. Pooley and Mrs. Ryan, 92—17=75. Monthly Medal.—Senior.—G. H. Coley, 77—7=70. F. B. Webb, 78—8=70, and F. J. Hickson, 79—9=70, tied. Junior.—J. Watt, 84—14=70.

MAIDENHEAD (76).—Grenfell Cup (36 holes).—E. A. Bowden, 155—4=151. Abbot Trophy (36 holes handicap, 19 and over).—B. B. Humfrey, 195—48=147.

MITCHAM (73).—Monthly Medal.—O. T. Hasell, 82—8=74, and F. Garnham, 82—8=74, tied.

NORTHUM (72).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—H. M. Sanders, 78—3=75. Junior.—A. J. Jacob, 88—18=70.

NORTH MIDDLESEX (71).—Senior Gold Medal.—W. A. Whatmough, 78—7=71. Junior Gold Medal.—R. B. Jones, 86—11=75. A. L. Burley, 93—18=75, and C. H. Vernes, 95—20=75, tied. Fuller Cup (Third Qualifying Round).—W. A. Whatmough, 78—7=71, and F. S. Wright, 82—11=71, tied.

OLD FOLD MANOR (75).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—H. Allaway, 80—7=73. Junior.—G. H. Jonnson, 97—13=74.

PUTTERS BAR (75).—Monthly Medal.—S. Messer, 95—20=75.

RICHMOND (72).—Don Cup.—R. S. Mays-Smith (Royal Mid-Surrey), 78+76=154.

ROEHAMPTON AND COBHAM PARK (77).—Monthly Medal.—S. J. Brice, 85—14=71; R. S. Heath, 91—18=73. Captain's Prize.—Final.—G. H. Lang, lands (4) beat J. G. D. Oswald (7) by 2 and 1. Mixed Foursomes.—Qualification Final.—... and Mrs. Musson beat Captain and Mrs. Russell by 6 and 5.

ROMFORD (75).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—A. Poupart (8), 2 up. Junior.—L. G. Peaks (11), C. Asplin (11), and F. E. Cotter (12) tied all square.

ROYAL ASHDOWN FOREST (75).—Yewhurst Medal.—B. I. Franklin-Adams, 78—4=74. Monthly Medal.—R. F. Kindersley, 82—10=72. Margary Medal.—Dr. Darby, 87—13=74.

ROYAL CINQUE PORTS (77).—Bogey.—C. H. A. French (15), all square; L. O. Munn (+1), 1 down; Captain C. S. Lonsdale (6), 1 down.

ROYAL EASTBOURNE (73).—Summer Meeting.—H. Medal.—First Division.—J. M. Somerville, 78—7=71 (also won Bogey Sweep at 1 up). Second Division.—L. D. F. Swift, 84—15=69. Lethbridge Scratch Gold Medal.—C. G. Simons, 75+72=147. Handicap Aggregate.—A. M. Sturges, 75+71=146. Second Division.—J. A. Hatton Ellis, 72+74=146, and A. Morton Smith, 70+76=146, tied.

ROYAL NORTH DEVON (78).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—Major O. L. Trenchmann, 84—7=77. Junior.—Lieutenant-Colonel Sparling, 95—20=75.

ROYAL WIMBLEDON (76).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—H. R. Yuille, 82—9=73. Junior.—N. M. Jones, 94—16=78. Mackenzie Challenge Medal.—K. N. Beach, 83—8=75.

ST. GEORGE'S HILL (76).—Monthly Bogey.—L. D. Sweet (6), 3 up.

SEAFORD (74).—Monthly Bogey (replay).—W. G. Vack (8), 1 up.

SONNING (77).—President's Putter.—Captain A. Heaton, 86—18=68 (also wins Monthly Medal).

SOUTH LODGE (75).—Four-ball Bogey.—J. B. Thomson (2) and P. E. Gale (8), 7 up; W. Astill (22) and D. R. Scholey (22), 2 up.

STANMORE (76).—Par Competition (Final).—L. R. Walton, all square.

SUNDRIDGE PARK (76).—Scratch Medal.—O. J. T. Llewellyn, 77+85=162.

THORNDON PARK (77).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—D. S. Rawle, 87—9=78, and A. H. Bowman, 89—11=78, tied. Junior.—W. H. Morgan, 91—14=77.

WANSTEAD (75).—Spring Meeting.—Roberts Cup (36 holes).—Dr. K. H. Douglas, 151—36=145. Scratch Cup.—A. E. Hutton and F. Thomas tied at 78.

WEST BYFLEET (76).—Monthly Mixed Foursomes.—Miss Prest and E. E. B. Prest (28), 1 up.

WEST ESSEX (74).—Hepburn Bowl.—M. Hardie, 81—10=71, and L. T. Hall, 85—14=71, tied.

WEST KENT (77).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—R. S. Thomas, 87—10=77; G. H. Bamber, 85—4=81. Junior.—A. H. Stevens, 100—18=82; A. G. D. Dickinson, 100—12=85.

WEST MIDDLESEX (76).—President's Prize.—Senior.—J. Fitzgerald, 83—10=73. Junior.—F. Osborne, 88—12=76.

WILLINGDON (73).—Fraser Challenge Cup.—R. A. Howell, 72+73=145.

WORPLESDON (76).—Monthly Medal.—R. Maclean, 77—3=74.

WEST HILL BEAT SENIOR SOCIETY

The Senior Golfers' Society met West Hill in a match by Foursomes at Brookwood on Saturday and were beaten on the day's play by seven games to three.

The results were:—

MORNING

WEST HILL		SENIOR (5.8)
W. A. Murray and C. D. Harris (3 and 1)	1	R. H. Bowie and Sir H. Bray 0
Major K. S. MacRae and A. W. S. Aldridge 0		Major C. A. Bryce and Brigadier-General E. Hain (2 and 1) 1
A. W. Crombie and C. W. Irving (6 and 5)	1	A. Turquand-Young and Colonel L. M. Jones 0
Major G. Lobbock and J. C. Brown (5 and 4)	1	C. T. Bazell and E. H. Bent 0
H. B. Banning and Captain G. A. Franks	0	F. Lasenby and G. C. Cassels (1 hole) 1
Total	3	Total 2

AFTERNOON

Crombie and MacRae (1 hole)	1	Howie and Bray 0
		Bryce and Hain (3 and 1) 1
Murray and Harris (2 holes)	0	Turquand-Young and Jones 1
Banning and Franks (1 hole)	1	Colonel the Hon. E. Theaker and Bent 0
Lubbock and Brown (3 and 1)	1	Lasenby and Cassels 0
Total	4	Total 1

MEETING AT BUSHEY HALL

Eighty-six players took out cards at the Open Amateur Meeting at Bushey Hall Club on Saturday, when R. D. Blackwell (7), of Oxhey, won the cup with net rounds of 74 and 67. H. H. Clarke (10), of the Royal Air Force Officers' Golfing Association, was second, beaten only by a stroke, his rounds being 69 and 73. The prize for the best scratch score over 36 holes was won by A. J. Peech (Worplesdon), who had rounds of 77 and 74.

The final of the Middlesex Ladies' Inter-Club Foursomes tournament was played at West Middlesex on Friday, when Grims Dyke (Miss Small and Mrs. Hedges) beat Horse Park (Miss Tucker and Mrs. Kirkpatrick) by 1 hole.

LEEDS TOURNAMENT

VICTORY OF H. C. JOLLY

H. C. Jolly won the Leeds thousand guineas tournament on Saturday when he beat O. Sanderson in the 36 holes final at the Headingley Club course near Leeds by 3 and 1. At one time it appeared likely that Jolly would suffer the fate that has been his for the past three years—defeat in the final. But after fighting an uphill battle for the greater part of the way he gained a lead of two holes in the middle of the afternoon round and hung on grimly to the end.

When the tournament was inaugurated in 1923 Jolly gained a great victory by two holes against Walter Hagen. He also reached the final in 1927, 1928, and 1929, but was beaten each time, his defeat at the 37th hole by J. Turnesa last year being tragic in that he had only to hole a two-foot putt at the 34th hole, when dormy three, to win the match. He missed and Turnesa took first prize by winning four holes in a row. Sanderson won the first hole yesterday and was ahead until he lost three holes to some brilliant golf from Jolly. Sanderson regained the lead and was one up at the start of the second round. The fortunes of the game varied early in the afternoon, but Jolly was four under fours for the last eight holes and so gained the victory.

Both played moderate golf at the start and the first five holes were halved. Jolly was bunkered at the sixth, and taking two shots to recover became one down. Jolly was again bunkered at the short seventh, which he lost, but he won a hole back at the eighth after both had driven into the rough, Sanderson being over the green with his second and leaving himself a three yards putt, which he missed, for a half. The ninth was halved, and Sanderson accordingly turned one up, a lead which he increased at the 12th, after missing from five feet for a win at the 11th. Jolly overran the green at the 12th, but he then won three holes in a row, and so obtained the lead for the first time. He holed out from six yards for a two at the 13th, won the 14th in the par four, and had a grand three at the 15th, where his approach hit the rim of the hole, the ball stopping two feet away. Sanderson, however holed from three yards after being bunkered at the 16th, and so squared the match, for Jolly, who was three yards away in two, took three more strokes to get down. Jolly cut his drive badly to the 17th, and taking three to reach the green, with Sanderson on the edge with his tee shot, he became one down again, and his opponent kept this lead by halving the 18th in a par four. The scores were:—

O. SANDERSON

OUT: 5, 5, 5, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5 = 36
HOME: 4, 4, 4, 5, 5, 5, 3, 4, 5 = 39 } 73

H. C. JOLLY

OUT: 5, 5, 5, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 4 = 40
HOME: 4, 4, 5, 4, 4, 5, 5, 5, 4 = 36 } 76

Sanderson lost his lead at the first hole in the afternoon, putting his second in the brook, but he was one up again at the fourth, where Jolly was short in two. Sanderson was again in the ditch at the fifth, which he lost, but Jolly put his second into a gorse bush at the sixth to be one down once more. Yet again did Jolly square at the seventh, where Sanderson was bunkered. The Northerner should have won the eighth, but missed a putt of two feet, and he became one down at the tenth where he was caught in a bunker. Jolly was now on the road to victory. He became two up at the 11th, hitting a wonderful mashie shot from the bottom of a dry ditch to within 5ft. of the pin and holing the putt for a three. The next five holes were halved, Jolly getting in his yard putt for a half in two at the short 13th after Sanderson had holed his putt of three yards. This made Jolly two up with two to play, and Sanderson took three to reach the 17th green before giving up the hole. The scores were:—

JOLLY

OUT: 4, 5, 3, 5, 4, 5, 5, 5, 4 = 38
HOME: 4, 5, 4, 5, 4, 5, 4, 5, 3 = 39 } 68

SANDERSON

OUT: 5, 5, 3, 4, 6, 4, 5, 5, 4 = 41
HOME: 5, 4, 4, 5, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5 = 32 } 73

BATH CLUB TOURNAMENT

The Bath Club golf tournament was continued over the Prince's Club's course at Sandwich, on Saturday, when the results were:—

SECOND ROUND

A. Player (14), w.o.; M. Norton-Griffiths (15), scratched.
C. Aramayo (18) beat R. G. Chittenden (scratch) by 2 and 1.
H. Philipson (3) beat H. Gaine (4) by 4 and 2.
C. E. Pace (8) beat R. C. Calvert (6) by 5 and 4.
R. Sanderson (1) beat H. G. Q. Brodrick (6) by 2 and 1.
G. M. Christian (5) beat B. J. Wolfe Barry (9) by 4 and 2.
C. Wolfe Barry (9) beat C. W. Rawson (12) by 1 hole.
Sir F. C. Meyer (16) beat Captain A. E. Colebrook (12) by 4 and 3.
W. Yorke-Davies (24) beat Major H. V. Landsberg (17) by 8 and 7.
A. Ladenburg (2) (holder) beat Brigadier-General A. C. Critchley (scratch) by 4 and 3.
Lieut.-Colonel Sir L. L. Barnard (6) beat Sir C. Gordon Watson (22) by 7 and 6.
C. Grabham (17) beat S. K. Gay (6) by 4 and 3.
R. Cunningham (5) beat K. A. Wolfe Barry (17) by 5 and 4.
K. W. Nowall (9) beat P. Quilter (scratch) at the 19th hole.
Captain R. B. Holman (5) beat E. Lehmann (16) by 3 and 1.
Captain G. A. Greig (8) beat J. J. Briggs (7) by 3 and 2.
H. McD. Pollock (12) beat Captain J. C. Craigie (4) by 2 holes.
T. Greenwood (18) beat Sir Pomeroy Burton (5) by 1 hole.
L. S. Davies (12) beat B. H. Jackson (16) by 2 holes.
Major E. W. T. Buck (9) beat A. C. Somervell (0) by 5 and 4.
Major L. Savill (17) beat Captain C. S. Bundock (20) at the 19th hole.
Major K. Flint (7) beat Captain J. A. Crocker (20) by 7 and 6.
R. W. G. Zlair (scratch) beat C. C. Rawlinson (6) by 4 and 3.
G. B. Jenny (18) beat L. R. Pearse (14) by 6 and 5.
Captain J. E. Tomkinson (3) beat Major W. Fletcher (8) by 2 and 1.
Admiral B. V. Brooke (6) beat Major I. Hay Beith (12) by 5 and 3.
R. E. Roller (8) w.o.; F. W. H. Weaver (scratch) scratched.
P. W. Hall (10) beat Captain N. Zambra (5) by 3 and 2.
T. D. McGuffie (9) beat W. H. Wakefield (7) by 1 hole.
Major P. H. Jephson (7) beat R. H. Henning (22) by 2 holes.
Major T. Bouch (18) w.o.; the Prince of Wales (12) scratched.

THIRD ROUND

Aramayo beat Player by 5 and 2.
Page beat Philipson by 2 holes.
Christian beat Sanderson by 4 and 3.
Barry beat Meyer by 1 and 2.
Yorke-Davies beat Ladenburg by 5 and 4.
Barnard beat Grabham by 4 and 3.
Newall beat Cunningham by 1 hole.
Greig beat Holman by 7 and 6.
Pollock beat Greenwood by 7 and 6.
Davies beat Beck by 4 and 3.
Flint beat Smalley (4) by 1 hole.
Zair beat Tore by 3 and 2.
Tomkinson beat Ismay by 2 and 1.
Roller beat Brooks by 7 and 5.
McGuffie beat Weiral by 2 and 1.
Jephson beat Bouch by 2 holes.

FOURTH ROUND

Page (5) beat Aramayo (18) by 3 and 2.
Wolfe Barry (8) beat Christian (5) by 1 hole.
Yorke-Davies (24) beat Barnard (6) by 2 and 1.
Greig (8) beat Newall (9) by 2 holes.
Davies (12) beat Pollock (12) by 3 and 1.
Zair (scratch) beat Flint (7) by 4 and 2.
Roller (8) beat Tomkinson (3) by 3 and 1.
Jephson (7) beat McGuffie (9) by 5 and 4.

FIFTH ROUND

Wolfe Barry beat Page at the 22nd hole.
Yorke-Davies beat Greig by 2 and 1.
Davies beat Zair by 5 and 3.
Jephson beat Roller by 2 and 1.

HOUSE OF COMMONS BEATEN

The House of Commons were beaten by Crowborough Beacon in a match by Singles and Foursomes on Saturday by seven matches to five on the day's play. The match was played under handicap.

The results were:—

SINGLES

Crowborough Beacon		House of Commons
F. W. Carter (2)	0	Major Mackenzie Wood (4) and (3) 1
W. Smalley (4) (5 and 4)	1	F. Holroyd (6) 0
A. E. Gardner (4) (7 and 6)	1	D. R. Forgan (6) 0
C. E. Pasmore (4)	0	Colonel Sir A. Lambert Ward (6) (2 and 1) 1
H. L. Boyd (4) (6 and 5)	1	Sir Assheton Pownall (10) 0
C. D. B. Legnatt (6)	0	Major A. West-Russell (16) (2 holes) 1
E. S. Jerdein (8) (2 holes)	1	A. A. Somerville (17) 0
E. Jorgensen (8) (6 and 5)	1	Sir Sandeman Allen (18) 0
Total	5	Total 2

FOURSOMES

Carter and Smalley (4 and 2)	1	Wood and Holroyd Forgan and Lambert (1 hole) 1
Gardner and Pasmore	0	Pownall and West-Russell (2 and 1) 1
Boyd and Leggatt	0	Somerville and Sandeman Allen 0
Jerdein and Jorgensen (5 and 3)	1	
Total	2	Total 2

OLD REPTONIAN G.S. WIN

In a match at Beaconsfield yesterday the Old Reptonian G.S. beat the Old Marlburian G.S. by six matches to four.

The results were:—

FOURSOMES

Old Reptonians		Old Marlburians
W. D. Robinson and P. Musker	0	D. B. U. Mann and J. L. Stanton (3 and 2) 1
A. C. D. Butler and A. G. Bayford (halved)	0	W. C. Lamacque and G. L. Stevenson (halved) 0
A. F. B. Bamford and J. B. Healing (1 hole)	1	T. D. Hampson and E. R. Mott and P. L. Mott 0
C. B. James and R. W. Willett (2 and 1)	1	
Total	2	Total 1

SINGLES

W. D. Robinson (2 and 1)	1	D. B. U. Mann 0
A. C. D. Butler (halved)	0	W. C. Lamacque (halved) 0
P. Musker	0	G. L. Stevenson (4 and 2) 1
A. F. B. Bamford (5 and 4)	1	T. D. Hampson (3 and 2) 1
J. B. Healing (1 hole)	1	G. L. Stevenson 0
C. B. James (2 and 1)	1	T. D. Hampson 0
R. W. Willett	0	P. L. Mott (3 and 2) 1
Total	4	Total 3

In the final of the Granby Bowl competition at Hanger Hill yesterday, V. L. Thompson beat G. Huckle.

YACHTING

SHAMROCK V. BEATEN

The third of the special races arranged in the Solent for the trying out of Sir Thomas Lipton's new America's Cup challenger, Shamrock V., was held at Cowes on Saturday, the prizes being given by the Royal London Yacht Club, which also provided races for the 12-metre and usual Solent classes. There was a somewhat variable easterly breeze which gave the big boats a test on and off the wind. Lulworth and Britannia both beat the Shamrock home and thoroughly deserved the two first places. Shamrock's record is now eight starts, six first, one second, one unplaced. Saturday's race was the first in which she failed to secure a place.

Mouette won again in the 12-metre class, making her record six first and a third as the result of seven starts. Details:—

MATCH FOR THE OVER 21-METRE CLASS.—First prize, £20 and a special trophy; second prize, £20. Entries:—

Yacht	Rig	Town	Owner
Britannia	Cutter	221	The King
Shamrock V.	Bermudian	162	Sir T. J. Lipton
Cambria	Bermudian	162	Lord Camrose
Lulworth	Cutter	186	A. A. Paton
White Heather	Cutter	179	Lord Waring
Candida	Bermudian	173	E. A. Andres

Over the course of 39 sea miles, being twice round the Solent Bank Buoy to the westward of the North-East Middle Buoy to the eastward, Shamrock V., Britannia, White Heather, and Lulworth, which were the scratch boats, had to allow Candida 3min. 54sec. and Cambria 5min. 31sec. All had full light-weather canvas set when they came to the line for the start off the Royal Yacht Squadron Castle at 11 a.m. They made quite a good start, in which the order over the line was Britannia, Cambria, Candida, Shamrock V., White Heather, and Lulworth. They set spinnakers to port for the long turn off the wind to the leeward mark, and as has previously happened the challenger had some difficulty with her big running sail. At the Solent Bank Buoy the order was White Heather, Britannia, Lulworth, and Shamrock V., well ahead of the two Bermudians. There were changes in this order on the turn to windward to the weather mark and the run home to finish the first round, the official times for which were:—

	H. M. S.		H. M. S.
Shamrock V.	1 34 43	White Heather	1 35 23
Lulworth	1 34 49	Candida	1 39 36
Britannia	1 35 3	Cambria	1 41 52

Lulworth secured the lead on the run from the Squadron Castle to the Solent Bank Buoy the second time round and the order as they rushed round the leeward mark was—Lulworth, White Heather, Shamrock V., Britannia, Candida, and Cambria just over 8min. covering the fleet. On the beat back to the Eastward in a lightening breeze Lulworth opened right away from Britannia, Shamrock, and White Heather, who had a fairly good race through Cowes Roads. They had a run back from the North East Middle to finish the race, the official times for which were as follows:—

	Finish H. M. S.	Corrected H. M. S.
Lulworth (winner)	4 20 51	4 20 51
Britannia (2nd prize)	4 36 21	3 36 21
Shamrock V.	4 39 30	4 39 30
White Heather	4 42 13	4 42 13
Candida	4 42 28	4 38 34
Cambria	4 43 2	4 37 30½

MATCH FOR YACHTS OF THE 12-METRE CLASS.—First prize, £20; second prize, £10. Entries:—

Yacht	Rig	Owner
Vanity	Bermudian	J. R. Payne
Iris	Bermudian	B. S. Guinness
Rhona	Bermudian	Earl of Essex
Lyruna	Bermudian	Sir W. P. Burton
Mouette	Bermudian	T. O. M. Sopwith
Flica	Bermudian	C. R. Fairey
Lucilia	Bermudian	J. Lauriston Lewis

They were set to sail a course of about 32 sea miles, being twice round the West Lepe Buoy, Calshot Bell Float, and Ryde South East Middle Buoy. Vanity was a non-starter. The others got their run at 11.15 a.m., the order across the line being Flica, Mouette, Iris, Lyruna, Lucilia, and Rhona, the latter being to leeward of the fleet. Spinnakers were set to port for the run westward to the Lepe Buoy, where Flica was leading boat, the order of the others being Lyruna, Mouette, Lucilia, Iris, and Rhona. They fetched through from the West Lepe to the South East Ryde Middle Buoy and had a run back from the eastward to the line to finish the round. Flica carried away some of her gear and gave up. Mouette worked out a good lead, finishing about three and a half minutes ahead of Lucilia, the season's new boat. Rhona also gave up, and the official finishing times of the others were:—

	H. M. S.		H. M. S.
Mouette (winner)	4 31 19	Iris (3rd prize)	4 45 56
Lucilia (2nd prize)	4 32 16	Lyruna	4 45 56

Other results were:—

INTERNATIONAL 8-METRE CLASS

	H. M. S.
Nuna (winner) (Lord Forster)	4 11 46
Fiscola (second prize) (Dr. Johnson)	4 13 12
Cutty (third prize) (Captain W. H. Downman)	4 16 22

INTERNATIONAL 6-METRE CLASS

	H. M. S.
Felna (winner) (F. A. Richards)	3 58 37
Priscilla (second prize) (S. Russell Cooke)	3 58 44
Prudence (third prize) (Kenneth H. Preston)	4 1 8

WEST SOLENT RESTRICTED CLASS

	H. M. S.
Jade (winner) (G. Bessley)	4 32 7
Sapphire (second prize) (Hon. Mrs. Cecil Brownlow)	4 32 28
Dinah (third prize) (G. S. Burge)	4 32 42

SOLENT HANDICAP BY RATING CLASS

	H. M. S.
Monsoon (winner) (W. F. Nutt)	4 2 58
Bird o' Freedom (second prize) (H. G. May)	4 6 21
Thistle (third prize) (General A. G. Dallas, C.B., C.M.G.)	4 8 58

SOLENT SUNBEAMS

	H. M. S.
Mary (winner) (Captain R. A. Peto)	4 52 57
Bryony (second prize) (Colonel Morrison-Bell and Captain B. Pares)	4 56 18

"X" ONE DESIGN CLASS

Aegle (Colonel F. H. Cleaver)	Sailed over

RACING ON THE CROUCH

All three of the Crouch clubs were engaged on Saturday. There was a light easterly breeze. Some very interesting sailing was witnessed.

The Royal Corinthian Yacht Club had a busy day. The first four heats for the Brazell-Wilson Challenge Cup for the United Hospitals Sailing Club's Dinghy Class were worked off, Curlew (Middlesex) and Sandpiper (St. Thomas's) each winning two. In the match for the East Coast One Design Class the starters were Mr. P. de G. Benson's Delphine; Mr. W. B. de Ste. Croix's Wraith, Mr. A. E. Lees' Widgeon, Messrs. J. G. and H. S. Hoperaft's Wizard, Mrs. F. G. Mitchell's Chittabob IV., Mr. S. S. Hubert's Witch, Mr. F. J. Cleminson's Nancy, and Mr. E. Morle's Joyce. They were started at 3.45 p.m. and sailed two rounds of the Holliwell-Reach-Branklet course of about 15½ sea miles. Witch, Nancy, and Joyce all fouled buoys and gave up whilst the last named protested against Delphine. The official times of the finish were:—

	H. M. S.		H. M. S.
Chittabob IV. (winner)	7 3 41	Wraith	7 11 58
Wizard (2nd)	7 6 45	Widgeon	7 13 21
Delphine (3rd)	7 10 30		

The starters in the match for the Royal Burnham Yacht Club's Restricted Class at 3.30 p.m., were Captain G. Lowry's Red Rover, Mr. Hartley F. Straker's Linette, Mr. Alphonse Abrahams' Harlequin, Messrs. H. B. and F. J. Pitchers' Persephone, Mr. H. T. Holloway's Poppet II., Messrs. R. Garnham and R. Hawkes' Black Adder, Messrs. E. A. Jessell and C. F. Gatti's Hyacinth, Mr. Austin O'Connor's Erin, and Mr. H. Warwick Smith's Vivacious. They sailed the Holliwell-Reach-Shore Ends course of a dozen miles, making quite a close finish of it as will be seen by the following official times:—

	H. M. S.		H. M. S.
Erin (winner)	6 0 0	Red Rover	6 5 53
Persephone (2nd)	6 1 2	Vivacious	6 5 55
Poppet II. (3rd)	6 2 54	Black Adder	6 7 5
Harlequin (4th)	6 3 26	Hyacinth	6 12 3
Linette	6 4 49		

The

Sporting News

(Continued from page 5)

CRICKET

TEST TRIAL MATCH

FAILURE OF THE REST

(FROM OUR CRICKET CORRESPONDENT)

Mr. R. D. C. Leveson-Gower, chairman of the Selection Committee, has announced officially that A. P. F. Chapman (Kent) has been appointed to captain England in the first Test match against Australia, commencing at Nottingham on June 13.

The Test Trial Match was begun at Lord's on Saturday, when, having dismissed the Rest for 138, England scored 118 for the loss of Sutcliffe's wicket.

Somehow one left the ground feeling almost as if one had been watching a Public School XI. play a strong team of the M.C.C., to such an extent had the Hope-to-Bes been outplayed by the Have-Beens. Yet seven men who had taken part in at least one Test Match were included in the team of Hopefuls, and each of the four colts, Hopwood, Worthington, M. J. C. Allom, and Clark, did something to justify the selectors who gave him his opportunity. It is of course eminently satisfactory to find that the Team in Being is still capable of playing completely dominant cricket. But satisfaction must not be allowed to degenerate into a false sense of security. Therefore it should be noted that almost every one of the Rest's batsmen was more or less diddled out. We never saw the stumps turning cartwheels, and during the several short stands which occurred the bowling was easily played. Worthington once tried to drive a leg-break from R. W. V. Robins, hit inside it, and was missed at second slip by Hammond. That was the only occasion on which a man was morally out but actually allowed to continue batting.

Everything came off for the fielding side. Its captain started the doings by making a catch which no other living cricketer could have taken because no other combines the reach of a giant with the nimbleness of a flea. Stevens made a slashing cut in Tate's first over, and had barely time to think he had scored four when Chapman, at backward point, fell with an earthshaking thud and picked up the ball with his left hand a few inches above ground. Later he made another giant's catch off a hard cut to get rid of Hopwood, and proved once again that there is the worth of a change bowler in him. Six other men were caught at the wicket or in the slips. In each case the striker's mistake was his first, and in each case he would have escaped by missing the ball altogether if his margin of error had been greater. Contrariwise, Clark, in the last 10 minutes of play, twice beat Hobbs with balls that seemingly threatened to come with his arm, but did break back. Each time he missed not only the stumps but also the edge of Hobbs's bat by the fraction of an inch. The luck was on the side of the bigger battalion. We shall admit that the more readily because the favoured battalion was so clearly the bigger. We do not want a Trial Match to show that changes must be made in our winning side.

The powers that be might well have ordained that England should bowl at the smaller wicket but defend men's size stumps. It would not be unfair if the ordinance were made to-day, because the size of the stumps had no effect whatsoever on the course of Saturday's play. Worthington was out leg-before-any-wicket. In Lancashire it is thought that arrangements could also have been improved if Richard Tyldesley had been invited to play, while all Kent is asking what is the matter with Freeman. The selectors know all about these two bowlers, but they have yet to discover under which thimble G. R. Jackson hides the Derbyshire pea, and whether Hopwood is another Rhodes. It is not pretended that the Rest is the second best XI. of England. It is a team eminently well chosen to provide information in case of accidents.

The Rest's Bad Start

White, having won the toss, sent in Stevens and Jardine to face Larwood and Tate. The ground was not fast enough to suit either bowler, although the whole pitch had been protected. Larwood, in particular, lost fire and pace, because he had to run up to the wicket over soft turf. However, they began well enough. Chapman made his great catch off Tate's second ball, and Duleepsinhji, who opened with two glorious strokes, one past cover-point, the other to square-leg, gave his wicket away as the schoolboy of brilliant promise so often does. He glanced a rising ball, which he could easily have left alone, straight to second slip. Jardine and Wyatt played quietly and comfortably for a while. Larwood took a rest. Tate changed to the Nursery end to bowl down-wind, and Geary came on at the other. But the batsmen were not much troubled until Robins came on to bowl into the wind. He started with an over of full tosses and another of long-hops, but something, a peculiarity of flight perhaps, caused him to escape severe punishment, and then he began to bowl dangerously. Jardine soon snicked a leg-break which seemed to go off Duckworth's arm to second slip. Leyland jumped at a googly, instead of running it down, and was stumped. By excellent batting Wyatt and Ames made the stand of the innings. But just before luncheon Wyatt tried to cut Geary and was well caught at the wicket. During this stand Chapman, by all the rules of cricket, should have taken Robins off. But this being a Trial Match he did not do the obvious thing.

After the interval he persisted with his slow bowler, who at once had Ames caught at the wicket in playing forward. Duckworth will give himself full marks for making that catch. He kept wicket extremely well. In fact, nothing proves more conclusively that Robins was bowling dangerously than the fact that he twice made Duckworth snap at leg-breaks which beat the bat. The rest of the innings needs little description. Hopwood batted gracefully and made some charming strokes on the off side until he omitted to move his feet across in cutting at Robins and was caught at the second attempt by Chapman in the gully. Worthington also achieved merit. This is one who is abnormally careful to lift the left elbow in order to keep his bat straight for his defensive strokes, and he hits powerfully on the leg side. When Chapman at last took off Robins Geary went through the tailenders like water through a sieve.

The Hobbs-Sutcliffe combination was not destined to succeed this time. Allom, from the Nursery end, made the ball swing and run away from the pitch. Sutcliffe edged one of this kind and Ames made a good catch with the minimum of fuss. Hammond came in to play an innings of the very highest class. For this turn, at any rate, he was definitely safer than Hobbs. The difference was that Hammond found time to play back at the balls of dangerous length. Hobbs surprisingly often played forward and let the ball hit his hanging bat. For brilliancy of stroke there was nothing in

(Continued at foot of next column)

BRADMAN'S 1,000 RUNS

A FINE PERFORMANCE

Statistics and records are on occasions over-emphasized, but on Saturday the thoughts of the entire assembly on the County Ground at Southampton, when the match between Hampshire and the Australians was begun, were centred on D. Bradman, who on the last available day required to make another 48 runs to join a distinguished band of batsmen who had scored 1,000 runs before the end of May. To the relief of every one he succeeded, but only after everything, except his own ability, had gone against him.

Hampshire won the toss to bat on a dead easy pitch, but that handicap was overcome in the first place by Bradman himself, who ran out Brown when that batsman was well set, and he then found a loyal ally in Grimmett, who almost on his own ran through the rest of the Hampshire side. Even so rain, which had fallen in torrents on every inch of Hampshire except the County Ground, might come down any minute.

Woodfull sent Bradman in first; there was a heart-breaking delay of a quarter of an hour for a slight drizzle at the tea interval, when Bradman wanted only 18 more runs; and at the very moment that he hooked a ball from Newman for 4 to score his 1,000 runs the heavens opened, and five minutes afterwards the ground was under water. And so his name is now to be associated with those of W. G. Grace, Hayward, Hammond, and Hallows, all of whom had scored 1,000 runs before the end of May, although Bradman, like Hayward, had made some of his runs in April. Of the 11 matches which the Australians have so far played he has taken part in all but one, and yesterday's was his 11th innings, but he has not been lucky in the weather, for twice when set for a big score rain has prevented him from completing his innings. His highest scores so far have been 236 against Worcestershire, 185 not out against Leicestershire, and 252 not out against Surrey, and he has only twice been dismissed for less than 10 runs. As a matter of curiosity, it is interesting to note that W. G. Grace scored 1,016 runs in May of 1895 in 10 innings, Hammond scored 1,028 in 13 innings in 1927, and Hallows scored exactly 1,000 in 11 innings in 1928.

Apart from the thrills of Bradman's struggle, there was plenty of interest in Saturday's play. Brown, in particular, played the part of the local hero admirably. A batsman of moods, when he is at his best, as he was on Saturday, he is a great pleasure to watch. So long as he was in he dominated the play. In the third over of the day he hooked a ball from Fairfax for 4, and in the next over pulled a ball for 6 into the members' enclosure, being particularly severe on the balls which Wall pitched short, which were not infrequent. He got 30 of the first 33 runs which were scored in 20 minutes, and 42 out of the first 50, which went up in 35 minutes. Woodfull then tried a double change, putting on Hornibrook for Wall and Grimmett for Fairfax. Brown at this time varied his scoring of 4's with some well-judged tickles for a single, but at 60 he lost Hosie, who was out to a splendid catch by Wall running back behind the bowler. Then came Bradman's dismissal of Brown, who was threatening to be a nuisance. Lowndes played the ball wide of Bradman at deep extra-cover, a stroke which looked all over to be worth two runs, but Bradman stopped the ball with his foot, and although he had little more than one stump to aim at hit the middle stump at the bowler's end with his return, and Brown, who had hit one 6 and six 4's in his 56, had to go. That was to all intents and purposes the end of Hampshire. Lowndes was caught in the slips, Kennedy was bowled when having a wild hit at the ball, and Mead was caught at silly mid-on, five wickets being down at the luncheon interval for only 100 runs. Newman was out soon after the interval, caught by Fairfax at mid-on so close to the ground that an appeal had to be made, and by this time Grimmett had taken charge of the situation. Both Captain Jameson and Lord Tennyson played out bravely to pitch of the ball, but Jameson jumped out once too often to Grimmett, and Lord Tennyson, waving his bat, was caught at deep third man off Wall.

The Australians went in to bat at half-past 3, so leaving Bradman plenty of time in which to score his 48 runs—provided the black clouds did not burst. The start of the innings was dismal, for Jackson, who had been sent in first with Bradman, was caught at forward short-leg off a short ball which he tried to hook before a run had been scored. Bradman, not unnaturally, took more pains than usual to play himself in, but he twice cut Herman for 4 in one over, third man being placed too square to block his late cut. Ponsford, watching the ball as carefully as ever, kept pace with Bradman, with the result that Newman came on for Herman at one end and Boyes relieved Kennedy, who had bowled well, at the other. The tea interval arrived with Bradman having made 28 of his 46 runs, Ponsford's score then being 27. When at last play was resumed at 5 o'clock Bradman soon scored a valuable three runs on the on-side off Boyes, but at 62 Ponsford played outside a ball of perfect length from Newman. Bradman collected one or two singles, before he made a glorious off drive for 4 off Boyes, and then at long last hit two 4's to leg off Newman in what must have been the last over of the day.

Score:—

HAMPSHIRE.—First Innings.

Brown, run out	56
A. L. Hosie, c. Wall, b. Grimmett	12
W. G. Lowndes, c. Woodfull, b. Hornibrook	5
Mead, c. McCabe, b. Grimmett	0
Newman, c. Fairfax, b. Grimmett	10
Kennedy, b. Grimmett	8
Captain T. O. Jameson, c. Oldfield, b. Grimmett	27
Lord Tennyson, c. Jackson, b. Wall	15
Crease, l.-b.-w., b. Grimmett	9
Boyes, not out	4
Herman, c. Hornibrook, b. Grimmett	3
Leg-byes	5
Total	151

AUSTRALIANS.—First Innings.

D. G. Bradman, not out	47
A. Jackson, c. Boyes, b. Herman	0
W. H. Ponsford, b. Newman	29
A. F. Kippax, not out	9
Byes, 1; l.-b., 1; w., 1	3
Total (2 wkts.)	88

W. M. Woodfull, S. McCabe, A. Fairfax, W. A. Oldfield, C. V. Grimmett, T. Wall, and P. M. Hornibrook to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

HAMPSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Wall	7	1	38	1	Hornibrook	6	2	19	1
Fairfax	7	1	22	0	Grimmett	20.4	4	39	7

UMPIRES.—Chester and Parry.

GOOD BOWLING BY COOK

The game at Kettering between Northamptonshire and Sussex was begun late on Saturday, but, in the three hours available, the home county were dismissed for the moderate total of 162. Cook, the medium-paced bowler, had one great spell during which he sent back five of the last eight men in the course of ten overs and five balls at a cost of 24 runs.

Score:—

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE.—First Innings.

Woolley, c. Parks (J.), b. Wensley	27
Bakewell, c. and b. Cawdron	25
Timms (J. E.), c. Bowley, b. Langridge	26
V. W. C. Jupp, c. Cornford, b. Cook	42
Bellamy, c. Langridge, b. Cook	4
N. M. V. Rothschild, b. Cook	0
Cox, b. Cook	5
Matthews, b. Langridge	10
F. F. Towell, not out	1
Thomas, b. Langridge	0
Partridge, c. Orraford, b. Cook	2
Byes, 7; l.-b., 1; n.-b., 1	9
Total	162

SUSSEX.—A. H. H. Gilligan, G. A. K. Collins, R. Cawdron, A. J. Holman, Bowley, Cornford, Cook, Wensley, Parks (J.), Langridge (James), and Hollingdale.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Wensley	19	5	43	1	Langridge	19	4	34	3
Hollingdale	7	0	23	0	Bowley	5	0	21	0
Cawdron	2	1	1	0	Cook	10·5	1	24	5

UMPIRES.—Morton and Denton.

it, and the chief reason why Hobbs scored the faster was that he had considerably more than half the bowling. White put on five of his eight bowlers, but only Allom, and at his third attempt Clark, looked likely to be effective.

Score:—

THE REST.—First Innings.

D. R. Jardine, c. Geary, b. Robins	15
H. S. Stevens, c. Chapman, b. Tate	1
C. B. Duleepsinhji, c. Geary, b. Larwood	12
E. H. B. Wyatt, c. Duckworth, b. Geary	35
*Leyland, c. Duckworth, b. Robins	4
Ames, c. Duckworth, b. Robins	23
Hopwood, c. Chapman, b. Robins	14
Worthington, l.-b.-w., b. Geary	29
A. P. F. Chapman, c. Duckworth, b. Geary	7
M. J. C. Allom, not out	0
Clark, c. Duckworth, b. Geary	0
Byes, 2; l.-b., 2; n.-b., 1	5
Total	138

ENGLAND.—First Innings.

Hobbs, not out	61
Sutcliffe, c. Ames, b. Allom	2
Hammond, not out	49
Byes, 1; l.-b., 5	6
Total (1 wkt.)	118

Woolley (J. N.), Hendren, A. P. F. Chapman, Geary (G.), R. W. V. Robins, Tate, Larwood, and Duckworth to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

THE REST.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Larwood	12	2	37	0	Robins	21	7	41	4
Tate	13	2	31	1	Woolley	2	1	7	0
Geary	19·3	9	26	4					

UMPIRES.—Hardstaff and Sotwick.

USEFUL SCORE BY ESSEX

A LAST WICKET STAND

Rain stopped play after Sandham and Wilson had scored one run in reply to the Essex total of 257 in the match between Essex and Surrey at Leyton on Saturday. Such a score as 257—on a wicket which, although easy enough, was inclined, in the morning at any rate, to make an occasional ball jump up—is by no means a bad total, but for most of the time Essex never looked like approaching it as five wickets were down for 87 runs and nine for 162. A. G. Daer, however, and Smith put on 95 runs for the last wicket, and put them on more in the manner of opening than of closing batsmen.

The wicket had been covered from end to end against Friday's rain, but, although for the most part the ball came along easily, there seemed to be an uncertain spot at either end and two of the first three wickets fell through balls that reared up almost perpendicularly. Gover, a fast-medium right-handed bowler, took all three of them. He managed to get some pace out of the pitch and his height helped the ball to get up awkwardly at the batsman. But he would be infinitely more dangerous if he would show more of his left side to the batsman and make his body do more work. With the total at nine he bowled T. N. Pearce, and at 18 Cutmore was caught at third slip off a ball that jumped up too sharply to allow him to get his bat out of the way in time. Russell and O'Connor then raised the score to 49 together. When Gregory and P. G. H. Fender came on for Peach and Gover they allowed Gregory to bowl his slow leg-breaks as though sunshine and rain had been doing their worst to the wicket, and when Gover came in again he got O'Connor caught in much the same way as Cutmore had been. A shower stopped play at 1 o'clock for a quarter of an hour or so, and immediately afterwards Russell was quietly caught at mid-on off a ball of Gregory's he might, and should, have hit out of the ground.

At luncheon the score was 74 for four wickets, and soon afterwards C. J. Bray touched a rising ball of Gover's to Fender at second slip. When Sheffield joined Nichols the first of the two partnerships of the innings began. Sheffield at the start swung his bat wildly and dangerously at Gover, but he hit a full-pitch of Gregory's as it should have been hit, and twice in succession he turned Fender round to leg for 4. Nichols is not a graceful batsman, but he used his feet well in playing back, and made up his mind early what balls he was going to leave alone. He once made the left-handed batsman's authentic stroke past extra cover-point, and he hit a half-volley from Peach straight for 4 without troubling either himself or the fieldsmen. At 134, however, Sheffield was l.-b.-w. and, with Nichols himself playing on when he was one short of his 50 and H. M. Morris and Hipkin failing, nine wickets were down for 162, and Surrey seemed to have a reasonable chance of finishing up in front by the end of the day.

Daer and Smith, however, batted from the beginning with a composure and assurance that was a somewhat cruel commentary on much of the batting that had gone before. Smith has obviously been coached on the principle that a straight bat in defence is the beginning of wisdom, and it was he who did most of the scoring. Twice in one over he hit Peach round wide of mid-on to the boundary, getting his left leg to the pitch of the ball and playing that profitable but rather unfashionable shot, the pull-drive. Daer also drove pleasantly, but when he had scored 21 he might have been caught at long-on by Ducat off Gregory. The ball came with a nastily low trajectory, and Ducat, starting late, tried to take it at his shins and missed it. The tea interval came and went, but the batsmen went confidently on. Immediately after he had reached an admirable 50 by driving Shepherd past mid-off to the boundary Smith played outside an abrupt break-back of Fender's, and the innings was over. Gover took his six wickets for 74 runs. There was just time for one over of the Surrey innings before rain stopped play for the day.

Score:—

ESSEX.—First Innings.

T. N. Pearce, b. Gover	3
Cutmore, c. Peach, b. Gover	10
O'Connor, c. Peach, b. Gover	14
Russell, c. Shepherd, b. Gregory	18
Nichols, b. Gover	49
C. Bray, c. Fender, b. Gover	19
Sheffield, l.b.w., b. Fender	29
H. M. Morris, b. Fender	2
Hipkin, c. Ducat, b. Gover	11
A. G. Daer, not out	37
Smith (P.), b. Fender	51
Byes, 9; l.-b., 5; w., 1; n.-b., 5	19
Total	257

SURREY.—First Innings.

Sandham, not out	1
Wilson, not out	0
Total (no wkt.)	1

Ducat, Shepherd, Barling, Squires, P. G. H. Fender, Gregory, Brooks, Gover, and Peach to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

ESSEX.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Gover	22	6	74	6	Gregory	23	5	67	1
Peach	21	8	43	0	Shepherd	2	0	8	0
Fender	21·4	5	43	3					

UMPIRES.—Nash and Day.

CENTURY BY E. J. SMITH

An extremely sound, if not brilliant innings of 132 by Smith, the Warwickshire wicket-keeper, was the outstanding feature of the cricket at Edgbaston on Saturday, and, thanks almost entirely to this fine effort, Warwickshire were able to score 359 for nine wickets before the close of play. Smith defied a keen and accurate attack for three hours and ten minutes, and altogether batted admirably, giving no chance.

WARWICKSHIRE.—First Innings.

Smith (E.), b. Parker	132
Croom, l.-b.-w., b. Barnett	21
Bates, l.-b.-w., b. Sinfield	51
Kilner, c. and b. Sinfield	0
Rev. H. Bowen, c. Neale, b. Sinfield	29
Santall, c. Stephens, b. Sinfield	5
J. Morton, b. Sinfield	16
Smart, not out	2
Paine, l.-b.-w., b. Parker	0
Sanders, c. Lyon, b. Parker	4
Byes, 3; l.-b., 1	4
Total (9 wkts.)	359

Mayer to go in.

GLOUCESTERSHIRE.—B. H. Lyon, Dipper, Sinfield, Smith (H.), Parker, Dacre, Neale, Barnett, Stephens, Ford, and Goddard.

UMPIRES.—Burrows and King.

LEICESTERSHIRE'S FAILURE

Leicestershire failed badly against Yorkshire on a good wicket at Hull on Saturday, being dismissed in just over three hours for 113, of which number Berry and Riley were responsible for 60. Yorkshire made runs very steadily, and at the close of play were only one run behind with eight wickets to fall.

There was nothing about the start of Leicestershire's innings to suggest that the side would collapse so badly, for Shipman and Berry had 45 runs on the board before they were separated. Directly Berry left the Yorkshire bowlers carried all before them, the only man to offer any real resistance being Riley, who kept up an end for 90 minutes and scored 28. Verity and Macaulay each took four wickets.

LEICESTERSHIRE.—First Innings.

Shipman, c. Robinson, b. Verity	19
Berry, b.-w., b. Verity	22
Armstrong, b. Macaulay	1
Bradshaw, c. and b. Macaulay	3
Riley, l.-b.-w., b. Bowes	28
J. A. de Maie, b. Macaulay	0
Astill, b. Macaulay	4
Coleman, b. Verity	15
Sidwell, b. Verity	13
Smith, l.-b.-w., b. Bowes	0
Smart, not out	0
Byes, 1; l.-b., 1	2
Total	113

YORKSHIRE.—First Innings.

Holmes, b. Smart	21
A. T. Barber, not out	53
Oldroyd, c. and b. Astill	21
Mitchell, not out	12
Byes	1
Total (2 wkts.)	113

F. E. Greenwood, Robinson, Wood, Macaulay, Barber (W.), Bowes, and Verity to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

LEICESTERSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Robinson	9	3	19	0	Macaulay	20	15	4	4
Bowes	9	5	8	2	Verity	32	14	45	4

UMPIRES.—Best and Phillips.

LITTLE PLAY AT OXFORD

Only 90 minutes' play was possible at Oxford on Saturday when the University met Glamorgan. Rain fell so heavily that the pitch became saturated during the luncheon interval, and after an inspection of the wicket by the captains at 4.30 a further downpour made a resumption of play impossible. Oxford scored 35 without losing a wicket.

Score:—

OXFORD UNIVERSITY.—First Innings.

D. N. Moore, not out	20
A. Melville, not out	10
Byes, 3; l.-b., 1; n.-b., 2	6
Total (no wkt.)	36

P. G. T. Kingsley, the Nawab of Pataudi, N. M. Ford, C. K. Hill-Wood, J. H. Nevinson, Lord Dalmeny, C. H. Gosling, H. W. Ingo, and R. S. G. Scott to go in.

GLAMORGAN.—M. T. Turner, T. J. Arnott, M. H. Brain, F. C. Matthews, J. C. Clay, Wynne-Howard, Dyson, Bell, Davies (D.), Mercer, and Jones (W.).

UMPIRES.—Ayres and Stone.

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE'S BIG SCORE

GOOD BATTING AFTER A POOR START

Batting first at Old Trafford on Saturday, Nottinghamshire made a deplorable start against Lancashire, but they pulled the game round in capital style later, and when, at a quarter past 6, bad light caused stumps to be pulled up for the day, they had 303 runs on the board and two batsmen still to be dismissed.

George Gunn and Walker were out for only nine runs, but the wicket looked quite easy, and Whysall and A. Staples settled down to play sound cricket. This pair put on 81 in 95 minutes, being helped by some mistakes in the field. Staples, who gave two chances, was then disposed of, and Payton did not stay long. Lilley came in and should have been caught at the wicket when he had made five. This mistake proved very costly to Lancashire, for Lilley went on to make the highest score for his side. When at length Whysall was bowled the total stood at 155. The cricket up to this point had been sound rather than bright, but Barratt soon put some life into the game. Profiting by being dropped by Paynter when he had made six, Barratt hit up 41 out of 57 in half an hour, including among his scoring strokes three 6's and three 4's. Carr batted quietly, too quietly in the opinion of the crowd, but he stayed with Lilley for an hour. After batting for three hours Lilley miss-hit a ball and was caught. Apart from his one chance he gave an excellent display.

Score:—

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE.—First Innings.

Whysall, b. Tyldesley (R.)	82
Gunn (G.), c. Tyldesley (R.), b. Sibbles	0
Walker, b. Sibbles	12
Staples (A.), c. Tyldesley (E.), b. McDonald	54
Payton, c. Watson, b. Sibbles	9
Lilley, c. Sibbles, b. Watson	54
Barratt, b. Watson	41
A. W. Carr, c. Farrimond, b. Iddon	18
Staples (S. J.), not out	7
Byes, 4; l.-b., 9	13
Total (9 wkts.)	303

R. D. V. Bland and Voce to go in.

LANCASHIRE.—P. T. Eckersley, Watson, Hallows, Tyldesley (E.), Iddon, Paynter, Sibbles, Makepeace, Farrimond, Tyldesley (R.), and McDonald.

UMPIRES.—Young and Field.

KENT'S FIRST HOME MATCH

WORCESTERSHIRE'S SLOW BATTING

Kent were at home for the first time this season on the Nevill Ground at Tunbridge Wells, when they began their match with Worcestershire. Worcestershire batted first and were dismissed for 141, and at the close of play Kent, for the loss of two wickets, had made 53.

There had been a great deal of rain on Friday night and the ground in consequence was very dead when Worcestershire, who won the toss, decided to bat. Woolley, Ames, and A. P. F. Chapman were away at the Test Trial and their places were taken by W. H. Levett, an amateur wicket-keeper, from Goudhurst, Watt, and Hubble, two young professionals on the ground staff. The wicket played very slowly, but in spite of it being fairly easy for any batsman who could have forced the game, it was a terribly dull day's cricket except for a useful innings by Gibbons—and he was very often guilty of blocking half-volleys. The batsmen seemed for the most part to be obsessed by the need for caution, and as a result Worcestershire took over four hours and a half to make 141 runs, and this against a very moderate attack. Young Peach kept a fine length, but Freeman seemed to lack his usual length and variety. Peach is engaged at Mote Park, and is a medium-paced bowler with a good off break, but he does not seem to vary his pace at all. He has the advantage of coming fairly fast off the pitch. Three wickets fell for eight runs, and the first hour's play produced only 17 runs. V. Fox and Gibbons were tedious to a degree before the former was caught off a long hop at deep backward point. C. F. Walters, who was only in for a short time, made one beautiful off drive, but was soon bowled by the best ball of the day. He reached out to a good length ball outside his off stump which hit the top of the leg stump. Root tried to force the game and made three good strokes to the leg boundary, but in trying to hit against a leg break he was caught at short slip off the back of his bat. Gibbons, whose chief asset is his defence, carried out his bat for a useful, but terribly tedious, display. Towards the end of the innings he was rather clever in stealing singles off the last ball of the over, but until he is able to hit or even score off an over-pitched half-volley he can scarcely hope to be a first-class batsman. The Kent fielding was scarcely up to its usual standard. Considering the slow pace of the outfield, which is usually so flattering, the outfields seemed constantly too deep.

Kent started quietly with Hardinge and J. A. Deed against Root and Jackson, who is a medium-paced bowler who goes away from the bat. He seemed to bowl too short. Hardinge was cleverly caught by one of Root's short-leg traps in the person of Gibbons, who fell backward in holding the catch. Deed timed the ball well and made some good square cuts before he was bowled by a ball which he appeared to be trying to place through the slips. Todd, although he was beaten by one or two deliveries from Root that rose up sharply, played stylish and correct cricket. Ashdown was very nearly bowled by one of Brooke's googlies, but he remained to play out time. There was quite a large attendance during the latter part of the afternoon and a capital regimental band that enlivened the very dull batting for the most part of the day.

Score:—

WORCESTERSHIRE.—First Innings.

Wright, b. Peach	4
Fox (V.), c. Watt, b. Ashdown	0
Nichol, c. Hardinge, b. Ashdown	0
Gibbons, not out	61
Fox (V.), c. Deed, b. Hardinge	14
C. F. Walters, b. Peach	11
R. W. Quaife, c. Levett, b. Ashdown	5
Root, c. Ashdown, b. Freeman	16
Jackson, b. Hardinge	4
Styler, b. Freeman	5
Jackson, b. Hardinge	12
Byes, 11; l.-b., 2	13
Total	141

KENT.—First Innings.

Hardinge, c. Gibbons, b. Root	5
Deed, b. Root	27
Todd, not out	12
Ashdown, not out	4
Byes, 4; l.-b., 1	5
Total (2 wkts.)	53

G. B. Legge, L. F. Mitchell, Bobbie, W. H. V. Levett, Freeman, Peach, and Watt to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

WORCESTERSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Ashdown	23	13	25	3	Hardinge	20·1	12	14	3
Peach	19	8	12	2	Watt	3	1	9	0
Freeman	12	6	12	2					

UMPIRES.—Bruno and Toone.

A MIDDLESEX RECOVERY

Most of the early Middlesex batsmen falled so completely in the return game with Derbyshire at Burton-on-Trent on Saturday that the side looked likely to be dismissed very cheaply. Six wickets had fallen before the score reached 90, but steady batting by Enthoven, followed by some hard hitting by Durston and a stubborn display by Hulme, enabled them to reach a total of 182. Derbyshire lost one wicket for 25 before stumps were pulled up.

Rain delayed the start for an hour and then Middlesex, in ten minutes, scored six runs for the loss of Lee's wicket before the downpour set in again and prevented anything more being done until a quarter past 2. Soon Middlesex had three men out for 15, two brilliant catches by Bowden sending back Haig and Canning, and though Enthoven continued to play steadily, the collapse did not stop, Elliott, in his best form behind the stumps, being responsible for the dismissal of Lester, Newman, and Crutchley in 23 minutes. Hart managed to stay with Enthoven for a brief period before being run out from a smart return by Alderman, and then Enthoven, who appeared to be Middlesex's one hope, provided Elliott with his fourth catch.

Score:—

MIDDLESEX.—First Innings.

N. Haig, c. and b. Bowden	9
Lee (H. W.), b. Pope	4
Canning, c. Bowden, b. Slater	2
R. J. Enthoven, c. Elliott, b. Townsend	36
Lester, c. Elliott, b. Townsend	3
C. H. Newman, c. Elliott, b. Mitchell	8
G. E. V. Crutchley, c. Elliott, b. Mitchell	0
Hart, run out	5
Hulme, not out	22
Durston, b. Slater	22
Price, b. Pope	10
Byes, 7; l.-b., 4	11
Total	182

DERBYSHIRE.—First Innings.

Slater, not out	13
Lee (G. M.), c. Haig, b. Durston	12
Total (1 wkt.)	25

Alderman, G. Jackson, C. C. Clarke, Bowden, Townsend, Slater, Elliott, Mitchell, and Pope to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

MIDDLESEX.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Slater	17	7	34	2	Townsend	19	5	47	2
Pope	17	4	50	2	Mitchell	21	8	43	2

UMPIRES.—Oates and Weldon.

SCHOOL AND CLUB MATCHES

CHARTERHOUSE BEAT HARROW

Charterhouse beat Harrow, on the Charterhouse ground, on Saturday by five wickets—a fact which, in itself, seems to point to a rather easy victory. The Charterhouse innings was finished, and the whole total was 193, as against the 158 made by Harrow.

It was a curious day's cricket. A. S. Lawrence did a captain's first duty by winning the toss, and Harrow batted first. After the rain the wicket looked doubtful and liable to play tricks, but T. M. Rattigan and R. D. Stewart-Brown seemed to find nothing wrong with it and no particular difficulty in the bowling. Both have been batting well this term, and from the first over runs came at well over the pace of one a minute. With 48 up Stewart-Brown was caught at mid-off from a good, hard drive which went straight to a safe fieldsman. It was a typical mid-off catch off a slow bowler, and the wicket was not to blame. The 50 went up in 33 minutes, and with Rattigan playing fine forcing cricket—some of his drives past extra cover were obviously hereditary—and Lawrence playing with quiet confidence runs came at a fine pace. Then T. R. Davidson, a leg-break bowler who was playing his first match for Charterhouse, found his length and made the ball break very quickly from leg. Rattigan did not go quite far enough to a ball with a great deal of spin on it, and he was caught at cover-point, quite an easy catch off the edge of the bat. J. S. Johnstone, who was playing his first match for Harrow, could make neither head nor tail of Davidson. He was missed once, but was rather unlucky to be out almost immediately afterwards to a clever catch on the leg side. W. M. Welch, a good bat, went out to hit Davidson, did not get to the pitch of the ball, hesitated a fraction of a second, and then went through with his stroke, to be caught and bowled rather easily. Four wickets were down for 77, a very different position from one for 70. Then Lawrence, who, being a left-handed bat, should have been able to deal with the bowling, as J. S. Greening, at the other end, was also bowling leg-breaks with apparently an occasional googlie, followed the ball round on the leg side in an attempt to push it away for one, played too soon, hit it on the back of the bat, and was out to a "dolly" catch to short leg. J. M. Stow did not attempt to play a ball which hit him on the pad and was out l.-b.-w. K. Blackman hit a 4 off the first ball he got, but was bowled in the same over. F. E. Covington was caught off a very long hop at deep square-leg. E. J. de Las Casas made a boundary hit, and later sent up the 100 with a grand drive straight over Greening's head high on to the bowling screen. He was leg-before-wicket to the next ball, however, and nine wickets were down for 105. J. E. Ohlson is not looked upon as a batsman and D. E. Yarrow is not considered a batsman at all. The pair were together when the luncheon interval was taken, five minutes early by the School clock, which was apparently slow.

So far an unbiased critic must have agreed with the general opinion of the batting of Ohlson and Yarrow, and it seemed rather a waste of time their coming out for at most two overs after luncheon. Whether there is anything remarkable in the cider at Charterhouse or there is some wizard spell in the pavilion one cannot tell, but the fact remains that two apparently entirely different batsmen came in after luncheon. Ohlson and Yarrow stood up to the bowling as if the only fear either of them could have was that the other batsman might get out. Ohlson made some really fine strokes and Yarrow played back correctly and scored off anything on the leg side. The Charterhouse fielding became a little ragged, chances were missed, and before Yarrow was bowled that noble last pair had put on 54 runs, and on that wicket had very definitely made a match of it.

Lawrence bowled himself from the Chapel end and put on Welch at the far end. Lawrence, who is left-handed and above medium pace, made the ball come in a good deal with his arm, and bowled a well disguised slower ball which broke back from leg. In the first over that Welch bowled Middleton was missed, not at all an easy catch, at short leg, and this, as it turned out, meant the loss of the match. Middleton was not very certain at the beginning of his innings—one gathers that he has been quite out of luck—but later he settled down to play, first of all, well and then very brilliantly indeed. G. B. Eccles, a left-handed batsman who has made, and will make, a lot of runs, was well caught at second slip from a ball which popped. A. J. Wreford-Brown, a batsman of promise, was caught at the wicket, and two wickets were down for 33. Considering the wicket, things were going r

Sporting News
(Continued from page 6)

LAWN TENNIS

COCHET AND MRS. MOODY WIN

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JUNE 1

The final rounds of the French Championship were played at the Stade Roland Garros, Auteuil, during the week-end. After having been marred by so much bad weather it was fortunate that the sun shone genially for the last two days of the tournament, thus allowing it to be concluded a day before schedule, in the presence of crowded stands. H. Cochet won the Singles Championship, which R. Lacoste, last year's champion, was unable to defend, for a fourth time this afternoon, beating W. T. Tilden in a splendid final match. In an all-American final in the Women's Singles, Mrs. Moody (Miss Helen Wills) maintained her supremacy among women players with a good victory over Miss H. Jacobs. Mrs. Moody came through the Championship without the loss of a set, and it is interesting to note that her hardest game was with Miss Mudford, of the British team.

The championships have again shown the superiority of Cochet and Mrs. Moody over other international players, and, in addition, they both share the respective Doubles titles. British teams, however, made their presence felt to an increasing extent. The challenge of the Australian Davis Cup team was particularly bold, and was maintained to the final round of the Doubles and placed two of its members among the last eight of the Singles.

Tilden played at the top of his form to win the first set from Cochet by six games to three. His hard forehand driving across the court was often too much for Cochet and he kept a good length. His heavily cut backhand shots caused a lot of worry, and the neatness and opportuneness of several drop shots left Cochet standing. The second was the crucial set. Both players lost their services to 2—2, and when Tilden again won off Cochet's service to love in the seventh game, and won his own in the next, he seemed to be in a sound position with a lead of five to three. He then seemed to have an attack of nerves due apparently to the bad grace with which the crowd received some of the linesmen's decisions.

As it was, Tilden's play for the rest of the set bore evidence of frayed nerves, and Cochet was able to catch him up to take the set off Tilden's service at 8—6. In the third set Tilden's service, from which he had been scoring several aces, broke down, and he served three costly double faults. Cochet began to play with deadly accuracy. He was able to volley more frequently, and his passing shots were perfect. He won the set at 6—3. Tilden's play in the fourth set lacked the precision and deftness with which he had begun, and he made many mistakes. Cochet, with increasing accuracy in his driving to the baseline and many useful raids at the net, took the set and match at 6—1.

The final match in the Women's Singles between Mrs. Moody and Miss H. Jacobs provided a brilliant display of accurate stroke play, in which Mrs. Moody was much too good for her countrywoman. The score in Mrs. Moody's favour was 6—2, 6—1, and she thus won the title for the third consecutive year.

Yesterday's semi-final matches were without exception poor. A high wind and several showers of rain made conditions difficult. Tilden had a long five-set duel with Borotra, which occupied 2½ hours and contained little interesting play. It was not until the final set that he got the upper hand of Borotra. He won by 2—6, 6—2, 6—4, 4—6, 6—3. The Italian player, H. L. de Morpurgo, could not take a set from Cochet, who won at 7—5, 6—1, 6—2. In the Women's Singles Miss Helen Jacobs played a hard-hitting game against Señorita de Alvarez, who was in poor form, and won only one game in two sets. Fräulein Aussem could not shake Mrs. Moody's steadiness, and only won three games out of 15.

MATCH AT OXFORD

Rain interfered with the match at Oxford on Saturday between the University and I. C. Collins's team. Collins's team won by the odd match, though R. O. Mather, the Oxford captain, and E. M. Buzzard won all their matches in the Doubles, but the other Oxford pairs fared badly. The results were:—

SINGLES.—E. O. Mather (Lincoln) lost to H. G. Mackintosh (3—6, 6—4, 2—6); J. F. G. Lysaght (Christ Church) lost to W. I. R. Collins (6—1, 4—6, 2—6); E. M. Buzzard (Magdalen) beat J. H. Mackintosh (6—3, 6—3); R. K. Tinkler (Balliol) beat J. Locke (2—6, 6—2, 6—4); H. C. Dhanda (St. Catherine's) beat R. F. Scovell (7—5, 6—4); Lord Furneux (Christ Church) lost to Dr. Elliott (7—5, 6—3).

DOUBLES.—Mather and Buzzard beat Mackintosh and Mackintosh (4—6, 6—1, 6—3); beat Collins and Scovell (8—3, 12—10); beat Locke and Elliott (6—4, 6—4).

Lysaght and Furneux beat Locke and Elliott (2—6, 6—2, 6—4); lost to Mackintosh and Mackintosh (3—6, 3—6); lost to Collins and Scovell (3—6, 6—4, 1—6).

Tinkler and B. W. Finnigan (Magdalen) lost to Locke and Elliott (3—6, 5—7); lost to Scovell and Collins (3—6, 4—6); lost to Mackintosh and Mackintosh (7—5, 3—6, 3—6).

BLACKHEATH TOURNAMENT

Rain curtailed play on Saturday at the Blackheath tournament, and the Mixed Doubles had to be divided. Captain J. H. Frowen, the winner of the Singles, hit strongly down the sides and to the corners and beat S. W. Harris by 6—4, 8—6. Harris rarely ventured to the net. This match and the final of the Women's Singles were interrupted by a shower. Captain Frowen and Mrs. Jameson play in glasses. Frowen won when he resumed play, but Mrs. Jameson lost to Miss J. C. Ridley by the same score—6—4, 8—6. The results were:—

SINGLES.—FINAL ROUND.—Captain J. H. Frowen beat S. W. Harris (6—4, 8—6).

WOMEN'S SINGLES.—FINAL ROUND.—Miss J. C. Ridley beat Mrs. C. H. Jameson (6—4, 8—6).

DOUBLES.—SEMI-FINAL ROUND.—W. A. Ingram and A. D. Prebble beat Sir G. A. Thomas and Commander P. T. Glover (6—2, 6—0); C. G. Eames and I. H. Wheatcroft w.o. S. W. Harris and H. Coverdale scratched. FINAL ROUND.—Eames and Wheatcroft beat Ingram and Prebble (3—6, 6—4, 6—4).

WOMEN'S DOUBLES.—SEMI-FINAL ROUND.—Mrs. J. B. Pittman and Miss J. C. Ridley beat Miss D. Sloane Stanley and Miss M. G. A. Morton (6—3, 6—1); Mrs. Beamish and Mrs. C. H. Jameson beat Mrs. P. Rouverie and Miss J. Ingram (6—3, 6—2). FINAL ROUND.—Mrs. Pittman and Miss Ridley beat Mrs. Beamish and Mrs. Jameson (6—2, 8—6).

MIXED DOUBLES.—SEMI-FINAL ROUND.—S. W. Harris and Miss J. C. Ridley beat I. H. Wheatcroft and Miss C. Hardie (6—2, 6—3); F. G. Eames and Miss G. N. Thompson beat Captain J. H. Frowen and Mrs. J. B. Pittman (6—3, 2—6, 6—2). FINAL ROUND divided.

WORCESTERSHIRE CHAMPIONSHIPS

E. C. Peters easily won the championship of Worcestershire again at Malvern on Saturday by defeating D. M. Greig in the final round by 6—3, 6—1. Greig gave a disappointing display. Miss D. Round was not greatly extended by Miss N. Lyle in the last round of the Women's Singles, and won by 6—3, 6—3. E. L. Percival and Major N. G. Holmes won the Doubles, Mrs. C. G. McIlquham and Miss Round retained their title in the Women's Doubles, and the Mixed Doubles final fell to Peters and Miss E. Hemmant.

The results were:—

SINGLES.—FINAL ROUND.—E. C. Peters (holder) beat D. M. Greig (6—3, 6—1).

WOMEN'S SINGLES.—FINAL ROUND.—Miss D. E. Round beat Miss N. M. Lyle (6—3, 6—3).

DOUBLES.—FINAL ROUND.—E. L. Percival and Major N. G. Holmes beat Sir Leonard Lyle and W. Radcliffe (6—0, 2—6, 6—1).

WOMEN'S DOUBLES.—FINAL ROUND.—Mrs. C. G. McIlquham and Miss D. E. Round (holders) beat Miss Mise E. F. Rose and Miss S. K. Johnson (1—6, 6—3, 6—2).

MIXED DOUBLES.—FINAL ROUND.—E. C. Peters and Miss E. Hemmant beat E. L. Percival and Mrs. C. G. McIlquham (6—3, 6—2).

MANCHESTER TOURNAMENT

H. W. Austin beat J. S. Olliff by 8—6, 6—2, 6—4 in the final of the Singles in the Northern tournament at West Didsbury, Manchester, on Saturday. Olliff had won the last two years. Miss E. Goldsworth beat Miss N. Hunt in the final of the Women's Singles by 7—5, 6—2.

PROFESSIONAL TENNIS MATCH

The time for the Professional Tennis match between W. Groom (Lord's) and J. Finch (Tasmania), which will be played at Lord's to-day, has been altered from 1.30 p.m. to 12.30 p.m. Finch, who is the best professional player in Australia, is playing a number of matches in England, but he is greatly handicapped by meeting the British professionals in their home courts. He has shown marked improvement in his game since he landed in England.

SPORTING ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY

RACING.—Shirley (3.30).
CRICKET.—See Fixture List.
LAWN TENNIS.—Wimbledon Cup Trial matches, Wimbledon; Ilkley, Liverpool Northern and St. George's Hill Tournaments; Italian Championships.
GOLF.—Portobello Tournament.
SPEEDWAY RACING.—Wimbledon (8).

MIDDLESEX CHAMPIONSHIPS

Miss B. Nuthall had her revenge on Miss J. Sandison, the Indian player, for her defeat at Surbiton in the Surrey Championships a week before by winning the Middlesex Women's Championship at Chiswick Park on Saturday afternoon by 9—7, 6—2. As the score shows, it was a tense struggle, particularly in the first set, and it was the best match of the afternoon. Rain fell intermittently, and made the ground damp. That was a condition to which Miss Sandison was not accustomed, and it did not suit her at all after her training on the hard Indian courts. Still Miss Nuthall has hardly ever played better. She did not start too well, but after losing the first two games she changed her shoes, and then played with much greater confidence. Miss Sandison, however, might have won the set, for she was leading by five games to three, with only one point to win, but Miss Nuthall drew level, and after a hard fight took the set at 9—7. The second set was not nearly so strenuous, and Miss Sandison won only three games. Miss Nuthall's service has improved greatly, and during the match she served only three double faults. Her drives were powerful, but at times lacked in cunning. There was a great amount of hitting from corner to corner. Miss Sandison had a greater variety of strokes at her command, and her backhand play is beautifully judged and executed. In the second set Miss Nuthall, however, was able to set the pace and keep her running all over the court. It was one of the best Women's Singles matches played this season.

In the final of the Singles Championship F. J. Perry easily beat Madan Mohan, the Indian Davis Cup player. Mohan is a great fighter, and frequently returns shots which seem almost impossible for him to take on the backhand. It was a good match to watch, for both players seemed to enjoy the game and both were full of life and action. Perry improves almost daily. He is never lacking in assurance. Madan Mohan had had to play his postponed semi-final match with O. G. N. Turnbull earlier in the day, and had won in three sets. That probably tired him for the final match. After putting up a fine fight in the first set, which he carried to 12 games before being beaten, he failed to win a game at all in the second. His successive victories should give Perry increased confidence. He is a quick and imaginative player. He can hit hard and true and is not afraid to come up to the net. There is hardly a more promising player at present in this country, and practice and experience should make him still more effective against players of the highest class.

There was a full day of Doubles to make up for the delay through the rain during the week, and each of the final pairs in the men's had to play two matches during the day. Perry and F. H. D. Wilde beat J. J. Lezard and D. R. Rutnam, and G. R. O. Crole-Rees and L. R. C. Michell had a hard battle with the Indian pair, Madan Mohan and H. L. Soni, which went to three sets. At one all play was stopped, and then the English pair won the first set by 6 to 4. Soni found difficulty on the wet ground, but then played barefooted, and he and his partner won the second set by 7 to 5, but lost in the third. Madan Mohan often got the ball through between his opponents, but was often in trouble at the net. Perry and Wilde won the final after losing the second set. Perry played splendidly, but Wilde was hardly up to the form he had shown at Surbiton. In the Women's Doubles Mrs. Godfree and Mrs. Stocks beat Miss Nuthall and Miss M. Heeley. Miss Heeley had to bear the brunt of the game on her side. The understanding between Mrs. Godfree and her sister was so good that they were rarely hard pressed, and won rather easily.

The results were:—

SINGLES.—SEMI-FINAL ROUND.—Madan Mohan beat O. G. N. Turnbull (2—6, 9—7, 6—0). FINAL ROUND.—F. J. Perry beat Madan Mohan (7—5, 6—0).

WOMEN'S SINGLES.—FINAL ROUND.—Miss B. Nuthall beat Miss J. Sandison (9—7, 6—2).

DOUBLES.—SEMI-FINAL ROUND.—F. J. Perry and F. H. D. Wilde beat J. J. Lezard and D. R. Rutnam (6—2, 6—3); G. R. O. Crole-Rees and L. R. C. Michell beat Madan Mohan and H. L. Soni (6—4, 5—7, 6—3). FINAL ROUND.—Perry and Wilde beat Crole-Rees and Michell (6—1, 2—6, 6—3).

WOMEN'S DOUBLES.—SEMI-FINAL ROUND.—Mrs. L. A. Godfree and Mrs. A. D. Stocks beat Mrs. W. D. List and Miss G. R. Sterry (6—0, 6—4); Miss B. Nuthall and Miss M. Heeley beat Mrs. T. M. Mavrogordato and Miss M. E. Dix (6—3, 6—0). FINAL ROUND.—Mrs. Godfree and Mrs. Stocks beat Miss Nuthall and Miss Heeley (6—3, 6—2).

MIXED DOUBLES.—L. A. Godfree and Mrs. Godfree beat F. J. Perry and Miss M. Heeley, J. B. Gilbert and Mrs. A. D. Stocks, and J. W. Nuthall and Miss G. R. Sterry divided.

MOTOR-CYCLING

GRAND PRIX RACES AT BROOKLANDS

There was an exciting incident during the Grand Prix races held by the British Motorcycle Racing Club at Brooklands on Saturday. It occurred during the solo Grand Prix for 250 c.c. machines. After C. S. Staniland had dropped out E. Fernihough took the lead. He was 300 yards ahead of his nearest competitor when he rounded one of the artificial sandbanks too narrowly. His front wheel hit the bank and the machine leapt into the air. Fernihough was thrown 8ft. in the air and fell heavily, but he scrambled up and tried to proceed, only to find that his machine was too badly damaged.

In the handicap for Grand Prix winners there was a good struggle between C. B. Bickell and the scratch man, G. E. Rowley. The course employed was the "Round the Mountain" segment, the competitors being in view of the spectators most of the time. Rowley had to make up three laps on Bickell when he started, and he gradually overhauled him during the 22 laps, but just failed to catch him, Bickell winning by 40 yards.

The results were:—

250 c.c. GRAND PRIX (distance 25 miles).—C. S. Staniland (Rex Acme), 1; L. J. Archer (New Imperial), 2; S. H. Jones (New Imperial), 3. Won easily at 50.86 miles an hour.

350 c.c. GRAND PRIX (distance 25 miles).—G. E. Rowley (A.J.S.), 1; C. S. Staniland (Excelsior), 2; C. B. Bickell (Chater Lea), 3. Won by 200 yards at 57.57 miles an hour.

500 c.c. GRAND PRIX (distance 25 miles).—G. E. Rowley (A.J.S.), 1; C. B. Bickell (Chater Lea), 2; H. Bell (Norton), 3. Won by half a mile at 55.25 miles an hour.

SIDECAR GRAND PRIX (distance 25 miles).—L. P. Driscoll (Norton), 1; L. J. Archer (New Imperial), 2; F. H. Brackpool (Matchless), 3. Won easily at 46.3 miles an hour.

WINNERS' HANDICAP (distance 25 miles).—C. B. Bickell (Chater Lea) (1min. 40sec. start), 1; G. E. Rowley (A.J.S.) (scratch), 2; F. H. Brackpool (Matchless) (5min. 30sec.), 3. Won by 40 yards at 51.34 miles an hour.

SPEEDWAY RACING

Coventry overwhelmed Harringay at the latter's track in a Southern League match on Saturday, and thus go to the head of the table. Coventry, whose success was largely due to J. Parker and Farndon, had been expected to win, but their large margin of victory—they scored 35 points to 18—came as a surprise.

West Ham, who have not had the best of luck in the League, gained a surprising win by 32 points to 22 over the home team at the Crystal Palace, Stevenson, Wilkinson and Croombs each scoring in two heats for the winners. The last-named would have won a third heat but for a crash, but later he beat Barrett (Crystal Palace) by 2—0 in a match between the fastest rider from each team, and also secured the Silver Helmet for fastest speed of the meeting.

W. Phillips, of Stamford Bridge, scored three victories on his home track. After finishing a foot ahead of Lamont, the Australian, in a terrific race in their heat of the Big Six Match, he beat Ormston (Wembley) easily in the final, later again beating Ormston in a special one-round match. He won the scratch race with ease, but crashed when well on the way to success in the handicap, which went to Case (30yds. start).

Wembley riders did well at Lea Bridge. Atkinson finished a long way ahead of Watson in the final of the special match, in which three Wembley riders met three Lea Bridge representatives, and completed a double by securing the scratch race. Watson rode a great race to win the handicap from scratch.

The following table shows the positions in the Southern Speedway League up to and including Saturday:—

	P.	W.	L.	D.	F.	A.	Pts.
Coventry	9	6	3	0	253	215	12
Lea Bridge	7	5	2	0	199	172	10
Southampton	8	5	3	0	236	189	10
Wimbledon	7	4	3	1	190	183	9
Stamford Bridge	5	4	1	0	166	99	8
Hall Green (Birmingham)	6	3	2	1	171	147	7
Wembley	5	3	2	0	91	80	6
West Ham	7	3	4	0	175	192	6
Crystal Palace	7	2	4	1	184	189	5
Leicester	7	2	4	1	172	199	5
Harringay	6	2	4	0	145	172	4
High Beech	6	1	5	0	110	202	2
Nottingham	9	1	7	0	168	254	2

MOTOR-CYCLE FOOTBALL

The Mayor of Coventry on Saturday received the team of German motor-cycle footballers from Nurnberg. All the team are policemen and on Friday night they stayed in London as the guests of the Metropolitan Police. On Saturday afternoon they played Coventry Motor-Cycle Football Club in the presence of 12,000 spectators on the ground of the Coventry City Football Club. The Coventry team won by five goals to one.

The German police will play matches at Norwich and Wembley before returning to Germany.

SOARING AND GLIDING

COMING DEMONSTRATIONS BY HERR KRONFELD

The revival of interest in gliding which has followed the lecture recently given by two German experts before the Royal Aeronautical Society and has led to the formation of the British Gliding Association will be stimulated during the next month by a series of demonstrations of gliding and soaring by Herr Kronfeld, who has flown over 100 miles in an engineless aeroplane and has climbed to a height of over 11,000ft. Herr Kronfeld arrived in London on Wednesday, and spent the week-end inspecting sites for his flights. He used his own specially constructed soaring aeroplane.

Herr Kronfeld's greatest soaring flights have been made in thunderstorms, which are usually accompanied by large areas of warm air, giving the upward currents necessary for high soaring. Cumulus cloud also produces a condition in which sustained upward currents may be found, and on one occasion he climbed up to and into a cumulus cloud to an altitude of over 11,000ft., of which nearly 7,000ft. was gained climbing blindly in the cloud itself. Such currents may be found in a lesser degree near mountains, which deflect the wind upwards. Already good flights have been made from Itford Hill, Sussex, and Ivinghoe Beacon, Herts, and places of this kind will be examined by Herr Kronfeld.

Soaring, which is a highly skilled development of gliding, has still to be developed in England, and while it may have some value as a cheap form of aviation, as an early training for pilots and for meteorological research, it is being taken up chiefly as a sport. Climbing in thunder weather, according to Herr Kronfeld, is possible for a soaring machine when a power-driven aeroplane would be useless, and the art, therefore, offers an opportunity for meteorological investigations which could not otherwise be made.

The main impetus of the new movement, however, comes from the sporting side. Already about a dozen gliding clubs have been formed, others are being organized, and by the end of the summer the number may be 25. The London club has been using Ivinghoe Beacon as a gliding ground for some time and there is a Midlands club based on Wolverhampton. The Kent club is working at Maidstone, the Surrey club at Guildford, and the Dorset club at Weymouth. Other clubs have been started at Manchester, Harrogate, Scarborough, Newcastle-on-Tyne, Nottingham, Winchester, and Evesham. Similar clubs are in process of formation at Lincoln, Oxford, Portsmouth, and in Essex.

The soaring aeroplane which Herr Kronfeld has brought from Germany for his demonstration flight is a monoplane with a wing spread of some 60ft. It is valued at about £350, having been specially designed to secure the utmost aerodynamic efficiency. It is of course a very different aeroplane in this respect from the gliders used by most of the clubs, which cost from £15 to £30. In Germany many of the gliding and soaring aeroplanes are built by young people for their own use and have given very good performances.

YELLOW FEVER BY AEROPLANE

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA'S WARNING

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

SIMLA, MAY 31

The medical department of the Government of India has issued he report—for which it desires the widest possible publicity—of the Advisory Council of the Eastern Bureau of the League of Nations Health Organization at Singapore on the danger of the introduction by means of aeroplane of yellow fever into India and other tropical Oriental countries.

Yellow fever is endemic in certain areas in the West Indies, Mexico, part of Central America, Brazil and the West Coast of Africa. Formerly ships took so long in reaching the East from any of these places that there was little likelihood of the disease being conveyed by them, as detection of the malady in an infected person on board a vessel was almost certain before the completion of the voyage. The period which elapses from the time of infection until the manifestation of the disease in the patient is about for or five days and may be as short as 24 hours, the patient being a source of infection for another three days. It is therefore possible, says the official *communique*, for a man to be infected in Africa and arrive in India by aeroplane in the infectious stage and by this means infect the mosquito population in India, and it is also possible for an infected mosquito to be brought into the country. There is at present no aeroplane service between West Africa and India, but events must be watched and precautions should err on the safe side. India nearly everywhere breeds the *Stegomyia* mosquito which conveys yellow fever.

ROAD ACCIDENTS

COLLISION AT SUFFOLK CROSS ROADS

A motor-cyclist was killed and three other persons were seriously injured when a motor-car and a motor-cycle were involved in an accident at the cross-roads at Fornham St. Martin, near Bury St. Edmunds, yesterday. Reginald Hulyer, of Six Mile Bottom, near Newmarket, and Miss Evelyn Hoggett, of Ingham, near Bury St. Edmunds, who were riding on the motor-cycle, were found unconscious on the road, and Mrs. Pearson-Gregory, of Assington Hall, Sudbury, Suffolk, was unconscious in the car, which was wrecked against a tree. Her chauffeur, Basil Lister, had severe face injuries.

A passing motorist, Mr. Fred Johnson, of Bury St. Edmunds, found the motor-cyclist and his passenger on the road and moved them on to the roadside. The driver of a passing motor-omnibus and some passengers helped to extricate Mrs. Pearson-Gregory. Her driver, Lister, was trying to get her out, although semi-conscious. Miss Hoggett was going home to see her parents at Ingham. All four were taken to the West Suffolk Hospital, Bury St. Edmunds, where Hulyer died last night.

Five people were injured on Saturday night when a motor-coach going towards Bromley skidded and overturned in Westerham-road, Keston. Two of the passengers, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Hendy, of Meadow-road, Shortlands, received serious injuries and were detained in Farnborough Hospital.

A motor-omnibus skidded and crashed into a tramway standard in Harrow-road, Wembley, late on Saturday night. The top of the vehicle was ripped away, and all windows were shattered. Sixteen people were injured. Most of them were allowed to go home after treatment, but Mr. and Mrs. Roach, of Portadown-road, Maida Vale, and Alice Kell, of Sixth-avenue, Maida Vale, were detained at Park Royal Hospital.

William Hill, 25, of Park-crescent, Clapham, was killed in a head-on collision between his motor-cycle and a motor-lorry in Clapham-road on Saturday.

Captain Christopher James, of Queen's-road, Newcastle-on-Tyne, general manager and director of the Mercantile Dry Dock Company, Jarrow, was killed yesterday on the Newcastle-Jedburgh road near Otterburn in a collision between his car and a motor-omnibus. His companion, Carl Matheson, a Norwegian, was taken to hospital in a critical condition.

FOOTBALL IN SPAIN

BARCELONA, June 1.—A crowd of 65,000 spectators this afternoon saw the Athletic Club of Bilbao win the Association Football Championship of Spain at the Montjuich Stadium, defeating the Royal Madrid Football Club by three goals to two. The match was watched by the King and Queen of Spain and the Prime Minister.

ROMAN CATHOLIC CATHEDRAL FOR LIVERPOOL

SIR MAX MUSPRATT presided on Friday at a meeting of the Finance Committee of Liverpool Corporation which considered the question of the sale of a site at Brownlow Hill, on which stands an abandoned workhouse. The Roman Catholic authorities are anxious to acquire the land and to build on it a great cathedral, the design for which has been placed with Sir Edwin Lutyens. Some time ago they offered £90,000 for the site, and on Friday the Finance Committee considered an offer of £100,000 from them. By 16 votes to six it was decided to accept this offer, subject to the approval of the City Council and the Ministry of Health.

NAVAL, MILITARY, AND AIR FORCE

RETIREMENT OF A FLAG OFFICER

Rear-Admiral Wion de M. Egerton, D.S.O., whose retirement at his own request was announced in *The Times* on Saturday, was promoted to flag rank two years ago, but has not received an appointment. The May Navy List shows that of the last 17 officers promoted to rear-admiral, only one held an appointment. No captain has been advanced to flag rank on the retirement of Rear-Admiral Egerton, nor was any advanced on the promotion of Rear-Admiral Tweedie to Vice-Admiral on May 24. It may be that the circumstance of two vacancies occurring without any consequent promotion from the captains' list indicates a decision to reduce the establishment of flag officers, as part of the retrenchment in personnel.

Rear-Admiral Egerton commanded the Destroyer Flotillas of the Atlantic Fleet in 1926-28. He is the son of the late Field-Marshal Sir Charles Egerton, G.C.B., and was 50 last year. During the War he saw active service with the Harwich Force under Rear-Admiral Tyrwhitt, commanding the LANCE, the LIGHTFOOT, and the CENTAUR. In 1921 he became Deputy Director of Torpedoes and Mining, and in 1923-26 was Naval Attaché at Berlin.

ATLANTIC DESTROYER COMMAND

Commodore R. C. Dalglish, who will shortly complete the usual term of two years as Commodore (D) of the Atlantic Fleet Flotillas, on board the CENTAUR, is to be succeeded by Captain E. O. B. S. Osborne, from the command of Devonport Gunnery School. Captain Osborne's successor is Captain C. G. Sedgwick, who since October, 1928, has been in command of the Third Destroyer Flotilla, Mediterranean Fleet, on board the KEPPEL. Paymaster Lieutenant-Commander N. T. P. Cooper, from the Admiral's Office, Devonport, has been appointed to the CENTAUR as secretary to Commodore Osborne. The CENTAUR, at present at Scapa with the Fleet, is to return to Portland or Falmouth from July 12 to 19, to visit Bournemouth from July 19 to 22, and then to go to Portsmouth, where it is expected the change of command will be effected.

DAUNTLESS IN BRITISH COLUMBIA

The cruiser DAUNTLESS, Captain H. R. Moore, D.S.O., is due to arrive to-day at Esquimalt. Further particulars of her cruise in Canadian waters show that she will visit Comox from June 9 to 27, Vancouver from June 27 to July 2, Nanaimo from July 2 to 7, and Maple Bay from July 7 to 12, returning to Esquimalt from July 12 to 18. The ship will then make a cruise up to the Arctic Ocean, and will be off Wrangel Island from July 23 to 28, Juneau, from July 29 to August 6, and Sitka from August 7 to 12. She will then return to Esquimalt to meet the flagship DESPATCH on August 18.

NEW FRENCH SUBMARINES

The submarines ACHILLE and AJAX, which were launched at Brest on May 28, belong to a class of about 20 vessels which are being added to the French Navy, in addition to about 27 smaller submarines. The ACHILLE class are of 1,379 tons surface displacement, or about the same size as the submarines now being added to the Royal Navy, but they have greater engine power, and a speed of 18 as compared with 17½ knots. A feature of their design is the large number of torpedo tubes fitted, of which there are 11. Contemporary British vessels have eight, those of the United States, six; Japan, eight; and Italy, six or eight.

ADMIRALTY CIVIL POSTS

The following civilian appointments in H.M. Naval Establishments are officially announced:—

Mr. L. F. V. Dalton, chief mechanical engineer, R.N. Cordite Factory, Holton Heath; Messrs. H. Whitaker, W. C. Brown, A. C. Marsh, L. C. Brown, A. G. Cleave, W. F. Jeffery, and A. J. Campion, higher clerical officers, Accountant-General's Department; Mr. H. Waldron, acting second grade clerk, R. A. Dept., Portsmouth; Mr. M. F. Collin, leading recorder and measurer, R.N. Dept., Portsmouth; and Mr. A. Stone, first-class draughtsman, H.M.S. Excellent.

SIGNAL QUALIFICATIONS

The undermentioned British Service officers have qualified as instructors at the First Qualifying Course, 1930, held at the Army Signal School, Poona:—

Lieutenants G. T. Wright (15/19th Hussars), A. W. Dyer (G. Battery, R.H.A.), F. J. C. Byrd (13th Field Bde., R.A.), G. L. Hildebrand (16th Field Bde., R.A.), E. G. Dawes (24th Mountain Bde., R.A.), I. C. McL. Stevens (1st Bn., R. Fus.), A. R. F. Pollard (2nd Bn., R.S. Fus.), and R. H. Mackey (1st Bn., R.W.K. Regt.); 2nd Lieutenant M. J. D. Drummond (2nd Bn., Seaforth Highrs.); Lieutenants A. S. Barnard (R. Irish Fus.), and C. J. Gillings (32nd Mountain Bde., R.A.).

Lieutenants Molony and Barnard qualified as special instructors.

INDIAN ARMY CHANGES

Major A. M. Daniels, O.B.E., second-in-command, 5th Bn., 11th Sikh Regiment, has assumed command of the battalion in succession to Colonel W. H. Ralston, D.S.O., M.C., who has retired.

Colonel J. D. Belgrave, D.S.O., Assistant Adjutant-General at Army Headquarters, has left for home on four months' leave till September.

Lieutenant-Colonel F. P. Barnes, D.S.O., O.B.E., will vacate the appointment of Assistant Director of Transport (Technical) at Army Headquarters on June 17.

Major G. B. Henderson has been granted eight months' leave from May 23, and afterwards vacates his appointment as G.S.O. 2, Army Headquarters.

WIRELESS IN THE R.A.F.

Squadron-Leader Hugh Leedham, whose appointment to the special duty list was recently announced, has become head of a section at the Royal Aircraft Establishment at Farnborough. For nearly seven years he had been an instructor at the R.A.F. Electrical and Wireless School, which last year was moved from Flowerdown to Cranwell. During the War he was employed at the Wireless School at the Crystal Palace, and also at the R.C. College, Greenwich, and from the R.N.V.R., in which he was ordinary seaman, chief petty officer, and lieutenant, he was made Captain (Technical) on the formation of the R.A.F. in April, 1918. In 1922, while serving in Iraq, he received an appreciation from the Air Council of his experiments with wireless on armoured cars, and was promoted to his present rank in 1928. He is a graduate of Birmingham University and a B.Sc.

MOVEMENTS OF SHIPS

RAMSDU, May 29.—Cyclamen arrived.
BRISTOL, May 29.—Selkirk arrived.
CHANGSHA, May 29.—Ladybird left for Shasi.
DEVONPORT, May 30.—Lucia, Admonit, and Submarines L 52, L 53, L 54, L 55 left for Torbay.
GARELOCH, May 30.—Poseidon left for Devonport.
GOTHENBURG, May 29.—First Minesweeping Flotilla (less Selkirk) arrived.
HANKOW, May 28.—Kent arrived.
HELFORD, May 30.—Forres arrived.
HENJAM, May 29.—Cyclamen left.
IBYTSCHERIPO, May 30.—Snapdragon, St. Cyrus, St. Just, Harmattan, and Coldsnap left for Scapa.
ISMAILIA, May 29.—Ormonde left.
KANKING, May 29.—Tern arrived.
PORT SAID, May 29.—Ormonde arrived.
PORTSMOUTH, May 29.—Centaur and York left for Scapa; and Curlew left for Guernsey.
ST. PETER PORT, May 30.—Curlew arrived.
SALDANHA BAY, May 28.—Protea left.
SAN PEDRO, May 29.—Dauntless arrived and left for Esquimalt.
SANTA MONICA, May 29.—Dauntless left.
SCILLY ISLANDS, May 29.—Forres left for Helford.
SHANGHAI, May 28.—Gannet arrived; and Tera left for Nanking.
SHEERNESS, May 30.—Kellett arrived.
SIMONSTOWN, May 29.—Protea arrived.
SVORNOWAY, May 30.—Rosemary left for Reykjavik.
YARMOUTH, May 30.—Pilroy left for survey.

NAVAL APPOINTMENTS

The following appointments were made by the Admiralty on Saturday:—

LIEUTS.—M. B. HALE, to S/M X 1 (June 1); C. W. G. DONALD, to Restless, temps. (June 3); R. G. SWALLOW, to Mackay (June 10); and M. E. WELBY, to Flinders (June 11).

SUB-LIEUT.—A. V. M. MCDOWELL, to Vanoc, temps. (June 10).

LIEUTS.-COMDR.—J. M. BUCKLE, to Malaya (July 1).

WT. ENGRS.—F. W. GERMAIN, to London (June 1).

PROMOTION

INST. LIEUT.-COMDR.—A. F. AKHURST, M.A., to rank of Inst. Commr. (temp. June 1).

ROYAL MARINES

CAPT.—A. L. S. HARRIS, to President, addl., for duty in Naval Intelligence Dept., Admiralty (June 10).

to Kent, as Senior Officer (1st Grade), Shanghai, vice Grover (June 26).

ROYAL NAVAL RESERVE

COMDR.—A. R. D. COLLINS, D.S.O., R.D., to Victory, for Senior Officers' Technical course (June 9).

SUB-LIEUT.—E. W. CENNELL, to Cayuga (June 1).

MR. L. MACGUIRE, entered as Probv. Paymr. Sub-Lieut. (temp. May 27).

ROYAL NAVAL VOLUNTEER RESERVE

MR. V. J. FIELDING, entered as Probv. Surgn. Lieut., and attached to List 2, Mersey Div. (May 27).

RATE COLLECTOR'S DEFALCATIONS

At the South-Western Police Court on Saturday WILLIAM JOHN ARTHUR BROOKER, 51, one of the rate collectors to the Wandsworth Borough Council, living at Culmstock-road, Clapham Common, was charged with embezzlement and falsifying books of the council. Mr. G. A. Roberts, prosecuting, said the defendant had been in the service of the council for a number of years, his salary being £420 a year, and would on June 4 qualify himself for a pension of £256. The total defalcations exceeded £588. Detective-inspector Sharp, by whom the defendant was arrested, said that Brooker told him that he had been a victim to circumstances and having contracted a liability for someone else had used the money of the council. Mr. BRODRICK (the magistrate) said he could not pass a lesser sentence than six months' imprisonment in the second division.

RIFLE SHOOTING

GOOD O.T.C. SCORES

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

N.R.A. CAMP, BISLEY, MAY 31

Unless conditions are indescribably bad on Ashburton day there is little chance that the Shield this year will be won with a score of 454 points. Last week, under very favourable conditions, Bradfield beat that total by 17 points. To-day, with a tricky wind, a changing light, and intermittent rain, Harrow beat last year's winning score by 15 points; Brighton beat it by nine points; and Eton beat it by four points; and all three teams in addition beat a picked Stock Exchange side.

The Indian "A" men, who are putting in a lot of steady work, joined in a team match under First Stage conditions with the North London Club and two other teams representing respectively the Royal Marines and the Royal Marines O.C.A. India beat the Service sides, but was beaten in turn by the North Londoners. The club was strongly represented, and India has no cause to repine; but she needs more reserves than she has at present, and the team captain would welcome the assistance of three or four marksmen who are qualified to represent India.

The changing light kept the day's average lower than last week's, but some quite good scores were made by the older hands. Mr. Alex Martin with 69 out of 70 at 900 and 1,000 yards in a London and Middlesex shoot had the best figures of the day. Under First Stage conditions totals of 101 points were the best, registered by Captain E. H. Robinson (G.M.), Mr. E. Grimwade, and Mr. A. Eccles in a North v. London competition. The North Londoner's N.R.A. Bronze Medal shoot last week ended with Captain E. G. Hooper and Mr. J. R. McBryde tieing with 99 points each. They shot off this afternoon, and again tied, but with 98 points. Then in a tie-shoot of four rounds McBryde won by a point.

R.A.F. MEETING

The camp to-night began to assume a July aspect, for the R.A.F. have pitched their tents behind the Pavilion, in readiness for their meeting next week. Because of the Air Pageant they again are compelled to hold aloof from "Services Week," but they have good entries, and will be glad of the ample range accommodation which the isolation of their meeting permits.

I have to correct an error which occurred in my report on May 25 of the Dewar Machine-gun Match. Inadvertently I credited the Artists' Rifles with winning the first heat: but actually the heat was won by the 24th Queen's, who beat the Artists and two battalions of the Brigade of Guards.

The principal scores on the ranges here to-day were as follows:—

ROYAL MARINES MATCH.—Teams of 10; first stage conditions; h.p.

MR. BALDWIN ON UNEMPLOYMENT

EFFECT OF SOCIALIST TAXATION

TRADE DEPRESSED BY THE BUDGET

Mr. Baldwin continued his Home and Empire Campaign on Saturday night, when he addressed a large meeting in the Town Hall, Leeds. He was accompanied by Mrs. Baldwin, and the speech was relayed to two overflow meetings.

Mr. BALDWIN said:—"No party can attain power in our country to-day that cannot make an appeal to the North and to Scotland. It is that appeal we are making to-day with full confidence that in the victory which awaits us at no distant date the North will once more play its part. We have been debating unemployment in the House of Commons. I cannot do better than subject the matter to a close examination that we may judge our opponents out of their own mouths and examine the excuses they are making for what every one acknowledges to be a most colossal failure.

VAST FIGURES

"At the General Election industry was rising and unemployment was sinking. But the fates were against us. And we find now that in Leeds unemployment has risen from 14,000 to 23,000, an increase of 64 per cent. In Yorkshire unemployment has risen from 135,000 to 221,000, an increase of 62 per cent., while for the whole of the country the figures show an increase in unemployment of 654,000.

"The vastness of those figures cannot readily be grasped. They represent the whole of the insured working population of a number of the principal Yorkshire towns. That is to say, the entire insured workers of Middlesbrough, Bradford, Halifax, Huddersfield, Leeds, Sheffield, and Wakefield are thrown out of work as represented by those figures. And that has happened in the first year of the Socialist Government. I do not say it has been caused by the Socialist Government, but it has happened during their first year."

Mr. Baldwin then quoted the following from "Labour and the Nation":

> The Labour Party will not be satisfied, as capitalist Governments have hitherto been satisfied, merely with tinkering with unemployment when unemployment occurs. It declines to accept their placid assumption that in the twentieth century the recurrence of voluntary idleness is still to be regarded like tempests and earthquakes as an act of God.

Mr. Baldwin continued:—"You can have no clearer statement that, up to the time of our leaving office, the Socialist Party believed that unemployment was curable and that they could do it. The whole undercurrent of the debate in the House of Commons was that the Socialist Party is now labouring against a situation of unemployment caused by an act of God—that is, by world causes over which they have no control.

"Last autumn Mr. Thomas told us he was disappointed with what had happened so far, but he was certain that by February unemployment would be considerably reduced. Last autumn, therefore, Mr. Thomas did not hold the theory that the present condition of unemployment was an act of God. Later, Miss Bondfield introduced an Unemployment Insurance Bill, and the idea of the present condition of unemployment being an act of God had not then occured to her.

"We were told by the Prime Minister that the whole of our markets in the East had been upset by causes over which we had no control. He was referring specially to the cotton trade. That is quite true, but what he forgot to tell the House of Commons was that all the troubles in China occurred when we were in office. It was not an act of God then."

TROUBLES IN CHINA FOMENTED BY RUSSIA

"The troubles in China were largely fomented by the very Russian Government with whom the Socialist Party are now shaking hands. We never went about whining about an 'act of God.' We knew it was the kind of thing we had to face and we faced it, though in protesting our interests in China we were subjected to every kind of abuse by the Socialist Party. So far as an act of God goes they are far better off in China now than when we were the Government."

After saying that they had not complained of world causes, Mr. Baldwin went on:—"In our first two years of office exports to India had dropped nearly nine million owing to the political situation, but we never complained about world causes; we faced the music, and the causes to-day are no better and no worse than they were then.

BETTER STATE OF OUR RIVALS

"In Germany, our greatest industrial competitor, there is, it is true, a great deal of unemployment, but not quite what there was four years ago. In Italy unemployment is less than it was two years ago, and in France it is nearly negligible. In the United States, though exact figures are not available, it is clear that they alternate good years and bad, but in Great Britain they are always in the trough, year after year."

The act of world causes was the counsel of despair, but their opponents had a second line of defence and that was that they had no majority. That was a more hollow argument than the other.

It was true they had not a working majority, but the Conservatives had never obstructed them in any way. They had helped them. They asked to pass emergency measures; they agreed almost without debate. There was not a single thing they asked for that the Conservatives had not granted, and it did not now lie in their mouths to say that they were obstructed by them.

"The fact is," he continued, "the Government are in an extremely uncomfortable dilemma, a dilemma largely made by themselves. It was they who all through our term of Government slung in our teeth the condition of unemployment. It was they who used the weekly figures to hammer us with. It was they who called for debate after debate and said that we were the cause of unemployment. It was they who promised a cure. Now when the game has gone against them, and it is patent to the country that they have not only failed to cure it, but it is half as bad again, then they want to alter the rules of the game and say it is world causes. That will not take the country in for one little moment, as they will learn.

"Let us assume that they have genuinely tried to fulfil their pledges. What have they done to help unemployment? They are condemned out of their own mouths and I think we may conclude that they have certainly done no good. And if we agree on that the question arises if they have done any harm.

"It is very interesting to find that Mr. Thomas himself, having worked genuinely hard and conscientiously on this problem, is in some doubt about it. He asks, 'Is the cause due to any action of the Government?' I say 'Yes.'

UNCERTAINTY

"If there is one thing industry has suffered from more than another it is excessive burden of taxation. The Government has been pushed along a little bit in the direction of fulfilling their pledges. That has led directly to an increase in taxation, and you get that uncertainty which is the worst thing for industry and commerce. The Budget has depressed trade, and another cause of uncertainty has been the extraordinary manner and levity with which they have treated the whole question of safeguarding and the McKenna duties. All that trades know is that Mr. Snowden regards the duty as original sin. You got the popular opinion in the Nottingham by-election. The voice of Nottingham was the protest of this country, and, although I think it is very unlikely that the voice will make Mr. Snowden go back on what he has already done, I cannot help thinking the Government will consider once, twice, and three times the wisdom of not renewing the other safeguarding duties when they come to the end of their term. It may well be that Nottingham, instead of saving herself, may have saved many of her brothers."

Mr. Baldwin closed with a reference to the referendum, which, he said, was required so that the voice of the people would not be mistaken and would enable them to act so that any further Government following would not feel it necessary to cancel any agreement of a fiscal nature that had been entered upon. He said that the McKenna duties had been approved and instituted by a Government which had a mandate from the people and a majority of over 200, and yet now they saw a minority Government attempting to sweep it away.

COLOURED FILM APPARATUS

CHARGE OF THEFT DISMISSED

After a special hearing extending over several whole days, Mr. GRAHAM CAMPBELL, at Bow-street Police Court on Saturday, dismissed a charge of theft against three men, ROBERT DYKES, 52, cinema photographer, Cedar-avenue, Twickenham; CYRIL BARKER, 36, operator electrician, Huron-road, Balham; and ALBERT JAMES MARRIOTT, 36, experimental engineer, Garlinge-road, Brondesbury.

The men were accused of stealing parts of an apparatus, said to be the secret invention of a Dr. Bernardi, for producing sound films in natural colour. Dr. Bernardi and the defendants were at one time associated with a company called Raycol, Limited, but left them after a dispute to join another company, Talkie Colour, Limited. According to the prosecution the apparatus was taken from the Talkie Colour, Limited's, studios at Elstree with the object of trying to discover the secret of the invention.

At the close of the case for the prosecution, Sir Henry Maddocks, K.C., defending, submitted that he had no case to answer. The defendants, he said, had seen a chauffeur at the studios showing the apparatus to other men, and they accordingly removed it merely to prevent the secret of the invention being discovered. It was absurd to suggest that the secret was not known to the accused, because they themselves had been working upon the invention. They had been promised an agreement with regard to it, and it was in their interest that the secret should not be discovered by other people.

The magistrate said there were many questions in the case which would no doubt have to be decided in some Court, but so far as a criminal Court was concerned he had come to the conclusion that no jury would convict these three men of the offence with which they were charged. Therefore he discharged them under the Indictable Offences Act.

ANONYMOUS LETTERS CASE

SENDER BOUND OVER AT ASSIZES

ADA LYDIA HULATT, a farm labourer's wife, of Milton Ernest, stood on trial at the Bedford Assizes on Saturday, the indictment being that she sent two postal packets, each containing an "obscene article," one to Mr. John King Underwood, a farmer, of Milton Ernest, on July 3, 1929, and the other to Mr. George Church, senior, an employee of Mr. Underwood, on January 29, 1930.

Mrs. Hulatt was committed for trial by the magistrates at the Petty Sessional Court of Sharnbrook on March 28. Before the magistrates it was alleged that Mrs. Hulatt had in the presence of witnesses confessed to writing the letters. Before she was committed, however, Mrs. Hulatt denied either having written the letters or having told the police that she had done so.

Two further indictments appeared in the calendar—namely, publishing defamatory libels concerning Mrs. Underwood and George Bull, of Milton Ernest. Mrs. Hulatt pleaded "Guilty" and was bound over for two years in a sum of £20.

Mr. JUSTICE ACTON said the letters were very vulgar and very senseless. There was no real venom in them. They were nasty, dirty compositions. How any intelligent person could pay the slightest attention to them he did not know.

Mr. HENDERSON, for Mrs. Hulatt, said she was prepared to give an undertaking that she would not commit the offence again. She did not at present see things as he thought she would in the future after she had had further medical treatment.

The JUDGE said a sad feature of the case was that Mrs. Hulatt was of absolutely unblemished character.

FATHER ON MURDER CHARGE

SIDNEY JOSEPH STRAND, 35, a grocer, of Barons Gate, East Barnet, was charged at the Barnet Police Court on Saturday with the murder of his seven-months-old child, John Albert Jesse Strand, at his home on May 30. Detective-inspector James Sandles stated that when he told Strand that he would be charged with wilful murder, the accused replied, "Oh, good God, sir, don't do that. A passion came over me. I got hold of the baby and I don't remember what happened." When he was charged, Strand said: "Don't say that, sir. I squeezed him too hard and accidentally killed him." Replying to the Magistrate's Clerk, Strand said: "I did not say I squeezed him. I did not make that statement." He was advised to say nothing more at present and was remanded in custody until Wednesday.

Since he bought a "Vi-Spring" his golf, like his health, has immeasurably improved and he awakes each morning full of vigour as a result of the energising sleep he now enjoys.

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SALE OF EMPIRE GOODS

INCREASING IMPORTS

WORK OF MARKETING BOARD

The work that is being done in this country to increase the sale of Empire produce is again shown in the annual report of the Empire Marketing Board covering the period May, 1929, to May, 1930 (H.M. Stationery Office, price 1s. net).

In the last report of the Board attention was drawn to the fact that the shipments into the United Kingdom of Empire-grown foodstuffs had, in the year reviewed, surpassed all records. The present report shows still further progress in this respect. Some foodstuffs, record shipments of which were previously noted, arrived in even greater quantities, while other commodities established records. The particular articles affected were:—Raisins, sultanas, and currants (Australia), cheese and butter (New Zealand), eggs (Australia, South Africa, and New Zealand), grapefruit (South Africa, West Indies, and Palestine), oranges (South Africa), bananas (West Indies), plums, nectarines, grapes, and apples (South Africa), frozen pork (New Zealand), poultry (Irish Free State), tea (India and Ceylon), raw sugar (Australia, South Africa, and Mauritius), canned pineapple (British Malaya), wines (South Africa).

The figures of shipments, it is explained, throw only a very partial light on Empire trade, and it would be impossible to assess, even approximately, the influence of the Empire Marketing Board upon them. Many factors—some, like the failure of crops, wholly or partially beyond human control—would have to be taken into account before a complete analysis was reached. It may however be said that the Empire Marketing Board has been encouraged by its experience in the past year. There has again been an appreciable quickening of interest in the theme of Empire buying among men and women in the United Kingdom.

A NATIONAL HABIT

The purpose of the Board is to improve the quality and increase the quantity of Empire products marketed in the United Kingdom and to make Empire buying a national habit. The Board aims at seeing that no factor contributory to the growth of Empire marketing is neglected. The public of the United Kingdom has been approached from many angles. If the habit of Empire buying is to be permanently established, educational publicity is essential. But other approaches to the consumer have had equally to be explored. The active sympathy of the great corporate bodies, powerful as purchasers of raw materials and foodstuffs in bulk, has been sought by the Board. Individually so weak in comparison with these bodies, but collectively even more effective, are the housewives, whose good will the Board has taken every opportunity of enlisting.

The diversity of consumers in the United Kingdom goes far beyond these broad differences. Varying standards of wealth present another problem. Local habits have had to be taken into account. What London likes may prove to be what Lancashire refuses. The exporter from the overseas Empire who means to serve a nation-wide market with his goods has to study the distinctive taste of districts.

No amount of persuasion brought to bear upon the consuming public in all its forms would succeed, the report emphasizes, unless it was supported by the wholesale and retail traders. The Board has, accordingly, endeavoured to secure the fullest cooperation of all kinds of traders concerned with Empire marketing. Happily, the task has been made easy and encouraging by the loyal response with which it has been met. There has, without question, been a marked advance in the habit of Empire buying in the past year. For this the readiness of the wholesale and retail traders of the United Kingdom to further, in their businesses, the ends of the Board, has been to no small extent responsible.

MARKETING COMMITTEE

The Board, encouraged by the marked good will shown to its purpose by the distributive trades of the country and anxious to take the fullest advantage of trade experience, has lately strengthened its machinery by the appointment of a new main committee, to be known as the Marketing Committee. It believes that this committee will secure a regular and continuing contact between itself and the complicated system by which Empire products are distributed to the consumers of the United Kingdom.

The essential part which scientists are playing in the development of Empire marketing is shown in the report. The veins of special knowledge and of enthusiasm which are being tapped are not the least enheartening features of the situation. The past year has seen a striking advance in the practice of intellectual cooperation within the Empire. Some scientific research schemes are being carried on with assistance from the Board's fund in the United Kingdom and others in the overseas Empire countries. Frequently, the problem is being tackled by a team of workers, closely in touch with one another but scattered through the Empire. In all cases, the results achieved are at the disposal of the Empire as a whole.

EMPIRE FILMS

In discussing the Board's various methods of publicity, the report speaks approvingly of the use of the cinema. The first of the Board's films to be released for public display has been exceptionally well reviewed and has secured satisfactory bookings. Other films are nearing completion. A beginning has been made with the preparation of a number of Empire interest films for display to school and other audiences.

ARREST OF ARMED MOTORIST

POLICEMAN'S STRUGGLE ON RUNNING BOARD

At the Bedford Assizes on Saturday WALTER THOMAS MILLS, 32, a wheelwright, was charged with obtaining a motor-car by false pretences, and with being in unlawful possession of a Colt revolver and seven cartridges, with intent to endanger life. He pleaded "Guilty" to the false pretences charge, but "Not Guilty" to the count regarding the revolver.

Mr. R. O'SULLIVAN, prosecuting, said that on the morning of May 5 Millns was driving a car in Watling Street. When he passed through the village of Hockliffe the constable on duty was attracted by him, and telephoned to a point farther up the road, where another constable and an A.A. scout were on duty. As Millns approached, the constable signed to the drivers of two horse-drawn vehicles to pull across the road, so as to arrest the progress of the car. Millns slowed down, but did not actually stop. The constable asked him for his licence, but he failed to produce one. He showed a registration book which was not in his name. Millns said that he was in a great hurry, as he had a child ill in hospital.

The constable tried to get into the car, but found both doors locked. Suddenly Millns accelerated the car. The constable leaped on to the running board and called to the A.A. scout to follow him. Millns tried to kick the constable off the car, and finally the police-officer smashed the windscreen with his truncheon. Millns then reached across to get at a pocket inside the door of the car, said Mr. O'Sullivan, but the constable, suspecting what might be there, hit him on the head with his truncheon and dazed him. The car zig-zagged across the road, and only stopped when the front tire burst.

Millns made several attempts to get at the pocket in the car until the constable threatened to hit him again. In the pocket was afterwards found a fully-loaded Colt revolver. The constable said to Millns, "You would have used that on me," and Millns replied, "No, I only had it to frighten you."

Evidence was given of a number of previous convictions for forgery, larceny, and obtaining money by false pretences, and two separate lists of offences, all of them committed since January of this year, were put in for consideration by the Judge in giving sentence.

Mr. JUSTICE ACTON, in passing sentence of seven years' penal servitude, said: "I have never in a long experience seen such a record as that of yours and the offences you desire to have taken into consideration. I am satisfied you are a pest and a menace to the community."

Lady Londonderry and Lady Eleanor Keane, who are organizing the appeal in aid of the National Council of Girls' Clubs and the National Girls' Club Rally at the Royal Albert Hall on Saturday, June 28, have received donations of £250 from the Most Worshipful Company of Goldsmiths and £100 from Miss Vera Willis.

ROUND THE SHOPS

CLOTHES FOR WHITSUN WEAR

Whitsun is near, and the shops have a large selection of clothes suited to all kinds of weather. For sunny days there are the light frocks in silks and chiffons and printed georgette and lawn tennis frocks, and for dull days there are two-pieces in light tweed and wool fabrics. For bathing there are new "backless" suits designed to aid tanning.

DEBENHAM AND FREEBODY, Wigmore-street, are showing a new collection of model hats for Ascot and present wear. Everything is extraordinarily light in texture, and many of the finest straws are almost transparent. In black and pale beige, with the new shallow crown, there is a wide-brimmed hat in alternate bands of lace straw and crinoline, with a small bow of black satin above and below the brim. A charming hat is in auburn-coloured crinoline with a becoming brim. An unusual hat which is extremely light is of black and white shiny panama, with the wide brim upturned in front and a small black bow decorating it at one side. An unusual small hat is in finest pedal with an emerald-green crown and a posy of emerald-green camellias at one side; it is finished with a Spanish veil draped at the back. For a tall woman there is a handsome hat in black ballibuntal wreathed in linen flowers. A pretty hat in rough lime-green straw is wreathed in silk velvet and mother-o'-pearl leaves. Linen tulips in bright colours are arranged loosely on the brim of a lovely green baku hat with a graceful line. A shallow-crowned hat in black ballibuntal has a semi-wreath at the back of the crown of bright-coloured miniature field flowers, cornflowers, buttercups, and daisies. Notably smart are the straw turban caps which take the line of the head and are folded at either side.

DICKINS AND JONES, Regent-street, have an important collection of model gowns in the model gown salon, which will be sold this week at less than half-price. They are arranged in two groups at nine guineas and 12 guineas respectively, and include day, afternoon, restaurant, and evening styles from such famous houses as Agnes, Lucien Lelong, Nicole Groult, Germaine Lecomte, Maggy Rouff, Bernard, Miler Soeurs, and other well-known firms. Besides these gowns there will be a collection of French frocks, including many copies of models at seven guineas. Another special offer this week will be two dressing gowns lined throughout in Jap silk, one in printed rayon de Chine at 30s. and the other in velvet façonne at 39s. 6d. They are in good colours and represent a saving of a third on the ordinary prices.

HARRODS, Brompton-road, are offering for five days in their fashion departments an opportunity to buy any garment in their fashion saloons at a reduced price—in some cases only half the former price. This offer, which should prove useful to those choosing clothes for holiday wear, relates to model gowns and coats, inexpensive gowns and coats, house frocks, leather coats, coats and skirts, blouses and skirts, two-piece suits, sports wear, small sizes, and tea-gowns. In the food sections are all the good things that make a picnic enjoyable, and for the Derby there are specially packed luncheon hampers at 5s. 6d., 7s. 6d., and 10s. 6d. a head. Those who wish to choose own menus can have special hampers packed at short notice.

MARSHALL and SNELGROVE'S, Oxford-street, are showing a collection of new bathing suits and wraps. The new elastic wool is being used in many decorative bright coloured outfits for bathers. A "backless" swimming-costume in colours described as bronx and burgundy has a matching cap; caps are given with most of the more unusual outfits. Blazers and matching skirts in bright colours in elastic wool are made up to go with swimming suits. Canadian suits are in bold designs, and there are some novel suits in heavy artificial silk milanese. Bathing wraps are in pretty colours from 10s. 6d.; capes are in greater demand this year, and some of them have gay butterflies in colour in their design. Beach jewelry shows amusing novelties in necklaces and bracelets that can be worn without spoiling in the water, and there is a practical accessory in an amber-oil carrier, worn like field-glasses, for those indulging in sun-bathing. This in a flask, complete with strap, costs 25s. 9d.

THE GOLDSMITHS AND SILVERSMITHS COMPANY, 112, Regent-street, have a window in which modern silver representative of individual craftsmen and designed for modern homes is shown. Part of a table is shown, set with modern silver and cutlery, of which the silver design is beautiful in its simple austerity. The knives, in unusually shaped stainless steel, have mother-o'-pearl handles. A fruit bowl has ivory handles in block design, and a condiment set has unusual reflections from the hammer marks being left on the silver. A cocktail table in macassar ebony is another example of modern work, and a dainty tea service, the teapot in the modern spoutless design, is priced at £10. Many of the pieces are suited for wedding presents. Within are many engagement rings in stones in modern settings, ranging from single stones in diamond, emerald, and sapphire, to cluster rings and fancy rings. Small single-stone rings are to be had from £13 and three-stone rings from £15.

SELFRIDGES, Oxford-street, have a pleasant diversion for visitors to their roof garden from to-day until August 30. Open-air sculpture by the London Group is being shown in many media. Bear, elephant, fawn, buffalo, cat, monkey, squirrel, and other animals are to be seen in modern models, and there are human figures of varying attractiveness, all intended to be seen out-of-doors. Maurice Lambert, John Skeaping, Frank Dobson, and Elizabeth Munts are among those whose work is shown, and Mr. Hugh Walpole has lent an Epstein bust of Paul Robeson, which is seen, under cover, at the entrance.

NEW PLAYING FIELDS

LISTS FOR ENGLAND AND WALES

The following is a list of counties of England and Wales in which towns and villages have acquired new playing fields since June 1927, as a result, directly or indirectly, of the National Playing Fields movement:—

ENGLAND

County	Population	New Fields	County	Population	New fields
Bedfordshire	296,478	3	Norfolk	504,277	25
Berkshire	294,807	15	Northants	302,430	—
Bucks	236,209	8	Northumberland	746,138	6
Cambridge	203,372	1	Notts	641,134	7
Cheshire	1,025,423	4	Oxford	180,558	2
Cornwall	320,559	25	Rutland	18,966	—
Cumberland	273,057	3	Shropshire	242,950	9
Derby	714,539	23	Somerset	465,682	10
Devon	709,488	4	Stafford	1,349,225	18
Dorset	228,358	6	Suffolk	320,686	4
Durham	1,478,506	25	Surrey	990,377	19
Essex	1,486,541	20	Sussex	728,001	28
Gloucester	757,668	7	Warwick	1,200,092	12
Hants	1,005,020	14	Westmorland	85,740	1
Hereford	115,118	1	Wiltshire	292,213	3
Hertford	333,226	28	Worcester	405,876	3
Huntingd'n	54,748	—	East Riding	460,717	11
Kent	1,141,877	46	North Riding	458,312	2
Lancs	4,928,359	32	West Riding	3,265,706	46
Leics	494,552	22	London (Greater)	5,738,413	16
Lincs	648,099	5	Monmouth	450,700	10
			Total	35,875,590	520

WALES

Anglesey	51,695	1	Glamorgan	1,252,710	18
Brecknockshire	61,257	1	Merioneth	45,450	—
Cardigan	61,292	—	Montgomery	51,317	—
Carmarthenshire	175,980	2	Pembroke	92,056	2
Carnarvon	131,034	1	Radnor	23,528	—
Denbigh	154,847	4	Total	2,206,712	30
Flintshire	106,466	1			

THE LOSS OF THE STEAMER KNEBWORTH

Judgment was delivered last week in the Board of Trade inquiry at Newcastle into the loss of the steamer Knebworth, which was wrecked near Biarritz on January 27. Mr. DAVID T. HOMCHUX, the presiding magistrate, said the Court considered the casualty was caused by default on the part of the master, while lying at anchor in an exposed part of the coast in the Bay of Biscay in the month of January, in allowing the chief engineer to take steam off one boiler for what was, in fact, not an urgent matter at that time, and for not getting under way earlier in the day, with one boiler, when the weather was obviously getting worse. The Court also found that the casualty was contributed to by the chief engineer giving the master a false impression of the work to be done in connexion with a leaking joint, and delaying the same work. Mr. Hobkirk said the Court, however, would not deal with their certificates, but censured them. The Court attached no blame to the second and third engineers.

BRISTOL AIRPORT

OPENING BY PRINCE GEORGE

"GATEWAY OF THE WEST"

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

BRISTOL, MAY 31

Bristol's municipal airport was opened to-day by Prince George, and the event was celebrated, though the weather was very bad, by an air pageant. This new aerodrome at Whitchurch, four miles from the centre of the city, is one of the biggest in the country, and is regarded by the corporation as the complement of its docks and as a pioneer effort of the same spirit which inspired the merchant venturers of the Elizabethan Age. The Society of Merchant Venturers was associated with to-day's events, which also opened a week of British-French festivities.

The new air port so far has little but the aerodrome, which gives aeroplanes a clear run of 800 yards in every direction, a set of aeroplane sheds, a service station, and a club-house. Provision has been made, however, for complete development. It stands outside the city boundary, but land has been taken for the erection of airport buildings, when the traffic shall justify it, for the establishment of aircraft factories, for new sheds, and a new arterial road is to be constructed to link it up to the main road near by. At present it provides sufficient facilities for a normal volume of commercial traffic. It is the headquarters of the Bristol and Wessex Aeroplane Club, and it offers a service of air taxis.

"AERIAL DERBY"

To-day's opening ceremony introduced the new aerodrome to a large band of aviators. Over 150 aeroplanes, representative of France, Germany, Holland, and Italy, as well as of Great Britain, were assembled in the air park during the display, and some of the foreign machines took part in the "Aerial Derby," though it was flown in unpleasant conditions and with visibility rarely of more than a mile. Nearly 20,000 visitors from the surrounding district were also present.

Prince George arrived at the airport during the afternoon, when he had already fulfilled two other engagements here. Having flown early from London to the Filton Aerodrome, he motored some 25 miles to Winford, Somerset, and opened the new orthopaedic hospital for Bristol children. Returning to Bristol, he took luncheon with the Society of Merchant Venturers in Merchants' Hall and later arrived in heavy rain at the airport. From the roof of the clubhouse, he declared it open. The Lord Mayor (Mr. Walter Bryant), inviting him to open the airport said it was the city's ambition to develop both passenger and goods air traffic. They hoped the docks would prove a landing place for passengers and goods destined to be carried by air to all parts of the Continent, and that Bristol would be the gateway of the West, linking America and Ireland with Great Britain and Europe.

PRINCE GEORGE'S SPEECH

In his speech, PRINCE GEORGE said it needed but little imagination to foresee the future of the airport. In time it was certain to become an important junction between London and Ireland and many large towns in the West of England and Wales. Already the West of England was a noted centre of the aircraft industry. Bristol was the home of the Bristol Fighter, which held an unrivalled War-time record, and the builders of that machine were considered second to none as aircraft and aircraft-engine constructors. Other firms of repute were established in these parts and it seemed likely that the foresight of the Corporation would result in Bristol becoming an even more important centre of aircraft manufacture. It was quite in keeping with the city's traditions that she should be among the pioneers in the latest form of transport. He hoped that the citizens would be among the first to reap the advantages which air transport must bring, and that it would lead to the export from their docks of British-built aeroplanes and engines to all parts of the world.

A CLOSE FINISH

The air pageant which followed was shorn of some of its events by the bad weather, but the "Aerial Derby" over a 30-miles course around Bristol, the chief event, was completed by all the nine competitors—including a woman pilot—who were left in the final. The exciting finish, when six machines crossed the line within eight seconds of each other, was a tribute to the handicapping, and in the actual result the West of England was admirably represented. The first place was taken by a Westland Widgeon, built at Yeovil, a type which would have taken the third place, too, had not Mr. R. G. Cazalet missed a turning point at Filton. Barely half a length behind him came the only Bristol Bulldog in the display, and this, having started from scratch and given its two leaders 6min. 24sec. and 7min. 59sec. start respectively, took third place on his disqualification.

Most of the entertainment arranged for the big crowd was carried out close to the ground because of the heavy clouds. The quick double rolls of the Blackburn Lincock, piloted by Major Black, only a few hundred feet above the aerodrome, gave surprising proof of the ease with which this little machine may be handled. Captain L. S. Broad managed his Moth in loops and inverted flying with equal ease, and the formation flying of the flight of Siddeley Siskin fighters from No. 19 Squadron, R.A.F., though shortened, was sufficiently thrilling for the thousands who watched them fly with wing-tips almost touching or in close arrow-head formation round the aerodrome.

The Handley Page machine, which was entered for the Guggenheim prize in America, showed its slow-flying paces, its level turns, and its slow-speed landings, stood almost still on its tail in a steep climb, and broke most of the safety rules in flying. There was the Italian Breda monoplane to compare with the cabin Moth and Desoutter machines, and there were small machines from Germany, Holland, and Belgium, mostly fitted with British engines. France had entered little and big aeroplanes, and alongside its liner was a Handley Page 12-seater belonging to Imperial Airways. The race for the challenge trophy of the Society of British Aircraft Constructors had to be abandoned, and there was no parachute descent or bombing exhibition, yet the pageant was of great interest and fully occupied the time it aimed at filling.

The result of the aerial Derby was:—1, "J. Wellworth," Westland Widgeon III. (6min. 24sec. start); 2, Mr. E. B. W. Bartlett, D.H. 60X Moth (7min. 59sec.); 3, Mr. C. F. Unwins, Bristol Bulldog (scratch).

BRITISH-FRENCH WEEK

A week is to be devoted to British-French celebrations which it is hoped will stimulate the trade of the city and port. A British gunboat and a French dispatch boat lie in the docks in the heart of the city side by side. Some 140 French representatives are being entertained here and the streets, gaily decorated, bear messages of welcome and good will in English and French. There will be an exhibition of French art and the Rouen Municipal Band is taking part in the music. To-night the University men's choir gave a concert. A drill display is to be given by 8,000 schoolchildren, and there will be a boxing, wrestling, and fencing tournament and various sports meetings. The factories of the city will be open to visitors during the week.

ALLEGED PERJURY IN THE HIGH COURT

Stated to have been a barrister, MARTIN SEBASTIAN SALDANHA, 67, a man of colour, now described as a rancher, of Compton-road, Islington, was charged on a warrant at Bow-street Police Court on Saturday, before Mr. Fry, with committing perjury in a High Court action, "John Sands v. F. S. Rider and Bishop Rider," heard on May 6 and May 7 last. It was alleged that Saldanha falsely swore that he had never been a member of the Inner Temple; that he had never been disbarred; that he had never been in trouble in this country; and that he had never gone under the name of Martin Sebastian Saldanha. After a list of convictions which were alleged to relate to the defendant had been put in the MAGISTRATE remanded him and said that in view of the convictions he would require bail of one surety in £500 and the accused's own recognizances in a like amount.

The 1929 edition of "Regulations and Orders Relating to Mines" has been issued by the Mines Department (Stationery Office, 1s. net). It contains the Orders and Regulations of a general nature relating to mines under the Coal Mines Act, 1911, which were in force on December 31 last, together with the new general regulations in regard to first aid which came into force on April 1, 1930.

JUNIOR IMPERIAL LEAGUE

FORMATION OF NEW BRANCHES

Lord Stanley, M.P., presided at the annual meeting and conference of the Junior Imperial and Constitutional League, which was held at Kingsway Hall, London, on Saturday. On the platform supporting him were:—

Lord Plymouth, Lord Cranbrook, Lord Hindlip, Lady Fox, Brigadier-General Sir Reginald Brooke, Lady Fox, Brigadier-General Sir Reginald Hoskins, Sir Henry Imbert-Terry, Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Williams, Captain A. G. Mitchell (chief organizing secretary), Mr. H. L. P. Hallett (secretary), Mr. Dunford Thomas (treasurer), Mr. H. B. Tregear (principal agent), and Miss Mayne (deputy principal agent).

The programme contained a message from Mr. Baldwin congratulating the League on a year of most encouraging progress. Mr. Baldwin added that he particularly appreciated the good work done by the members of the League during the last election, and he knew he could rely upon their loyal and enthusiastic support when the next contest took place.

Mr. HALLETT presented the annual report, which stated that the League being now organized on a constituency basis, the number of new branches did not form the measure of its progress to the same extent as previously. It was interesting to note that 267 branches came into existence in the periods under review, making a total of nearly 1,900. Some 463 divisional councils out of a possible 507 had been formed and were working satisfactorily. Arrangements for forming the remainder were in hand.

Mr. HALLETT said that Socialism was like a weed, and the league existed to kill such weeds. The league was a movement with a wide horizon and its duty was to fight the petty outlook of men like the Chancellor of the Exchequer who boasted that his fresh taxation would fall on the shoulders of one-fiftieth of the population, and the Minister of War, who, at the instance of three Socialist members of the school-teaching profession, did his best to wipe out the Cadet movement.

The report was adopted.

Lord Plymouth was re-elected president, and Sir Henry Imbert-Terry and Mr. E. J. Garmeson vice-presidents. Mr. H. G. Williams was elected a vice-president. League trophies for efficiency were presented as follows:—The Simner Shield, Harborough; Gould Cup, Ipswich; certificates of merit, Deptford, South Leeds, East Leicester, Mile End, Hastings and St. Leonards, Darlington, and Stroud.

The meeting carried with acclamation a resolution reiterating the unabated confidence of the league in the leadership of Mr. Baldwin. A comment by Miss P. BRYSON, of Derby, in moving the resolution, that they were fortunate in having an honest leader, who would not promise anything he could not carry out, was received with cheers.

A resolution, moved by Mr. R. M. BROWN and seconded by Miss G. I. SPENSIN, both of Oxford, was carried that the conference, while recording its appreciation of Mr. Baldwin's declaration on Imperial policy, would welcome a detailed statement in the immediate future on agricultural policy and the proposed introduction of the Referendum. Replying to the comments of the mover and seconder, Mr. H. G. WILLIAMS said that Mr. Baldwin should be allowed to enter the Imperial Conference he proposed to call, when returned, with a free hand, in order to ascertain what the Dominions were prepared to concede and what they expected to receive in return.

"THE PARTY OF YOUTH"

Another resolution, moved by Mr. DUNSDALE WALKER, Liverpool, and supported by Mr. G. B. WOOLFENDEN, regretted "the efforts of Lord Beaverbrook to represent to the country the junior section of his new party as 'The Party of Youth,'" and suggested that the league should assert its supremacy and consistently combat that impression. Mr. Walker said he thought the league, with its 500,000 young Conservatives, ought to do something in reply. Some of the later speakers agreed with this view, but others thought it would be better, in the interests of the wider unity of the Conservative Party, to leave the other junior party alone. The resolution, however, was eventually carried.

At the close of a rather keen debate, the conference unanimously carried a resolution deploring the refusal of the Socialist Government to supply the Navy, Army, and Air Force with home-killed meat for six months of the year, and with bread from flour, of which 25 per cent. would be milled from home-grown wheat. The resolution welcomed Mr. Baldwin's "promise of a guaranteed price for home-grown wheat used for milling purposes, his intention to restrict the importation of bounty-fed oats, and his proposals in regard to a Dominion conference and a Referendum." It also urged him "to state other items of his agricultural policy, so that the Conservative workers in agricultural constituencies may have a complete policy to place before that section of the electors." The resolution was moved by Mr. D. W. WOODS and seconded by Mr. A. FINDLAY, of the Harborough Division.

In its next resolution, which was also carried, the conference commended "the value of protective duties against the foreigner." After that, a resolution demanding "a campaign in favour of food tariffs" at the next General Election was carried by 296 votes to 252.

There was also a good deal of opposition to a further resolution, which was adopted, urging the party organization "to see that no avowed supporter of free trade shall occupy any position such as Parliamentary candidate or any official position within local associations."

ROTATION OF SYSTEM OF STARS

PROFESSOR EDDINGTON'S HALLEY LECTURE

The Halley Lecture was delivered at Oxford on Friday afternoon by Professor A. S. Eddington, who took as his subject "The Rotation of the Galaxy."

PROFESSOR EDDINGTON said we were faced with a great accumulation of data concerning the motions of the stars. From this information we were trying to learn what we could of the stars as a system, and to reach some kind of dynamical theory of what was going on. Four leading peculiarities in the motions had been noticed; the last of these (discovered by J. H. Oort, of Leyden) was an effect which was believed to indicate rotation of the galaxy.

He drew an analogy with Saturn's rings in which it was found, as was anticipated theoretically, that the inner part of the ring revolves faster than the outer. Similarly it might be expected that in the galaxy the inner stars would revolve round the centre faster than the outer. The actual rotation would be very difficult to detect, but this differential effect between stars nearer and

Obituary

BISHOP G. F. BROWNE

ORGANIZER, ANTIQUARY, AND HISTORIAN

The Right Rev. G. F. Browne, D.D., formerly Bishop of Stepney and of Bristol, who died yesterday at Bexhill at the age of 96, was a remarkable personality, whose long life was full of service to both Church and State. He was a great organizer, and an antiquary and historian, and his intellectual vigour hardly diminished even in extreme old age. Our readers will remember the letters which he frequently addressed to *The Times* on all kinds of subjects, always shrewd and urbane; he had, indeed, had an early experience of journalism under George Smith and Frederick Greenwood and he was master of a singularly terse and effective style. It may now be revealed that he was the author in former years of some of the Saturday religious articles in *The Times*. He felt obliged to give up this work in July, 1924, on account of a sunstroke, which laid him aside for many weeks.

George Forrest Browne was the son of Mr. George Browne, proctor of the Ecclesiastical Court at York, and his mother was a daughter of the Rev. R. Forrest, precentor of York Minster, under the shadow of which the future Bishop was born on December 4, 1833. He was sent to St. Peter's School, York, and went up to Catharine Hall, Cambridge, the name of which was soon afterwards altered to St. Catharine's College, by the University Commission of 1854. In his history of the foundation, which appeared nearly 50 years later, he said, characteristically, that he preferred the old name. He was placed 30th Wrangler in 1856 and in the second class of the theological examination, not then a tripos, in 1857. In 1861 he was awarded the second Maitland prize, and in 1863 was elected a Fellow of St. Catharine's. He had been ordained in 1858 by the Bishop of Oxford, and served as chaplain and lecturer of his college.

Afterwards he went to Scotland as theological tutor of Trinity College, Glenalmond, and in 1862 was Bell lecturer of the Scottish Episcopal Church. He married, in 1863, Mary, daughter of Sir J. Stewart Richardson, Bt. The best man at the wedding was Henry Bradshaw, the great Cambridge librarian, who rather neglected his duties for the sake of an old brass which he had been told was under the organ. Mr. Browne's only pastoral experience came to him as rector of Ashley, near Newmarket, from 1869 to 1875.

In 1869 Mr. Browne accepted the office of Secretary of the Local Examination Syndicate at Cambridge; in other words, he was the virtual founder and the actual organizer of the great system which is summed up in the words "Cambridge Locals." It was doubtless his success in this venture, for it was little else at the first, that procured his election to the Council of the Senate, of which he was a member for 16 years. The council soon found that Mr. Browne could be trusted to look after its business, and in time he became the mainspring of University organization as well as of the "Locals" syndicate.

All Cambridge men have heard of the intelligent foreigner, on a visit to Cambridge, who posed his guide with a question of this sort:—"You have shown me the colleges, and the Senate House and the library, and the Science Schools. But where is the University?" And the guide seeing Mr. Browne pass along with a bundle of official papers under his arm, pointed to him and said, "There, Sir, that man is the University." One institution represents him in itself, namely, the *University Reporter*, into which were gathered all the official and professorial notices which were supposed to be sent round, and which might or might not reach their proper destination. In 1877 he was appointed secretary of the University Commission. One of his rare appearances in the pulpit at the time gave him the opportunity of preaching from the mistranslated text, "The old is better," and it was easy to see of what he was thinking. But he served the Commission and the University to admiration.

All this activity he combined with a keen interest in municipal and still more in Imperial politics. He was a J.P. for Cambridge and a member of the Town Council, and he was the life and soul of the University Conservative Party. He was also a keen antiquary. As long ago as 1865 he published an account of the "Ice Caves of France and Switzerland"; in 1879 he contributed the volume on Bede to the series called "The Fathers for English Readers"; and in 1886 he issued some "Notes on Monkwearmouth Church." But his special hobby was the study of runic stones; he was the means of securing the Brough stone, from the foundations of a Westmorland church, for the Fitzwilliam Museum, and was the first to decipher its long inscription in Greek hexameters. It was his knowledge of this corner of the field of archaeological research that procured his election in 1887 to the Disney Professorship of Archaeology at Cambridge, although he did not offer himself as a candidate. Here may be mentioned his works on "The Ilam Crosses," 1889; "The Ancient Cross Shafts of Bewcastle and Ruthwell," 1917; and "Antiquities near Dunecht," 1921. Dunecht had come into the possession of his old friends, Lord and Lady Cowdray. It would be too much to say that all the author's hypotheses and interpretations commended themselves to experts, for he seldom erred on the side of caution. But there can be no doubt about the literary charm and skill of the presentation.

In 1891 Lord Salisbury, nominated Professor Browne to a canonry at St. Paul's Cathedral, where a good organizer and man of business was needed. It was for these qualifications that Canon Browne was invited by Bishop Temple in 1893 to become secretary of the Diocesan Home Mission, an excellent preparation for the work of a Suffragan Bishop, to which he was called in 1895. Dr. Billing, the Bishop of Bedford, had broken down in health, and it was arranged that Canon Browne should take up his work in East and North London and be called Bishop of Stepney. The Bishop of Bedford's Fund became the East London Church Fund, and has gone ahead ever since. It was greatly to the Bishop of Stepney's credit that he did not allow his episcopal duties to crowd out the particular kind of teaching for which he was qualified, namely, the impressing on English people the true *origines* of the National Church. He lectured in the Cathedral and elsewhere on "The Church before Augustine" "Augustine and his Companions," "The Conversion of the Heptarchy," and "Theodore and Wilfrith." Besides this, in the Church Historical Society, of which he was an active member, he gave valuable help to inquiring correspondents.

When, in 1897, the bishopric of Bristol was separated, once more, from that of Gloucester, Lord Salisbury nominated the Bishop of Stepney to the vacancy. The diocese, as newly constituted, contained the widest extremes of Churchmanship, and the Bishop's earlier years there were not exactly times of peace. Indeed, in 1898, the idea of holding the Church Congress of 1899 at Bristol had to be abandoned. Nevertheless, by 1903 the diocese was ready to receive the Congress, and the success of the meeting owed not a little to the capacity of the chairman. Dr. Browne was especially active in promoting church extension. He grasped with keen interest the opportunity of "visiting" his Cathedral Chapter, and stood his ground when some opposition was offered. In the House of Lords, which he attended with zest, he never hesitated to speak his mind, even though it meant separation from his episcopal brethren. Particularly in the case of Lord Lansdowne's amendment to the Budget of 1909, though he was prevented from taking part in the division, he addressed the peers upon the ancient status of their spiritual brethren.

Early in 1914, being then 80, he resigned his see, but such a man could never be idle. In 1915 he published a volume of lively and readable reminiscences; he continued his *opuscula* of Church history, one of which at least, that on the Venerable Bede, he expanded into a large book; and in the summer of 1923 appeared his monumental edition of Echt-Forbes family charters, 1345-1727, and records of the Forest of Birse, notarial signs, 926-1786, a tribute to a county where he had spent many happy holidays.

The Bishop was as enthusiastic in mountaineering as in fly fishing, and in 1905, when he was over 70, he was elected president of the Alpine Club, but, as he modestly declared, in recognition of his study of underground ice and not of his actual climbing. And yet he had done his ordinary peaks with energy and skill. His presidency coincided with the jubilee of the club, and he presided over the famous dinner in Lincoln's Inn Hall. He took a keen interest in the Heritage Craft schools at Chailey, and spent his 90th birthday among the crippled children, who showered presents on him and delighted in his stories.

The Bishop was elected an hon. Fellow of St. Catharine's College in 1897. He was a D.D. of Cambridge, and hon. D.D. of Oxford, hon. D.C.L. of Durham, and hon. Fellow of the British Academy. His wife died in 1903, and he leaves two sons and three daughters.

SIR ERNEST MOON, K.C.

FORMERLY COUNSEL TO THE SPEAKER

The death of Sir Ernest Moon, K.C.B., K.C., at the age of 75, which is announced to-day, will be received with sincere regret by many present and former legislators, officials, and members of the bar. After enjoying a large practice at the Parliamentary Bar, he held for more than 20 years the office of Counsel to the Speaker of the House of Commons.

Ernest Robert Moon was the youngest son of Sir Richard Moon, Bt., the famous chairman from 1860 to 1890 of the London and North Western Railway. He was born on June 21, 1854, and was educated at Winchester and Trinity College, Cambridge, where he took a second class in the Law Tripos in 1876 and the LL.B. degree. Among his contemporaries at Cambridge were Lord Ullswater, Edward and Alfred Lyttelton, Lord Knutsford, Lord Hunsdon, and Lord Hardinge of Penshurst. He was called to the Bar by the Inner Temple in 1878 on the same day as Sir John Bankes, with whom he read in Sir Richard Webster's chambers, and who retired from his position as a Lord Justice the same year that Moon relinquished his post of Counsel to the Speaker. He joined the Northern Circuit, and practised there at a time when the leaders included Russell, Gully, Collins, and Bigham. Later he devoted himself to the Parliamentary Bar, and his appearance in the Common Law Courts was generally limited to cases in which railway companies were concerned. For some years before he left the Bar he held general retainers in Parliament for most of the British railway companies. He took silk in 1902, and was later made a Bencher of his Inn.

In 1907 his old college friend, Mr. Lowther, afterwards Lord Ullswater, who was then the Speaker, invited Moon to become his Counsel in succession to the late Sir Chalmers Leigh, and he served during the whole of the Speakerships of Mr. Lowther and Mr. Whitley. Moon was extremely popular with members of every party in the House, for he was not only able and willing to assist them upon all points of Parliamentary practice, but he was also accessible at all times and possessed a charming courtesy and geniality. His post has been described as having all the privileges without any of the disadvantages of membership of the House of Commons, and Moon exactly filled the part. His retirement at the end of 1928 was much regretted, and he was shortly afterwards entertained at dinner by a remarkable gathering of his colleagues at the Parliamentary Bar and the Parliamentary agents.

Apart from his Parliamentary duties, a large amount of public work stands to his credit. He served on various Board of Trade committees dealing with railway legislation, including the committee, over which Lord Ashfield presided, which preceded the amalgamation of the railway companies into four. He served frequently as independent chairman in Labour disputes in many parts of the country, and during the War he presided over the Munitions Tribunal for the South-Western Midland District, and over the Enemy Trading Committee. He was also chairman of a committee in 1918 to consider claims against the Russian Government, and of a committee for the Durham District under the Coal Mines Minimum Wages Act. He was created C.B. in 1915 and K.C.B. in 1919.

Sir Ernest Moon took a great interest in sport, and he was a good shot; but fishing was perhaps his chief relaxation, and he always enjoyed a gossip upon his favourite pursuit. He married, in 1881, Emma, daughter of Mr. John de Villiers Lamb, of Sydney New South Wales. His elder son, Arthur, who won distinction during the War, is a K.C., and practises at the Parliamentary Bar. His younger son, a lieutenant in the Post Office Rifles, was killed in action in 1915.

The funeral will be at Checkendon Church to-morrow.

M. AUBRY-VITET

"Our Paris Correspondent telegraphs that M. Aubry-Vitet, president of the administrative council of the *Revue des Deux Mondes*, has died at his residence in Paris in his 85th year.

M. Aubry-Vitet was an intimate friend of the Comte de Paris and the Duc d'Orléans, and spent many years in their service. He was one of the most popular members of the witty and cultured society which flourished in Paris at the close of the last century, and although he was confined to his house by infirmity for many years he leaves a host of devoted and admiring friends.

MISS EMILY DRUMMOND

With the death of Miss Emily Drummond, at the age of 92, which has been briefly announced in *The Times*, an interesting chapter in Victorian history is closed. She was the daughter of Thomas Drummond, Under-Secretary of State for Ireland from 1835 to 1840, and was born in the Chief Secretary's Lodge, Dublin. He was one of the wisest of Ireland's rulers in those troubled times, and if an early death had not cut short his work the history of Ireland might have been far less unhappy. His famous saying, "Property has its duties as well as its rights," engraved on his statue in Dublin, was then regarded as dangerous and almost revolutionary.

After his death Mrs. Drummond, a clever and charming woman, came to live at 78, Hyde Park-gardens with her three daughters, where she held a celebrated salon, entertaining the political, literary, and artistic celebrities of the day. As a child she had known Wordsworth and Sir Walter Scott; as an old lady, Robert Browning used to come and read her his wife's poems. After her death her daughters, Mrs. Kay (widow of Joseph Kay, Q.C.) and Miss Emily Drummond, carried on the tradition to the beginning of this century. Mrs. Drummond had been a keen traveller, and in the fifties took her young daughters all over Europe in her own travelling coach, even penetrating to the wilds of Sicily, where a bodyguard of soldiers was then necessary. Their holidays as children were spent at the English Lakes, where they were encouraged to walk and climb in a way very unusual for girls at that date. Emily Drummond was all her life an independent character, with a great love of Nature, going alone for long walks, and when in London would go off for the day, often walking along the Thames by the towing-path, till she knew the whole river from Oxford to Richmond. At her country home, Fredley, near Dorking, she exercised her love of landscape gardening with great skill. Here the sisters loved to entertain parties of distinguished guests, and were among the originators of the "week-end party." They often invited parties of working men and women from the East End to tea in their garden. Miss Drummond kept her independent, active spirit and her interest and sympathy with the young till her last short illness, and was much beloved by her friends, both old and young.

An account of the three Reynolds portraits which pass to the nation owing to Miss Drummond's death, appeared in *The Times* on Thursday.

MR. W. B. GRUBB

Mr. Wilfrid Barbrooke Grubb, F.R.G.S., who had been for over 40 years a missionary of the South American Missionary Society and pioneer to the Indians of the Grand Chaco of Paraguay, died on Wednesday at his home at Lasswade, Mid Lothian, at the age of 64. His wife, daughter of Rev. Thomas B. Bridges, another leading South American missionary, died nine years ago, leaving two daughters. A lifelong friend of his writes:—

The son of an Edinburgh doctor, Grubb had a remarkable mother whose sway over her circle at Liberton and its neighbourhood is still spoken of. He intended to be a doctor, but a bad attack of blood poisoning laid him aside, and then he came under the influence of the American evangelist, D. L. Moody. After training under the late Rev. H. S. Acworth at Chobham, he went out in 1886 to Fuegia, where he gathered experience among natives that stood him in good stead later on. In 1890 Bishop Stirling sent him to the Chaco, the goal of his ambition. The work had been started in a tentative way by Mr. Henrikson, whose death caused the vacancy. Two helpers were there, but their hearts soon failed, and Grubb with astonishing daring went unarmed into the wilds among red men whose one idea was to shoot a white man at sight. Slowly and irresistibly he advanced till he was acclaimed the victor by both the natives, who would have him as chief, and the Paraguayan Government, which, finding he refused to be its salaried official, gave him a high-sounding title as "Pacificador de los Indios." The frontier war between Paraguay and Bolivia brought this region to the front last year. A large photograph in *The Times* displayed the headquarters of Grubb's Mission. He gradually began training the people in the arts of industry, the children were taught to read and write, and a church, school, dispensary, workshops, store, cattle farm, and gardens were established. The Indians even had their own paper currency. From this centre native evangelists go out to preach the Gospel to their own people.

MISS CONSTANCE HUNTER

Miss Constance Janet Hunter, who died on Saturday at her residence, Abbey House, Windsor, at the age of 78, was the only daughter of the late Sir Paul and Lady Hunter, of Mortimer Hill, Berkshire. Miss Hunter was a great traveller and had visited all parts of the world by herself. Her lectures on her travels were much appreciated at Windsor. She was deeply interested in the welfare of the blind, and every year she entertained a number of blind people of Berkshire at her house and took them for an outing. She often lent her beautiful gardens for charitable causes, and was beloved by many poor people. During the War she helped in canteens for girl workers. She was good at carpentry and at hammered silver work, and she worked her own lathe. She learned to drive a motor-car after she was 65 years of age, and had driven many thousands of miles.

The funeral will be at Mortimer to-morrow at 2 o'clock.

MME. PESCATORE

Many English friends will learn with regret that Mme. Pescatore died on Friday at Freiburg im Breisgau in her fifty-fifth year. Her health had caused anxiety for some time past, and she recently underwent a serious operation. She was Emma, the younger daughter of M. Tony Dutreux, of Luxemburg and La Celle St. Cloud, Seine-et-Oise. In 1897 she was married to M. Antoine Pescatore, a member of an old family of the Grand Duchy, and they settled in London, where he had business interests. They remained in London for more than 20 years, and formed many literary, musical, and scientific friendships. Both she and her husband, whose technical knowledge enabled him to render valuable assistance to this country, were whole-heartedly with the Allies in the War. After the War M. and Mme. Pescatore returned to Luxemburg, where he joined the Government as Minister of Public Works, and in 1920 was appointed Chargé d'Affaires at the Court of St. James's. He died in December, 1927.

Mme. Pescatore's great interest was music, in which she possessed exceptional taste and accomplishment. She was also well read in English and Continental literature. To her artistic and literary cultivation she added a charm of person and of manner, combined with consistent kindliness of heart, which endeared her to her English friends, by whom when she left London she was much missed and regretted. She leaves an only child, a daughter, who is the wife of Mr. Charles Belloc-Lowndes, M.C., late The Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry.

The funeral will be at Luxemburg to-morrow at 4 p.m.

ECCLESIASTICAL NEWS

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS

The Rev. J. P. Wilkinson, C.F. (Reserve), rector of Fritton and Herringfleet, Suffolk, has accepted the vicarage of St. Luke's, Birmingham, offered to him by the trustees.

The Rev. C. K. W. Warren, priest-in-charge of St. Anne's, Coventry, in the Cathedral parish, has been appointed vicar of Holy Trinity, Hinckley.

The Archbishop of Perth has appointed the Rev. H. E. Hyde, Organiser of the Australian New Settlements Fund, S.P.G., to be Honorary Canon of St. George's Cathedral, Perth, Western Australia.

The Rev. F. C. Tindall, Lecturer and Bursar of Chichester Theological College, has been appointed Vice-Principal of the college.

The Rev. D. Manners, Chaplain of Chichester Theological College and priest-in-charge of St. Bartholomew's, Chichester, has been appointed priest-vicar of Chichester Cathedral.

The Rev. W. P. Gilpin, formerly Vice-Principal of St. Paul's College, Burgh, Lincolnshire, has been appointed Chaplain of Chichester Theological College.

DIOCESE OF SOUTHWARK

The report of the South London Church Fund and the Southwark Diocesan Board of Finance for the year 1929 mentions that the most outstanding feature of the year's work has been the great increase, both in the amount of money contributed for the training of ordination candidates (£4,837, against £3,349 in 1928 and £2,256 in 1927) and in the number of candidates in training under the diocesan scheme, which reached 82. While paying tribute to the real sacrifices that many Church-people make for the diocese, the report says that it is disquieting that the income from parochial quotas showed a decline during the year.

NOTES

The Lord Mayor will dedicate a window in honour of Henry Hudson, the navigator, in the Church of St. Ethelburga the Virgin, Bishopsgate, on Thursday, at 5 p.m.

At the Durham Diocesan Conference at Durham on Saturday, June 14, the Bishop of Jarrow will introduce a discussion on "The Way of Renewal."

The Oxford Diocesan Conference will be held on June 11 and 12. The Bishop of Johanessburg will speak on "The Church in South Africa" on June 12.

The Bishop of Limerick ordained as priest in his Cathedral on Ascension Day the Rev. O. S. Daunt, B.A., LL.D. The Archdeacon of Limerick preached.

A course of addresses on India and Reunion will be given at St. Martin-in-the-Fields on Fridays at 1.20 p.m., as follows:—June 6, the Bishop of Tinnevelly; June 13, the Bishop of Travancore; June 20, the Bishop of Madras; June 27, the Bishop of Calcutta.

The Gloucester Diocesan Conference will be held at Cheltenham to-morrow, at 11.30 a.m., when Bishop Palmer and Canon Sparrow Simpson will speak on Christian Reunion, with special reference to the South India scheme.

Canon Alexander, Canon-in-residence, began, at St. Paul's yesterday, a course of addresses on Sunday afternoons this month on the past and future of the Cathedral, the subject being "Colet the Reformer." The Lord Mayor and the Sheriffs were present. The subjects of the remaining addresses will be:—"Butler the Thinker," June 8; "Church the Scholar," June 15; "Wren the Builder," June 22; and "St. Paul's and its Future," June 29.

The secretary of the Central Board of Finance of the Church of England received during May the following contributions for the Church Assembly Fund from diocesan boards of finance:—Birmingham, £350; Bristol, £500; Chelmsford, £500; Chichester, £1,000; Exeter, £261; Manchester (per Mr. C. Fletcher), £100; Peterborough, £200; St. Albans, £500; and Sheffield, £700.

WILLS AND BEQUESTS

ESTATE OF COLONEL SIR HENRY KNOLLYS

Colonel Sir Henry Knollys, K.C.V.O. (late R.A.), of Meyricke Park-crescent, Bournemouth, for some years private secretary and controller to the Queen of Norway (formerly Princess Maud of Wales), and before that commanding Royal Artillery in South Africa, who died on March 1, aged 89, brother of the late Viscount Knollys (formerly private secretary to King Edward and to King George), and of the Hon. Charlotte Knollys (for over 50 years secretary to Queen Alexandra), and son of the late General the Rt. Hon. Sir William Thomas Knollys, left unsettled property in his own disposition of the gross value of £21,109, with net personalty £18,559.

Colonel Frank Montagu Rundall, C.B., D.S.O., O.B.E., 1st Battalion, 4th Gurkha Rifles, of Priors-terrace, Tynemouth, Northumberland, who served on the staff of General Sir W. Lockhart in the Upper Burma Campaign of 1886-87, in the Chin Lushai Campaign of 1889-90, and who died on April 25, son of General Francis Hornblow Rundall, R.E., C.S.I., left estate of the gross value of £1,857, with net personalty £1,482.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Shirley, C.M.G., M.A., late Fifth Cavalry, of Holly Bank, Oxford-place, Victoria Park, Manchester, formerly Director of Military Studies at Cambridge and late Principal of the Pinewood Preparatory School, who died on March 25, aged 63, elder son of Dame Mary Scharlieb, the gynaecologist (the testator having changed his name by deed poll in 1914), left estate of the gross value of £8,339, with net personalty £8,028.

Professor John Wemyss Anderson, of Clinton, Deepdene-drive, Dorking, Surrey, lately "John William Hughes" Professor of Engineering Refrigeration at Liverpool University, who died on April 27, aged 61, intestate, left estate of the gross value of £255.

ESTATE OF £510,846

Mr. William Thomas Brenners, of Queen Anne's-mansions, St. James's Park, S.W., and formerly of Calcutta, died on March 17, aged 93, leaving estate of the value of £510,846, of which £507,073 is net personalty. He gives:—

The income from £10,000 to each of his nurses, Miss Howell and Miss Rushforth for life, in addition to provision already made for them; and £1,000 to Miss Rushforth, if nurse at the time of his death.

Mr. John Howard Temple, of Stanhope, Sefton Park, Liverpool, and National Bank Buildings, Liverpool, who died on February 18, left a fortune of £230,058, with net personalty £222,794.

Mr. Wilfred Bagwell Purefoy, J.P., of Greenfield, Tipperary, Irish Free State, and of Jermyn-street, St. James's, Westminster, S.W., racehorse owner, lately a director of the Auto-Strop Safety Razor Company, Limited, Grossmith and Laurillard, Limited, the London and Provincial Turkish Bath Company, Limited, the Phoenix Park Racecourse Company, Limited, and Zenith Castor Company, Limited, and chairman of Romano's, Limited, and formerly director of the Adelphi and Gaiety Theatres, who died on March 10, left personal estate in England valued at £33,819. He left:—

£100 to Mrs. Mitchell, widow of his stud groom, Edward Mitchell, and he directed that her pension "as allowed by me be continued for her life"; £3 a week to his housekeeper, Anne Hill, for life; £100 to his valet, Blake; and he directed that the pension to Michael Connors "as allowed by me at present be continued for his life"; and

With regard to all employees at Greenfield of two years' service or upwards he directed the executors to continue them in their present employment and the occupation of the houses and gardens which they now occupy for a period of one year after his death, and should they decide not to do so, then he left to each one of them who may be discharged within the period of 12 months after the date of his death, such a sum as with wages they have already received would be sufficient to compensate them for any loss of employment during the 12 months following the date of his death and the loss during such period of the houses and gardens which they are now occupying, "it being my desire that all my employees who are and kept on at Greenfield should have a full year's wages to enable them to look round and obtain fresh employment."

He directed his executors to sell by auction, without reserve, the whole of his blood-stock (horses, mares, &c.), "with the exception of the stallions in which I have a part interest only—namely, 'Prince Galahad' and 'Clarion'" and he left 10 per cent. of the proceeds of sale thereof to Allen Baker if acting as executor of the will.

Alderman Edward Rice, of Mostyn-road, Brixton, S.W., Mayor of Lambeth, who died on March 17, aged 56, left estate of the gross value of £5,008, with net personalty £4,093. On his wife's decease he leaves his property as to one-fourth in various proportions between a number of charities, including the following:—

Scouts, 3rd Lambeth, St. Thomas's Hospital, C.E.T.S. (E. Griffiths), St. Matthew's Church, the R.N.M.D.S.F., Barnardo's Homes, Belgrave Hospital, King's Hospital, the Royal Eye Hospital, and the Waterloo Hospital.

Other latest wills include the following:—

	Gross value
Boutflower, Mrs. Mary Savory (80), of Woodfield-road, Redland, Bristol, wife of the Rev. C. Boutflower (net personalty £3,076) ..	£3,121
Christie, Mrs. Katherine Cecilia, of Eldon-road, Hampstead, N.W., widow of Captain W. J. Christie, Grenadier Guards, and daughter of the late T. Denne, J.P., D.L., of Hythe, Kent (net personalty £5,658) ..	5,926
Clarke, Mrs. Janet Arnie, of Dorset-road, Bexhill-on-Sea, Sussex, widow of Lieutenant-Colonel A. Clarke, M.D., R.A.M.C., and daughter of the late Canon Parr, D.D., rector of Preston, Lancs (net personalty £3,340) ..	3,439
Ellis, Mr. Arthur (74), of Prospect-villa, Brook-street, Ossett, Yorks, cloth manufacturer (net personalty £32,063)	34,128
Lewis, Mr. John David Boyers (79), of Carson-road, West Dulwich, S.E., and of Serjeant's Inn, E.C., solicitor (net personalty £1,475) ..	1,556
Lynd, Dr. John Charles, M.D., of Main-street, Limavady, Co. Londonderry (personal estate in Great Britain and Northern Ireland) ..	6,853
Milne, Mr. George (90), of Queen's-road, Monkseaton, Northumberland, engineer, late superintendent engineer with the Stag Line, Limited, North Shields (net personalty £32,318)	22,331
Polson, Mrs. Edith Mary, of Cinnez, Swanmore-road, Ryde, Isle of Wight, formerly of Madeley, Melville-street, Sandown, daughter of the late Rev. E. H. Pickering, of Eton College, and wife of the late G. H. Polson, formerly widow of the Rev. E. R. Fisher (net personalty £9,921)	9,977
Price, Mrs. Alice Frances Blackhouse, of Creech Hill House, St. Giles (Salisbury), Dorset, wife of Brigadier-General G. D. Price, C.M.G. (net personalty £2,450) ..	3,006
Reed, the Rev. Benjamin (75), of Woodlands-road, Redhill, Surrey, and late of Datchworth Rectory, Herts (net personalty £12,999) ..	16,233
Stevens, the Rev. Marlow Osmond (79), of Oriel-terrace, Weston-super-Mare, formerly curate of Christ Church, Weston-super-Mare (net personalty £41,553)	46,227
Stewart, Mr. Alexander Boyce, of The Mirrie, Denham, Bucks, and of the London Stock Exchange (net personalty nil)	6,340
Taylor, Mr. Charles, of Warwick-lane, E.C., publisher, wholesale bookseller, and exporter (net personalty £23,473)	23,902
Thurgood, Mr. Harry Victor, O.B.E., F.C.A., of Worple-road, Wimbledon, S.W., and of Queen Victoria-street, E.C. (net personalty £12,720)	12,977
Turton, Mr. Alfred, of Copthorne-road, Wolverhampton, solicitor (net personalty £6,798) ..	8,041
Wells, the Rev. Edward, M.A. (76), of Glen Roy, Studland-road, Bournemouth, formerly rector of West Dean, Salisbury (net personalty £7,288)	7,339
Young, Mr. Alexander (80), of St. George's-road, Llandrillo-yn-Rhos, Denbigh, a director of Brookfield, Aitchison and Co., Limited, Manchester (net personalty £24,153)	25,616

GIFTS TO HOSPITALS

FURTHER ALLOCATIONS UNDER MR. BOSHER'S WILL

The late Mr. A. B. Bosher, of Tunbridge Wells, who died in 1926, left the residue of his estate to be divided in equal moieties between the Corporations of the City of London and the City of Sheffield, to be divided at their discretion among such hospitals as were most in need. The bequest to the Corporation of London amounted in all to £81,000, of which £58,900 was distributed two years ago. The balance—£12,101—has now been handed over. The complete amounts allotted to the various hospitals are as follows:—

Guy's, London and St. Thomas's, £7,010 6s. 4d. each; Middlesex, £5,841 18s. 9d.; St. Mary's, £4,673 11s.; St. Bartholomew's, Royal National Orthopaedic, Royal Northern Group, St. George's, University College, and West London, £3,505 3s. 2d. each; Charing Cross, King's College, Metropolitan, Royal Free, and Westminster, £2,336 15s. 5d. each; City of London Hospital for Heart Disease, Lung, East London Hospital for Children, Homeopathic General and N.W. London, London Fever, London Temperance, and Queen's Hospital for Children, £1,168 7s. 9d. each; Belgrave Hospital for Children, East End Mother's Lying-in Home, Elizabeth Garrett Anderson, London Lock, Miller General, Mother's (Salvation Army), Queen Charlotte's Maternity, and St. Paul's, Bedford, £584 3s. 10d. each.

Central London Throat, Nose and Ear, and Chelsea Hospital for Women, £467 7s. 1d. each; Hospital of St. John and Elizabeth, St. John's, Lewisham, and N.E. Hospital for Children, £350 15s. each; Midway Mission and St. Peter's Home, £292 2s. each; British Hospital for Mothers and Babies, Hospital for Sick Children, Paddington, Kensington, Pulham and General, Islington Infant Welfare Wards, Paddington Green Children's, Samaritan Free Hospital for Women, and West End Hospital for Nervous Diseases, £233 15s. 6d. each; Central London Ophthalmic, St. John's Hospital for Diseases of the Skin, and Streatham Babies', £116 18s. 9d. each; and Middlesex Cancer, £500.

HARRODS

5 FASHION DAYS

BEGIN TO-DAY!

EVERY FASHION GARMENT REDUCED

LADIES! This House of Great Buying-Opportunities now offers you the greatest Opportunity of all. For these FIVE DAYS—and Five Days only—you have the unrestricted choice of Harrods entire Fashion Sections—at Prices Genuinely Reduced all round.

ALL ORIGINAL MODELS HALF-PRICE

Original Models from famous Houses including Molyneux, Jean Patou, Cyber, Baroque, Chanel, Louise Boulanger, Augusta Bernard, Germaine Lecomte, Jenny, are marked down to at least HALF-PRICE — many are much less than Half-Price. With Whitsun but a day or two away and many of the Social Events of the Season yet to come, just think what this opportunity means to YOU.

Here are sketched a few examples —but COME—and COME EARLY to choose for yourself.

Every garment bears its original price ticket untouched and a second ticket showing the 5-Day Price Reduction.

Blouses, First Floor

Two-Piece Suits, First Floor

Sports Wear, First Floor

Weathercoats, First Floor

Sports Wear, First Floor

Harrods Ltd. London S.W.1

'PAMELA' Here's a remarkable opportunity to buy a well-tailored Cardigan and Skirt of Wool Crêpe. In Beige, Brown, Navy, and Black. Cardigan sizes: 13½, 14, 14½. Skirt-lengths: 26, 28, 30ins. Usually, each garment, 21/9. *5 Fashion Days Price*, each garment or 30/- complete. **15/-**

'GEFTER' Printed Crêpe-de-Chine and plain-colour Georgette to tone are allied in this fashionable Ensemble. The Coat is tucked and hemstitched and has a tie collar. In Sun Beige, Sea Foam, Tempest, Navy and Black. Small and Average Fittings. Usually 9½ Gns. *5 Fashion Days Price* GNS **7**

'FERMOY' A well-tailored Two-Piece combining a Coat of fine Suiting with a Dress of smaller pattern and lighter weight. The Coat is lined with Crêpe-de-Chine and the Dress is finished at the neck with White Piqué. In Beige and Brown. Small, Average and Large Fittings. Usually 9½ Gns. *5 Fashion Days Price* GNS **7½**

'KATHLEEN' All-Silk Satin Blouse, a copy of a model. The neck and bows are of the reverse side of the Satin. In Ivory, Oyster, Beige, and Pink. Sizes, 13, 13½, 14, & 14½. Usually 39/6. *5 Fashion Days Price* **29/6** Extra size, 35/-

'KELLY' Sleeveless tuck-in Blouse, made of Washing Satin. Most useful for wear with tailored suits. In Ivory, Parchment, Beige, and Apricot. Sizes, 12½, 13, 13½, 14, and 14½. Usually 29/6. *5 Fashion Days Price* **21/9**

'DESMOND' *(Below)* Mackintosh Coat in rubberised superior quality Artificial Silk, with pipings of contrasting colour on collar, cuffs and pockets. In Navy/White, Brown/Beige, Bottle Green/Beige, Black/White. Lengths 40 to 46ins. Usually 55/- *5 Fashion Days Price* **47/6**

Fashion Garments cannot be sent on approval this week, but a visit will well repay even a long journey.

'SELKIRK' Three-Piece Suit of best quality Artificial Silk Locknit, with tuck-in Blouse and fully pleated Skirt. In Sun Beige, Warm Beige, Mimosa, Summer Sky, Navy, and Black/Grey. Average and Full Sizes. Usually 4½ Gns. *5 Fashion Days Price* **70/-**

'SANDIWAY' Three-Piece Suit of Fricse, with tuck-in Blouse of Suede Crêpe. The Cardigan is excellently tailored and the Skirt firmly pleated. In Parchment, Sun Beige, Grey, Sea Foam, and Tempest. Average and Full Fittings. Usually 6 Gns. *5 Fashion Days Price* GNS **4**

'SUZANNNE' Three-Piece Suit in Artificial Silk, with Jumper of contrasting colour. In Melon, Sun Beige, Hazel, Cloud, Pink, Rose Mist, Surf Green, Tempest, Marine, Leaf-mold, and many other shades, also Black/White. Average and Full Sizes. Usually 6½ Gns. *5 Fashion Days Price* GNS **4½**

'SUDBURY' Cardigan and Pullover Ensemble of best quality Alpaca, beautifully light in weight. In a wide selection of colours. Small, Average and Full Sizes. Usually each 35/9. *5 Fashion Days Price* each **25/9**

'SHIPWAY' An easy-fitting All-Wool Cardigan Suit, excellent for sports wear. The Skirt has deep box-pleats, and the well-cut Cardigan is edged with bands of plain material. In Sun Beige, Sea Foam, Valencia Red, Nocturne. Average Fittings. Usually 79/6. *5 Fashion Days Price* **45/-**

HARRODS REFRIGERATOR DEMONSTRATIONS

The Demonstrations by Mrs. Cottington-Taylor and her qualified assistants have aroused so much interest that Harrods have decided to continue them all this week.

Letters to the Editor

ADVERTISING ON THE COUNTRY

A LESSON FROM HOLLAND

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Summer is beginning, or will begin, we suppose, when the north wind goes to its own place; and soon the summer stream of motorists, bicyclists, and pedestrians will be pouring along our roads in every direction. All of them that have eyes will be disgusted at seeing the things they do not want to see: at the things which, in a better governed country, would not be allowed to obtrude their undesired presence on road users at all. There are such countries. I was lately in Holland, and motored from The Hague to Amsterdam, which, I was told, is the most frequented road in Holland. I was struck by the fact that I saw no hoardings at all in the fields except notices of land for sale. I wrote on my return to a Dutch friend to ask him how this blessedness came about. Perhaps you will find room for a few sentences of his reply:—

Indeed Holland is an example in regulation of hoarding horrors, while as we pass your country and other countries we are shocked to see so much spoiled country by this ugliness. Perhaps our hoarding regulations are the only laws here to be proud of, as, just as everywhere, Holland is spoiled by the materialistic motives of house builders and other kinds.

The hoardings are forbidden to be placed in the case that they don't give advertisement of the business of the owner of the land. So never a hoarding can be placed against a certain remuneration to the owner.

There is not a general law to prevent to place a hoarding, but they are forbidden by *provincial* regulations, and nearly all the provinces of Holland took over the regulations, which originate from the province of North Holland. Happily this is already nearly 15 years ago and so people got accustomed to it and it seems quite impossible to me for the present generation that the provincial authorities will give their consent to alter the regulations which exist.

My friend's English is not quite perfect, but his meaning is plain. Every province in Holland forbids all advertisements in rural districts except those which deal with a business carried on on the land on which the advertisement is placed. Can we not follow this excellent example? All but two counties have now made by-laws under the Advertisements Regulation Acts. They are not, and unfortunately cannot legally be, as completely protective as the Dutch regulations, for the Dutch evidently take the sensible view that, on country roads, all hoardings are *ipso facto* disfigurements. But they are very good so far as they go. Will those who have made them take encouragement from this fine resolve of the Dutch, who are clearly determined not to allow the beauty of their country to be ruined by advertisers? We have a fairer natural heritage than they. Surely we have a right to ask of our local authorities that they should, not in some cases as now, but in all, vigorously enforce the by-laws they themselves have made for its protection.

Your obedient servant,
JOHN BAILEY, Hon. Treasurer,
Scapa Society.
71, Eccleston-square, Belgrave-road, S.W.1, May 26.

"WILD-FLOWER DRIVES"

You may be interested to learn that motor-coach companies in Eastbourne are advertising "Wild-Flower Drives"—stopping for half an hour to pick wild flowers." Verily, the locusts are upon the land!—Mr. A. LUCKHURST SCOTT, 7, Wilton-crescent, Wimbledon, S.W.19.

THE WATER BUS

CHANCES OF A PAYING SERVICE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I was glad to see, and heartily support, Mr. A. P. Herbert's further appeal for a small committee of inquiry about the Water Bus, for it would reveal one or two points of the very greatest importance about which the public appear to be in the dark. One is that the Council alone can establish a service efficiently. By a wise provision of Parliament, while the Council have full powers over the piers for their own use, they cannot grant any special privilege to anyone else. The merest novice will see that no private body could possibly keep a proper itinerary if liable to interruption by others at the numerous small piers where there is room for only one boat at a time. This is where the last proposal made by a private company fell over.

Another point is that, contrary to the general belief, a service of boats for London has paid well in the past and to-day will pay much better, properly run. The colossal loss of the Council 1905-1908 was mainly due to their providing 30 steamboats for a service where 15 would have been ample, so that 15 were kept running at huge cost with no compensating revenue at all. The time-table was also open to criticism. When the Moderates came in and sold the steamboats I purchased 14 of them and formed the City Steamboat Company, which ran them very successfully in the self-same trade from October, 1909, to August 3, 1914. They kept a 10 minutes pier-to-pier service Greenwich to Westminster, as well as a service to Kew and Richmond. Incidentally they carried over 40,000 L.C.C. school-children a season to Greenwich and Kew at 1-10th of a penny per mile per head, or a full day's outing for 4d. per head, teachers free. It would have cheered Mr. Lansbury's heart to see 700 children cheering, singing, and waving flags on their passage up and down the river. His little pools and boats could not compete either in cost, numbers, health, or education.

In September, 1914, the Government requisitioned the steamboats and they were never returned, or the service would be running still, and even more successfully. The extra hour of daylight alone is, I estimate, equal to nearly 10 per cent. extra earning power with but very trifling extra cost, and this alone has put quite a different complexion on the question of a water bus service. In addition, the river has been improved and will be further improved. In 1914 the County Hall was not completed and other beautiful buildings not begun. Ere long there will be a glorious embankment from the County Hall to Waterloo Bridge and a gigantic terminus which will need a ferry service to aid its millions of passengers. There is also the increase in population. Becontree, the Council's own new town, has already a population of nearly 100,000, I am told, and the Council should specially give it all means of conveyance it can. To quote from *The Times* of October 15, 1913, "Locomotion exists for the benefit of the public, and in comparison with the public convenience no other consideration has any weight at all."

I shall be happy to place my figures and facts before the committee of inquiry, which I trust will be formed without delay.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
A. W. PICKARD, late Managing Director of the City Steamboat Company, Limited.
White Lodge, Stoney Hill, Esher.

THE DISPUTE IN MALTA

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In an interview granted by the Maltese Minister of Education to *The Times* and published last Friday it is stated that "it is difficult to say when exactly the present trouble in Malta first arose."

The answer appears to me to be quite simple. The trouble began with the appointment of Sir Gerald Strickland (as he then was) to the position of Lieutenant-Governor in Malta and with his unjustified interference with the constitutional liberties of the Maltese, which led to his transfer to the Governorship of the Leeward Islands. Sir Augustus Bartolo must have forgotten that it was he himself who wrote in his paper, the *Malta Chronicle*, in the spring of 1921, that the best thing for Malta would be the "elimination of Sir Gerald Strickland from the political field." Sir Augustus went then so far as even to criticise the assumption by Sir Gerald's party of the name of "Pro-British party," on the ground that it implied the existence in Malta of an anti-British party, which was never the case. Both Lord Plumer and General Sir Walter Congreve, V.C., who as Governors of Malta must have possessed an intimate knowledge of the people, have always asserted the plain and undisputable fact that the "Maltese are all and practically without any exception loyal to the British Crown." I would add, "They are proud of the British connexion." It is therefore a matter for regret that Sir Augustus should attempt, for purely political purposes, to parade—ineffectually, I hope—before the English public the bogy of the annexation of Malta by Italy, which is as mischievous as it is untrue.

For more than a century the Church in Malta has been able to maintain the most cordial relations with the Imperial authorities, and Mr. Amery declared in 1927, after six years of Nationalist administration, that the working of the Constitution in Malta had proved an unqualified success. If the attitude of the Bishops has changed since the advent to power of the present head of the Ministry, this is explained by the fact that the Catholic Church—as, indeed, every other Christian Church—cannot allow itself to be deliberately insulted or deprived of its secular rights, which have always been respected in the past.

As to the constitutional issues raised by the present crisis, the suspension of the elections by Governor's ordinance is, in my view, both illegal and unconstitutional. It is illegal because Maltese statutory and case law establishes that there must be no interference with the different stages of an election once it has been put into motion. It is further unconstitutional because, by the Letters Patent of 1921, the Nominated Council, with the Governor at its head, can only legislate by ordinance on "reserved" matters—namely, matters withheld from the Maltese Parliament and Ministers as being matters "touching the public safety and defence of the Empire and the general interests of our subjects not resident in Malta." The conduct of the elections is a matter placed within the sole control of the Maltese people and entirely excluded from the Nominated Council by the Malta Constitution. The pretext of disorders or danger of possible disorders prejudicial to the safety of Malta is entirely baseless and cannot be supported by any evidence. It is merely a political manœuvre resorted to for the purpose of keeping in power the exponents of a party without Parliament in breach of the fundamental rights of the Maltese people to be governed by their own representatives.

Yours truly,
UGO P. MIFSUD.
35, Lexham-gardens, W.8, May 31.

EDITIONS OF DANTE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In view of the prominence accorded in your columns to-day to a letter from Dr. Paget Toynbee under the heading "First Florentine Edition of Dante," we trust you will permit us to correct the complete misconception to which that letter would give rise in the mind of anyone without special knowledge of books.

The 1481 edition of Dante's works, to which Dr. Toynbee refers, was intended to be illustrated by an imposing series of 19 line engravings executed by Baccio Baldini after designs attributed to Botticelli. Difficulty was, however, experienced in printing these in the spaces originally left for them among the text. An attempt was made to print all but the first two separately and paste them down in the spaces, but this again did not prove satisfactory, and the number of copies which survive containing the full set of 19 engravings is infinitesimally small. It is for these excessively rare *complete* sets, on their occasional appearance in the sale room, that the high prices quoted by Dr. Toynbee are paid. For such a set the £1,800 paid for the Huth copy has long ceased to hold the record. Sir George Holford's copy realized £3,950 here in December, 1927, and a similar copy would no doubt realise the same, or a higher price, if it now came into the market.

Copies, on the other hand, such as Mr. Arthur Kay's, which contain the first two engravings only, are comparatively common. Lord Vernon, at whose sale Mr. Kay's copy was purchased, had no less than three copies, two with two and one with seven of the engravings, which sold in 1918 for £31, £28, and £26 respectively, as against the £130 paid this week.

SOTHEBY AND CO.
34 and 35, New Bond-street, W.1, May 30.

TREATMENT OF CANCER

DEVELOPMENTS AT MOUNT VERNON

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—One adult person in every seven over the age of 40 dies of cancer in this country. Such is the extent of the grip which this disease has obtained upon our national life. We who sign this letter desire to call attention to this grave state of affairs, and also to certain important developments that are now taking place in regard to it. We feel that when the full significance of the cancer menace is realized there will follow a desire to support what we believe to be a scientifically co-ordinated effort to overcome the ravages of the disease.

As a result of the decision of Mount Vernon Hospital at Northwood to place all its resources at the disposal of the medical profession in their task of combating cancer, a great forward movement has been started which may well lead eventually to a solution of the problem. The Mount Vernon Hospital is an institution in which the treatment of tuberculosis was carried on for some 70 years, and it may justly be claimed that its pioneer work in this connexion has been fruitful beyond the expectation of those whose foresight and energy led to its establishment in London in 1860. It is now to deal with the yet greater problem—namely, that of cancer.

Although more than 50,000 adult persons die in this country of cancer every year, there are only 550 beds available for cancer patients in the whole of Great Britain in hospitals devoted wholly or mainly to the treatment of cancer. Already Mount Vernon is the largest of these hospitals. Contrast this number with those provided for tuberculous cases, now some 23,500 beds; and tuberculosis is a disease of decreasing incidence. But, it may be asked, can cancer be prevented, and can it be cured? These are the questions to which we are endeavouring to find answers. They will not be found, however, until many lines of inquiry have been thoroughly explored. This has not yet been done, but the success which has attended similar research into such diseases as, for instance, smallpox and malaria leads us to believe that like results can be obtained by co-ordinated effort along well-directed lines.

It should be emphasized that Mount Vernon Hospital is not, in any sense, a local institution; its sphere of activity is Empire wide and it is now receiving patients from many parts of the kingdom and from the Colonies. Nor is it a home for the dying. The Advisory Committee, which has been specially set up to advise the Council of Management on questions connected with treatment and research, and the medical staff of the hospital include the leading authorities of the day upon the treatment of cancer. Moreover, the hospital has been invited by the National Radium Commission to become the principal post-graduate training centre for the study of radium-therapy, to which medical practitioners from all parts of the country may come for training in this particular work.

The fine modern buildings of the hospital are unencumbered by debt, but it is necessary to augment its resources by the sum of at least £200,000 to enable it to tackle the problem to which it has addressed itself as it should be tackled—with an open mind as to method, with sufficient funds to ensure continuity of effort, without exaggerated expectations of sensational "cures," but in the sure and certain hope of ultimate success.

We have no hesitation, therefore, in asking the public to give generously to this most urgent national cause, since it is not merely charity but life itself that claims their help. We would assure the public, to whom we appeal, that the money subscribed will be devoted, not to discharging old debts but to the actual curative work by extending the accommodation for the treatment of patients, by the building of additional theatres, especially in connexion with radium-therapy, for the equipment of larger laboratories, and for the extension of the nurses' home.

Yours faithfully,
KNOLLYS, Treasurer.
HERBERT MARNHAM, Chairman of the Council.
C. C. McLEOD, Treasurer, Appeal Committee.
THOMAS HORDER, Chairman of Advisory Committee.
The Mount Vernon Hospital Offices, Fitzroy-square, W.1, May 28.

LEADERSHIP

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—An enormous national revolt against the tinsel idealism of Mr. MacDonald, the dull obstinacy of Mr. Snowden, and the ineffective reasonableness of Mr. Thomas will run to waste unless the Conservative Party and its allies can agree, and agree quickly, upon a joint attack under the same banner against the Liberal-Labour combine. To judge by speeches and articles, an agreed policy grows fainter as the revolt grows in volume and intensity. Are these forces to be welded into a mighty effort to save the nation or to be dissipated into futility? Surely the time has come for Mr. Baldwin again to invite a conference to reconsider this most urgent question. Mr. Baldwin himself is too great a man to follow a *non possumus* attitude if by doing so he imperils the common aim.

Might I respectfully suggest that in lieu of the Referendum he should ask for a power on the free vote of the House of Commons to impose food taxes if found necessary to cement an Imperial *Zollverein*, and should ask for a general tariff to be used on the principle of safeguarding special industries? I believe with this modification he would carry an invincible host at the coming General Election.

Yours faithfully,
G. A. SCOTT.
New University Club, May 25.

COAL PRICES IN CANADA

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Last year Mr. J. H. Thomas came to Canada to arrange the sale of British coal, but did not meet with much success. As a Britisher who has lived in Canada for nearly 40 years, I am interested in buying British goods and also in keeping Canada British by the introduction of British stock and a favourable policy towards British migration, &c.; but I am also a householder, and have been buying Welsh coal for a number of years. This morning I have read an advertisement in the *Montreal Gazette* of this date by one of the largest coal merchants in Montreal, and he quotes the following summer prices for coal delivery from the docks direct to the home of the consumer, for next winter:—

Welsh anthracite, per ton of 2,000lb. $16.75 (cobbles).
Scotch anthracite, per ton of 2,000lb., $16.75 (cobbles).
American anthracite (U.S.A.), per ton of 2,000lb., $15.50 (cobbles).

You will note the reason why I buy American coal is that it is sold in Montreal at $1.25 per ton cheaper than British coal; and if the British coal merchants cannot compete with the American and sell their coal at the same price, then they cannot expect to get the trade. I also understand that the coal is sold by the exporter by what is known as the long ton, but is sold in Canada to the consumer by short ton weight.

Yours truly,
E. EVANS.
Box 352, Station H, Montreal, Canada, May 7.

Points from Letters

DIVIDED FREEHOLDS

Mr. Stafford Cripps, K.C., is reported in your issue of May 28 as having informed a Select Committee of the House of Lords that English law did not recognize the freehold of a basement being vested in one owner and the freehold of the first floor being vested in another owner. This statement appears to be incorrect. The Law of Property Act, 1925, section 205, specially defines land as being capable of being divided "vertically, horizontally, or in any other way." I believe that some of the buildings in Lincoln's Inn are held by separate freeholders of each floor, and have been for many years before the Act.—Mr. J. O. STRONG, 61-63, Gracechurch-street, E.C.3.

STAG HUNTING

Mr. Coleridge says that many people were afraid that an attack on stag hunting would injure the finances of the R.S.P.C.A., whereas a comparison of the general income of the society for the year 1929 with the previous year shows an increase from £59,794 in 1928 to £63,643 in 1929. He omits to state that this increase arises from the inclusion in the income account of 1929 of certain items which did not appear in the income account of 1928. These items are:—Received from Rhine Army soldiers' dogs, £475; sales of motor-cars and cycles, £669; prosecution costs recovered, £1,119; rent deduction receipts, £2,047—a total of £4,310. Receipts from annual subscriptions, donations, collections, &c., not only show no increase but show an actual decrease, though only a small one. The figures are:—Annual subscriptions, donations, &c., at head office, 1928, £4,458; 1929, £4,298. Decrease, £160. Annual subscriptions, donations, and dividends received through branches, 1928, £34,804; 1929, £34,205. Decrease, £599.—LORD BANBURY of SOUTHAM, Warneford Place, Highworth, Wilts.

CITY OF LONDON SHRIEVALTY

As the electors for the City of London Shrievalty are resident all over the country, and I find there is a persistent statement, in wide circulation, that I am abandoning, or am contemplating the abandonment, of my candidature, I should be grateful if you would allow me a short space in your columns, as the best means of reaching those concerned, to say that there is absolutely no truth in such statement. I have no intention whatever of retiring from the contest. On the contrary, I have every encouragement to persevere in it, and I intend to do so.—SIR HENRY D. KIMBER, 79, Lombard-street, E.C.3.

LORD DAVIDSON AND ART

In October, 1887, Canon Barnett and Mr. Bolton-King created the Toynbee Travellers' Club, and after a winter's work in studying Italian history, art, and language, some 30 Whitechapel and East London students left England in March, 1888, for a 17 days' cooperative tour. The Archbishop, then Dean of Windsor, was staying in Florence, and among the pleasures of those rich days were his lectures on the pictures and the lives of the artists. He often accompanied our keen and motley crowd when we visited the galleries, and illustrated his opinions before the masterpieces he especially admired. In 1912 my husband, writing to his sister-in-law, said:—"I am glad that at the Academy dinner the Archbishop urged the decoration of public places with things of beauty rather than of wealth. . . . People don't realize how much they are influenced by the unnoticed surroundings."—DAME HENRIETTA BARNETT, 1, South-square, Hampstead Garden Suburb.

PNEUMATIC DRILLS

Is it beyond the wit of engineers to devise some means of silencing the pneumatic road drills, such as a mobile, sound-proof cabin, or alternatively could not the use of these drills be restricted to certain hours? Several of these nerve-destroying agents have been at work under a large office block overlooking Victoria Station for the past 10 days, and the prospect is that they will continue there for months. The aggregate loss of business efficiency must be tremendous. I would suggest that the use of these instruments of torture should be restricted to, say, the hours from 6 to 9 a.m. and 5 to 10 p.m. This would enable the rest of London's population to achieve a reasonable day's work and the necessary amount of sleep.—Mr. LEONARD E. NAYLOR, Silver Birches, Iver, Bucks.

ROBERT LOWE'S EPITAPH

It may perhaps interest your readers to compare Bob Lowe's translation of his epitaph with Mr. Gladstone's. He sent it to my grandfather, Samuel Wilberforce, Bishop of Oxford and later of Winchester, and describes the translation as "my Latin version of my Epitaph to which I hope you will not think that my natural egotism has given too favourable a turn."

Robertus Humilis hic jacet
Qui nobis (mortuus) valde placet.
Amicus minime fidelis,
Amarus hostis et crudelis.
Quaenam conditio sit futura
Ambigitur sed, quaero, dura,
Si coelum scandet iste Pestis,
Vale, comprobis coelestis.
Si apud Infernos jacebit,
Diabolum ejis poenitebit.
Diaboli nos miserebit.

—Mr. JOHN WILBERFORCE, Branlands, Henfield.

CONSERVATIVES AND UNEMPLOYMENT

It is sincerely to be hoped that the leaders of the Conservative Party will not allow themselves to be led into the trap which the Liberals are setting for them, of consenting to treat unemployment as a non-party matter. It sounds, no doubt, plausible and patriotic to speak of this as being an issue of such national importance that all parties should put their heads together in the hope of solving it on non-party lines. But, in reality, no course could be more unpatriotic. We Conservatives believe that the only chance of saving the country from the impending ruin, with which it is so seriously threatened, is to terminate the existing Socialist régime at the earliest possible moment. We believe, too, that our Conservative policy of safeguarding and Empire free trade, as furnishing the only solution of the unemployment trouble, is the most powerful, if not the only, weapon which we possess for the purpose of displacing the present Government. Consequently, to throw away this invaluable weapon would be to betray the vital interests of the nation.—Mr. F. HUGH CAPRON, 3, North-gate, Regent's Park, N.W.8.

THE BATTLE OF LEIPZIG

Lieutenant-Colonel Ogilby does not give the source of his information in suggesting that some troopers of the 20th Light Dragoons under an N.C.O. were present at Leipzig, but, being interested in the question, I have now carefully examined all the pay lists and muster rolls of this regiment from July to the end of December, 1813, as well as a valuable regimental letter-book. From these it is clear that the 20th were stationed at Palermo under Colonel Thomas Hawker, with a few details at Messina and in Egypt, but none in Germany. Sir John Fortescue is correct in saying "the British being represented by a single rocket-battery," this being the 2nd Rocket Troop under Captain Bogue. Your correspondent will find this service fully dealt with in the *Royal Artillery Journal* for January, 1930, in an article by Captain Latham, R.H.A., based partly on my recent researches.—MAJOR EVAN W. H. FYERS, Member of Council, the Society for Army Historical Research, Wellington Club, S.W.1.

MISS JOHNSON'S FLIGHT

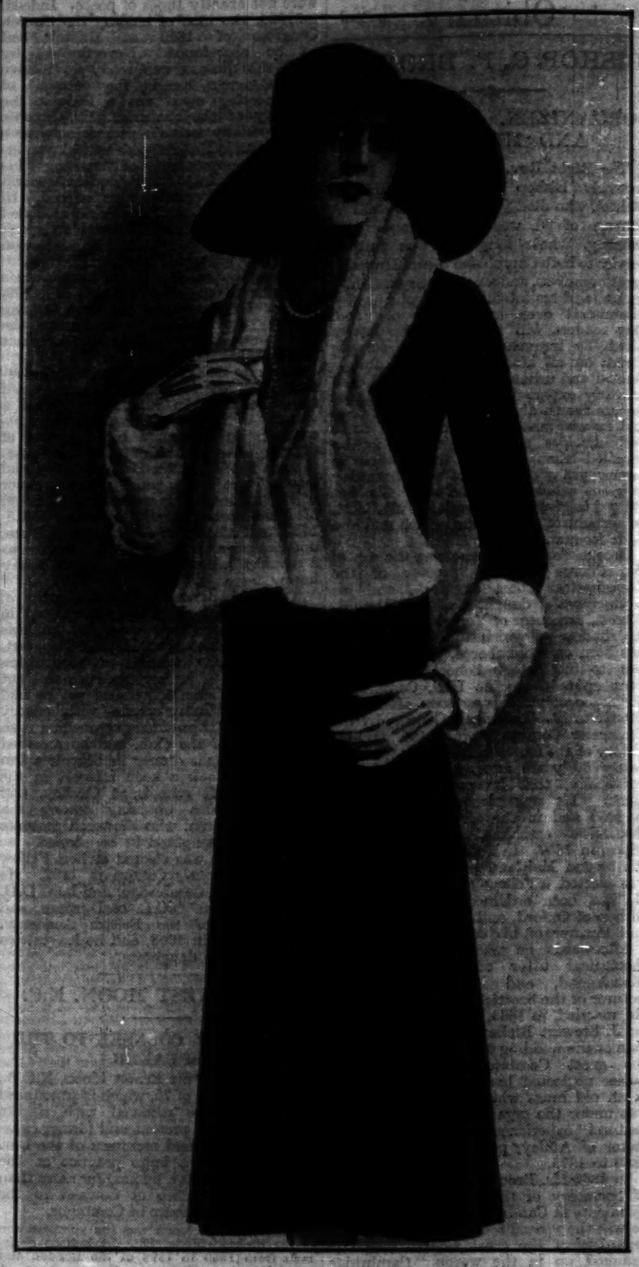
I would like to express my appreciation of Miss Goad's letter. She has just expressed my thoughts and feelings, and I should like to add my thanks to *The Times* for giving us all the necessary facts about Miss Johnson's flight without the unnecessary details and boredom, which tend to lessen instead of adding to our pride in this wonderful young aviator. To overdo a thing is to spoil it.—Mr. L. M. CHADWICK, 21, West Bank, Scarborough.

TALKING TO THE DEAF

Persons of average intelligence can learn the finger alphabet in an hour, so that with a little practice they can converse rapidly with the deaf. Others who combine quick sight with quick brain can soon learn to lip-read. Would it not be possible that the teaching of these two methods should be made compulsory in all schools under State or municipal authority? Half an hour a fortnight would be enough, which would not seriously interfere with the teaching of other subjects of greater urgency.—Mr. WILLIAM MOIR, 11A, 78, Buckinghamgate, S.W.1.

OLD CUSTOMS

About 1890, in a London suburb, I remember being very much frightened by a number of men dressed in blue, their arms bared to the elbows, armed with long, sharp knives and with huge naked choppers in their hands. They were striking the latter, if I remember aright, with pieces of bone. Convinced that I was witnessing a revolution, I watched them attack the florist's shop and take nosegays from the button-hole stand without tendering the necessary penny. I was horrified to see the girl behind the stand actually smile as she helped the men to select the flowers. I hurried home to warn my people to prepare for the worst and was chagrined to hear that it was merely due to the fellows of his craft celebrating the marriage of the local butcher's daughter. My parents seemed well acquainted with the custom, but I have never seen it practised again.—Mr. MERVYN G. PALMER, The Spinney, Addington, Surrey.



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6 table spoons	22/6
6 table forks	22/6
6 dessert forks	19/-
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6 coffee spoons	9/6
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LIGHT OAK CUTLERY TABLE containing 55 pieces of Community Plate, and Cutlery with White Handles and Super Stainless Blades.

6 Table Knives	17/6
6 Dessert Knives	15/6
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6 Table Forks	22/6
6 Dessert Spoons	19/-
6 Dessert Forks	19/-
6 Soup Spoons	25/-
6 Tea Spoons	12/6
6 Gilt Egg Spoons	12/6
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6 Dessert Knives	15/6
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6 Table Forks	22/6
6 Dessert Spoons	19/-
6 Dessert Forks	19/-
6 Tea Spoons	10/6
	£7.11.6

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CHARING CROSS BRIDGE

L.C.C. COMMITTEES' SCHEME

PROPOSED NEW ADVISORY BODY

A solution of the difficulty created when a Select Committee of the House of Commons rejected the scheme for a new Charing Cross Bridge, as presented in the Bill promoted by the London County Council, may be brought nearer if the Council at its meeting to-morrow adopts recommendations made by the Parliamentary and Improvement Committees. The proposals are that no application should be made to Parliament for the recommittal of the rejected Bill, and that an advisory committee representative of all the interests and the professional bodies likely to be interested should be set up for the purpose of preparing and submitting within nine months an agreed scheme for a road bridge and approaches at Charing Cross.

Sir Percy Simmons, the Chairman of the Improvements Committee, is to make a full statement to the Council to-morrow, and he hopes to be able to announce the name of the independent chairman who will preside over the suggested committee. The matter, he said on Saturday, was one of great urgency from a traffic point of view and also from the point of view of Waterloo Bridge, which would not stand for an indefinite period, and was costing for upkeep, together with the temporary bridge, £10,000 a year.

The recommendations imply a recognition that public opinion is hardening in the direction that sooner or later a bridge must be erected at Charing Cross. A decision to explore further possibilities in the hope of reaching agreement is likely to be accepted as the adoption of a public-spirited attitude on the question.

PARLIAMENTARY POSITION

The Parliamentary Committee in a report to the Council state:—

"So far as we can gather, there is not sufficient evidence to suggest that a proposal for the recommittal of the Bill would receive the general approval of the House of Commons. It is pertinent to emphasize the fact that, if recommittal were sought, the Government proposes to leave the matter to a free vote of the House. That is to say, the Government Whips would not be put on, and this has an important bearing on the measure of support likely to be secured. It is therefore impossible to gauge to what extent members on the Government side of the House would support the application.

"If the application were strongly resisted and the resistance equally strongly shown in voting, even if the motion were carried, the Bill would be reintroduced in the worst possible atmosphere. This would not only militate against the success of the Bill itself, but would be likely to react on the Council. It is, we feel sure, not the desire of the Council to provoke controversy in the House of Commons on a matter of Parliamentary procedure. The question of the site proposed for the new railway station was the reason given for the rejection of the Bill. Bearing this in mind, it appears to be of very little use for the Council to submit the same scheme again.

"If a motion for recommittal were made, certain members would undoubtedly raise the question of the absence of analogous precedents for such a course. In our opinion, no evidence exists of such a general desire on the part of the House that the scheme should be reconsidered as would justify us in advising the Council to challenge, by way of a motion for recommittal, the established practice of the House in a way that conflicts with Parliamentary precedents."

AN ADVISORY COMMITTEE

The Improvements Committee recommend "That, subject to the concurrence of the Minister of Transport, an advisory committee be appointed by the Council for the purpose of preparing and submitting to the Council, within nine months, an agreed scheme for a road bridge and approaches at Charing Cross; that it be an instruction to the advisory committee that the estimated net cost of such scheme must not exceed £12,500,000; that the advisory committee be constituted as follows:—

Minister of Transport, 2 representatives; London County Council, 2; Westminster City Council, 1; Lambeth Borough Council, 1; Southern Railway Company, 2; Underground Electric Railways Company, 1; Port of London Authority, 1; Royal Fine Art Commission, 1; Royal Academy, 1; Royal Institute of British Architects, 1; Institution of Civil Engineers, 2; Surveyors' Institution, 1; Town Planning Institute, 1;

that the advisory committee be presided over by an independent chairman to be appointed by the Council; and that the Council reserves its right to increase the membership of the advisory committee."

After expressing regret that the Council's efforts to obtain Parliamentary sanction to the scheme in their Bill have not met with success, the committee state "The Council has now to face the question whether the important project for the provision of a road bridge and approaches at Charing Cross is to be allowed to drop, and, in considering this question, the Council will look to us for assistance. It will be remembered that, in announcing the decision of the Committee of Parliament upon the Council's Bill, the chairman of that Committee (Sir Henry Cautley, Bt., K.C.) reiterated their opinion that the improvement was one which ought to be made and made soon. The Council will also have learned from the Press that public opinion in favour of the improvement is hardening. After reviewing the situation, we have reached the conclusion that, notwithstanding its failure in the present Session of Parliament, the Council would lay itself open to censure if it allowed the matter to drop without making a further effort to secure a Charing Cross Bridge scheme. It is, we think, obvious that the position calls for exceptional action, and experience has shown that any further scheme must have the support of all parties and interests concerned. We feel that the only way to secure this is to refer the whole question to an advisory committee for investigation."

Referring to the proposed committee, they think that it will be truly representative of all the parties and interests concerned in the scheme. "There can be no question," they add, "that there must be a limit to the expenditure on a Charing Cross Bridge scheme, and we accordingly suggest that the reference to the advisory committee should prescribe that the estimated net cost of any agreed scheme must not exceed £12,500,000, which was the estimated net cost of the Council's scheme.

"The question of dealing with Waterloo Bridge is, as we have so often informed the Council, intericocked with that of the provision of a road bridge at Charing Cross. The urgency of the matter is therefore obvious, and, as all the plans and other information dealing with the Charing Cross Bridge question in the possession of the Council and the Minister of Transport will be at the disposal of the advisory committee, we think it not unreasonable that they should be instructed to report within nine months."

THAMES FLOODS

The London County Council at its meeting to-morrow will be recommended by the General Purposes Committee to endorse the following resolutions of the conference on Thames Floods Prevention of representatives of the Council, the Port of London Authority, and the Thames Conservancy, held on May 6, 1930:—

(i) That, in the opinion of the conference, no action on the lines contemplated by the Land Drainage Bill, 1930, for dealing with any part of the drainage area of the river Thames from its source to the sea or of its tributaries, including the Lee and the Roding, should be taken until a full technical inquiry has been made into the questions relating to flood prevention in the tidal portions of the river Thames and its tributaries and comprising those arising from the discharge of upland waters from the Thames and its tributaries, including the Lee and the Roding, and the possible effect thereon of land drainage operations.

(ii) That, in the opinion of the conference, the technical inquiry referred to in the foregoing resolution could most profitably be undertaken after the responsibility for determining the standards necessary for flood prevention works in the whole of the tidal portion of the river Thames (i.e., below Teddington) has been placed upon one single authority, and that the Minister of Health be asked to call a conference of the various authorities concerned to discuss this question.

The Housing Committee report on a resolution referred to them to consider whether it would be practicable or desirable, as an experiment, to regulate the rents on one or more of the Council's estates by a system of rebates based on the size of the tenant's family. The committee state that they are not prepared, under existing conditions, to advise that any such proposal should be applied at present to any estate of the Council.

The Parks and Open Spaces Committee report that the Council in December last decided, subject to contributions from certain local authorities and other bodies, to purchase about 213 acres of land at Lesness, Erith, for the purposes of a public open space. They are now advised that the area proposed to be purchased is 216 acres. The purchase price will be increased from £16,330 to £16,480.

IMPERIAL PRESS CONFERENCE

MEETINGS THIS WEEK

The Fourth Imperial Press Conference, organized by the Empire Press Union, will begin this morning with a preliminary session at Grosvenor House, when the president will be elected. The delegates, numbering nearly 100, are now gathered in London, and were received last night at 18, Carlton House-terrace by Major Astor, M.P., and Lady Violet Astor.

The first of these conferences of proprietors and editors of newspapers drawn from all parts of the Empire was held in Great Britain in 1909, and one of its results was the foundation of the Empire Press Union. Conferences have since been held in Canada in 1920 and Australia in 1925, and an invitation has been received to hold the fifth in South Africa. Thirteen countries of the Empire, including Canada, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, India, and the British West Indies, will be represented at the present conference.

The programme for to-day includes a reception at Guildhall by the Lord Mayor, followed by a dinner given by the Press of the United Kingdom at which Major Astor will preside. At the opening session to-morrow morning the Prime Minister and the Secretary of State for India will give addresses. The delegates will afterwards be entertained at luncheon in Westminster Hall by the Empire Parliamentary Association. The Speaker of the House of Commons is to preside. At 10 p.m. there is to be a reception at Bridgewater House by Lord and Lady Ellesmere, which will be attended by the Prince of Wales. Wednesday is to be given up to "The Derby." The programme warns delegates to "be sure to take raincoats and umbrellas," but as the advice is repeated in respect of other open-air events during the month it is not to be considered as ominous.

There will be further sessions of the conference next Thursday, Friday, and Saturday. On Thursday morning the subject for discussion is "Empire communications for Press purposes," and addresses will be given by the Postmaster-General and Sir Basil Blackett, chairman of Imperial and International Communications, Limited. Mr. Lloyd George is to speak on Friday morning on "The Empire after the War," and on Saturday morning "Newspaper production" will be considered at a technical session.

Social arrangements for the latter part of the week include a visit to Greenwich on Thursday for the unveiling of the statue of General Wolfe by the Marquis de Montcalm and a dinner given by the Canada Club—at which Sir Campbell Stuart will preside—and the Royal Empire Society. On Sunday there is to be a luncheon and an afternoon reception at Hever Castle by Major and Lady Violet Astor.

PROVINCIAL TOURS

Mr. Baldwin is to give an address at the conference session on June 25 on "England after the War." All the sessions except one will be held at Grosvenor House. The exception is that arranged for June 21 in Edinburgh University. The first provincial tour of the delegates begins on June 10, and includes visits to Liverpool, Bradford, Harrogate, Birmingham, and Stratford-on-Avon. There will be a Scottish tour the following week. The King and Queen are to receive the delegates at Buckingham Palace on June 24. Other engagements include a luncheon by the Lord Mayor at the Mansion House, a luncheon by the Rhodes Trustees in Rhodes House, a reception at New College, Oxford, visits to Aldershot, Ascot, and Portsmouth, a reception by the Government at Hampton Court Palace, and a dinner by the Empire Marketing Board. On Sunday, June 29, the delegates will attend service in Westminster Abbey by special invitation of the Dean.

Nearly 200 members of Parliament have sent messages of welcome to the delegates. Lord Hugh Cecil writes: "The journals of the Empire are links to bind it into one. In them all citizens may read the common interests of the whole and the several interests of all parts. The journalists come now to Britain like the blood which carries life throughout the body, returning to the heart. They are welcome as what gives life and thought to the world-wide whole." Mr. G. M. Gillett, Parliamentary Secretary to the Department of Oversea Trade, in his message, says:—"We have a heritage of common interests, and common traditions and common hopes, and any steps which facilitate the interchange of news and opinion between us will strengthen the links which already bind us. As Minister for Oversea Trade I am constantly struck by the extent to which our common interests depend on mutual understanding. To this end I wish every success to your conference."

MEMORIAL DAY AT BROOKWOOD

SERVICE AT AMERICAN SOLDIERS' GRAVES

American Memorial Day was observed yesterday afternoon in the Brookwood Cemetery, near Woking. Many residents of the district joined in the service, which was conducted by the Rev. D. W. Money, vicar of St. John's, Woking. Wreaths were laid by the American Consul; Mr. A. G. Webb, of the Headquarters Staff of the British Legion; Lieutenant-Colonel W. G. Beeman, representing the High Commissioner for Canada; and Mr. Henry Quartermaine, chairman of the Woking Urban District Council. Those present included Major P. W. Evans, United States Assistant Military Attaché, and Mrs. Evans; Commander George Murray, United States Assistant Naval Attaché; Mr. Robert L. Buell, representing the American Ambassador; Mr. Francis E. Powell, chairman of the American Overseas Memorial Day Association (London branch), Mr. Laurence Tweedy (vice-chairman), Mrs. M. P. Davis, Mrs. F. E. Powell, Mrs. Tweedy, and Mr. A. F. Revoir, the American superintendent of the U.S. section of the cemetery.

Mr. C. L. E. Wright, aged 83, one of the six survivors of the London Branch, American Civil War Veterans, placed a wreath at the memorial, and Captain Murphy laid a tribute in the name of the Imperial War Graves Commission. Mr. Francis E. Powell placed a wreath at the foot of the British War Cross, and Mr. Laurence Tweedy laid another at the foot of a maple tree in the Canadian Section. Last Post and the Reveille were sounded by buglers of the Royal Warwickshire Regiment. Several members of the Woking Urban District Council, and representatives of the Woking and the Pirbright and Brookwood branches of the British Legion, were among the large attendance.

OPEN-AIR SUNDAY SERVICES AT NEWLANDS CORNER

Arrangements have been made for the holding of open-air religious services at Newlands Corner, Surrey, on Sundays, June 8, 15, 22, and 29. The services will begin at 5.30 p.m., and will be preceded by community singing. The preachers will be the Bishop of Guildford, Bishop Golding-Bird, the Archdeacon of Surrey, the Rev. Lord Mountmorres, and the Rev. J. C. Banham. It is probable that services will be held later at Hindhead and Frensham.

CONSERVATIVE PARTY AND YOUTH

At Lancaster on Saturday LORD HENRY CAVENDISH-BENTINCK referred to the dissension in the ranks of the Conservative Party and advised Mr. Baldwin to call upon some of the younger members of the party, who, he believed, would lead them to victory. There must, he said, be a concentrated attack on the industrial constituencies. Their first job was to get rid of the Government, which would be a step towards solving the unemployment problem.

ANGLO-BATAVIAN SOCIETY

The Anglo-Batavian Society has arranged for a visit to Holland, starting on June 11, for the special purpose of viewing the works undertaken for the reclaiming of the Zuyder Zee and the newly opened lock at Ymuiden, which ranks as the largest lock in the world. The tour will be under the guidance of Professor J. W. Thierry, of Delft University, who was until recently attached to the Bureau for the Reclaiming of the Zuyder Zee at The Hague.

CHANGES IN HEALTH MINISTRY

The Minister of Health has appointed Mr. R. G. Hetherington, O.B.E., M.Inst.C.E., as Chief Engineering Inspector in the Ministry of Health, in succession to Mr. E. A. Sandford Fawcett, C.B., M.Inst.C.E., who has retired from the public service.

Mr. W. M. Cross, M.Inst.C.E., has been appointed Deputy Chief Engineering Inspector.

RIFLE BRIGADE IN HYDE PARK

INSPECTION BY DUKE OF CONNAUGHT

JUBILEE AS COLONEL-IN-CHIEF

In Hyde Park on Saturday afternoon the Duke of Connaught, Colonel-in-Chief of the Rifle Brigade for the past 50 years, inspected the 2nd Battalion of the regiment (the 1st Battalion is in India) and the three affiliated Territorial battalions, together with some 1,400 ex-Service men.

Although the weather was dull a large crowd encircled the parade ground near Grosvenor Gate. Among the spectators were several members of the Royal Family, including Princess Beatrice, Princess Louise, Duchess of Argyll, Prince and Princess Arthur of Connaught, Lady Patricia Ramsay, Princess Marie Louise, and the Hon. Gerald Lascelles. The Maharajah of Tripura, with three members of his suite, was also present.

The Duke of Connaught, wearing service dress like all the troops on parade, rode on to the ground at 4 o'clock, attended by the two Colonels-Commandant of the Rifle Brigade, Lieutenant-General Sir Reginald Stephens (Director-General of the Territorial Army) and Lieutenant-General Sir Cameron Shute (G.O.C.-in-C., Northern Command). The Royal Standard was broken from the flagstaff and the troops presented arms in the Royal salute. As the veteran Field-Marshal returned their salute it seemed hard to believe that this parade was held in celebration of the jubilee of his becoming their Colonel-in-Chief and that he reached his eightieth birthday a month ago.

Accompanied by Lieutenant-Colonel F. H. Burnell-Nugent, the commander of the parade, the Duke then rode round the line. This was drawn up with the 2nd Battalion, The Rifle Brigade, on the right; on their left, in order, were the London Rifle Brigade, the Tower Hamlets Rifles, and the Artists Rifles, which form respectively the 5th, 17th, and 28th Battalions of the London Regiment. Behind the line of khaki were drawn up the band and detachments of ex-Service men in plain clothes and wearing their medals; almost every war decoration was represented, from the V.C. to the medals for half-forgotten campaigns of last century.

The Colonel-in-Chief returned to the saluting base, halting for a moment to greet Major-General Sir Leopold Swaine, whose service with The Rifle Brigade began even before the Duke of Connaught joined the regiment as a subaltern. Another veteran officer present who enjoyed the same distinction was Colonel Prideaux-Brune.

THE MARCH PAST

The four battalions marched past in column and returned in close column, moving smartly at the quick, short riflemen's pace with arms at the trail. There were no Colours, no fixed bayonets, none of the touches of brighter hue that relieve the drab appearance of other regiments in present-day review order, save here and there a medal ribbon or the shoulder badges of blue and white on which the Artists wore the star sign of the 47th Division. The 2nd Battalion, whose commanding officer was at the head of the whole parade, were led past by Major A. A. Tod, 450 strong. The London Rifle Brigade, under Colonel A. Paley, had 260 men on parade; the Tower Hamlets, under Lieutenant-Colonel R. A. B. P. Watts, had 240; and the Artists, under Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. Ramsbotham, had 250.

Then the old riflemen marched past in fours, the band still playing the regimental march, "I'm ninety-five." Men of every age and class, many of them summoned by a recently broadcast notice of the parade, had gathered to do honour to their Colonel-in-Chief. In every variety of civilian costume, but most of them with regimental badges in their buttonholes and three or four medals on their breasts, they passed before him. Here and there an empty sleeve or a limp, a silver badge or a guiding hand holding that of a blinded man told of sacrifices in the service of the country, and reminded their comrades of the host of riflemen who lie in foreign fields.

The advance in review order brought the inspection, which lasted three-quarters of an hour, to a close. The Regular battalion moved off to Wellington Barracks, where they had tea before returning to Colchester, and the Territorial units dispersed to their headquarters.

Among those who occupied seats in the enclosure were:—

Lieutenant-General Sir Henry Wilson and Major-General Sir Victor Couper (both former Colonels-Commandant of the Rifle Brigade), Lord and Lady Liverpool, Lady Antrim, Colonel Lord Lucan, General Sir Neville Lyttelton, Lieutenant-General Sir John Burnett-Stuart, Major-General Sir Torquhil and Lady Elizabeth Matheson, Major-General C. J. Oldfield (commanding 47th (2nd London) Division), Sir Herbert Creedy, Lady Congreve, Lady Stephens, Sir Malcolm Murray, Major-General Sir Ronald and Lady Lane, Lady Shute, Colonel W. C. Horsley (Hon. Colonel Artists Rifles), Colonel E. W. Nelthorpe (formerly commanding Artists Rifles), and C[illegible] F. H. Tanner (formerly commanding Tower Hamlets Rifles).

NEW WING OF RYDAL SCHOOL

OPENING BY SIR WILLIAM ROBERTSON

Field-Marshal Sir William Robertson formally opened on Saturday the new science and engineering wing of Rydal School, Colwyn Bay. The building cost £30,000, towards which one of the governors, the late Mr. T. R. Ferens, of Hull, gave a donation of £5,000. Another governor, Mr. Henry Hathaway, of Warwick, is lending £5,000 free of interest. Lord and Lady Colwyn were present.

A gold key was presented to SIR WILLIAM ROBERTSON, who, in addressing the 200 boys included in the large gathering, congratulated them upon living in an age which afforded them opportunities never before equalled for scope and attractions. Every day unexpected and far-reaching discoveries were being made in the field of science, which were productive of most startling results. Distance had been annihilated by aeroplanes; the wireless had brought the ends of the earth together; not only was it possible to speak to friends on the other side of the globe, but very soon it would be possible to see them, though perhaps that might be a doubtful blessing. He had visions of the other planets being brought into communication with this earth, if not into nearer contact, and he believed that this was part of the Divine plan. He rejoiced at the universal desire among the nations for friendship and which was nothing but deception and the result of amicable consultations. He foresaw emerging a united states of Europe. In every town and village of Great Britain there had been raised a memorial to those gallant men who had given their all for their country, but the boys he was addressing would notice the significant fact that among all these memorials there was not a single one in honour of a war profiteer.

ENGINEERING AWARDS

The Council of the Institution of Civil Engineers have made the following awards in respect of papers read and discussed at the ordinary meetings during session 1929-1930:—

Telford Gold Medals to Messrs. David Anderson, B.Sc., M.Inst.C.S.(London) and B. B. Haskew, M.Inst.C.E. (Weston-super-Mare).

A Watt Gold Medal to Mr. A. E. L. Chorlton M.Inst.C.E.(London).

Telford Premiums to Mr. W. T. Everall, M.Inst.C.E. (Lahore); Professor E. G. Coker, M.A., D.Sc., F.R.S., M.Inst.C.E.(London); Messrs. G. L. Groves, B.Sc., M.Inst.C.E.(Croydon); R. C. Bristow, M.Inst.C.E. (Cochin); E. T. Ward, M.Inst.C.E.(Sulina, Rumania); Gerald Lacey, B.Sc., Assoc.M.Inst.C.E.(Bombay); R. W. S. Thompson, B.Sc., Assoc.M.Inst.C.E.(Sheffield); and R. F. Hindmarsh, M.Inst.C.E.(Newcastle-on-Tyne).

SOUTH AFRICAN NATIONAL DAY

South African National Day was celebrated in London on Saturday. Cricket and lawn tennis matches were played at Blackheath between teams representing the Union Castle Mail Steamship Company and the office of the High Commissioner of South Africa in London. Lord Kylsant, chairman of the company, presided at a luncheon before the games; and Mr. C. T. te Water, the High Commissioner, took part in the lawn tennis match.

LORD MAYOR'S AIR JOURNEY FROM PARIS

The Lord Mayor of London (Sir William Waterlow) and the Lady Mayoress flew from Paris to Croydon on Saturday in a specially chartered 16-seater Handley Page Rolls Royce air liner of Imperial Airways, the journey taking just under two hours. They left immediately for London to catch the Scotch express for Edinburgh, to attend a civic reception by the Lord Provost.

SERMON ON RACECOURSE

While preparations for the Derby meeting were going on all round, the Bishop of Guildford last night preached on Epsom Racecourse to a congregation numbering about 3,000.

THE SALE ROOM

BREITMEYER COLLECTION

Messrs. Christie are selling towards the end of June and early in July the extensive collection of Old Italian, French, and English furniture, objects of art, tapestry, and pictures by old masters formed by the late Mr. L. Breitmeyer, of 11, Connaught-place and Rushton Hall, Kettering. The furniture, &c., will be sold on June 24, July 2-3, and July 10, and the pictures will be offered on June 27. There will be illustrated catalogues. A number of articles of furniture and decoration came from Lord Grimthorpe's collection, and include many important pieces.

The pictures are for the most part very well known, and include Hoppner's charming portrait of little Miss Papendick in a white muslin mob-cap, Sir Joshua Reynolds's sketch of Mrs. Pazakerley, two important Romney portraits of unidentified ladies, a portrait by Vandyck of Queen Henrietta Maria, a few desirable Dutch, and other pictures. On the same day will be offered some pictures the property of Mrs. Edward Speyer, of Ridgehurst, Shenley, mostly examples of Dutch and Flemish artists, one of the most notable lots being the river scene with a ferry-boat by Hercules Seghers, which was much discussed when it was lent to the Old Masters exhibition at Burlington House in 1908.

FURNITURE AND SILVER

Old English furniture, needlework, musical instruments, &c., totalled £5,918 at Sotheby's on Friday. A fine Chippendale press, enclosed by a pair of carved and panelled doors, with canted corners, mounted on two short and one long drawer with bombé fronts, 56in. wide, 68in. high, sold to Mr. Permain for £1,100. A Hepplewhite mahogany break-front winged bookcase, with glazed doors, fetched £420 (Mallett); another with four glazed lattice doors, the centre part fitted with a secretaire, 106in. wide, 94in. high—£310; a Sheraton pedestal writing table, in mahogany, 61in. wide—£100 (both bought by Williams); a Queen Anne walnut writing arm-chair, the upholstered back and loose seat covered in stamped velvet—£100 (Lynch); a pair of Adam card tables in mahogany, 3ft. wide—£110 (Clifford); a needlework panel, in minute *petit point*, representing Charles I. with a Chamberlain and the Queen with an attendant, before a tent in a landscape, 20in. by 15in.—£135 (Hallett); and a Flemish tapestry panel, of a forest scene, 4ft. by 7ft.—£105 (Coureau).

At Hurcomb's, Piccadilly, on Friday, a Charles II., 1676, plain tankard, 27½oz., sold at 35ls. per oz.—£464 16s. 3d. (Schwerzee); a set of six Queen Anne, 1704, clip-top rat-tail dessert spoons, 5½oz.—£97 12s. 6d.; eight antique three-prong dessert forks, 8½oz., at 191s. per oz.—£81 3s. 6d. (both bought by Comyns); a pair of Queen Anne tapersticks, 4½oz., at 240s. per oz.—£54 (Parkes); a Queen Anne, 1706, plain pint tankard, 16oz., at 152s. 6d. per oz.—£122 (Schwerzee); a pair of George I., 1718, shaped base candlesticks, 22½oz., at 106s. per oz.—£119 4s. 6d. (Tessier); a Queen Anne, 1709, plain coffee-pot, 28½oz., "all at"—£200 (R. Davis); a pair of diamond earrings—£451 (Leighton); and a three-stone diamond ring—£120 (Newcross).

THE CHURCH ASSEMBLY

BUDGET FOR 1931

The summer session of the Church Assembly will be held at Church House, Westminster, on Monday, June 16, at 3 p.m., and on the following days at 10.30 a.m. The Central Board of Finance will recommend the Assembly to authorize the expenditure of £145,078 during the year 1931. This sum includes £50,000 for the Pensions Scheme and £20,000 for the training of new candidates for the ministry.

Mr. Athelstan Riley has given notice to move:—

That the Archbishops and Bishops of England be asked to consider in all its bearings the present situation with regard to divorce, and to issue counsel to the laity as to their social relations with persons divorced by the State Courts and contracting fresh alliances, such persons being (a) professing members of the Church of England, (b) outside the Church's communion, and generally as to the rights and duties of holy matrimony.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Golding, of Plaxtol, near Tonbridge, Kent, who celebrated their diamond wedding yesterday, received a telegram of congratulation from the King and Queen. Of five sons who served in the War two were killed. Mr. Golding was a school manager for 55 years and served on the Wrotham Local Board and Urban Council for 42 years.

MINERS' WELFARE

A MODEL PLAYGROUND IN WALES

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CARDIFF, JUNE 1

A children's model playground, which is part of a miners' welfare scheme, was opened at Llanbradach, Glamorgan, yesterday, by Lord Chelmsford, chairman of the Miners' Welfare Fund.

Less than two years ago the land was just a dreary waste, flanked by a slagheap, so typical of much which industrialization has wrought in South Wales. The art of the landscape gardener has converted it into a paradise for children, with rockeries ablaze with flowers, miniature rocks over which the water tumbles in white cascades to be trapped in a swimming pool of clear water 80 yards long.

Admission to the playground is to be restricted to school children and their parents. It has taken nearly two years to construct at a cost of £2,400. The opening ceremony was an event which almost assumed the importance of a State occasion in the eyes of the mining community of Llanbradach.

With Lord Chelmsford on the platform were Mr. Thomas Richards, acting president of the Miners' Federation of Great Britain; Commander R. T. Coote, adviser to the Miners' Welfare Committee; Mr. Morgan Jones, M.P. for the constituency, and Parliamentary Secretary to the Board of Education; Alderman Hubert Jenkins, chairman of the Glamorgan County Council; and the officials of the Llanbradach Public Welfare Association. The conduct of the meeting was shared by Mr. G. D. Bridge, the general manager of the Cardiff Collieries, Limited, and Mr. D. R. Carlick, a young miner, the president and chairman respectively of the local welfare association.

LORD CHELMSFORD, in declaring the ground open, said that morning he was privileged to visit St. Athan, where 120 collier boys were in camp every week. It was a splendid thing for those boys that they should have organized games, and he hoped the movement would be further developed, because he was certain that nothing was better for the stamina and discipline of boys than that they should learn among themselves how to play the game.

Mr. THOMAS RICHARDS said that the miners and mineowners had been criticized as being the most combatant people in this country, but they were a united family in the matter of welfare schemes.

Mr. MORGAN JONES, M.P., said the historian of the future would designate the miners' welfare schemes as being among the most important influences in transforming the social life and habits of the people of this country.

AMENITIES OF THE KENT COALFIELD

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

DOVER, JUNE 1

A further step in the provision of social amenities in the Kent coalfield was taken yesterday, when Lady Milner opened a new recreation ground at Aylesham, near Snowdown Colliery. The ground, consisting of about 11 acres, set in beautiful surroundings, has been made possible by the Miners' Welfare Fund, which is built up by a levy of 1d. per ton of the output of the collieries. The cost, including pavilion, was £4,050 and sections of the ground are laid out for lawn tennis, a full size bowling green, cricket and football field, an 18-hole putting course, and a children's playing field equipped with swings, chute, ocean waves, and merry-go-rounds.

Mr. JOHN ELKS, secretary of the Kent Mine Workers' Association, of Dover, who presided, said the Kent levy had been allocated for recreation grounds, institutes, and pithead baths at Chislet and Tilmanstone Collieries. It would be maintained by a weekly levy on the men employed at Snowdown Colliery, so that Aylesham people were using a ground that was their own. He paid a tribute to the late Archbishop Lord Davidson, who, he said, had been associated with the late Lord Milner in connexion with a committee set up to do certain things for Kent coalfields.

LADY MILNER, who unlocked the gates, said that four years ago there were only green fields and crops where the present village of Aylesham now stood, and she hoped in another four years it would have doubled in size and be provided with theatres, cinemas, and other amenities.

Fire damaged the coachbuilding department of the London Co-operative Society's depôt at Manor Park, E., early on Saturday.

LORD DAVIDSON

ARCHBISHOP OF YORK'S TRIBUTE

The Archbishop of York devoted his sermon at Bishopthorpe Church yesterday, to a tribute to the late Archbishop Lord Davidson.

He said that the chief memory of Archbishop Davidson for those who knew him best was that of his manifest sincerity and fairness to other points of view, his vast range of knowledge, and his complete freedom from excitement or bias—an association which made his opinion appear to be identical with wisdom itself. He had consummate skill in handling men, and his chief concern was not to secure the success of his own views, but unanimity in the pursuit of the course which the common mind of the Church might choose. In moving to bring parties together he never appealed to, but took for granted, their common loyalty to Christ and His Church. He learned by an almost magical instinct on what point they could be brought to converge, and then, with equal magic, led them on towards it. To Archbishop Davidson all points about which men quarrelled were secondary, and his aim was to let that primary loyalty exert its control over concerns which, however important, were secondary. He did not try to impose his solution. He wished the whole body politic or ecclesiastical to find its own adjustment. No one had ever known the Church of England as he knew it. A friend of his (Dr. Temple's), working at the Foreign Office during the later part of the War, said that Archbishop Davidson had a surer sense of the feeling in foreign countries than anyone in the Foreign Office itself. After the War when the World Alliance of Christian Churches met in Germany to choose a new president the German delegate moved his election, and described him as having the most international understanding of any man alive.

Probably his most courageous action was his intervention in the so-called general strike. He knew he would be accused of weakness; he saw the strike was in itself revolutionary, and intended to be so. He also saw that the vast majority of the strikers had no revolutionary intention. He held that to treat it as revolutionary might turn it into revolution, while to ignore that side would prevent its development. "For myself," said Dr. Temple, "I am persuaded that the peaceful issue of the crisis was largely due to the attitude which the Archbishop then adopted. Whether that be true or not, it is certainly true that only a very brave man could have attempted it. He was a great man, but the greatest thing about him was the complete dedication of all his powers to God and his duty."

The English Church Union has arranged for a Solemn Requiem Mass to be sung at All Saints' Church, Margaret-street, for the repose of the soul of Archbishop Lord Davidson on Wednesday, at 10.30 a.m. Seats in the choir and nave will be reserved for members of the Union, and can be secured by application to the vicarage. Bishops and priests are invited to attend and to robe for the occasion.

The Lower House of the Convocation of Canterbury was represented at Archbishop Davidson's funeral service in Westminster Abbey by the Prolocutor, the Ven. the Hon. K. F. Gibbs, and the two Proprolocutors, Canon A. W. Robinson and Canon E. W. J. Hellins.

ST. KILDA

The ss. Hebrides, of Glasgow, has returned from her first visit of the season to St. Kilda, where she made a satisfactory landing on May 29, and reports all well on the island. The only doctor on board had no requisition made for his services. There is no doubt of the desire of the natives to leave the island, and they are awaiting the arrival of the members of Parliament for Inverness-shire, in order that arrangements may be made to carry out the removal.

DONCASTER PIT DISPUTE

A dispute concerning piece rates, which may ultimately affect 17 Yorkshire collieries, has occurred at the Cadeby Colliery, near Doncaster. The colliery is the property of Amalgamated Yorkshire Collieries, Limited, who also own Maltby, Rossington, Dinnington, and Denaby collieries, employing in all 12,000 men in the Doncaster coalfield. The men have passed resolutions to hand in their notices unless their demands are conceded, but it is expected that a ballot will be recommended. The men's leaders are hopeful of avoiding a strike.

News in Brief

The man who fell over the cliffs at Dover on Friday afternoon has been identified as John Edward King, 23, of Tower-street, Dover.

At Wembley on Saturday Dame Margaret Lloyd George opened the County School Fair which is being held to raise funds for the new sports pavilion.

Charles Cecil, 15, of Cedar-road, Edmonton, died at North Middlesex Hospital on Saturday from burns which he received while burning some rubbish at a factory in Ponders End.

Three men in a car which had been stolen carried away a number of pipes from Messrs. Dunhills, Duke-street, W., early on Saturday, after they had smashed the glass of the window. They abandoned the car in Suffolk-street.

Daniel Bradley, six, who disappeared at Walker while playing on Friday night, was found drowned in the Tyne on Saturday. The body of George Chambers, 13, of Easington Colliery, Co. Durham, was found on the beach near Hawthorn.

A traveller's motor-car containing £200 worth of women's and children's clothing was stolen when left unattended at High-road, Leyton, on Saturday evening. It was found later abandoned, without the clothing, near the railway station.

Dr. Awrie McGavin, who for 30 years has been associated with the Seamen's Hospital, Greenwich, has presented a model made by him of the old-time clipper Cutty Sark. It has been placed in the entrance hall of the Dreadnought Hospital.

Robert Mooney, a Bootle police-constable, was remanded at the local police-court on Saturday on a charge of larceny. Two other Bootle constables are already on remand on a charge of shopbreaking and will appear at the police-court to-morrow.

The dead body of Miss Effie Laura Heard, of Osborne-grove, Taunton, who was staying on a holiday with her sister at Powderham, near Teignmouth, was found on the beach at Spray Point on Saturday. She had apparently fallen into the sea among the rocks.

At a public tea after the opening of new cooperative premises at Kettering on Saturday, Mr. F. O. Roberts, the Minister of Pensions, borrowed a violin from the orchestra and played several items, accompanied at the piano by Mr. A. V. Alexander, First Lord of the Admiralty. Mr. Alexander also sang several songs of Somerset.

NEWS IN ADVERTISEMENTS

The following items are taken from the advertisement columns in this issue of *The Times*, where details will be found:—

The Watch Committee are prepared to receive applications for the position of Chief Constable of the Bristol Police Force. (p. 3)

The Senate of the University of London invite applications for the Graham Scholarship in Pathology. (p. 2)

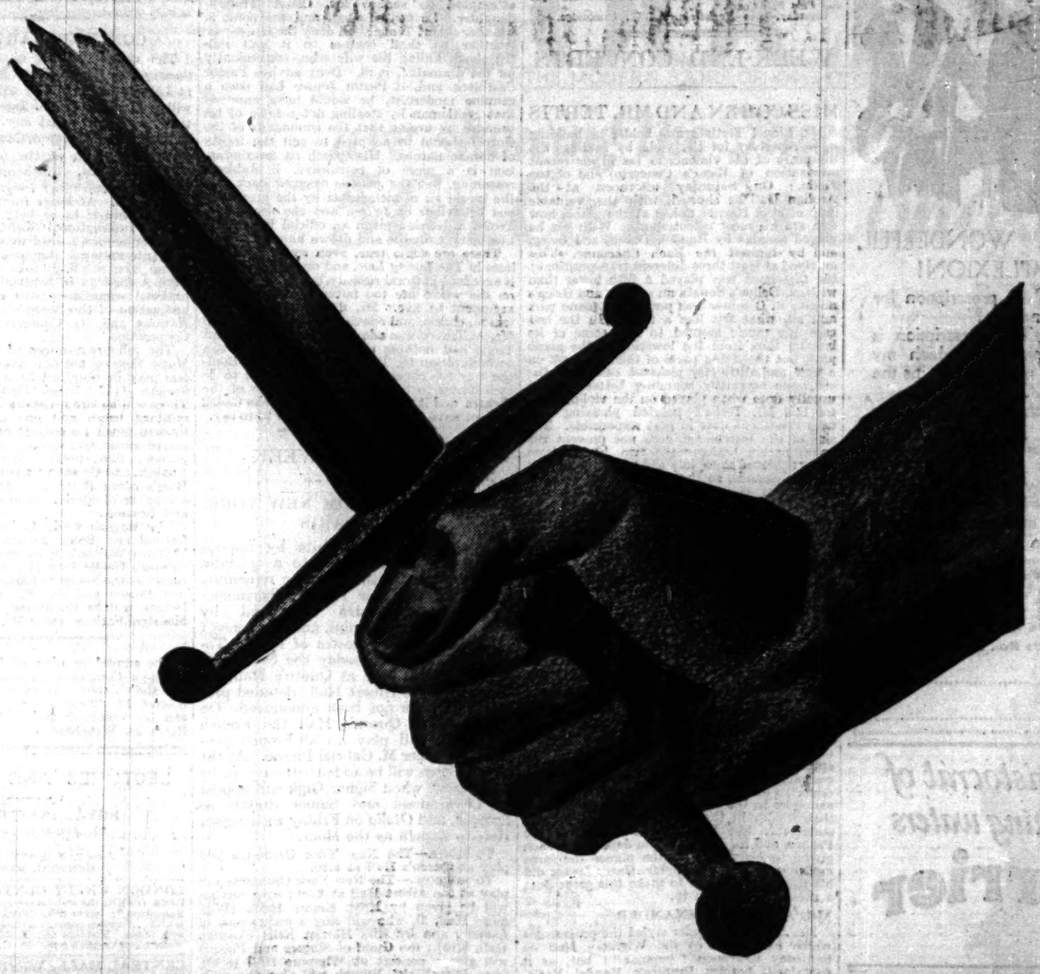
The Executive Committee of the Manchester Steam Users' Association invite applications for the post of chief engineer, made vacant by the death of Dr. Petrie. (p. 3)

The Senate of the University of London announce vacant external examinerships for all examinations above matriculation for 1931. (p. 3)

A large organization requires a photographer with experience in the taking of still pictures of agricultural and horticultural subjects. (p. 3)

AN OLD YORK CHURCH

St. Martin's Church, Micklegate, York, yesterday celebrated the 700th anniversary of the induction of its first incumbent. The Lord Mayor and members of the corporation attended the morning service, at which the Bishop of Whitby preached. At evensong the preacher was the Archbishop of York. Originally there were two churches, but they were united in the reign of Elizabeth—hence the present name of St. Martin-cum-Gregory. The remains of the church of St. Gregory still exist in the cellars of a house higher up Micklegate on the other side of the road. The original church of St. Martin dates from Anglo-Saxon times, and was built of timber. The records show that since the first incumbent was inducted 700 years ago the church has had 50 rectors. Although the parish as it exists to-day has never had a population of more than 400 it has given to public life 28 lord mayors, 25 sheriffs, three county sheriffs, and three members of Parliament.



FIGHTING FOR LIFE • •

Westminster Hospital is fighting for life! Not fighting solely for its own life, but—what is much more important—fighting for the lives of others. For two hundred years and more it has fought death in its wards and disease in its laboratories; it has won many victories; it was amongst the pioneers in the radium treatment of cancer. Always Westminster has challenged its difficulties in a fighting spirit, and to-day it appeals for a fighting spirit from the public, a refusal to recognise the inevitability of disease, a resolute decision to arm the fighting hospitals with every resource of modern science. £50,000 is needed as a Fighting Fund by Westminster Hospital. Here is your opportunity to take part in the struggle. Please give generously, and at once; give much if you can, but *give something*.

Cheques should be made payable to Westminster Hospital, and addressed to the Hon. Treasurers (E. H. Hoare, Esq. and the Hon. Sir William Goschen, K.B.E.), Westminster Hospital, Broad Sanctuary, London, S.W.1.

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.
(Editorial Rooms, London)
NOTE—This space is occupied every day by an article explaining the policies, principles, and customs of this House of Business upon various points of public interest.
SELFRIDGE & CO., LTD.

SCULPTURE IN OUR HANGING GARDENS

By CALLISTHENES

The beauty of the Hanging Gardens which crown our great building has hitherto been the beauty of nature.

The vast pageantry of the Summer sky, white clouds moving in an infinite ocean of blue, the far prospect over the outspread buildings of London to the hills and woods of the Home Counties, the pleasant air, the smooth turf where one may sometimes hear the murmurous sound of a lawn mower, the rose walks with their nesting boxes, the laburnum, the lupin, the scent of lavender and lilac and wallflower, the peace of still waters—these have been the main beauty of our Gardens—and perhaps must always be.

But to it there has now been added the beauty of art. The London Group instead of taking a gallery for its twenty-eighth Exhibition has set its sculptures among our blossoming flowers and sunny paths. Figures in bronze and stone, in marble and lead and wood, decorate arbours, fill alcoves, adorn pedestals by the garden walls.

Precedence of renown must probably be given to the bronze head of Paul Robeson by Jacob Epstein—a superb piece of portraiture and craftsmanship. Most people, too, will be impressed by the large "Group on a Hill," by Maurice Lambert—figures which somehow speak of a still and silent world beyond mortal vision.

But, perhaps, most will find their pleasure rather in the figures of children, squirrels, birds, cats, which come more easily to the comprehension as well as to the purse of the ordinary man. Not every one will at once see beauty in Edna Manley's "Eve"—a seven-foot figure cut from a single trunk of dark mahogany; not every one has the £500 at which the "Group on a Hill" is priced.

There is nothing facile or conventional about the sculpture of the London Group. They pride themselves on being men and women in whom the ferment of new ideas is working—and new ideas in sculpture, as in all art, must create the taste by which they are to be enjoyed. But we are quite sure that the many thousands who will ascend to enjoy our Hanging Gardens during the next three months will find their visit to the beauty of flowers and lawns enriched by seeing there the works of those who set themselves with ardour to express beauty in form.

The Gardens, as always, are free to all who care to come.

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.

WHAT A WONDERFUL COMPLEXION!

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"I have! The prescription is on the dieting list which my Doctor gave me. It contains the remark: No Caffein!"
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"On the contrary, I take more and a better Coffee than I did before. I now drink Caffein-free H.A.G. COFFEE—which I have to thank for more enjoyment and better health."

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Entertainments

THE THEATRES

TWO "HAMLETS"

To-night at adjoining theatres—the Queen's and the Globe—there will be seen two Hamlets, those of Mr. John Gielgud and Mr. Alexander Moissi. At the Globe Theatre Mr. Moissi will appear in a German version of the play, in which he will be supported by Charlotte Schultz, Hedwin Pauly, Wilhelm Diegelmann, Wolfgang Keppler, Rudolf Amend, Johanna Terwin, Lydia Li, Herbert Hubner, and Oscar Ingenohl. The B.B.C. has also taken advantage of Mr. Moissi's presence in London to bring together in a studio two of the finest exponents of dramatic diction, Mr. Moissi and Mr. Henry Ainley, who recently took the chief part in the Command Performance of *Hamlet*. Together they will give a dramatic recital which will be broadcast from the National and London Regional transmitters.

To-morrow night Mr. Neil Grant's three-act comedy *Petticoat Influence* will be produced at the St. Martin's Theatre, in succession to *Honours Easy*, which was withdrawn on Saturday. This theatre, which has a pit but no gallery, is to allot a certain number of second balcony seats, not bookable in advance, at 2s. 4d. each. The play will be produced by Mr. John Hastings Turner, with a cast including Sir Nigel Playfair as Lord Darnaway, Mr. Morton Selten, Mr. Frank Allenby, Mr. Robert Holmes, Miss Jane Millican, and Miss Diana Wynyard, who will play the part she created when the piece was produced by the Repertory Players in March. The scenes are being designed by Mr. Laurence Irving. The first act occurs in a London flat and the others in Lord Darnaway's house in Mayfair.

To-morrow will also see the first production at the Court Theatre of *Bought and Paid For*, an American comedy by Mr. George Broadhurst, which will be presented by the Court Theatre Players, a newly formed organization. The aim of this organization is to produce plays of proved popularity at very low prices, in the hope that they will appeal to those in London who are not inclined to pay heavily for their theatrical entertainment. The plays will begin promptly, and the intervals will be as short as possible, thus rendering it possible to give the plays in full twice nightly. *Bought and Paid For* will be produced by Mr. John Fortescue, who will himself appear in the cast, supported by Mr. Stuart Moir, Miss Marian Victor, Miss Eve Martyn, Mr. Langley Howard, Mr. F. Hunt-Lewis, and Miss Patricia Dysart.

The only other production to be given this week is Sir Arthur Pinero's *The Magistrate*, which is to be the May Week production of the Cambridge University Amateur Dramatic Club from Saturday to June 16. The producer will be Mr. Peter Hannen. The play has not been revived on the regular stage for 38 years, but was presented in musical form as *The Boy*, with Mr. W. H. Berry in the principal part, at the Adelphi Theatre 13 years ago.

The principal contributors to the Palladium programme this week are Mr. Ernie Lotinga, Mr. Will Hay, and Toto the clown. At the Coliseum there will be seen Chefalo the illusionist, Mr. Harry Jolson, Miss Louise Brown, and Mr. S. Barton; and at the Holborn Empire Jack Hylton and his Band and Olson's Sea-Lions.

MISS ANGNA ENTERS

Mr. C. B. Cochran and Mr. Maurice Browne will present Miss Angna Enters, the American *danseuse*, in a series of *matinées* in her episodes and compositions in dance form, at the Queen's Theatre on the following dates:—June 10, 12, 13, 17, 19, 20, 24, 26, and 27. Miss Enters gave a series of dance recitals two years ago at the St. Martin's Theatre. Though this season she will again offer two or three of her old numbers, she will also present many new ones, including *Antique in English Manner—Rosetti, Limited*; *Delsarte*; and *Aphrodisiac—Green Hour*.

Darling, I Love You finished its run at the Gaiety Theatre on Saturday, and it will now be shown in succession at the Lewisham, Streatham, and Golders Green Theatres. The Gaiety will reopen towards the end of June with Mr. Laddie Cliff's new musical production *The Love Race*, written by Mr. Stanley Lupino. In the cast will be Mr. Stanley Lupino, Mr. Laddie Cliff, Miss Connie Emerald, Miss Madge Elliott, and Mr. Cyril Ritchard.

ENGAGEMENTS THIS WEEK

To-night.—*Hamlet*, Globe; *The Plough and the Stars*, Duchess.
To-morrow.—*Petticoat Influence*, St. Martin's; *Bought and Paid For*, Court.
Saturday.—*The Magistrate*, A.D.C., Cambridge.

WEEK-END CONCERTS

MISS COHEN AND MR. TERTIS

Mr. Lionel Tertis grows bolder in building up a repertory for the viola by raiding the literature of the violoncello (as in his recent annexation of Elgar's Concerto) and of the violin. On Saturday afternoon at the Aeolian Hall he showed, with the valuable help of Miss Harriet Cohen at the piano, how rich are his most recent spoils. With her he played sonatas by Handel, Delius, and Grieg, and by himself *the* Bach Chaconne. This involved at least three different transpositions: the Chaconne was played a fifth lower than written, Delius's Sonata an octave, and Grieg's Sonata in C minor was put down, piano part and all, what felt like a third. In the last case the music seemed to lose some of its bracing tang from the lowering of the piano part, but the string parts of them all took on a new and distinctly pleasant colouring, the chaconne especially sounding better than it usually does when played on the violin. But for this Mr. Tertis's pointed phrasing and fiery treatment were in part responsible. The size of the instrument does not prevent the co-ordination between the two hands from being achieved as rapidly and securely as violin music demands, so that the musical value of the recital was very high. Miss Cohen is a sympathetic sonata player, and showed also her delight in pure counterpoint in the little new piano solo of Vaughan Williams, "Hymntune Prelude on Orlando Gibbons's Song 13."

MR. JEAN POUGNET

Mr. Jean Pougnet is a classically-minded violinist and showed again at his recital at Wigmore Hall on Friday night that he is content to let firm outlines and clean technique speak for the music even in a comparatively (for a Frenchman) romantic work like Chausson's "Poème." His classical style is even better suited to Vivaldi's A minor Concerto. But excellent as these things were, they were quite eclipsed by the very fine performance of Mozart's Symphonie Concertante, for which Mr. Pougnet was joined by Mr. Henry Berly, the violist. The work had been studied together and the same bowing was always applied to parallel passages, so that the *ensemble*, or rather the duetting, was perfectly done. For this work is one of the best examples in the whole of music of the beauty that resides in the simple device of parallel statement, like that of the verses of the Psalms, and its interpretation depends on each giving to his version of the phrase the same modelling as the other. Mr. Harry Isaacs did his part at the piano to make this great duet a sheer joy to listen to.

MR. ARTHUR ALEXANDER

Mr. Arthur Alexander styled the programme which he played at the Wigmore Hall on Saturday afternoon "popular"; but, as it contained, besides Brahms's Handel Variations, a group of pieces by Chopin and Beethoven's Sonata in C sharp minor from Opus 27, a Prelude and Fugue in F by Czerny (Opus 400, No. 11), and Schumann's Humoreske (Opus 20), it was not all by any means hackneyed. Czerny's name came to be so closely associated with his technical exercises that the truly creative side of his talent has been forgotten, buried as it is in the vast mass of his output. This Prelude and Fugue were well worth rescuing from oblivion. The Prelude is, perhaps, no more than an effective piece of *bravura*, but the Fugue has solid musical qualities of a high order. Mr. Alexander's performances were generally very uneven. Some things, especially the first movement of Beethoven's Sonata, he played well. But elsewhere he hurried and worried the music in a way that resulted in scamped detail and erratic *tempo*. He has, too, a trick of abruptness, which, instead of punctuating the phrases, disjoints them and so destroys the major rhythms.

MISS ALESIA TAYLOR

Miss Alesia Taylor, who gave a pianoforte recital at the Grotrian Hall on Saturday afternoon, was really too nervous to be able to show her musical capabilities. Brahms's G minor Rhapsody, which came somewhere about the middle of the programme, was played scarcely more correctly than earlier pieces of his and the opening group of Bach. It seemed that Miss Taylor has not sufficient technical control to fall back on. In any case, she should endeavour to make her chord-playing firmer and to develop a more singing quality of tone.

EMBASSY THEATRE

"THE MERCHANT OF VENICE"

Antonio	.. .. ..	H. A. SALISBURY
Bassanio	.. .. ..	FRANK RANDELL
Lorenzo	.. .. ..	EARLE GREY
Gratiano	.. .. ..	CYRIL NASH
Shylock	.. .. ..	GERALD LAWRENCE
Jessica	.. .. ..	MARJORIE LAWRENCE
Portia	.. .. ..	MADGE COMPTON
Nerissa	.. .. ..	JOAN BUCKMASTER
Prince of Morocco	.. ..	DENIS ELLIOT WATSON
Duke of Venice	.. ..	HERBERT ROSE

Probably the most outstanding Shakespearian event of the last quarter of a century has been the recognition of the poet's dramatic craftsmanship. Great acting is the monopoly of no period. But it is impossible to-day to be merciful to any performance of an Elizabethan play that disregards the conventions under which it was constructed.

Mr. Gerald Lawrence's revival of *The Merchant of Venice* at the Embassy Theatre on Saturday night can only be described as "variations on a theme by Shakespeare"; for all the delicate adjustments that make this fairy tale so enchanting even on the hundredth retelling, the interweaving and contrasting of the two stories of Portia's lovers and Shylock's revenge, with their dramatic junction at the Doge's tribunal and the happy moon-drenched epilogue—all these have gone, in the interests, it must be supposed, of the scene-shifters of the Embassy Theatre. For their convenience all that concerns the Shylock story is lumped together in the first act, and a certain amount of the Portia story in the second. A great deal of the text is cut, Aragon has gone, Morocco appears only once; and instead is introduced such business as a flag-seller's attempt to cheer up the traditional depression of the Merchant of Venice and some under-rehearsed buffoonery of Lancelot Gobbo and the gallants getting in each other's way, together with three intervals. If Mr. Lawrence has no sympathy with the single Elizabethan stage set, he can still present the play as Shakespeare designed it without unduly fatiguing the stage hands. Mr. Bridges Adams, Mr. Robert Atkins, Mr. Andrew Leigh have done so. And, incidentally, the backcloth in Act I. even on realistic grounds is unsuitable. Santa Maria della Salute was not built till a century after Shylock's day.

The acting does not atone for the fundamental errors of production. Shylock is, generally speaking, an Elizabethan stage Jew, analogous to the seventeenth-century stage fop, the eighteenth-century stage country bumpkin, the nineteenth-century stage Irishman, and the 1914-1918 stage Prussian officer. Mr. Lawrence makes him at once too genteel and too Gentile. But he does at least allow every line to be heard clearly all over the theatre; here Bassanio and many of the other male characters are signally at fault. Miss Madge Compton is a delightful if slightly restless Portia. Miss Marjorie Lawrence, strikingly lovely in the manner of an Epstein model, endows Jessica oddly enough with some of Antonio's melancholy. In Mr. Saintsbury's hands that often uncertain title-role becomes the clearest-cut and most interesting thing in the play.

GARRICK THEATRE

"THE LIVING LAW"

ADAPTED BY SVEN LANGE FROM THE NOVEL "DEN GAMLE PRAEST," BY JAKOB KNUDSEN. TRANSLATED BY ELSIE M. HALL.

The Anglo-Danish Society, in collaboration with the Lyceum Club Stage Society, presented a four-act play, *The Living Law*, adapted by Sven Lange from the novel "Den Gamle Praest," by Jakob Knudsen, at the Garrick Theatre last night. In the middle of the first act it seemed that the play was to explore the conflict between the orthodox Conservatism of Pastor Castbierg (Mr. Wilfred Shine) and the modern Liberalism of Pastor Jensen (Mr. Guy Pelham Boulton), but, as Pastor Jensen turns out to be a hypocrite, a swindler, and a man ready to make blackmailing money out of his son's murder, the significance of any such conflict evaporates, and the audience is forced back on the note in the programme, which states that the play raises the problem of the "right of the individual to follow the dictates of his conscience even in defiance of public morals and human prescripts." That is a solemn sentence, but in the play the solemnity is given some of the grotesque outlines of melodrama. Count Trolle (Mr. Austin Trevor) kills Magnus Jensen, Pastor Jensen's son, because he had attempted to seduce his, Count Trolle's, daughter. So far, so good, and the point is whether Count Trolle shall deny the murder or whether he shall confess to it and risk the shock killing his wife who, conveniently for the dramatist, is ill. Deny advises Pastor Castbierg, and, if Pastor Jensen had been a genuine modernist, he would have annoyed that gentleman by stealing not a little of his thunder by urging that the commands of the Gospel should be adapted to suit the frailty of human nature. His speech on discrimination is a piece of persuasive, if dubious, reasoning, but the play is dragged back into the turgid air of melodrama by the preposterous behaviour of Jensen and the decision of Trolle, a decision given an official blessing of Castbierg, to bathe and drown himself.

There are some true, even some profound, lines in *The Living Law*, and one scene at least is excellent pastoral comedy, but the characters on the whole are too fettered with plot and argument to live. Mr. Shine, however, gave reason, charm, and conviction to Castbierg and Mr. A. Trevor was admirable so long as Count Trolle had nothing more to worry him than an admiration for Tolstoy. Mr. Pelham Boulton was too conscious that Jensen had to be caricatured to be made even a figure of the theatre, and it was a pity that Miss Jean Cadell did not have more than 50 words or so to say.

MUSIC THIS WEEK

ORCHESTRAS FROM NEW YORK AND PARIS

The succession of visits by famous foreign orchestras comes to a splendid end this week with the three remaining concerts of the New York Philharmonic-Symphony Orchestra conducted by Signor Arturo Toscanini, and the concert of the Colonne Orchestra of Paris. To-night and on Wednesday the New York Orchestra will play at Queen's Hall, to-morrow at the Albert Hall; detailed programmes have not been announced. On Thursday at Queen's Hall the French Orchestra will play an all-French programme under M. Gabriel Pierné. At the Opera *Tosca* will be added to the repertory to-morrow, when Signor Gigli will appear as Cavaradossi and Signor Stabile as Scarpia, and *Otello* on Friday with Signor Renato Zanelli as the Moor.

TO-NIGHT.—The New York Orchestra will play at Queen's Hall at 8.30.

TO-MORROW.—The New York Orchestra will play at the Albert Hall at 8.30; song recitals will be given by Mme. Emmy Heim (Wigmore Hall, 3), who will sing a programme of *Lieder*; and by Miss Harriet Eells (Aeolian Hall, 3.15); the Guild of Singers and Players will give a concert at Wigmore Hall (8.30), when Miss Violet Brough will play the viola d'amore, Mr. Austen Carnegie will sing, and Miss Simlie Guillermos will play the piano. "A dance recital will be given at Rudolf Steiner Hall (8.45) by Miss Joanna Sands.

WEDNESDAY.—The last concert of the New York Orchestra will be at Queen's Hall at 8.30. At a second concert of the Guild of Singers and Players (Wigmore Hall, 8.30) Miss Mary Keel will play the oboe, Miss Patricia Elsley will sing, and Miss Irina Meyrick will play the piano. Mr. Arnold Dolmetsch and his family will give the first of three concerts of old music, performed on the instruments for which it was originally composed, at No. 6, Queen-square, Bloomsbury, at 8. Miss Glady Greene will give a song recital (Wigmore Hall, 8.30).

THURSDAY.—The programme of the Colonne Orchestra (Queen's Hall, 8.30) will include a *Fantaisie Basque* by Gabriel Pierné, the conductor of the orchestra, and works by Lalo, Ibert, Debussy, Ravel, and Dukas. M. Léon Eustratiou will give a piano recital (Grotrian Hall, 3.15), and Mr. Sheridan Russell a violoncello recital (Grotrian Hall, 8.30). Miss Audrey Cook will give a violin recital at which she will play with string orchestral accompaniment concertos by Bach and Vitali (Aeolian Hall, 3.15). Miss Ethel Fenton will give a song recital (Wigmore Hall, 3.30), at which she will be assisted by the Griller String Quartet, who will play with Mme. Korchinska Bax's harp quintet.

The Broadcasting Programmes for to-day and Broadcasting Notes will be found on page 25

SIGNOR TOSCANINI

CONCERT AT ALBERT HALL

English musicians have been awaiting the opportunity of hearing Signor Toscanini in London for many years, and hopes held out from time to time that he might accept an engagement to conduct an orchestra here have remained unfulfilled. The first of the four concerts of the New York Symphony Orchestra, given in the presence of the King and Queen and an audience fairly filling the Albert Hall yesterday afternoon, was an experience worth waiting for and a rich reward for patience. The qualities of the orchestral playing will be better appraised, no doubt, when the orchestra is heard at Queen's Hall, but for the moment the chief point is that the European tour of the New York Orchestra has enabled Signor Toscanini to introduce his art to this country through an instrument perfectly fitted to exhibit it. He has been conducting the New York Symphony Orchestra through some part of its season for the past five years, and during the past winter in which Milan has lost him New York has gained him. The aim of perfection in correlated details which he insisted on in the opera performances of La Scala has been equally pursued with this orchestra, and there could be no question about the absolute finish and clarity of yesterday's performances, a clarity which even the Albert Hall could not obscure, at any rate for long at a time.

The chief work in the first programme was Brahms's second symphony. The majority of the audience must have arrived not knowing what symphony, if any, it was to enjoy, for such is the ineptitude of the management that these concerts are treated like other "international celebrity" shows, and apparently it never occurs to the authorities that given a great conductor and orchestra people can possibly care what music they play. We were lucky to get the Brahms symphony, for it is a work which Signor Toscanini treats in a way quite different from that of most German conductors to-day. There are some who come determined to show us things in the symphony which we have never heard before, and sometimes we wonder why they should want to show us those particular things. If Signor Toscanini shows us new things we realize that they are things which we ought never to have missed. He took the slow movement rather fast, too fast those would say who think that Brahms, being German, must be self-consciously profound. But while it moved easily every strand of melody (and how many there are!) was perfectly poised and its relevance was unmistakable. One had the feeling that here was the music thought of by Brahms relieved of all the cloudiness that others have thought he ought to think, and made eloquent without bombast.

The concert began with Rossini's trivial overture, "Italiana in Algeri," substituted at the last moment apparently for Weber's "Ruler of Spirits" overture announced in the programme. If the change was due to the idea that the concert after the National Anthems of England and America ought to begin with a piece of Italian music, it was a pity not to carry it further and let it begin with a more interesting and representative Italian work. After the interval the overture and Venusberg music from *Tannhäuser* and Beethoven's Leonora III. overture carried on the revelatoris that had begun with Brahms. Most beautiful in Wagner was the almost vocal articulation of the instruments in that long *diminuendo* after the climax of the Venusberg orgies. In Beethoven no point standing out but every point standing in exactly its right place produced a magnificent performance.

THE LIEGE FESTIVAL

CONTEMPORARY MUSIC

The eighth festival of the International Society for Contemporary Music will be held at Liége from August 31 to September 8, and will coincide with the International Exhibition now open in that city. In addition, the International Society of Musicology will hold its first congress at the same time as the I.S.C.M. festival. Furthermore, in the previous week two other congresses will be held in Belgium. At Liége from August 23 to 27 a conference is to be held for the formation of an International Society of Folk Music. This conference is held under the auspices of the International Commission of Folk Art, whose own meetings take place at Antwerp from August 28 to September 7. This international commission was established at the instigation of the Assembly of the League of Nations and its Committee of Intellectual Cooperation.

The full programmes of the Contemporary Music Festival are now available and particulars may be obtained from the British Music Society (117, Great Portland-street, W.1). There will be two orchestral, two chamber, one military band, and one choral concerts of modern music; a concert of sixteenth-century sacred music, two comic operas by Liége composers; five public lectures in French, English, and Kiernan; a performance of Alban Berg's opera *Wozzuk* at Aix-la-Chapelle, and a number of special performances at Antwerp and Brussels.

The English works to be performed at the festival are Bax's sonata for two pianos, William Walton's viola concerto, and Henry Gibson's Gaelic Pipe March. Among the lecturers at the Society of Musicology are M. Van den Bowen and Dr. E. H. Fellowes, whose lecture will be illustrated by the Cambridge Madrigal Society under Mr. Bernhard Ord.

The annual reunion of The Royal Welch Fusiliers Comrades Association will be held at the depôt, Wrexham, on Saturday, August 16. Tickets for the dinner (2s. 6d.) can be obtained from the secretary, The Barracks, Wrexham, or from branches.

LECTURES AND MEETINGS

ROYAL INSTITUTION, 21, Albemarle-street, W.1.

June 2, MONDAY, at 5 p.m., GENERAL MEETING.

LONDON UNITY CENTRE, E. GERALDINE OWEN, the well-known speaker (author of "Self Expression"), gives PRACTICAL talks on ATTAINMENT.—Freedom through understanding. Sundays, 6.30, with music. Mondays and Tuesdays, 3, 5, and 8 p.m. Wednesdays (men), 8 p.m.—78, Lancaster-gate, W.2. Free.

CENTRAL HALL, WESTMINSTER. LECTURE by Mr. C. LEONARD WOOLLEY on RECENT EXCAVATIONS at UR, with Lantern, on Tuesday, June 3rd, at 8.30. Seats 10s., reserved 2s. Box Office, Central Hall, Westminster, S.W.1.

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"ON THE SPOT,
By EDGAR WALLACE.
C

Imperial and Foreign News

THE CANADIAN ELECTIONS

PROSPECTS IN THE EAST

The Parliament at Ottawa dissolved on Friday, and writs were issued for elections on July 28, the earliest day for polling which the law allows. The new Parliament will assemble 40 days after the polling. In the following article our Canadian Correspondent estimates the prospects of the Liberals under Mr. Mackenzie King, the Conservatives under Mr. Bennett, and the Progressives and the Labour Party in the Maritime Provinces and Quebec.

Beginning at the Atlantic seaboard, Nova Scotia is a traditionally Liberal province. In the election of 1904 it gave every seat to the Liberal Party. But the ascendancy of Roman Catholic Quebec in the councils of Liberalism has combined with other factors to work a change in its political temper. At present not only is a Conservative administration in power at Halifax, but the Conservatives hold 11 out of the 14 Federal seats. The Liberals are

attacking most of the seats and believe they will make several gains; they pin their chief hopes on the local popularity of the increases in the iron and steel duties which will undoubtedly tend to restore the fortunes of the iron and steel industries in Cape Breton and Pictou County.

Two Conservative members who sit for divisions which will profit by these tariff changes evidently thought the Budget would be so popular with their constituents that they could not oppose it in the House; so they deserted their party and supported it, hoping thereby to be sure of retaining their seats. But this course has antagonized a number of their own party supporters and has improved the Liberals' prospects for the two seats in Cape Breton. The Liberals hope to capture at least four seats altogether in the province. On the other hand, two of the seats which they hold are by no means secure. Colonel J. L. Ralston, the Minister of National Defence, will have a hard fight at Yarmouth-Shelburne. He has a very strong local candidate against him and will have to contend with the prejudice, common to all Canadian constituencies, in favour of local men as against outsiders, however distinguished and able.

The Conservatives aver that with any luck they will hold their own in Nova Scotia and at the worst lose no more than two seats. If they lose these, they feel confident of repairing the losses in Prince Edward Island, where the Liberals at present hold three out of the four seats, but where Mr. Mackenzie King's Government is said to be unpopular for local reasons.

RACIAL DIVISIONS

In New Brunswick, where at present the Liberals hold five and the Conservatives six seats, there is little room for any change, since the voters divide largely on racial lines. Where English-speaking elements predominate the seats are safely Conservative, and where French people are in a majority the Liberals have a permanent advantage. But three Liberal seats—Northumberland, Victoria-Carleton, and Kent Counties, where the population is mixed—are all good fighting ground, and the Conservatives say they will win two of them.

On the balance, however, neither of the old parties is expected to gain more than two or three seats in the Maritime Provinces.

Next comes the great Liberal stronghold of Quebec, where the Liberals hold 60 out of the 65 seats, and the celebrated Mr. Bourassa, who has of late been a friendly ally, holds another. The four Conservative seats are the high-water mark for Conservative representation since the conscription controversy during the War, which shattered the fabric of the party in the province. The number is made up of three seats in Montreal, where there is an English-speaking majority, and one in the county of Argenteuil, on the north shore of the Ottawa.

Argenteuil is the only division with a French majority which returned a Conservative member in 1926, and this distinction was due to the strong personal power of Sir George Perley, who has sat for the constituency uninterruptedly since 1904, except when he was serving as High Commissioner in London. He will again contest the seat and is not likely to be beaten. Two of the Montreal Conservative seats are quite safe, but the third, St. Lawrence-St. George, will have to be fought for.

A MACEDONIAN CRY

The rest of the Quebec seats present the Conservative managers with a most baffling problem. They have spared no effort since the War to win forgiveness from the French-Canadian voters for the sins of the War years, but time and again, when their hopes of tapping once more the great reservoir of fundamental Conservatism in Canada have been raised high, fate has dashed them to the ground. The appeasement of Quebec was one of the chief motives behind the retirement of Mr. Meighen from the Conservative leadership, and the choice of Mr. Bennett as his successor was partly influenced by the fact that he had been out of Parliament from 1917 to 1921 and had not been involved in the bitterer phases of the conscription controversy. He set about winning Quebec by preaching a full-blooded protectionist gospel, with a special appeal to the fruit and vegetable growers who have suffered severely from American dumping. At one time he seemed to be making good headway. But within the last year the situation in Saskatchewan has darkened the prospects of Conservatism in Quebec.

Dr. Anderson's administration, elected on the wave of anti-Catholic sentiment, has passed some drastic legislation whose avowed object is the elimination of the influence of the Roman Catholic priesthood in the schools of the province. To such extremes does it go that it forbids anybody wearing Roman Catholic religious vestments to set foot in a school. The French-Canadian elements of Saskatchewan have naturally sent up a Macedonian cry for help to their compatriots, and to-day Quebec is ablaze with indignation and the French-Canadian population of Saskatchewan is being limned in the Press and pulpits of the province of Quebec as helpless martyrs groaning under the tyrannical heel of Protestant fanaticism. The Liberals feel that they have here deadly election ammunition and need not worry to discuss other issues.

The Conservative leaders have in consequence virtually decided to abandon two-thirds of the Liberal seats in Quebec as hopeless and to concentrate their energies upon about 15 others, where by reason of local quarrels in the Liberal camp or other causes they have some prospect of success. Their only effective French-Canadian paladin is Mr. Camillien House, the vivacious politician who leads the Conservative Party in the provincial field. His recent re-election as Mayor of Montreal by a huge majority indicates that he has a considerable hold upon the affections of the democracy of the metropolis, and the Conservatives profess to believe that, if he throws himself energetically into the campaign, he may help them to carry two or three seats on the island of Montreal.

CANADIAN PARLIAMENT DISSOLVED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

OTTAWA, JUNE 1

The sixteenth Federal Parliament of Canada was prorogued on Friday night, shortly before 11, by the Governor-General after it had sat all day without intermission and disposed of the necessary business. Immediately after prorogation an Order in Council was passed dissolving Parliament, and a writ has been issued for an election on July 28.

The Speech from the Throne said that Parliament had been dissolved in order to permit Canada to be represented at the Imperial and Economic Conference, and to afford Ministers an opportunity to prepare for the work of these conferences.

On Saturday the Ottawa *Citizen*, the Government organ in the capital, printed an appreciative leading article concerning Mr. Bennett, who, it said, had given the Conservative Party exceptional leadership, elevated the tone of debate, and, while showing himself a resolute opponent, had maintained the amenities of Parliament.

Such members of Parliament as remained in Ottawa to the end have now scattered to their constituencies, and the election campaign will be in full swing this week. It is expected that Mr. Mackenzie King will soon announce some Cabinet changes. Dr. King, Minister of Health, is expected to be given a seat in the Senate, and his place will be taken by Mr. T. D. Pattullo, a former member of the British Columbia Cabinet, who has just been elected leader of the Liberal Party in British Columbia. Some representative from the Maritime Provinces will be appointed Minister of Fisheries.

NEGRO LYNCHED IN OKLAHOMA

MOB'S ATTACK ON GAOL

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, JUNE 1

The second lynching to take place in the south-west during the last three weeks began at Chickasha, Oklahoma, late on Friday night, when a mob of whites stormed the gaol and tried to seize a negro named Henry Argo, who had been brought there on a charge of assaulting a white woman. Argo denied the charge.

The mob battered down the outer doors of the gaol, rushed upstairs, and began a furious attack on the bars of the cell where Argo was confined. Some tried to reach him with crowbars and other weapons, and others tore at the sides of the door, attempting to dislodge it. Argo defended himself with a crowbar which he had wrenched from a white man's hands, and beat off his attackers with thrusts through the bars. All the time he screamed for help from the guards. Then someone fired a revolver, and the bullet struck Argo in the head and wounded him severely.

National Guards, who had been making ineffective efforts to disperse the mob by firing blank cartridges at it, succeeded in conveying Argo to hospital, but the attendants there refused to receive him. The guards thereupon brought him back to the gaol and left him lying unconscious in an upper room.

Some whites were still wandering about the gaol, although the mob had dispersed under the impression that Argo was dead. One of those left behind was the husband of the woman alleged to have been assaulted. He went into the room where the wounded negro was lying unconscious, drew a knife and stabbed him through the chest. When arrested he said he was glad he had done it. Argo was wrapped in a blanket and taken to a hospital in Oklahoma City, where he died almost immediately.

CHURCH AND STATE IN MALTA

ARCHBISHOP'S ATTACK ON LORD STRICKLAND

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

MALTA, JUNE 1

On three occasions during the past week at religious ceremonies in the Cathedral and other churches Archbishop Caruana, Bishop of Malta, has dealt at length with the present political situation and condemned Lord Strickland, the Head of the Ministry.

His Grace said that the Bishops had been accused of inventing a mortal sin by forbidding the faithful to vote for Lord Strickland, but if you were to give a knife to a murderer or a ladder to a thief, would you not equally be committing mortal sin with that murderer or thief? Those who voted for Lord Strickland were in the same position. Lord Strickland was guilty of all the trouble between Church and State, and was author of the statement that there was a party in Malta desiring a change of flag and that the Maltese Bishops were the servants of Italy. Lord Strickland, as the cause of this trouble and author of these statements, was England's enemy. It was not in England's interest to quarrel with the Pope owing to the presence of millions of Catholics in her Empire.

The Nationalist newspapers give great prominence to reports of these addresses; but the Constitutional Press is silent, in accordance with its decision not to print anything which might be considered offensive to the ecclesiastical authorities.

EX-SOLDIERS' GIFT TO MISS JOHNSON

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS)

BRISBANE, MAY 31

A flying cap bearing the Australian Rising Sun badge which saw service in the Palestine campaign, and a pair of goggles, were presented to Miss Johnson by 50 war-scarred "diggers" in Rosemount Military Hospital.

"Wear the Rising Sun and feel that it makes you one of us. No 'digger' was ever more qualified to wear it," said a legless Australian, and added:—"We feel that anything our women folk do for you will only repay what the women of good old Blighty did for us."

SYDNEY, JUNE 1

Miss Johnson's aeroplane cannot be repaired in time to allow her to fly to Sydney, and she will therefore travel as a passenger by the National Airways Service.

FRENCH POLICY OF SECURITY

M. TARDIEU'S REVIEW

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JUNE 1

M. Tardieu, the Prime Minister, was the guest of the municipality of Dijon at a luncheon there to-day. Afterwards, replying to a toast, he delivered a speech which constituted the customary review of the Government's activities on the eve of the new Session of the Chamber (which begins on Tuesday) and an outline of the proposed legislation.

It was, M. Tardieu declared, neither by his own desire nor by that of his colleagues that he had taken office, but rather by the force of circumstances. The Government had been animated by the conviction that it must accomplish two things: it must complete the heavy but unfinished task of liquidation, and it must devote its thought and energy to reform. For the accomplishment of this work he had desired to group round him men of all shades of Republican convictions, and had, therefore, made overtures to all the parties not associated with revolution or internationalism.

Like his predecessors, M. Poincaré and M. Briand, he had, however, received a refusal from the Socialist-Radicals. The Government had carried nine out of the 11 important measures in its programmes either by a unanimous vote of the Chamber or by a majority of at least three-quarters of the total. Before that had been achieved, on every possible occasion, the Socialist-Radicals had fought him clause by clause without mercy and with a bitterness which, had it been successful, would have overthrown not merely the Government but the entire work. The Socialist-Radicals were where they were because they chose to be. If they wished to change their position, it was for them to reveal the fact by their attitude in Parliament and by their votes. Parliamentary concentration had already been achieved, and it was only a question whether its basis should be widened.

Dealing with the other elements of the Opposition, M. Tardieu referred to the disintegration of the Communist Party in France, which he ascribed to the silent but firm policy of the Government. That party was no longer in a position to disturb the peace or interfere with public liberty. It now appeared to have transferred its activities from the capital to the Colonies, where it would encounter resistance no less firm. It was, however, notorious that the Socialists had benefited from the decomposition of the Communist Party. In the by-elections they had won against the Socialist-Radicals some of their representatives had thought fit to express themselves in terms taken from the Communist vocabulary. Let it be clearly understood that if the Second [Amsterdam] International translated those words into action in imitation of the Third [Moscow] it would find itself facing a Government animated by the same determination to preserve social peace and public order.

FOREIGN POLICY

Having delivered this warning to the Socialists, M. Tardieu turned to questions of foreign policy, the general principles of which, he said, were not in debate. They had been laid down and followed by a series of Governments. One of the ends sought was a financial liquidation of the War by obtaining definitive guarantees for the payments due. Another was the political liquidation, by which he meant financial arrangements that could be substituted for the diminishing guarantees of military occupation. As the result of the negotiations which had led to The Hague Agreements more than 2,500,000,000 francs [£20,000,000] would accrue to the French Treasury from the first issue of the Young Plan Loan, and Germany's credit had become bound up with the payment of the War debts. Thus, when on June 30 the Third Rhineland Zone came to be evacuated, with proper dignity, without undue haste, but also without delays, in accordance with the military plan drawn up two months ago, the Young Plan would be in force not merely *de jure* but *de facto*, and the financial guarantees which had not existed when he took over the Government would be capable of executory application.

By means of these results the work of peace carried on by M. Briand in six successive Governments had been assured of its continuity. Passionately attached though the Government was to the success of this work, it had neglected nothing in respect of the security of France. International organization of peace was, in fact, of value only in so far as it united strong nations to take part in the defence of their common security in the measure in which they had hitherto defended their own. Hence, the Government's policy of national defence, which had included the reorganization of the conditions of military service, a credit of 3,000,000,000f. [£24,000,000] for frontier defences, the complete reprovisioning of the stores depleted in the Rifi and Syrian campaigns, and a policy of firmness at the London Naval Conference, whereby France could be associated with the measures of general interest without a reduction of the tonnage necessary to her requirements or an extension of the unjust figures adopted at Washington in 1922. These results had been criticized, but France to-day was in a position which rendered nervousness and bragging equally unnecessary. To-day, as before the War, they desired a balanced and organized peace, but were also determined to remain masters of their own destiny should unexpected obstacles arise.

In conclusion, M. Tardieu referred to the changed conditions in which the Government of a modern State was compelled to work. In both the political and the economic spheres it was now obliged to take the initiative in matters which had been wholly outside its province before the War. The modern democratic State must, above all, be strong, the more so since the trade unions or associations had come to be regarded as the surest instrument for preferring individual demands. The State was thus faced with a system of oligarchies, and under their influence both the Legislature and the Executive were being steadily weakened, Parliament neglected its primary function, which was to control expenditure, and the State tended to become a sort of Providence. He appealed for a further stand against this type of pressure, as organized labour in France—apart from State employees, railwaymen, and miners—represented less than 10 per cent. of the employees.

"THE VIRTUE OF HATRED"

AN ITALIAN CONCEPTION

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MILAN, JUNE 1

Professor Bodrero, Vice-President of the Chamber of Deputies, and late Under-Secretary of State for Education, speaking recently in Padua to an assembly of students, said that they must possess "a great stimulating virtue," which must be "the flame of their youth," and that such virtue is named "hatred." Quoting a story of the sixteenth century, he gave them the advice of the Duke of Ferrara: they must hate their allies as well, because "all are enemies." If this be the Fascist gospel, one understands why so little notice was taken in Italy of M. Briand's plan for the United States of Europe.

Signor Arnaldo Mussolini has now devoted three articles to the subject. The first two contained vague and theoretical criticism; but in the third, which appeared in this morning's *Popolo d'Italia*, Signor Arnaldo Mussolini writes that:—"A European solidarity is desirable," particularly in view of the menace of the coloured races, of the ascendancy of the United States, and of Bolshevism, but that this solidarity to be effective must not be sought for only in the economic field. According to Signor Arnaldo Mussolini a European Federation could only rest on the following points:—

(1) Revision of all the peace treaties; (2) parity of armaments; (3) equitable division of colonies and raw material; (4) elimination of the secret influence in the internal policy of the various nations (with regard to this point the writer explains that all States must surrender the right of asylum for political refugees); (5) establishment of the principle of authority and of hierarchic order; (6) a general Customs and economic duty.

Signor Arnaldo Mussolini admits that this is "a Utopian scheme in the Europe of to-day." But, of course, one must always have faith in the morrow.

In conformity with an Act passed by the Grand National Assembly in April, the Galata Bridge tolls were abolished on Saturday, and the new municipal taxes on the land and water transport systems in CONSTANTINOPLE came into force yesterday.

THE WAR IN CHINA

NANKING'S HEAVY TASK

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

SHANGHAI, JUNE 1

The Nanking Government still claims that the military situation is favourable to the National Forces, and reports that preparations are being made for a general attack on Chengchow. Independent information confirms previous reports that during the advance of the Nationalist Forces from Kweiteh towards Lanfeng there were many thousands of casualties, and that the movement was checked.

Apparently there has been no general engagement between the principal forces, but detachments of Feng Yu-hsiang's

troops caused much confusion by making night attacks with the bayonet. The air operations are stated to have been disappointing, for, though they were productive of numerous casualties among civilians, little military damage was done.

Neither tanks nor poison gas appear as yet to have been used. It is assumed that both the main armies are still intact, but, whereas a walkover was officially predicted, a determined enemy has been encountered.

Shansi forces, advancing from the North, were, according to trustworthy reports, within 30 miles of Tsinanfu [capital of Shantung] on Friday, and there is reason to believe that the Government is uncertain whether it will be able to hold Shantung.

Unfavourable developments are threatening south of the Yangtze. Though the war in Kwangsi is stated to have ended with the dispersal of all opposition, it is being continued elsewhere by the invasion of Hunan by the "Ironsides" and Kwangsi armies, which are marching towards Hankow with the object of co-operating with the Northern movement. The Government forces are hastily putting Hankow in a state of defence.

The menace from the South would have less importance were it not for the recent development of the Communist movement in Kiangsi and Hupeh, with which the local authorities appear to be totally unable to cope. Out of 84 *hsien* [magisterial districts] in Kiangsi, four are reported to be under official control, 34 controlled by Communists, and the balance overrun by brigands. The condition of Hupeh is little better, and the "Red" armies and their friendly rivals, the brigands, are playing havoc in both provinces.

A decisive victory by the Government forces against the North would, of course, relieve the pressure all round, and enable the Government to guard against the irruption from the South through Hunan and to take repressive measures against the "Red" armies, which naturally are poorly equipped and without any resources. A long struggle with the North, on the other hand, will give endless opportunity to the "Red" armies to establish themselves on a self-supporting basis.

The Government still has much faith in aeroplanes, and next week it will obtain delivery from America of 10 long-range Douglas bombers. Last week it contracted for 20 more Corsair bombers, delivery to be made as quickly as possible.

THE BALTIC MARITIME CONFERENCE

RESTRICTIONS ON TRADE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

COPENHAGEN, MAY 31

The Baltic and International Maritime Conference ended yesterday after the passing of a number of resolutions.

The first resolution, proposed by M. Johan Hansen, laid emphasis on the necessity of liberating international trade from all artificial restrictions, and urged in this connexion that support should be given to the work of the League of Nations. A second resolution, on the effect of shipping dues and indirect taxation, was proposed by Mr. Dawson. In the course of discussion on this resolution complaint was made of the excessive dues in the harbours of Denmark and Finland. A resolution proposed by Mr. Gillespie, to the effect that the cost of collecting dues and Customs should not devolve on the vessel, and asking that the conference should begin negotiations on this point, was carried without debate. A heated discussion was provoked by the resolution relating to Government support of shipowners, most speakers maintaining that free competition was the healthiest state.

After some discussion with regard to the management of the conference, Mr. Souter was re-elected president, and it was resolved that the next meeting should be held in Italy.

THE MELUN BULLFIGHT

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JUNE 1

The Mayor of Melun has notified the prefect of the Seine-et-Marne that he intends to resign his functions as chief magistrate of the city for 48 hours. He declares that he refuses to be responsible for suppressing any incidents which may arise as a result of the Minister of the Interior's edicts forbidding bullfights in the department.

The population of Melun is still indignant at what it considers to be the illegal suppression of the city's rights. A mass meeting of protest was held there this afternoon. Several thousand people having assembled they went in procession through the town, at their head an effigy of Mme. du Gast, who has taken a leading part in the protests against the bull fights; behind the effigy came a cow followed by "picadors" mounted on asses. Outside the prefecture shouts of "Death!" were raised and the effigy was burnt. Later a petition against the veto was presented to the Prefect.

ANTWERP-LIÉGE CANAL

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BRUSSELS, JUNE 1

In the presence of Ministers and members of Parliament King Albert yesterday set working at Lanaye, near Maestricht, the steam-shovel which is to be used for excavating the bed of the new Antwerp-Liége Canal. The canal is to be called the Albert Canal.

The canal, King Albert said, was one of the biggest works undertaken since 1830, the year of Belgian independence. It would contribute to the prosperity of Antwerp as well as to that of the principal industrial region of Belgium, and by providing cheap direct transport would supply one of the greatest needs of a country which had to export the greater part of its products.

Cardinal van Roey, Archbishop of Malines, then blessed the canal. The King afterwards made a tour by motor-car of the places where work has already begun.

LIBEL ON PRESIDENT HINDENBURG

GERMAN FASCIST FINED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, JUNE 1

Dr. Joseph Goebbels, one of the most energetic National-Socialist (Fascist) leaders in Berlin, was sentenced yesterday to a fine of 800 marks [£40], or a day's detention for every 20 marks not paid, for a libel on President von Hindenburg at the time of the signature of the Young Plan laws. The Court ordered the seizure of the issue of the National-Socialist newspaper *Der Angriff*, in which the libel appeared, and the publication of the sentence in a number of prominent Berlin newspapers.

The article and cartoon in respect of which the President's suit was brought were published in *Der Angriff* of December 29, under the general headline: "Is the President still alive?" The cartoon depicted President von Hindenburg as a Teutonic god, seated on a throne and looking down indifferently at the German nation in chains.

Dr. Goebbels, whose Parliamentary immunity as a member of the Reichstag had been raised to allow of his being prosecuted, was represented by Count von der Goltz, a lawyer who has frequently defended extreme Nationalists in "Black Reichswehr" cases. Dr. Goebbels contended that he had only expressed the thoughts of millions of those who had voted for Field-Marshal von Hindenburg. The question was not his authority as a Field-Marshal and a human personality, but his authority as a politician. The sentence "This time, too, Hindenburg will do what his Jewish-Marxist advisers whisper in his ear" was not a libel; it accorded with the fact that in the matter of the Young Plan Hindenburg had adopted the democratic view.

When the Public Prosecutor in strong terms demanded a sentence of nine months' imprisonment, there was some commotion among the many National Socialists who had pushed their way into the overcrowded Court. Outside the police had difficulty in keeping a further crowd under control.

The Court found that there was nothing strictly libellous either in the article or the headlines, and that the cartoon was not generally libellous in tendency. One feature of the cartoon, however, which showed the President leaning on the Jewish Press, the Court considered to have been deliberately intended as a libel from the defendant's standpoint, in view of the outlook of the readers of the *Angriff*, and one suggesting that the President had not fulfilled his duty to serve the German nation as a whole.

It was on this point that the Court passed its sentence. As the defendant had acted from conviction, the sentence, it said, must not be one of imprisonment. But, in view of the personality of the President, the fine must be a large one.

SWEDISH GOVERNMENT DEFEATED

INCREASE IN GRAIN DUTIES REFUSED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

STOCKHOLM, JUNE 1

After a two days' debate the Government was defeated in Parliament last night on its proposals for an increase in the grain duties. Parliament had previously accepted the clause of the Bill rendering compulsory the milling together of Swedish and imported grain.

The Government was defeated by 22 votes in the First Chamber and by 37 votes in the Second. As the Prime Minister last week intimated that the Government could not accept the compulsory grinding clause without an increase in duty, it will be compelled to resign. It is expected that the resignation will be decided on at a meeting of the Cabinet to-morrow. In that event, it is understood, M. Ekman, the Liberal leader, would be asked to form a new Ministry.

ITALIAN BUDGET

ADVERSE FACTORS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

ROME, JUNE 1

The Budget speech delivered yesterday before the Chamber by Signor Mosconi, the Minister of Finance, showed clearly that Italy is also suffering from the universal depression, and that in the words of Signor Mussolini, the economic Gordian Knot has not yet been cut. Signor Mosconi's speech was, therefore, on the whole somewhat subdued, though he took care at the outset to point out that the position of Italy might be considered in relation to the general situation existing throughout the world, and, from this standpoint, was able to assure his hearers that there were several features by no means unsatisfactory.

For example, speaking of the trade balance, he pointed out that unemployment in Italy was far less serious than elsewhere, particularly when account was taken of the increase in population, the decreased flow of emigration, and the present transitory phase in the adaptation of the national economy to the stabilization of the lira, and to the rationalization of industry and agriculture. Signor Mosconi also referred with satisfaction to the steadiness of the lira. Finally, he gave as a reassuring symptom the proportion between the gold reserves and the paper currency, which was now 66 per cent. in respect of notes in circulation and 59 per cent. in respect of debts payable at sight.

Turning to the Budget for the current year, 1929-30, Signor Mosconi recalled that the estimates had foreseen a balance of 258,000,000 lire. Owing, however, to various circumstances there had been a deficit which at the end of April had amounted to 235,000,000 lire (about £2,525,000). For the coming year, 1930-31, he budgeted for an income of 19,918,000,000 lire (£214,172,000), giving in all a surplus of 5,000,000 lire (£53,700). Among the principal items of expenditure were 2,717,000,000 lire (about £29,200,000) for military institutions; 4,900,000,000 lire (about £52,600,000) for the service and sinking fund of the debt; 5,122,000,000 lire (about £55,000,000) in salaries for civilian and military *personnel* and for elementary school teachers; and 3,658,000,000 lire (about £38,600,000) for all the vast civil machinery devoted to the administration of justice, education, health, public works, civil aviation, subsidies to the mercantile marine and railways and land reclamation. Such an estimate, Signor Mosconi declared, was the absolute minimum.

The Minister added that they might be called to make further sacrifices for the defence of their country. "If," he said, "notwithstanding the repeated and hitherto inconclusive disarmament conferences and notwithstanding our sincere and concrete desire of peace, our military preparations should be found, at a given moment which the Duce alone can by his wise vision indicate, to be inadequate in view of the growing armaments of others, and should they for this reason require increased expenditure, then in that event not only will the Minister of Finance, obedient to the categorical affirmative of his conscience, declare 'I am ready,' but also all of you, my comrades, as also the whole of the Italian people here represented, will enthusiastically give the same reply."

Signor Mosconi's speech has not given universal satisfaction. It is recognized that his task is exceedingly difficult, but the criticism is made that more revenue might be raised by taxation on movable property and on luxuries.

TRINIDAD SUGAR

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

TRINIDAD, MAY 31

The Legislative Council yesterday decided to grant an advance of £2 a ton on sugar exported this year. The advance will be made on a 15-year basis, without interest unless the f.o.b. price is more than £15. It will be a first charge on properties after existing mortgages.

Money for the advance will be raised in part by quadrupling the taxes on refined sugar, making the preferential tax 2d. and the general tax 4d.

Telegrams in Brief

A CAPE TOWN telegram says that the Union Parliament was prorogued on Saturday.

The Grand National Assembly in ANGORA has ratified the Turco-British Commercial Treaty.

The British municipal delegations left PARIS on Saturday to visit the places of their adoption in the devastated areas.

A Reuter telegram from Long Beach, LONG ISLAND, says:—The German War ace Kurt Stollwerck crashed into the sea while flying here yesterday and was drowned.

Count Albert Apponyi has been overwhelmed with congratulations on the occasion of his 84th birthday. Count Apponyi has been a member of the HUNGARIAN Parliament for 54 years.

Shukry Kaya Bey, Turkish Minister of the Interior, opened the eighth annual Congress of the International Touring Alliance on Saturday in the former Throne Room of the Dolma Bagtche Palace at CONSTANTINOPLE.

The locum tenens of the Armenian Patriarchate, the representative of the Orthodox Patriarch, and the Bishop of Tokyo took part in the memorial service for the late Archbishop Lord Davidson in St. George's Cathedral, JERUSALEM, which was attended by the leading Prelates of the Oriental Churches in Palestine.

Major Burguete, one of the SPANISH airmen who, after a forced landing on the coast of Rio de Oro, north-west Africa, 10 days ago, were (according to an official statement) being held to ransom by the tribesmen, has been released unconditionally.

KENYA AGRICULTURAL CREDITS

£100,000 FUND CREATED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

NAIROBI, JUNE 1

An emergency Session of the Kenya Legislature yesterday voted £100,000 for the purpose of creating a fund to provide short-term agricultural credits. Legislation was adopted creating a central board of three officials and two non-officials, who are empowered to make advances and control the purposes for which they are made.

Applications will first be verified by district boards, on which the applicant's bank manager will serve. Owing to the lack of first-class security, the rate of interest has been fixed at 8 per cent. This high rate is also explained as due to the Government's desire to avoid competing with existing credit facilities. The Bill also makes provision for the infliction of penalties, fines, and imprisonment in respect of any misapplication of funds or the disposal of crops and produce in a manner contrary to the instructions of the board. Advances will be secured on the land, crops, and live-stock of the borrower.

At the same Session £40,000 was appropriated for the repair of flood damage to the roads. Both sums have been taken from surplus balances, which, it is estimated, will be reduced to £220,000 at the end of next December.

THE DEATH SENTENCES IN PALESTINE

MANY COMMUTED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

JERUSALEM, JUNE 1

It was officially announced yesterday that Sir John Chancellor, the High Commissioner, had commuted all except four of the 26 death sentences passed on men convicted of murders committed during the riots in August last to imprisonment for life. In the case of two of the 11 Arabs sentenced as a result of the Hebron massacre, Atta Ahmed el Zeer and Mohamed Khalil Abu Jamjum, the death penalty has not been commuted. Fuad Hassan el Hejazi alone among the 14 Arabs sentenced as a result of the Safad massacres has not had his sentence commuted. Urfali, the only Jew condemned to death, is applying for special leave to appeal to the Privy Council.

Other Foreign News on following page

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BOMBAY SALT RAIDERS

MASS ATTACKS

FOUR HOURS' FIGHT WITH POLICE

OLD FALSEHOODS REVIVED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BOMBAY, JUNE 1

The salt campaign, which must inevitably terminate when the monsoon arrives, has been marked by two mass raids this week-end.

At Dharasana yesterday the police repulsed a raid in which over 100 Congress volunteers are reported to have been injured. At Wadala this morning the police force, about 700 strong, was regarded as inadequate to deal with the situation, and one company of the 19th Hyderabad Regiment was summoned to the scene. About 300 Congress *Satyagrahis*, including a few Parsi, Moslem, and Sikh volunteers, aided and abetted by a crowd of about 10,000, took part in an attack which lasted four hours. A number of Sikh, Gujarati and Deckani women lent a dramatic touch to the proceedings by compelling the police to arrest them. They were taken in a police van to an unfrequented part of the city, and there released. Although troops were on the scene, their services were not required, as the police were able to deal with the raiders with a minimum of violence. The presence of the troops had, however, a moderating influence on the mob. The police were continually hooted and jeered at, and there was some stone-throwing, but only about a dozen arrests were made before the Congress bugle sounded the signal for ending the attack.

FIGHT AT PRISON CAMP

Trouble occurred this morning at Worli, where a large number of prisoners convicted of offences against the Salt Law are housed in tenements originally built as part of the development scheme there. The buildings have been surrounded by barbed wire, but, in spite of that, a determined attempt to escape was made by men in order, apparently, to take part in the raid at Wadala, which is on the other side of Bombay Island. The attempt was checked by the police and some of the prisoners, who endeavoured to restrain their comrades, but the situation was sufficiently serious to require the calling out of about 40 men of the Royal Artillery from Colaba, who repaired the wire entanglements, and remain on guard.

Little has been heard of the Congress Volunteers who left Bombay with the intention of defying the martial-law regulations at Sholapur by flying the "national flag." It is believed that most of them stayed at Poona, but three arrived at Sholapur wearing the national colours in their dress—white caps, green shirts, and red shorts. These clothes were taken from them and the national dress of *dhoti* (or loin cloth) was given to them instead, after which they were sent back, if not wiser, at least sadder as regards their colour scheme.

On Friday morning unknown persons entered Police-sergeant Hall's house at Sholapur, piled his belongings (including all his clothes, rifle, revolver, and a large quantity of ammunition) on a bed, poured kerosine over them, and set fire to them. Sergeant Hall had been on night duty, and would, normally, have slept till 8 o'clock, but he had risen early and gone out. It is stated that there has been a price on his head since the riots, in which he displayed great courage in rescuing, with an inspector, two Excisemen who were being beaten to death.

CAMPAIGN OF LIES

The Congress campaign of lies and misrepresentation continues, and the *Congress Bulletin* still appears, in spite of the order prohibiting it. The reason probably is that it is difficult to discover those responsible for its publication since the last batch of Congress officials was arrested. One rumour, which at once suggests a historic analogy, is contained in leaflets circulated as propaganda against foreign cloth.

A Government Press note says that in one leaflet it is stated that the fat of bullocks, cows, and buffaloes is used in Manchester cloth, and that for every 1,000lb. of coloured foreign cloth manufactured 300lb. of cow and pig blood is used. The Government explains that these incorrect statements are issued to mislead a credulous public. Fat is used in the process of sizing, but neither beef nor pig fat is ever used, as they are more expensive than mutton fat. The statement that cow and pig blood is used in making coloured cloth is manifestly absurd, as, apart from any other reason, their cost would be prohibitive. The fixitive employed in printing cloth is egg albumen.

The question of boycotting European cotton brokers was not discussed at the general meeting of the Bombay Cotton Brokers' Association yesterday, and has, apparently, been temporarily dropped. A resolution was adopted postponing business in the new cotton crop *sine die*. The proposer of the resolution contended that all communities were now under one banner to attain Swaraj, and the people were carrying on the struggle in a non-violent way. But the Government's methods were violent; therefore, the trading community, anxious for the future, should suspend business till the situation cleared.

One of the latest statements of the Moslem attitude to the Congress campaign is made by Mr. A. H. Ghuznavi, who sits for Dacca in the Legislative Assembly, and who is on a visit to Bombay. He says:—

Moslems do not accept Mr. Gandhi as the sole plenipotentiary to represent India. Neither he nor any Hindu can speak for Moslems, but they fully agree with his statement that the tree should be judged by its fruit. "We to-day judge the tree of his non-violent gospel by the bitter fruits of Sholapur, Karachi, Peshawar, Chittagong, Mymensingh, Dacca, and Calcutta."

RANGOON STRIKE SETTLED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

RANGOON, JUNE 1

The shipping strike has been settled, and the men will return to work to-morrow, the settlement providing that Burmans and Coringhis shall work alternate ships. The Coringhis, however, appear to think that Rangoon is not safe, and they continue to sail for India in large numbers

A committee, with a High Court Judge as president, will now inquire into the origin of the riot and the failure of the police to prevent what was at the outset an ordinary squabble between a few Burmans and Coringhi shipping coolies from developing into a riot resulting in many casualties and the looting and destruction of property.

PESHAWAR RIOT

AN UNFORTUNATE INCIDENT

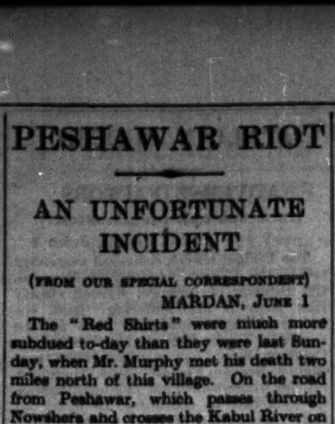
(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

MARDAN, JUNE 1

The "Red Shirts" were much more subdued to-day than they were last Sunday, when Mr. Murphy met his death two miles north of this village. On the road from Peshawar, which passes through Nowshera and crosses the Kabul River on a picturesque bridge of boats, I saw only one "Red Shirt" this morning, and he was peacefully engaged in chopping wood.

In the last few days the authorities have taken strong measures to make the Peshawar District safe. A long column of khaki motor lorries has taken fresh reinforcements to Shabkadar Fort, which not only commands the line between Peshawar and the Mohmand country but is the watchful sentinel on the flank of this troubled section of the district.

The villagers here state that the firm action taken against the village of Takkur the other day has had an excellent effect. Word comes over from Charsadda that a



cavalry brigade from the Risalpur cantonment has formed a ring round the town, enabling the police to conduct a search without fear of interference from outside.

Fresh trouble came to Peshawar City yesterday in a most extraordinary manner. Shortly before 9 o'clock in the morning a corporal of The King's Own Yorkshire Light Infantry was cleaning his rifle in a doorway near the Kabuli Gate, the ancient entrance to the city which towers over the booths and bazaars in the Kissa Khani. Suddenly the rifle went off in his hands. At the same moment a *tonga* [horsed vehicle] was passing through the Kabuli Gate with the wife of a Sikh supervisor of a Government dairy farm and her two infant children. By a tragic misfortune the bullet passed through both children, killing them instantaneously, and severely wounded their mother.

In a few moments "The Street of Storytellers" outside the police station at the gate was packed with an angry crowd, which refused to believe that the affair was an accident and would not disperse until a warning shot had been fired by a police officer. Then the crowd formed a procession, which, with the father of the dead children at its head, paraded the bazaar, shouting "In-quilab zinda-bad" ["Long live the revolution"] and other revolutionary cries. It had not gone far when its progress was blocked by a small party of men of The Essex Regiment and a Sikh battalion. The crowd, which by this time was completely out of control, rushed at the troops in an attempt to seize their rifles. The soldiers were compelled to fire, inflicting several casualties.

The unfortunate corporal will appear before the Civil Court to-day.

The situation beyond the border, where the Haji's tribesmen still sit in those dark hills across which thunder is rumbling this hot afternoon, seems unchanged. No definite move either by the Haji or by his son is reported, but the fact that Royal Air Force reconnaissances continue to be sniped from Hafiz Kor, where the first ridge of hills rises from out of the plain, and from the nullahs where Badshah Gul, the Haji's son, is still dug in, rather discounts the peaceful protestations of their friends in Peshawar.

PESHAWAR, June 1.—The casualties caused by the firing yesterday were seven killed and nine wounded.—*Reuter.*

MR. MURPHY'S DEATH

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

SIMLA, MAY 31

From details received here of the death of Mr. D. B. Murphy, Assistant Superintendent of Police, at Mardan on May 25, it appears that he was ordered by the District Magistrate to disperse a mob which was causing trouble and rode out with two mounted police to inspect the position. Returning, he reported that there were many boys and youths in the crowd, and suggested that, in the circumstances, he should be allowed to disperse the crowd with the use of *lathis* only. The Magistrate assented to this course. Mr. Murphy, who was greatly beloved by boys and his colleagues and men for his rare combination of gentleness and courage, was shot at point-blank range, as he dashed into the mob at the head of his police company, and hammered with stones or clubs.

PRESS ORDINANCE IN BURMA

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

RANGOON, JUNE 1

The Government of Burma, acting under the Press Ordinance, demanded a security of 2,000 rupees [£150] from *Swalantaran*, a Tamil weekly newspaper. The newspaper has ceased publication as a protest.

THE SHANGHAI PIRACY

DEATH OF BRITISH ENGINEER

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

SHANGHAI, JUNE 1

Mr. J. R. Harder, the British engineer who was wounded in the attack on Friday on the Whangpoo Conservancy launch by pirates, died yesterday morning. Mr. Irvine, who was also seriously wounded, is making a brave fight.

Mr. Harder was an Australian by birth, having been born at Adelaide in 1893. At the outbreak of the War he enlisted in the Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, and soon afterwards was given a commission. He served throughout the War. He leaves a widow and a boy of eight. Mr. Harder was a fine athlete and a keen volunteer, and was generally popular.

In connexion with the piracy the police have arrested 17 suspects.

THE YOUNG PLAN BONDS

ONE-THIRD ISSUE IN U.S.

TREASURY CRITICISM

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

WASHINGTON, JUNE 1

It is credibly reported, but thus far without official confirmation, that the State Department has decided to approve the flotation in the American market of approximately one-third of the $300,000,000 [£60,000,000] German reparation bond issue. The understanding is that overtures to this end have been made by the house of Morgan, acting on behalf of the Bank for International Settlement, and that, in spite of objections from the Treasury Department, the reply has been of such a nature as will justify a more formal request during the present month.

It is everybody's secret that when Mr. Owen Young and Mr. Pierpont Morgan and their associates came to Washington with the Young Plan in their pockets, they were received by certain officials of the Treasury with almost open hostility. They were deeply offended, but hardly surprised, for during the negotiations in Paris leading up to the drafting of the Young Plan, the communications they received from the Treasury had been of a sort to move them to protest. The opposition to the plan at that time undoubtedly looked ahead to the utilization of the American money market, and the reported basis of the present Treasury criticism has therefore an added interest.

At the request of the Treasury Department, it is said the French Government was asked why, at a time when France, as the chief beneficiary, is in less need than any other nation in the world, it should be necessary to float these bonds. The reply was in fact, if not in so many words, that the bond issue would establish a desirable precedent, which is here interpreted as indicating a desire to increase the number of individual holders of the reparation bonds and thus to create a body of opinion in the various participating countries antagonistic to any future possible reduction of German War payments.

INVESTMENTS IN GERMANY

The Treasury critics, moreover, urge that the United States has already lent more money to Germany than to any country save Canada, so that there is no wisdom in putting too many eggs in one basket; that the reparation bonds would hold unfair priority over the American investments in Germany, reaching a total of £400,000,000 and made in good faith; that the bond issue is non-productive and a mere placing of American money at the service of European financial centres, with consequent detraction from American financial prestige and trade; and, finally, that the political uses to which France has put her huge gold deposits are a matter of legitimate concern.

As against all this the State Department is said to have been influenced by the consideration that the orderly development of the Young Plan is of importance to the entire world, and that the refusal of the United States to take part would be disastrous. The point is also made that the new bonds will be a solid investment, whose issue will improve the fundamental value of other German securities quoted in the American market. However this may be, the question seems to have been decided so far as Governmental consent to the flotation is concerned, and it will remain for the political critics to lift up their voices. There is Representative McFadden, Chairman of the House of Representatives Committee on Banking and Currency, for instance, who believes that the Young Plan and the Bank for International Settlements "contain the seeds of future war." He expects Allied investment in Germany to decrease as Americans add to their holdings in German bonds, and looks forward to the day when the Allies will have been paid in full and the United States will be left as Germany's only creditor on reparation account.

A GREAT WEEK-END OF SPORT

R. T. JONES'S VICTORY AT ST. ANDREWS

There were many sporting events of interest during the week-end. At St. Andrews R. T. Jones, of Atlanta, Georgia, won the Amateur Golf Championship, beating R. H. Wethered by seven and six. It was the one important event which he had never won before in his golfing career. The Trial match for the selection of the cricket team to play in the first Test match against the Australians at Nottingham next week, had an encouraging start, for the English team dismissed The Rest for the small score of 138, and then proceeded to score 118 for the loss of only one wicket. It was announced yesterday that A. P. F. Chapman is to captain the English team. In the meantime D. Bradman, the young Australian batsman, at Southampton just completed his 1,000 runs before the end of May before the rain descended to interrupt his innings. He thus joins the select company of W. G. Grace, Hayward, Hammond, and Hallows.

In Paris yesterday H. Cochet won the French Lawn Tennis Championship for the fourth time, beating W. T. Tilden in four sets. Tilden was at his best for a time but then fell off. Mrs. F. S. Moody (Miss Helen Wills) won the Women's Championship for the third year in succession. In the match for the World's Sculling Championship from Putney to Mortlake on Saturday, E. A. Phelps, son of "Bossy" Phelps, beat H. A. Barry, the holder, rather easily by over 30 lengths. Shamrock V., in the eighth race in which she has taken part, failed to win a place for the first time. The breeze favoured the ships with a bigger sail area. Full reports will be found on the sporting pages.

DOCK LABOUR INQUIRY

In order that a comprehensive survey of the problem of port labour may be undertaken, the Minister of Labour has decided to appoint a new committee, under the chairmanship of Sir Donald Maclean, M.P., with the following terms of reference:—

"To inquire into employment and unemployment in the port transport services in Great Britain and to make recommendations thereon, with special reference to decasualization and the administration of the Unemployment Insurance Scheme and its application to port transport workers."

A preliminary meeting of this new body has been fixed for June 19, when questions of procedure will be discussed. Any inquiries should be addressed to the Secretary, Mr. L. G. Bullock, Ministry of Labour, S.W.1.

FRENCH TRAIN DERAILED

ENGLISHWOMEN INJURED

SEVEN KILLED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JUNE 1

Seven persons were killed and some 30 were injured—the majority only slightly—near Montereau at 10.30 last evening when the Paris-Marseilles-Nice express (train No. 27) which left Paris at 9.20 p.m. was derailed. Among the dead is an unidentified woman aged about 50, who is believed to be a Frenchwoman long resident in England; eight of the injured were taken to the hospital of Montereau, but only two are seriously injured. Three women of British nationality received treatment at the hospital for several contusions, but were able to leave for Paris this afternoon. They were:—

Miss Marjory Burchell, of Tregonwell-road, Bournemouth.

Miss May Ayers, of Richmond Wood-road, Bournemouth.

Miss Bleasdell, of Ashton-under-Lyne.

A preliminary official investigation has aroused a suspicion that the accident was due to foul play. It has been established that the train was thrown off the rails by a trolly such as is commonly used by railway officials for journeys of inspection along the track. Ten minutes before the accident another train passed along the same section of the track without incident. It is therefore certain that in the brief interval before the arrival of the express the trolly, which was light enough to be handled, must have been placed in position on the line.

The engine driver and fireman, both of whom escaped injury, said that they were travelling with clear signals at about 40 miles an hour along the line about 600 yards short of Montereau station when they struck the obstacle. Both of them were thrown clear, while the engine with its tender, the luggage van, and the four leading coaches left the rails. The engine travelled close on 100 yards and then turned over on its side. The luggage van also fell over on its side. The coaches remained more or less upright, but were almost completely telescoped, the mass of wreckage blocking three tracks out of the four at this point.

THE WORK OF RESCUE

Owing to the darkness there was inevitably some confusion and delay before the work of rescue was properly organized. Eventually a party was organized at Montereau station, and with the aid of volunteers among the uninjured passengers a start was made by the light of torches and lanterns. Many of the passengers were only released from the wreckage with the greatest difficulty. In one case a whole roof of a coach had to be torn off in order to get at the victims. Another passenger, Mlle. Rey, whose legs had been badly crushed, was imprisoned for three hours with the dead bodies of her father, mother, and two brothers around her. She was finally released by the use of an oxy-acetylene blow-pipe, by which a hole was cut in the steel sides of the coach. The injured were taken to the hospital at Montereau, and the search for the dead then began. The last body was removed from the wreckage about 1 a.m. When there was enough light to see the full extent of the damage it became apparent that the number of victims was small in view of the severity of the accident. The upper part of the luggage van was completely torn from the undercarriage; the leading coach, in which all the dead were found, lay on its side, telescoped almost beyond recognition, while the next three were also more or less demolished.

MINISTER'S VISIT

Immediately the news of the disaster became known, M. Pernot, Minister of Public Works, who was at Dijon with M. Tardieu, set out for Montereau. He arrived there this afternoon, and after visiting the scene of the accident went to the hospital to inquire into the state of the injured.

When the preliminary inquiry was opened, it was assumed that the disaster was due to some defect in the train itself or some fault in the track. It was only after the wrecked trolly was discovered that the theory of wilful attempt at wreckage was entertained. But it was a theory that was strengthened as the inquiry proceeded. It is known that three trollies had been placed at the side of the track against a signal some 30 yards from the scene of the accident. Two of them were still in position undamaged. From the fact that the earlier train passed in safety, and that the trolly seemed to have been placed in such a position as to cause the greatest damage, it is assumed that the supposed outrage was planned against this particular train by someone with a knowledge of the railway system.

The work of clearing away the wreckage is proceeding as rapidly as possible, although passengers are warned that the task is likely to take at least 48 hours. Traffic to-day has been restricted to the single line left clear, with the result that trains have arrived in Paris from two to four hours late.

*** Picture on page 18.

TROOPING THE COLOUR

THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT TO TAKE SALUTE

It is officially announced that the King will not be present at the ceremony of Trooping the Colour in celebration of his Majesty's Birthday to-morrow.

By command of the King, the Salute will be taken by Field-Marshal the Duke of Connaught, Senior Colonel of the Brigade of Guards. The ceremony will take place on the Horse Guards Parade at 11 a.m.

It is also officially stated that the King will not hold the Levée to-day, and that the Prince of Wales will do so on behalf of his Majesty.

According to present arrangements their Majesties will spend Whitsun at Sandringham, and the Court will leave London towards the end of the week.

COMPANY MEETINGS

Reports of the following meetings appear in our City pages:—

Amalgamated Press, Limited.
Associated Tin Mines of Nigeria.
Haru (Java) Estates.
"Chade."
Lake View Investment Trust.
John Lewis and Company.
Pearson and Knowles and Partington Companies.

NAVAL TREATY

COMMONS DEBATE TO-DAY

THE COAL MINES BILL

(From Our Parliamentary Correspondent)

The Conservatives have issued a three-line whip for to-day's debate on the London Naval Treaty in the House of Commons, but there is no likelihood that the party will be at full strength when the division is called.

The debate will take place on a motion which stands in the names of Mr. Baldwin, Sir Austen Chamberlain, Mr. Churchill, and other members calling for the appointment of a Select Committee of 11 members to examine and report upon the proposals contained in the Treaty. The decision to place such a motion on the paper was taken after 80 back bench members had tabled a resolution urging that Part III. of the Treaty was contrary to the best interests of the Empire and ought not to be ratified. After consultation between the leaders of the party and representatives of the private members it was agreed that this resolution should be withdrawn and the proposal for a Select Committee was put forward as a compromise.

DIVIDED VIEWS

The Government will make it clear this afternoon that they cannot accept the proposal, and it is known that some of the Conservative members feel that the motion is a mistake and have already informed the Whips that if it is pressed to a division they must abstain from voting. They contend that there is no precedent for the appointment of a Select Committee to examine a treaty; that such a course would deprive the Government of its recognized functions and responsibilities, and that, had such a suggestion been made to a Conservative Government, it would certainly have been rejected.

At question time to-day the Prime Minister will be asked to say whether he has received the memorandum on the Official Secrets Act from the Newspaper Proprietors' Association, and whether he intends to receive a deputation on the subject. The matter will also be raised in the House of Lords to-morrow, when Lord Banbury will ask the Government whether they are aware that when the second reading of the Act was moved in 1920 the then Attorney-General stated that it did not deal with the Press. Mr. MacDonald will also be questioned to-day about the report of the Select Committee on the hours of meeting of the House; the development of inter-Imperial trade; the Trade Disputes Bill; the report on the cotton industry; the economic advantages of a Channel Tunnel; and the position of the Factories Bill and of the Bill to enable the Washington Hours Convention to be ratified.

To-morrow and Thursday are set aside for the Committee stage of the Finance Bill, which made little progress last week, although the House was kept sitting until 8 o'clock in the morning. Late sittings are inevitable, as the most contentious parts of the Bill have still to be taken, and there is no indication that the Chancellor of the Exchequer is willing to make any concessions to meet the views of his critics.

LORDS' AMENDMENTS

Wednesday is set aside for the consideration of the Lords' amendments to the Coal Mines Bill. More than 50 amendments have been made, and there is no prospect that the Government will accept any alteration of substance. As it is thought that the House of Lords may insist on a few of the amendments, including the 90-hour fortnight as a permissive alternative to the 7½-hour day, and the exclusion of the district levy, there is no likelihood that the Bill will become law before Whitsun, for the Upper House will rise for the recess on Wednesday, while the House of Commons is still discussing the amendments. The motion for the adjournment of the Commons for Whitsun will be taken on Friday, when Commander Oliver Locker-Lampson and Sir Austen Chamberlain will call attention to Russian propaganda and the resumption of diplomatic relations with the Soviet.

In the House of Lords the Report stage of the Land Drainage Bill will be continued this afternoon, and Lord Lamington will seek information from the Government about alleged attacks on Arab seamen in North Shields. To-morrow, in addition to the debate on the Official Secrets Act, Lord Gage will ask whether the route of the Indian Air Mail has now been definitely settled, and on Wednesday the Committee stage of the Poor Prisoners Defence Bill will be taken.

U.S. AND THE TREATY

SENATE EXAMINATION OF DOCUMENTS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

WASHINGTON, JUNE 1

The Department of State yesterday sent to the Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate paraphrased copies of the Anglo-American communications on the subject of naval limitation exchanged before the meeting of the London Conference, but with an injunction to secrecy. Senator Borah, chairman of the committee, says that they will be considered as "executive business," not to be made public, and has called a private meeting for their consideration to-morrow. He still hopes to be able to send the London Naval Treaty back to the Senate with a favourable report before the end of the week.

It is perhaps worth reporting that Senator Johnson, of California, and other opponents of ratification are just now more hopeful than they have been at any time since the President's decision to call a special session of the Senate, if that were necessary, for sole consideration of the Naval Treaty. They are apparently counting on the possibility that, if they can protract the debate, enough Senators will be drawn away from Washington to their constituencies to reduce the daily attendances below the necessary quorum. It is a fact that, for a variety of reasons—lack of comprehension of the issues involved is not the least of them—most of the "friends" of the London agreement have been singularly apathetic and are still only mildly interested.

THE INVALIDS

The Duke of Northumberland was stated yesterday to have had a very good night, and last evening his condition remained unchanged.

A message from Wellington, New Zealand, dated Saturday, says that Sir Joseph Ward is growing progressively weaker.

Sir Frederick Eckstein's condition remained the same last night, but his lungs were causing anxiety.

Professor John Buckley Bradbury, Downing Professor of Medicine in the University of Cambridge, is lying seriously ill at his residence in St. Peter's-terrace, Cambridge. He is in his ninetieth year.

NEWSPAPER FUSION

"DAILY NEWS AND CHRONICLE"

Last night, after a week-end during which various rumours about the future of the *Daily Chronicle* had been current in Fleet-street, the following authorized announcement was issued by the Press Association:—

On and after to-morrow morning, Monday, June 2, the *Daily Chronicle* and the *Daily News* will be published as a single newspaper under the title of the *Daily News and Chronicle*. The amalgamated journal will include all the leading features of both papers. The combined circulation of the two papers is over 1,800,000, and this fusion will create a great Liberal newspaper with a circulation comparable to the largest in the country.

The *Daily News*, which was founded in 1846 with Charles Dickens as its first editor, is at present owned by *News and Westminster*, Limited, of which the controlling shares are held by the *Daily News* Trust, created by the late Mr. George Cadbury. The *Daily Chronicle*, which was started in 1855 under the title of the *Clerkenwell News*, is at present owned by United Newspapers, Limited, control of which is in the hands of the *Daily Chronicle* Investment Corporation.

Arrangements have been made for the transfer of the copyright of both papers to a new company, whose shares will be held in equal proportions by News and Westminster, Limited, and United Newspapers, Limited. Control of the new company, which will own and publish the amalgamated paper, will be vested in five trustees nominated by the constituent companies. The first trustees will be Mr. L. J. Cadbury, chairman of the Daily News, Limited; Mr. W. T. Layton, chairman of News and Westminster, Limited; Lord Cowdray, vice-chairman of News and Westminster, Limited; Mr. B. H. Binder, chairman of United Newspapers, Limited; and Mr. J. C. Akerman, vice-chairman of United Newspapers, Limited.

RATIONALIZATION

The following announcement of the fusion appears in the *Daily News and Chronicle* to-day:—

We have to announce to the readers of the *Daily Chronicle* and the *Daily News* that these two great Liberal papers have joined forces and will from to-day be combined in a single newspaper. Under modern conditions newspaper production is a highly organized and costly enterprise which must be carried out on the largest possible scale if popular daily journals are to give their readers the fullest and best news service, deal adequately with politics, commerce, art, literature, drama, sport, and other matters of public interest, and also offer to their advertisers a wide publicity. Indeed, rationalization is as necessary in journalism as in any other great industry, and though there are fewer national morning newspapers published in London than there were 20 years ago, their number even to-day is larger than it is in New York.

The *Daily News* and the *Daily Chronicle* have both from their foundation been working on parallel lines, have been animated by the same social ideals, and have stood for the same political principles. It will be the endeavour of the *Daily News and Chronicle* to maintain the traditions which it inherits from both of its parents. Its influence will be exerted in support of a progressive Liberalism at home and of peace and cooperation in international affairs.

It is our intention that the readers of both papers shall continue to find in the new journal the features to which they have become accustomed. Moreover, the pooling of resources covering the entire world will ensure for it a news service of supreme efficiency. Readers of the *Daily News* will appreciate that in the amalgamated paper they will have the advantage of news on the front page.

The *Daily News* and the *Daily Chronicle* regret that it was impossible to give notice of the impending change either to their readers or to their advertisers, and apologize for any inconvenience that may have been caused; but it was clearly necessary that there should be no disclosure of negotiations which were definitely completed less than 48 hours ago.

THE "CHRONICLE"

The *Clerkenwell News*, from which the *Daily Chronicle* developed, consisted almost entirely of small advertisements. Mr. Edward Lloyd bought it in 1877 and turned it into a general London morning newspaper. During the Home Rule controversies of the eighties it was Liberal Unionist, but under the editorship of Mr. A. E. Fletcher (1895) it became Gladstonian Liberal. It grew increasingly Radical under Mr. H. W. Massingham, who lost his post owing to his opposition to the Boer War. Mr. W. J. Fisher succeeded him, and gave place in turn to Mr. (now Sir) Robert Donald, under whom the price of the paper was reduced to a half-penny, and it became more prosperous. During the Liberal Administration from 1906 to 1915 it was regarded as the chief supporter of the Left Wing of the Government. Mr. Lloyd George and some of his friends bought the *Daily Chronicle* in 1918, and Sir Robert Donald gave place to Mr. Ernest Perris, formerly its news editor, who has edited it up to now. For several years the paper has been published in Leeds as well as in London.

In 1927 two Indian merchants, Sir David Yule and Sir Thomas Catto, bought the paper (Mr. Lloyd George retaining a minority interest) and Lord Reading became chairman (one of six to fill that post within 10 years). Sir David Yule died in 1928, and last year Mr. William Harrison, chairman of the Inveresk Paper Company, Limited, bought a controlling interest in the *Chronicle* and its associated papers. These papers included the *Sunday News*, the *Edinburgh Evening News*, the *Yorkshire Evening News*, and the *Doncaster Gazette*.

These papers were the property, when Mr. Harrison bought them, of the *Daily Chronicle* Investment Corporation Trust, formed in July, 1927, to take over the properties of the United Newspapers (1918), Limited, with a capital of £3,050,000. Mr. Harrison had already provincial newspaper interests when he bought the *Daily Chronicle*, and his other interests have covered a number of illustrated and trade papers and the control of paper-making mills.

GRAF ZEPPELIN IN U.S.

A STORMY VOYAGE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, JUNE 1

The Graf Zeppelin, which arrived at Lakehurst, New Jersey, yesterday morning after a 69 hours' flight from Pernambuco, is now being refuelled in preparation for the start on the Transatlantic lap of her cruise at 10 p.m. to-morrow. On the flight to Lakehurst she encountered what Dr. Eckener, her commander, described as one of the worst storms ever known. She was severely buffeted throughout the greater part of the night and two struts of the rear gondola were torn from their fastenings.

The Graf Zeppelin was greeted on her arrival by several aeroplanes and airships, including the Los Angeles, which happened to be leaving Lakehurst at the moment. Only a few people had gathered to watch her arrival.

There appears to be a rather general impression that as propaganda the trip has not been entirely successful. Captain Harry Shoemaker, of the United States Navy, who travelled from Friedrichshaven to Lakehurst as naval observer, gave it as his opinion, however, that a regular Transatlantic Zeppelin passenger service between Seville and South America will be established within three years. He referred to the construction of a new Zeppelin, larger than the Graf Zeppelin, which has begun at Friedrichshaven. When finished the new airship would, he said, probably be equal in size to the new United States airship now being built at Akron, Ohio.

OBITUARY

We have to announce that BISHOP G. F. BROWNE, formerly Bishop of Stepney and of Bristol, organizer, antiquary, and historian, died yesterday at Hastings at the age of 96; and that SIR ERNEST MOON, K.C., formerly Counsel to the Speaker, died on Saturday at a nursing home in London, after an operation, at the age of 75.

Memoirs appear on p. 9.

COLLISION IN THE CHANNEL

SWEDISH VESSEL SUNK

FEARED LOSS OF 15 LIVES

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

EASTBOURNE, JUNE 1

The Swedish steamer Inger, homeward bound from Swansea, sank in the English Channel off Beachy Head early this morning, after having been in collision with the Italian steamer Literno during thick fog. It is feared that 15 of the crew of 18 lost their lives. Only three were saved; two were picked up by the Italian steamer, and a third was rescued from an upturned boat by the Eastbourne lifeboat. The body of another member of the crew was brought ashore at Eastbourne by the Newhaven lifeboat, and it was reported to the coxswain of the Eastbourne lifeboat that the steamship Navarra had seen two bodies and a lifebuoy in the water, but was unable to secure them.

The Inger, a vessel of 1,437 tons, was owned by the Transmarin Company, of Helsingborg, and left Swansea on Friday bound for Sundsvall, Sweden. The Literno is a tanker of 6,468 tons. The collision took place shortly after midnight. The weather at that time was reported to be foggy in places, overcast, and rainy. The first information of the collision was received at Eastbourne at 1.45 a.m., when a message from the coastguard at Langley Point announced that there had been a collision seven miles south-west of Beachy Head and that the Newhaven lifeboat had been launched. The coxswain of the Eastbourne lifeboat decided to stand by, and at 2.45 a.m., after the receipt of another message, it was decided to launch the lifeboat. About 5 o'clock the Eastbourne lifeboat, while near the Royal Sovereign Lightship, came on an upturned lifeboat to which a young seaman was clinging. The crew of the Eastbourne lifeboat, with skilful manœuvring in the choppy sea, succeeded in rescuing him, and he was landed at Eastbourne. He had been clinging to the boat for nearly five hours, and when rescued was exhausted. He was taken to the Princess Alice Hospital, where he is now progressing satisfactorily.

RESCUED MAN'S STORY

The rescued seaman's name is Bertil Lindfors, of Gäfle, Sweden, and he is 22 years of age. He does not speak English, but through an interpreter he stated this evening that at the time of the collision he was on the look-out at the bow. It was foggy. He observed a green light on the port side, and the next thing he knew was that he was in the water and clinging to an upturned boat. The second engineer was also clinging to the boat. His companion, however, after clinging on for some time, was overcome by exhaustion and disappeared.

The underclothing on the body of the man who was brought ashore by the Newhaven lifeboat bore the initials "M. A." The rescued seaman believes that from the description of the clothing, the body is that of the first mate, a man named Andersen.

Mr. A. Robertson, the local secretary of the Royal National Lifeboat Institution, said that at 2 a.m. he received the coastguard's message informing him of the collision, and adding: "Seven men in the water, assistance wanted." At 15 minutes past 2 he telephoned to the secretary of the lifeboat institution at Newhaven, and was informed that the Newhaven lifeboat had been launched. The direction was seven miles south-west of Beachy Head, or about off Seaford. The message stated that there was no need for the Eastbourne men to launch their boat. An S.O.S. was sent to ships to look for other men in the water.

At 2.30 a.m. the Eastbourne lifeboat coxswain telephoned to Mr. Robertson and told him that the coastguard thought that the Eastbourne lifeboat should be launched, as the position had rather changed. The lifeboat was launched within eight minutes of the firing of the maroons, which was considered a very creditable performance. The lifeboat went two miles beyond the lightship and there she picked up the young Swedish seaman. The lifeboat returned to Eastbourne at 7.30.

It was stated that not a vestige of wreckage had been observed anywhere, and the Swedish vessel must have sunk very rapidly.

AEROPLANE WRECKAGE IN THE CHANNEL

Reports have been received by the Air Ministry that wreckage of an aeroplane, bearing the British red, white, and blue circles, was found in the Channel early yesterday by a steamer. The wreckage was apparently part of an aeroplane wing. Inquiries were at once instituted as to whether a British machine had been reported missing.

ENTERTAINMENTS INDEX

(For details see page 13)

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Lyric, Hammersmith	THE BEGGAR'S OPERA	8.15

THEATRES

Aldwych	A NIGHT LIKE THIS	8.15
Ambassadors	THE CONFEDERATES AND THE MAN IN POSSESSION	8.30
Apollo	INSULT	8.40
Comedy	THE SILENT WITNESS	8.30
Criterion	NINE TILL SIX	8.30
Dominion	SILVER WINGS	8.15
Drury Lane	THE THREE MUSKETEERS	8.15
Duchess	THE PLOUGH AND THE STARS	8.30
Embassy	THE MERCHANT OF VENICE	8.15
Everyman	THE BLUE COAST	8.15
Garrick	ALMOST A HONEYMOON	8.30
Globe	HAMLET	8.30
Grafton	THE SEARCHER	8.30
Haymarket	THE FIRST MRS. FRASER	8.30
Hippodrome	THE CO-OPTIMISTS OF 1930	8.30
His Majesty's	BITTER SWEET	8.30
Kingsway	LIBERTY HALL	8.15
London Pavilion	COCHRAN'S 1930 REVUE	8.15
Lyceum	HERE COMES THE BRIDE	8.15
Lyric	LILAC TIME	8.15
New	THE LAST CHAPTER	8.30
Playhouse	DISHONOURED LADY	8.30
Prince of Wales	JOURNEY'S END	8.30
Princes	A WARM CORNER	8.30
Queen's	HAMLET	8.15
St. James's	MICHAEL & MARY	8.30
Savoy	OTHELLO	2.30 & 8.15
Shaftesbury	THE MIDDLE WATCH	8.30
Strand	MOLOCH	8.30
Vaudeville	DOWN OUR STREET	2.30 & 8.30
Victoria Palace	FOLIES BERGERE REVUE	8.15
Winter Garden	THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT	8.15
Wyndham's	ON THE SPOT	8.30

VARIETIES

Coliseum	2.15, 5.15, & 8.15
Holborn Empire	6.30 & 9
Maskelyne's Theatre	3 & 8
Palladium	6.30 & 9

CONCERT

Queen's Hall	PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA OF NEW YORK	8.30

EXHIBITIONS

Crystal Palace		10 to 10
Olympia	ROYAL TOURNAMENT	2.30 & 8
Tussaud's		10 to 10
Zoological Gardens		9 a.m. to 9 p.m.

PICTURE THEATRES

Alhambra	THE PAINTED ANGEL	1 to 11
Astoria	NEW YORK NIGHTS	1 to 11
Avenue Pavilion	ROOKERY NOOK	2 to 11
Capitol	LADIES OF LEISURE	12 to 11
Carlton	THE VAGABOND KING	2 to 11
Empire	M

THE TIMES

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Weather Forecast

ENGLAND AND WALES.—Moderate, variable winds; mainly cloudy; rain at times, perhaps thunder; local fog in early morning and at night; moderate temperature. (p. 16)

TO-DAY'S NEWS

HOME

The Swedish steamer Inger sank in the English Channel, off Beachy Head, yesterday morning after a collision with the Italian steamer Literno. It is feared that 15 of the crew lost their lives. (p. 14)

The Duke of Connaught, Colonel-in-Chief of The Rifle Brigade for the past 50 years, inspected the 2nd Battalion of the regiment, together with the three affiliated Territorial battalions and 1,400 ex-Service men, in Hyde Park on Saturday. (p. 11)

The Duke of York made the annual inspection of the Metropolitan Special Constabulary Reserve in Hyde Park yesterday. (p. 16)

The Duke of Gloucester, on behalf of the King, presented new Colours to the 2nd Battalion, The Worcestershire Regiment, at Crown Hill Barracks, near Plymouth, yesterday. p. 16)

The Fourth Imperial Press Conference will begin this morning with a preliminary session at Grosvenor House. (p. 11)

From to-day the *Daily Chronicle* and the *Daily News* will be published as a single newspaper under the title of the *Daily News and Chronicle*. (p. 14)

At the annual meeting and conference of the Junior Imperial and Constitutional League, at which Lord Stanley, M.P., presided, a resolution reiterating confidence in the leadership of Mr. Baldwin was carried. (p. 8)

Returns of the Registrar-General for the first quarter of 1930 show the lowest birth-rate—16.2 per 1,000—recorded in any first quarter, except that of the first quarter of 1919. The natural increase of population by excess of births over deaths was 26,725, compared with a decrease of 44,112 in 1929. (p. 16)

The Bristol municipal airport at Whitchurch was opened on Saturday by Prince George. (p. 8)

POLITICS

Continuing his Home and Empire Campaign at Leeds on Saturday, Mr. Baldwin blamed the Government for the increase of 654,000 in the number of unemployed. Industry was mainly suffering from the excessive burden of taxation, which had been increased by the Socialists. The Budget had depressed trade, and another cause of uncertainty had been the levity with which they had treated the whole question of safeguarding and the McKenna duties. (p. 8)

IMPERIAL AND FOREIGN

Our Special Correspondent on the North-West Frontier says that the "Red Shirts" are much more subdued than they were a week ago. Rioting occurred in Peshawar City on Saturday following the accidental shooting by a British soldier of two children and their mother. Troops were compelled to fire on the crowd, inflicting several casualties. (p. 14)

A mass attack, lasting four hours, was made on the Wadala salt depôts, Bombay, yesterday. Troops were on the scene, but were not called on to intervene, and the police were able to deal with the raiders. Attempts by Congress volunteers to break out of the Worli prison camp in order to take part in the Wadala raid were checked. The Bombay Cotton Brokers' Association on Saturday decided to postpone *sine die* business in the new cotton crop. (p. 14)

Seven persons were killed, and 30 others, of whom three were Englishwomen, were injured on Saturday when an express train was derailed near Paris. (p. 14)

The United States State Department is reported to have approved the flotation in the American market of about one-third of the German Reparation bond issue. (p. 14)

Whites stormed the gaol at Chickasha, Oklahoma, where a negro was imprisoned. He was rescued by guards, but died in hospital from his injuries. (p. 13)

The Canadian Parliament was dissolved on Friday night. The general election is fixed for July 28. (p. 13)

The Swedish Government has been defeated on a proposal to increase the duties on grain. (p. 13)

SPORT

Race meetings were concluded at Lingfield, Doncaster, and Ayr on Saturday. (p. 4)

The Test Trial match was begun at Lord's on Saturday, when England, having dismissed The Rest for 138, scored 118 for one wicket. (p. 6)

R. T. Jones beat R. H. Wethered in the final round of the Amateur Golf Championship over 36 holes at St. Andrews on Saturday by seven up and six to play. (p. 5)

E. A. Phelps won the Sculling Championship of the World on Saturday, when he easily beat H. A. Barry, the holder, over the course from Putney Bridge to Mortlake. (p. 5)

H. Cochet won the French Lawn Tennis Singles Championship yesterday, when he beat W. T. Tilden at Auteuil in four sets; and Mrs. Moody won the Women's Singles Championship for the third year in succession. (p. 7)

Shamrock V. was unplaced for the first time in a race at Cowes on Saturday. (p. 5)

The Achilles Club won the Kinnaird Trophy for the fifth year in succession at Stamford Bridge on Saturday. (p. 4)

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

In "City Notes" comment is made on:—Wholesale and Retail Prices; the Johannesburg Loan; Ilford Limited Preference Issue; City of Constantinople Loan; the Underground Income Bond Conversion Option; Antofagasta Railway Report; Ottoman Railway Hardships; and Flag Discrimination in Portugal. (p. 22)

In the Money Market on Saturday loans were offered at 1½ to 1¼ per cent. and discount rates were weak, the quotation for three months bills being 2⅛ per cent. with a downward tendency. The Bank announced the setting aside of 100,000 sovereigns. Silver relapsed to 17 7-16d. per oz. (p. 22)

THE GREAT SCHEME

Eighty Socialist members have handed to the PRIME MINISTER for discussion by the Parliamentary Labour Party a demand for the production of a new policy to deal with unemployment. Their action means that the difficulties of the Government have not been ended by the result either of the division last Wednesday, when only five "rebels" abstained from voting for the Government, or of the party meeting a week earlier, when only twenty-nine out of 239 members supported SIR OSWALD MOSLEY. For a long time to come the Government and the House of Commons will undoubtedly be called upon to resist a determined effort to force upon them a panic policy of reckless extravagance. No doubt SIR OSWALD'S exposition of his case shook the Government to an extent far greater than was reflected in their voting strength. His manner and his general argument won him a wide measure of sympathy among the Government's supporters, which might well have swamped their loyalty to their leaders if he had been a trade unionist, and may at any time do so even though he is not. The danger to-day is that the story of 1924 may repeat itself, and that the dogmas of the back benches may be pressed with a force before which the Front Bench will either yield or perish. In these circumstances it is fortunate that the point on which SIR OSWALD MOSLEY deserves the warmest congratulation is exactly that which ought to damn his movement in the eyes of sane and coolheaded students of his speech. Although he might well have adopted the vague and pontifical attitude that he had resigned because the Government had rejected a great and saving scheme, he had the courage to explain pretty fully what that scheme was; and it turns out to be one which MR. THOMAS not unfairly described as "grotesque and absurd." The impartial verdict upon it must surely be that the action of two successive Governments, of diametrically opposed political views, in rejecting any such plan is fully justified; and that when admiration for a fine Parliamentary manner has given way to examination of the matter of SIR OSWALD MOSLEY'S speech, he can only claim to have worked with ambitious zeal to produce the impracticable.

The central idea, which has found renewed sympathy within the Socialist and Liberal parties, is that hundreds of thousands of persons can be found work at a negligible budgetary charge until such time as a new economic system can be devised to provide work in normal occupations to the whole of our population. SIR OSWALD MOSLEY suggests as a short-term programme the pensioning off of 390,000 persons who happen to-day to be over sixty at a cost of £2,500,000 per annum; the advancing of the school age at an annual cost of £4,500,000; the raising of £100,000,000 on the security of the Road Fund without any budgetary charge, and of a further £100,000,000 for other relief works at an annual additional cost of £3,000,000. At an annual cost (without counting capital debt) of £10,000,000 his short-term programme will, he claims, find work for 800,000 men. His long-term programme is designed to reserve the home market—the contribution of the export trades can, he thinks, be only negligible—beneath the protection of import boards. Unhappily the benefits of every item of both branches of his policy are wholly illusory. He claims that import boards alone can save industry from the effects of fluctuations in prices. Clearly they do nothing of the sort. An import board making vast purchases in bulk is not immune from fluctuations in world prices. They stand either to lose—and comparable institutions have lost—enormous sums, or to keep prices at an oppressive level by means of an ineffective and irritating machinery. The danger is evident in the position, for example, of the Federal Farm Board or of the Canadian Wheat Pool to-day. When losses are made they have to be recouped from the taxpayer, that is to say from industry instead of from the individual; the burdens, material and psychological, on industry are heavier; and the repercussions upon employment are more serious. Moreover the disparagement of our export trade and the view that rationalization does not ultimately increase prosperity are counsels of complete despair. One of the few industries in this country where there has been an approach to complete rationalization for some time past—namely, Imperial Chemical Industries—reports that employment increased between 1926 and 1929 from 40,000 to 53,000. Again, although it may be true that our export trades have to face much more severe competition in neutral markets, it is equally true that under a scheme of international rationalization our share of existing markets may be maintained and even increased; that the value of an increase in export trade will be misconceived unless the benefits to our transport and shipping industries are taken into account; and that the possibilities of inter-Imperial trade, which is the greatest hope of all, have hardly been explored. Conversely, adulation of the home market may easily be exaggerated. Those who see the cure for unemployment in the increase of the purchasing power of our people never seem to reflect that the purchasing power of other nations, where unemployment is not so severe or not so chronic, is very much less than in England. It is understood, for example, that the report of the inquiry into the iron and steel trade, which is soon to be published, will show that wages among our Continental competitors are about half those paid in this country. If the theory of purchasing power be correct, they ought to be depressed and we ought to be prosperous. The very reverse is the case. The long-term programme of SIR OSWALD MOSLEY is therefore unsound, and the observations on which it is founded are unwarranted.

His short-term programme is no better. Its first item—the emergency retirement pension—is almost inconceivably unjust to the individual and embarrassing to industry. Neither the utility nor the desire to work of the unemployed is exhausted at the age of sixty. To offer an old-age pension to an arbitrarily selected class of those now over sixty would be to instil a burning and justifiable sense of grievance into all those not selected. The benefit to employment conferred by the second item—the raising of the school age—was declared by one of the strongest supporters of the Education Bill, MR. BUCHAN, to be illusory. As LORD EUSTACE PERCY pointed out, the ultimate effect would be to increase the number of those between fifteen and eighteen seeking employment by some twenty-five per cent. There remains, therefore, only the new suggestion of an intensified programme of relief works to be financed wholly by the State. Inflated ideas of the contribution which such works can make have so often been punctured before that it is hardly necessary to repeat the opinion of the Unemployment Grants Committee in 1926 that they had exhausted their utility, or to restate the fact that the present anticipation of a programme of many years will merely pile up commitments for a time when such work will no longer be available. These considerations are not affected by the percentage of the cost which the Exchequer may contribute; but, if that percentage be 100, the additional objection arises that local authorities, who spend the money, will have no financial responsibility whatever, and one of the main principles of local government will have been destroyed. The futility of grandiose relief works becomes peculiarly glaring in relation to those plans of road making which are, when what is being done already is taken into account, the principal factor in the great scheme. Since 1920 the colossal sum of £545,000,000 has been spent on the construction, improvement, and maintenance of roads. Since 1919 the annual expenditure on roads has more than doubled; and to-day the limits of useful expenditure, in the opinion of SIR HENRY MAYBURY, cannot be extended beyond an additional £20,000,000 over the next five years. No one who goes up and down the country, and particularly into the more remote and less industrialized parts of the country, can fail to realize the appalling extravagance in which local authorities, stimulated and subsidized by the central Government, have in fact been indulging during this period in the matter of roads. To many of these bodies it seems to have become almost a question of competition in spending, without the slightest regard to the necessity or to the reproductive character of the work. They benefit no one but the touring motorist, who admittedly needs good roads to get from place to place, but not a whole network of first-class alternative routes through comparatively desolate areas. MR. HERBERT MORRISON went to the root of the matter in his speech at Letchworth on Saturday. The country is in no case to pay for these sheer luxuries at the present time.

Moreover, generally speaking, work on roads of any kind is unsuited to the type of labour unemployed. According to the *Ministry of Labour Gazette* on April 28 there were 1,243,000 unemployed in the industries suffering most severely—namely, mining, engineering, shipbuilding, textiles, building, transport, and the distributive trades. Of these, 280,000 were women, and 180,000 more only temporarily stopped. Those too old or too unfit for roadwork certainly account for a considerable part of the balance; and of those not clearly physically disqualified it may be asked whether navvying is not an unjustifiable waste of their training, their skill, and their hope of normal work. The charge that our present road system is a handicap on industry is too often made and too seldom supported. At least the state of our roads in the districts concerned is one of the few burdens on British industry that are light in comparison with corresponding burdens on our competitors, and it remains to be explained why industry should be mulcted to lighten burdens already light instead of being left means to lighten burdens still heavy. This obsession for the roads is merely a proof of the bankruptcy of ideas of those whom it possesses. It is but another manifestation of the disastrous Socialist idea that public authorities know better what is good for industry than industry knows itself. Industry, in fact, wants such relief from burdens as can be granted, and, above all, some proof that the Government is not susceptible to wild ideas destructive of confidence.

Empire Marketing

The report, summarized on another page, of the work of the Empire Marketing Board from May, 1929, to May, 1930, is a highly encouraging story of expanding activity. The date of its appearance is very opportune. London has at the moment a large number of visitors who are here on Imperial business. Whether they have come for the Congress of the Chambers of Commerce of the Empire now sitting, for the Imperial Press Conference which begins to-day, or for the triennial Conference of the Crown Colonies which begins later in the month, they will all be interested and heartened by the tangible evidence of how much is already being done, in the words of the Marketing Board, "to improve the quality and increase "the quantity of Empire products marketed in "the United Kingdom, and to make Empire "buying a national habit." The publicity side of the Board's work is inevitably better known than its work for research. Publicity work is seldom susceptible of exact measurement, and critics have not been lacking to suggest that the posters of the Board, however ornamental as additions to the amenities of the streets, could have little practical effect on sales. But the value of general educational publicity, reinforced as it is by special advertising campaigns for different Empire products, is not likely to be ignored by anyone who reads the new records of consumption in England which the Board can now announce for twenty-one different articles of food. Whether it is New Zealand butter, or Palestine grape fruit, or South African oranges, or Irish Free State poultry, there is the same tale of a new record in imports.

Of course publicity, though a powerful instrument to further the purpose for which the Board exists, is only one instrument of several. As the Board uses psychology to help marketing, so it uses science to help production. The major portion of the report each year is devoted to a record of the grants made to further research. Publicity can foster, and to some extent create, a habit of giving the preference in buying to the goods of Empire countries, but the real increase in wealth comes when Empire products are produced and marketed more cheaply because of the advantages that those producers enjoy who produce within an Imperial system. The long catalogue of grants for research is extremely illuminating as a lesson in the unity and diversity of the Empire, and in the value of being connected with a great centre. Nearly half a million pounds is being spent in grants, generally on a fifty-fifty basis with the Government of the Colony, which are enabling the agricultural industries of the tropical Empire to place themselves on the firmest basis of scientific knowledge. Thus there are small grants for tea research in India and for copra marketing in Fiji, and large grants for determining the mineral contents of the natural pastures in East Africa, where workers from the Rowett Research Institute have discovered what minerals must be added to the different soils to increase the quality of the cattle and sheep. The Marketing Board, though it is now taken for granted as a Department doing invaluable work on a small vote, has only been in existence for less than four years, and the results of its research work have yet to be harvested. Time is also needed for the Empire producers to enjoy the benefit of the Board's work as an emigrating agency supervising, with a complete system of assisted passages, the oversea settlement of pedigree stock, Berkshire boars and sows, Aberdeen and Jersey heifers, Southdown ewes, and many other welcome migrants to Australia, Kenya, and the Rhodesias. The scientific work of the Board includes dietetics, and interesting results have been tabulated as to the differing diets of native tribes in Kenya and their consequences. The extraordinary range of undertakings, at home and far afield, which have been strengthened and quickened by the golden touch of the Research Grants Committee gives an idea of the boundless latent wealth of the Empire, and the record of work achieved already shows how good a beginning has been made in turning great opportunities to account.

An American Champion

After the disconcerting collapse of the British Walker Cup representatives at Sandwich, the main interest of this year's Amateur Golf Championship at St. Andrews has centred in the day-to-day fortunes of the American team of eight. How would they fare as individuals in the knock-out series of eighteen-hole matches spread over six days and nine rounds? Would their champion of champions fight his way into the thirty-six holes final, and, having done so, would he at last add to his other triumphs the capture of the one great golfing trophy that had hitherto eluded his grasp? The answer to this last question was published to the listening world on Saturday evening by the B.B.C. One more British championship has gone West, and R. T. JONES, undoubtedly the finest golfer that took part in the competition—if not the greatest in the world—has accomplished the feat on which he had set his heart. With one exception there could not have been a more popular win, and, however much the great crowd that followed the match round the Old Course may have sympathized with R. H. WETHERED, even their patriotic ardour could not prevent them from feeling that his conqueror was a man and a golfer after their own heart.

In spite of the result of the international final, the answer to the other question did something, if not very much, to restore British self-respect. Variations of luck are, of course, bound to count for more in a single round of eighteen holes (with occasional extensions) than in two rounds over thirty-six holes. The longer match is more likely than the shorter to show which is the better of any two given players—at all events, on the day. But under no system can the chances of the game be entirely eliminated. If they could be, golf would not be such a fine game and so much like life as it is. Bad lies and stymies and rubs of the green are all parts of the game—even though on a Dundee holiday the number of ricochets from a hard-headed crowd on to or off the fairway is inclined to be excessive—and, after all, the conditions of eighteen-hole matches are the same for every one. In the opening rounds the Americans, knowing that there was not room for them all in the final, took their chances and their rubs, good or bad, like philosophers and like sportsmen, between whom there is no great difference. On Monday quite a number of their lesser lights were put out. But H. R. JOHNSTON, G. J. VOIGT, and R. T. JONES—the three members of their Walker Cup eight drawn to play on the first day—all lived to fight again. The real process of elimination and the survival of the fittest began on Tuesday, when DR. WILLING and D. K. MOE were accounted for by W. SPARK and R. W. HARTLEY—and then there were six. On the third day, when the terrific struggle between R. T. JONES and C. J. H. TOLLEY was ended by a stymie at the nineteenth hole, R. MACKENZIE fell a victim to K. GREIG. Three of the remaining five were beaten on the fourth day—G. VON ELM by M. SCOTT, after a fine match which went to the twentieth hole, F. OUIMET by W. L. HARTLEY and JOHNSTON by JONES—and then there were two. Both of them survived another round, till VOIGT was beaten (also by JONES) in the eighth and semi-final round, and then there was one—the one and only JONES. He will go home a happy man, bearing his sheaves with him, and leaving behind a host of friends, all the more, perhaps, because—doubtless out of regard for the foibles of lesser mortals, and by way of encouraging them in their play—he has shown that he too is capable on occasion of missing short putts, and has a wholesome respect for the Principal's Nose, the Road Hole, the Eden, and the other lurking terrors with which the Old Course is strewn.

REYNOLDS'S FADING COLOURS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—James Northcote, R.A., as Reynolds's assistant for many years, knew more about his methods than most of his contemporaries. In his very interesting "Conversations," now, I fear, seldom read, he says:—

"Sir Joshua also glazed too much and I cannot agree with such a method for pictures done in this way will not last. . . . I saw the mischief that Sir Joshua's method produced, though his things were so beautiful when newly done: I saw they would not last and I think he must have seen it himself. I have wondered exceedingly at his proceedings in this respect and have sometimes fancied that he must have preferred present to posthumous fame. Who is to say that the man is a fool who prefers making a strong impression on his contemporaries while he is there to enjoy it to the being admired by posterity, when he himself is totally out of the reach of either their praise or censure? I must leave out the honesty of the question, for he cannot be defended for painting perishable pictures and taking people's money for them, when he knew they could not last. However, he probably thought they would last as long as they would be wanted or cared for."

Yours truly,
EVELYN RIVIERE.
3, Stanhope-terrace, Lancaster-gate, W.2.

PROFITS IN WOOLLEN TRADE

DURING AND AFTER THE WAR

A REPLY TO MR. SNOWDEN

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—During last week's debate on the Finance Bill the Chancellor of the Exchequer alleged that the present serious financial position of industry was due to the distribution from profits in the days of prosperity of "huge dividends and bonus shares," and in this connexion he referred to the Yorkshire woollen trade in the following terms:—

During the prosperous years of the War and the years after there were certain branches of the woollen trade in Yorkshire which were making thousands per cent. increased profit on their turnover.

Allegations in precisely these terms were made in 1919 and 1920, as a result of which a Government Committee was set up to investigate the facts in the Yorkshire woollen industry. The Committee made a comprehensive investigation of the trade, examined witnesses, and, by means of an expert costings staff of accountants, the books of representative firms of different sizes throughout the trade. The Committee consisted of the following:—

Mr. E. F. Hitchcock, C.B.E., chairman.
Mr. A. W. Flux, C.B., head of the Statistical Department, Board of Trade.
Mr. Arthur Shaw, general secretary of the unions in the textile trades.
Mr. H. B. Shackleton, chairman of the Woollen and Worsted Trades Federation.
Mr. William Gibson, head of the Textile Department of the Cooperative Wholesale Society.
Sir Henry Buckingham.
The Hon. H. Woodhouse, Board of Trade.
Mr. C. W. Guillebaud, Fellow of St. John's College, Cambridge, secretary.

The report of the Committee was unanimous, was adopted by the Central Profiteering Committee, which included members of the present Government, and was issued as a Government publication (Cd. 858). Among the Committee's conclusions were the following:—

1. That of paper profits of £1,472,000, or 19.7 per cent. on sales, of the firms whose books were investigated by the accountants, there had to be deducted, apart from large sums for super and income tax, £382,000 in respect of Excess Profits Duty, reducing the net profit retained by these firms to £590,000, or 7.9 per cent. on turnover as compared with 10.1 per cent. for the same firms before the War.

2. That to maintain efficiency of plant we estimate on a moderate basis the extra cost to be incurred over and above the Inland Revenue allowance to amount to 3.4 per cent. on sales, reducing the 7.9 per cent. to 4.5 per cent. net on turnover.

3. That bank overdrafts have never been heavier in the trade than they are to-day, the amount of capital in the industry after the claims of taxation have been met being insufficient for the purpose.

The Committee's report is dated July 16, 1920. It deals with precisely the years to which Mr. Snowden refers as "the prosperous years of the War and after." Since July, 1920, the woollen trade has experienced an almost unvaried period of bad trade following the slump of that year, and although E.P.D. repayments have been effected these constituted but a small part of the losses made.

Mr. Snowden stated yesterday in the House of Commons that his statements concerning certain companies in the iron trade were "quite misleading and inaccurate." He seems to have been equally misled and inaccurate so far as the Yorkshire woollen trade is concerned.

Yours, &c.,
E. F. HITCHCOCK.
62, Cleveland-square, W.2, May 30.

ACCESS TO LAND

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—There is one important matter which arises out of the debate on unemployment of last Wednesday in the House of Commons. According to the report of the debate in your columns, the Prime Minister and Mr. Lloyd George maintained that the alleviation of unemployment was hindered by the obstruction of landowners who delayed access to land required for "public utility." Have these two gentlemen forgotten the existence of the Unemployment (Relief Works) Act, 1920? The following is its title:—

An Act to make better provision for the employment of unemployed persons by facilitating the acquisition of, and entry on, land required for works of public utility, and for purposes connected therewith,

and under its provisions actual entry to land can be secured in seven days.

Yours faithfully,
R. B. YARDLEY, Secretary.
The Land Union, 15, Lower Grosvenor-place, S.W.1, May 30.

THE HUNDREDTH CROSSWORD

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—May I join with Mr. Moore in "registering" unbounded gratitude for, and pleasure in, the crosswords given in *The Times*? Like many other people, I had some time ago been sated with the various kinds of crossword puzzles that met me everywhere, many of which, like the "monkey-donkey" class, were nothing but camouflaged lotteries. The quips, double-meanings, puns, and such-like are a perpetual joy, and the anagrams and sentences with "hidden" words are perhaps even more agreeable, especially when these latter contain several possible solutions. I cannot claim a success like your correspondent, for I have several times been completely baffled; though I did know the "cantrip" he quotes, I was beaten by "egret" as a synonym for "thistledown." I would join with him in hailing as two masterpieces the "colon" and "grade"—the latter with its possible "genre" and "genus"—and in thanking you heartily for the great if sometimes distracting pleasure of the puzzles.

Yours,
J. A. FULLER-MAITLAND.
Borwick Hall, Carnforth.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In *The Times* to-day Mr. P. L. Moore writes of the interest taken by him and his wife in the crossword puzzles, and of their having completed the puzzle each day. They are to be congratulated, for the crosswords are not easy to solve.

My mother, an old lady of 85 years, had made no attempt to work out such puzzles until they were published in your paper; but now she is keenly interested in solving each clue, and, though not so successful as Mr. and Mrs. Moore, she does them remarkably well. She finds in these puzzles a distraction and solace for her mind in a time of great anxiety.

Yours faithfully,
May 30. N. P.

A FRIEND IN NEED

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Many have had disappointing dealings with tramps. You may have room for my late experience of one.

I wanted some "dry walling" done, and a man appeared asking for food as he was hungry. He was given some and offered work. I tried all the cottages near, but nobody could put him up. Finally he was given a camp bed in the garage and he started work at once. Everything was "champion"—his bed, his food, old white kid gloves when his hands got sore from handling stones. He sang, not unmusically and low, as he built. When all was finished, he received his last payment (he had asked for 3s. a day) and food for his next meal. He knew he could expect nothing more as all the work was finished. He said:—"Goodbye, you've been the best friends I ever had. I was a stranger and you took me in; I was hungry and you gave me food." Poor George, I hope he will keep from drink. He has left kindly memories behind him.

For obvious reasons I withhold my name or this little house would soon be a "tramps' rest." But I enclose my card.

NEAR OXFORD.

THE GLADSTONE PAPERS

IV.—POETS AND POETRY

CATHERINE GLYNNE

The survey of the manuscripts at Hawarden, which Mr. H. N. Gladstone is giving to the nation, now deals with the letters addressed to Mr. Gladstone, and to-day gives extracts relating to literature or literary associations.

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Passing from the more strictly personal papers of Mr. Gladstone, we come to the stacks of letters addressed to him. Of these some 90,000, from upwards of 12,000 correspondents, have been kept in the Muniment Room, but it would be idle to suggest that all of them are worthy of permanent preservation, and accordingly a rough division between the more ephemeral correspondence and that of lasting value has been made. It is with the latter section that we are now concerned. Statistics being cold and unconvincing, little is conveyed by the statement that the specially collected letters are from some 2,000 writers and that of these about three-quarters have their names in the "Dictionary of National Biography," while the remainder may be from foreigners of note, royalties or others. But it does strike the imagination to learn that there are stored letters from almost all the most famous men and women of the nineteenth century, including the poets, painters, scientists, theologians, actors, men of letters, and statesmen whose lives are enshrined in the annals of the Victorian era. To print their names would fill a column; a paragraph would contain those that are absent. The letters are in all languages and in many scripts; their subjects are legion. Any attempt to give a comprehensive view of them in a limited space can meet with but partial success. Accordingly, in the extracts which follow, classification has been avoided, nor is it suggested that only the most important documents have been quoted.

ARTHUR HALLAM

A fitting start may be made with quotations from the letters of Arthur Hallam, the subject of "In Memoriam," and one of Mr. Gladstone's dearest friends:—

January, 1827.—Is not my pen drugged with opium? I am sure you are sound asleep while I am sporting scraps of morality. Have you been very gay in the City of Ships? The death of the Duke of York is daily expected, which will knock up all festivities here. I was at the new Opera last night, and had a near escape from being broiled alive. One of the Pavilions in the Ballet caught fire, but the Ladies on the Stage extinguished it gallantly, and the Ladies in the audience did not scream, so there was no press, no tumult, and no fire. The opera very good: Zucchelli admirable, Coradori divine. I have seen one of the Pantomimes, which I think very fair: but the more one sees of these exhibitions the more one feels the justice of the remark, "Which scene of a Pantomime is the best? The last!" I have taken you at your word, you see, about long letters: pay me in kind.

April 28, 1827.—Have you seen the new *Edinburgh*? An excellent article on Machiavelli by Macaulay and a witty one on the Catholics by Sidney Smith. I do not however like it so well as the last number. Have you read De Vere or Allen's reply to Lingard? The former is prosy, clever, and tiresome, with a few pleasing parts: but I like it better than Tremaine, for this reason: that it is better to be bored with imaginary politics than with religious metaphysics. Allen has the whip hand of the priest decidedly. Apropos, I went the other night to see *King John*, but the No-Popery men did not muster strong; and the famous lines about the "Italian priest" produced not above one or two rounds of clapping. One gentleman, however, in the next box to me, signalized himself by hollowing most lustily, "Bravo! No Pope!"

August 6, 1827.—What an awful thing, to come to sober sadness, Canning's illness is! Good God! That he should die now in the very zenith of his power, and the very fervency of England's hope. Death is a fearful thing, in whatever shape or mould it is envisaged: but, when the destinies of Europe are staked on the life of one man, how momentously terrible an aspect the agonies of dissolution assume! I trust it is not all over. The last account was that "it was not quite hopeless." Should the Tories come in, it will be time to pack up one's things and be off to America. What an envious fatality would in that case attach to the Whigs: for the last eighty years they have been called in on few, very few occasions, and the fruit of their ambition has been always dashed from their lips. Yet perhaps the glory of the "Slave Abolition" is sufficient to illumine one century. I dare not think what is to become of us all, should Canning (which God avert!) be taken from us, and the Whig party dislodged from power. Just think slowly in your mind of France, Spain, Portugal, America, Ireland, and England; and what ideas do not those names call up!

Hallam died in 1833, and the news of his death reached Mr. Gladstone through their common schoolfellow, Sir Francis Doyle, who wrote:—

October 3, 1833.—I do not suppose you have heard as yet what it is my painful office to communicate to you—you must prepare yourself for a severe affliction. The common friend of our youth is no more. Poor Arthur Hallam died at Sienna in the middle of last month. You may judge of the astonishment and grief which I felt, for you know the sincere and affectionate regard which I have entertained for him from our boyish days, when on asking carelessly at their house in Wimpole-street when Mr. Arthur was expected to come home, I received the following answer, "Mr. Arthur, he will never come home any more, he died a fortnight ago." . . . .

ROGERS ON TRANSLATION

Samuel Rogers, the banker-poet, writes on the subject of translations in prose and verse:—

April 20, 1844.—Many, many thanks for your excellent criticisms! It is strange to say—but, if we may judge from experience, perhaps the best vehicle in our language for translator of verse is prose. He who doubts it has only to open his Bible. At least, right or wrong, such was always my opinion and who could wish the stories of Joseph and of Ruth to be otherwise than they are? Or who but would rejoice if the Iliad and the Odyssey were so translated? I once asked Porson to attempt it, and he seemed to like the idea, but said that it would be a labour of ten or twelve years. Bobus Smith said once to me, "Let us, each of us, take a passage for an exercise," but we proceeded no further.

The second best vehicle is blank verse. Those in rhyme (Dryden's excepted) I cannot read. What would be the story of Joseph in Mr. Pope's couplets? But I have already said a little on this subject in the *Edinburgh Review*.

To him a few years earlier Mr. Gladstone had written on another subject:—

June 10, 1839.—Freely and thankfully I promise, so far as in me lies, my bodily presence at your breakfast table to-morrow morning.

A deranging incident, however, has occurred. I am engaged to be married to Catherine Glynne. I hope you do not disapprove, and I await your verdict without any manner of apprehension.

Even your kindness has hardly given me a right to pour out my crude feelings before you, but you know the blessed creature whom God has given me, you know how hard it must be to value her as I ought, and how precious to have the right of valuing her as mine at all. You will not be displeased if I say that, among many recollections of St. James's Place, this will be the dearest; may the joy of this time be fruitful of thankfulness towards the Giver and of a true devotion to His service.

Lord Stanhope was an early friend. The correspondence between him and Mr. Gladstone provides a running commentary on the various stages of the latter's Parliamentary career from 1834 to 1875. Apart from public affairs and politics, a great range of subjects is dealt with, among which literary topics take a prominent place. In August, 1837, Mr. Gladstone wrote:—

We have sometimes conversed of Lord Byron, and I fear, I have not in my expressions paid due homage to that astonishing and mysterious man. I have lately been reading Don Juan, of which I only knew bits before, and I confess that it elevates my conception of his powers to a higher rank than the high one he before seemed to occupy. And the awful mystery of his character is there, I suppose chiefly to be studied. It strikes me that there are not many inquiries in literature which might be made more interesting and more fruitful than one embracing the persons and the works of Byron, Shelley, and Words-

worth. The case of the latter indeed presents no enigma and does not excite harrowing emotions; but its tranquil dignity would well illustrate by contrast the meteorlike manifestations of the two former. I do not know where in print any due estimate has been taken of the combined character and genius of Shelley—as seen in his writings: nor whether any man has yet got the key to the secrets of Byron's composition, nor whether it be easy or practicable to find a formula which will explain the man and his works, but the subject does appear to me well worthy of deep and patient consideration. I think (but I write with trembling) Don Juan has finer poetry perhaps—certainly a more mellow and harmonious as well as vigorous and versatile diction, than Childe Harold.

And to this Lord Stanhope replied:—

I find by your letter that you have been reading more of Lord Byron and comparing him with Wordsworth. Speaking as I do from very slight acquaintance with the latter's poetry, I yet cannot help thinking that further consideration will tend to diminish your esteem for it. I suspect that you depreciate Byron as an author because you very justly condemn him as a man, and that in like manner a respect for the character of Wordsworth may have grown into admiration of his work. It is a common and natural proof of the mind and an error to which the best regulated are, perhaps, the most liable, to be unwilling to allow talent where we cannot praise principles. Who likes to call Mr. Beckford accomplished? Who will extol a speech of Whittle Harvey's? And thus also when one reads of Lord Byron's midnight orgies and drunken revels one willingly turns to that respectable Wordsworth—that excellent man and good poet—who always goes to bed at nine and never drinks anything stronger than green tea! as, perhaps, we may be told. But if it unfortunately should happen that his poetry be as diluted as his favourite beverage I fear that posterity will not cherish it the more for what his contemporaries may justly prize the blameless and meritorious tenour of his life, or forgive the feeble writer as a worthy husband, father and friend.

The redoubtable Dr. Keate sends a letter, undated, to his former pupil:—

I hope you will allow me as Master of Eton to address you as an Etonian, and I trust a well-wisher of Eton, upon a subject of vital importance to this School. The Papers which accompany this will shew you that we are threatened with two Railroads, one on each side of the College, and close to its walls. I beg your serious attention to these Documents. The Plan will shew the lines which they are to take, and the Statement will describe some, but not all, of the ruinous consequences which we expect. They have been projected by Speculators unconnected with Windsor, and we are of opinion that they cannot be beneficial to that Town—while they must be to the greatest degree injurious to Eton—as interfering with the discipline of the School, the studies and amusements of the Boys, affecting the healthiness of the place, from the increase of floods, and endangering even the lives of Boys, from their thoughtlessness and spirit of adventure. I earnestly hope that your love of Eton will induce you to give them your decided opposition in Parliament.

The laconic style of Dean Gaisford's letters is well known. To him, in 1854, Mr. Gladstone had written on the Oxford University Bill. The reply was characteristic:—

I am sorry to be unable to say that I agree either with the principle or details of the measure. I must add that I think it is not merely inexpedient but unjust and tyrannical.

WORDSWORTH'S PLEA

Wordsworth, for whom Mr. Gladstone obtained a Civil List Pension, writes in 1844 to plead the cause of the Lake scenery against the proposed Kendal and Windermere Railway, and encloses a sonnet, which, with slight variations, appeared afterwards in his published works. The letter runs:—

We are in this neighbourhood all in consternation, that is, every man of taste and feeling, at the stir which is made for carrying a branch Railway from Kendal to the head of Windermere. . . . The project, if carried into effect, will destroy the staple of the country, which is its beauty. And on the Lord's day particularly, will prove subversive of all quiet and highly injurious to its morals. At present I shall say no more, only let me beg of you to cast your eye over a letter which I purpose shortly to address thro' the public Press.

From Campbell, the Lord Chancellor, are many letters, not all of which deal with affairs of State. One of the topics raised is dealt with by Mr. Gladstone in the following letter (August, 1859):—

I am glad I did not find an opportunity—which could only have been a very summary one—of thanking you at the Cabinet on Monday for your charming book on the legal attainments of Shakespeare: a book, if I may presume to say so much, at once graceful and useful, light and solid.

Your facts as a whole leave me in a comfortable persuasion upon the case as it stands, that our greatest poet was once an attorney's clerk.

I am seduced into the impertinence of offering two remarks. First, I quite understand your doctrine that the driest forms of Law have their own interest and attraction, almost their own proper beauty. But then it seems to me fair to suggest that none of them lie on the outside, and that they can only be perceived after circumstances have in some manner made us acquainted with the said forms: that they would not be likely, as natural objects, and even as certain pursuits might be, to draw the spontaneous observation of a man of high poetic temperament: that he would eschew that 20th tavern in Akenside because it was haunted by attorneys: that in fact the existence of such accurate and technical knowledge in such a man requires the hypothesis of a special cause to account for it.

My second remark is yet more daring, for it is in the nature of comment on one of yours. You state with truth that such a man would pick up rapidly what would cost others much labour, and might, therefore, gather as an observer what they would only get as practitioners.

But is not this also good to show that a very slight and short tenure of the stool inside the attorney's office will *a fortiori* well account for all the knowledge that he shows, consequently that he may have done very little in that capacity, and that the negative argument from our not finding any of his signatures as a witness, is weakened in proportion?

LOWE AT LIVERPOOL

From Francis Turner Palgrave (1868):

Lowe, Huxley, Tyndall, and other able but one-sided and fanatical men appear to me to be doing much mischief just now by their attacks upon the "humanities" and extravagant advocacy of natural science as the basis for general education. What can be more sophistical and shallow than to say, as Lowe did at Liverpool, that a rock or a lobster are more truly and nearly God's work than an Iliad or an Othello?

I hear that Tennyson prints his poem on Lucretius in *Macmillan's Magazine*. It appears to me an error to place poetry which requires to be approached with concentration and abstraction of mind within the precincts of a magazine: it rather wants a spiritual preparation than the temper of a periodical reader: a "grace before Milton" as C. Lamb said. But we shall be very glad to have it. Two stanzas called *Wages* to be in the next no. of the same magazine, are in his very finest style.

And from the same pen comes a letter of literary interest in the following year:—

I did not call when you were lately in town, knowing you would be engaged: although I was very anxious to hear your opinion of the Grail. I hope it may be, to place it at least equal to Guinevere. The extraordinary art with which Tennyson has managed the material-strikes me greatly: underneath one's eyes and by a sort of natural process, he has created a new epic: what seemed perfect separate pictures now join in a whole, and his early ambition is fulfilled before he knew it. How curiously this process contrasts with that of the last century for "making an epic." Tennyson's has not been made, but has grown, and may we not accept this as an omen of its vitality and duration? I am also much struck with the duration of his power as a poet. Certainly neither Scott nor Wordsworth at his age were so thoroughly equal to themselves. Crabbe, perhaps, was: but Crabbe, though in the very first rank as to creation of character, appears to me not of the very first rank in other respects. Milton, in truth, is the nearest case I can remember: although one must not forget the early death of Shelley or Byron or Keats.

(To be continued)

Previous articles appeared in *The Times* of May 27, 28, and 30.

The Travel Association of Great Britain and Ireland, by means of a new device, will display on the night sky of London the words "London Welcomes its Visitors," at first in English and afterwards in French, German, and other languages. Projection will take place from the roof of a building near Ludgate Circus. It is stated that ideal conditions for clear visibility are clouds at a height of not more than 3,000ft.

NATIONAL MARK BEEF

BIRMINGHAM BOYCOTT

The Birmingham Cooperative Society, which owns 59 retail butchers' shops, has decided to follow the lead of the organized retail butchers who have recorded their approval of the action of the wholesalers in boycotting the National Mark scheme for beef. Discussing the Co-operative Society's decision, a prominent wholesaler claimed that it was a complete vindication of the attitude wholesalers had taken up. It would also be a serious blow, he said, to the Ministry of Agriculture, which had attached great importance to securing the adherence of the cooperative societies.

Another cooperative society, in the Stirchley district, has decided to continue to sell graded meat as heretofore.

A resolution protesting against the Birmingham butchers' boycott was passed by the Northamptonshire executive of the National Farmers' Union on Saturday. The resolution makes "the strongest possible protest against the unwarranted action of the butchers of Birmingham in seeking to frustrate the National Mark beef scheme, and condemns their action as grossly unjust to the producer, equally so to the consumer, and opposed to the national interest."

The Ministry of Agriculture has issued a copy of a letter published in Birmingham by the representative farmers on the Ministry's Midland Beef Feeders' Committee. They write as representatives of farmers in those areas upon which Birmingham is mainly dependent for its supplies of fresh beef on a question of great importance to their industry. They describe the action taken by the Birmingham Wholesale Meat Salesmen's Association in refusing to allow the Government graders any longer to grade and mark home-killed beef at the wholesalers' stalls in the corporation's meat market as a "definite attempt to prevent the National Mark beef scheme from achieving in Birmingham the success that it has achieved in London. If the wholesale salesmen succeed in their object it will secure the general reversion of the Birmingham meat trade to the state of affairs where the average housewife had no guarantee as to the origin or quality of the beef she bought. The action of the wholesalers, however intentioned, is a definite blow against honest trading." The signatories are:—

W. H. Ashby (Northants County Branch, National Farmers' Union); A. J. Gunston (Warwickshire County Branch, N.F.U.); E. W. Gough (Worcestershire County Branch, N.F.U.); W. Smith (Herefordshire County Branch, N.F.U.); E. Rickards, Watson Jones, E. C. Carlton, E. Evers-all, R. Evans, and R. Silvert (Shropshire County Branch, N.F.U.); E. Cloke (Gloucestershire County Branch, N.F.U.); J. J. Smith, G. F. Stubbs, and G. Smith (Staffordshire County Branch, N.F.U.); J. T. Richards (Broughton, Cheshire); and D. L. Bobb (Llandrinio, Montgomeryshire).

MINISTRY'S STATEMENT

The Ministry of Agriculture, in a statement dealing with various objections to, and criticisms of, the working of the National Mark Beef scheme in Birmingham that had been made by wholesale and retail butchers in that city, say:—

"It is suggested that buying National Mark beef means paying higher prices. It is not a question at all of higher prices, but it is a question of ensuring that the housewife actually gets what she asks for and expects at present prices. It is said that the public never ask for National Mark beef, but the retail trade of Birmingham has asked for it on behalf of the public. The following figures show the total number of sides marked each week in Birmingham since the scheme began:—

Weekly Average	Sides
December	393
January	381
February	462
March	514
April	432
May (to May 17)	357

"This is a serious scheme carried out with the approval of the National Farmers' Union and with the approval of a large section of the meat trade of the country. It is part of a wider scheme of grading and marking covering the whole range of high quality British farm produce. It is part of a programme for improving agricultural marketing which is emphatically endorsed by all three political parties.

"A number of leading wholesale firms on the Smithfield Central Markets, London, who are supporting the National Mark beef scheme in the great Metropolitan area, are prepared to supply the retail butchers of Birmingham and the leading hotels and restaurants that have been consistently requiring supplies of National Mark beef with their future requirements of this beef, and a list of such firms can be obtained by retail butchers from the Ministry of Agriculture's grading officers at the City Corporation Meat Market in Birmingham."

SECONDARY SCHOOL CADETS

A SCHEME TO PREVENT DISBANDMENT

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BIRMINGHAM, JUNE 1

In his capacity as president of the Public Secondary Schools Cadet Association, Field-Marshal Lord Allenby took the chair at the general meeting of the association held in King Edward's School, Birmingham, yesterday, when the chief business was to consider the present position and future of cadet corps in secondary schools.

LORD ALLENBY said that although they had been deprived of recognition by the War Office they hoped it might be possible to continue the good work done by the cadet movement in the past. While they would be glad to retain the name cadet, its survival was not essential. It was the spirit that mattered and the spirit would endure by whatever name they were known. Although they were not to be allowed to bear arms they still had stout hearts and would carry on a movement which they believed was essential to the moral, intellectual, and physical training of the youth of the country. They were threatened with death, but the sword might not fall; at any rate, not so sharp a sword as they supposed. Some means of carrying on, under present conditions, must be devised.

COLONEL WIGHT (chairman of the Council of the Association) expressed his belief that in spite of existing difficulties the movement could be continued until happier times.

A scheme formulated by Lieutenant-General Sir Hugh Jeudwine was read to the meeting, and it was recommended that this be adopted. It was further urged that the joint committee of the Incorporated Association of Headmasters and the Public Secondary Schools Cadet Association should be called together forthwith to consider the scheme.

COLONEL DANIELSEN, speaking on behalf of the Warwickshire County Association, said they would do anything in their power to further the scheme when it had matured as a result of the activities of the committee. Whatever happened they must see that some organization was evolved which retained the essential of discipline and which implanted in the mind of young people the idea of going into the Territorial Army when they attained the proper age. He strongly objected to the insinuation that the training cadets received necessarily implied that they were trained to be warlike. It was unfair to send young men to pursue trade and commerce abroad unless they were given a chance of behaving like Englishmen and Christians.

THE ROYAL TOURNAMENT

SATURDAY'S RESULTS

The following were the results in competitions at the Royal Tournament at Olympia on Saturday:—

Dummy Thrusting Championship.—(1) Lieut. J. T. Wilder, King's Dragoon Guards, 156 points; (2) S.S.M. (Riding Instructor) L. Trueman, 14/20 Hussars, 153 points; (3) R.S.M. A. E. Whitelock, Queen's Bays, 144 points; (4) Lieut. D. P. McCorquodale, King's Dragoon Guards, 132 points; (5) Lieut. T. W. Nickalls, 17/21 Lancers, 129 points; (6) S.S.M. Martin, 16/5 Lancers, 127 points.

Sword, Lance, and Revolver Championship.—(1) S.S.M. J. Crotty, King's Dragoon Guards, 86 points; (2) Capt. G. Babington, 16/5 Lancers, 85 points; (3) Lieut. D. McCorquodale, 83 points; (4) S.S.M. (Riding Instructor) Durham, Queen's Bays, 80 points; (5) Lieut. G. Dollar, 3rd Carabiniers, and S.S.M. Martin, 16/5 Lancers, tied at 79 points.

Champion-at-arms Mounted.—Lieutenant D. McCorquodale.

Epée v. Epée (Service Championship).—Champion for the Army.—S.M. Instructor G. A. F. Wyatt.

Epée v. Epée (Inter-Services Championship).—(1) S.M. Instructor G. A. F. Wyatt (Army Physical Training Staff); (2) Corp. Griffiths, 1st Battalion, Sherwood Foresters; (3) Lance-Corp. Richards, 14th London Regiment; (4) Q.M.S.I. H. Parsons (Army Physical Training Staff); (5) Petty Officer Pack (Royal Navy); (6) Lieut. L. Hall, 1st Battalion, The Queen's; (7) Lieut. Clement; (7) Lance-Serjt. J. Collier, 1st Battalion, The York and Lancs Regiment.

Officers' Jumping Competition, Prince of Wales's Cup.—Final.—(1) Capt. A. L. Cameron, R.H.A., with eight faults, Irish Eagle; (2) Lieut. J. C. Friedberger, R.H.A. (16 faults), Blue Dun; (3) Capt. A. L. Cameron (18½ faults), Sunny Maid; (4) Lieut.-Col. Sir F. Brocklehurst, 24th Derbyshire Yeomanry (20 faults), La Fosse; (5) Capt. A. L. Cameron (20½ faults), Kestrel; (6) Lieut. W. Faithfull, R.A. (22 faults), Indigo.

Royal Naval and Royal Marine Inter-Port Field Gun Competition.—H.M.S. Pembroke, time, 3min. 14 3-5sec.; H.M.S. Victory, time, 6min. 16 4-5sec.

Tug-of-War (110st.).—Royal Marine Championship.—H.M.S. Rodney beat Royal Marines, Portsmouth, by two pulls to nil. Times, 5min. 55 2-5sec. and 5min. 56 1-5sec.

Inter-Port Field Gun Competition.—(1) H.M.S. Excellent (4min. 44 3-5sec.); (2) Royal Marines (5min. 56 1-5sec.).

Tug-of-War (110st.).—Royal Marine Championship.—H.M.S. Rodney beat Royal Marines, Portsmouth, by two pulls to nil. Times, 6min. 15 2-5sec., 5min. 52 2-5sec.

Medals were presented to the winning teams by Major-General W. H. Bartholomew.

THE WOOL TEXTILE DISPUTE

BALLOT AND UNION POLICY

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BRADFORD, JUNE 1

No statement has been made from the headquarters of the National Association of Unions in the Textile Trade as to the ballot which has been taken of wool textile workers on the question of whether they are in favour of remaining in dispute "until the employers are prepared to make a new wages agreement more favourable to the workers than the terms proposed in the employers' notice." What is known as the augmented executive of the association meets at Bradford to-morrow to receive the result of the ballot, and presumably to decide what policy shall be adopted.

The National Union of Textile Workers has already given its members to understand that on the result of the ballot depends the resumption of work of its members at the Macmillan rates, or whether the members will continue in dispute "*on* such small payments as can be made from the funds available." This is the largest union involved, and if it chooses to declare the dispute off for the time being—and it would do so without any official agreement between the operatives and the employers—there should be an early resumption of work. This union's executive committee met yesterday and considered the ballot figures, no statement being made afterwards, however, as to which of the alternatives was to be adopted. Evidently a great deal depends on the atmosphere at the augmented executive committee's meeting to-morrow. Conceivably some of the unions, or at least their executive committees, may find themselves obliged to recommend their members to accept the terms and to attend at their work as soon as may be, and this may very well decide the issue for the others who may be in a better position financially to carry on the struggle for a little while longer.

There has been no offer from the operatives' leaders to the employers' council along the lines of the deferred operation of the Macmillan terms offered by the unions to certain individual employers in Bradford and Huddersfield, of which mention was made two days ago. There is no intimation that individual employers have accepted this proposal, which naturally was regarded by the employers' council as one which could not be accepted. It is possible, however, that the augmented executive may feel disposed to make such an offer as a formal gesture to the employers' council.

Another effort will be made to reopen the commission woolcombing establishments to-morrow, indications having been given during the past week that some at least of the operatives in this section are now willing to resume work. The officials of the union have advised their members not to present themselves for work.

MR. LEES-SMITH ON RECONSTRUCTION

Mr. H. B. LEES-SMITH, Postmaster-General, speaking at Keighley on Saturday night, referred to the dispute in the wool textile industry and said there were matters which would still remain to be settled even when the dispute had come to an end. A number of witnesses at the Macmillan inquiry said that clinging on to the main productive branches of the industry there were an enormous number of parasite trades and an army of agents and merchants whose number and whose share of the income of the industry was disproportionate to the work they did. It was further stated that great savings could be made if there were some central authority for the industry which would purchase wool on a large scale, make long-term arrangements with wool growers, obtain reasonable terms with those who marketed the goods, and reduce the number of merchants and distributors at home and salesmen in foreign countries by eliminating the duplication and overlapping of their work.

As Postmaster-General he was in charge of a great commercial undertaking which employed 225,000 men and women, which was comparable in scope and magnitude with the whole woollen and worsted industries. They had had in their technical department the problem of excessive expense of production not unlike that which faced the woollen and worsted trades, the cotton trade, the iron and steel trade, and other industries. They had succeeded, however, in reducing their costs by over £400,000 a year by an improvement in their technical standards.

"Why," he asked, "could we accomplish in the Post Office reconstruction which the cotton trade, the coal, iron and steel trades, and now the woollen and worsted trades, failed to carry through?" In an industry like the Post Office under public ownership and public control there was a central authority vested in the Postmaster-General and his staff, which was able to force necessary changes through, whereas in the other industries conducted on purely individualistic methods and divided up among many hundreds of firms, there was no central authority to act for all. The most progressive firms might wish common action to be taken, but how could they secure with their individualism the cooperation of all? The interests of each firm were not the same as the interests of the whole, with the result that in those industries the Government had to set up a series of inquiries in order to do for them what they should have been able to do for themselves.

AMALGAMATED ENGINEERING UNION

A "REVIVAL" FUND OF £100,000

Mr. J. T. BROWNLIE, president of the Amalgamated Engineering Union, at the close of the quadrennial meeting in Manchester on Friday, appealed to the divisional representatives concerning the importance of voluntarily raising a "revival" fund of £100,000. He explained that the object of the fund would be to enable the union effectively to withstand any encroachments that might be made upon their working conditions, and to secure further improvements, including a reduction of working hours, as a means of alleviating unemployment. Mr. Brownlie referred to the trying period which the organization in common with other unions had passed through during recent years owing to the severe industrial depression. He said that while the union had every reason to be satisfied with the manner in which it had met its obligations, inasmuch as it had paid over £8,000,000 in benefits since 1920, it was imperatively essential that their funds should be rehabilitated. He recognized the difficulty in calling upon members to pay increased contributions, but said that he was satisfied there were great potentialities within their ranks, and if an honest appeal were made and co-ordinated efforts were put forth in all branches and districts he was confident they could raise within two years a revival fund of at least £100,000. He pledged himself to contribute £25 and if conditions improved a further £25.

The meeting welcomed his appeal and unanimously associated itself with the endeavour. The general secretary, Mr. A. H. Smethurst, and Mr. T. J. Haynes (South Africa) also promised contributions of £25. The meeting requested Mr. Brownlie and Mr. Smethurst to prepare an appeal, which is to be distributed to all the district committees.

Mr. Brownlie is retiring from the presidency of the union towards the end of this month, and this was his last appearance before a general meeting. He has occupied the presidential chair for 17 years.

RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTION IN SCHOOLS

FREE CHURCH CLAIMS

The Executive Committee of the National Free Church Council has passed the following resolution:—

"The Executive Committee of the National Council of Evangelical Free Churches, in endeavouring to carry out the declaration on education of the Annual Assembly, notes with satisfaction that the proposals embodied in the White Paper do not concede the right of entry into council schools or exempt the managers of non-provided schools from their responsibility for carrying out such repairs as are necessary to maintain the school buildings in proper condition.

"In view, however, of the proposed concessions in regard to the appointment of teachers made to the managers of non-provided schools receiving the special emergency grant, the Committee strongly reaffirms the principles that no such grant be made except under the following conditions:—(1) That all such appointments be in the hands of the local education authorities. (2) That no denominational tests be applied to any teacher, either on appointment or during his tenure of office. (3) That those who are responsible for the non-provided schools shall contribute to the improvement of the school buildings according to their power.

"The Committee also strongly insists that, where non-provided schools are included in schemes of reorganization, whether receiving the emergency grant or not, syllabuses of religious instruction agreed, under the direction of the local education authorities, by representatives of the teachers, the clergy, and the Free Church ministers, be adopted the basis of the general religious instruction to be given both in the provided and non-provided schools concerned."

REVIEW OF SPECIAL CONSTABULARY

THE DUKE OF YORK IN HYDE PARK

The Duke of York yesterday made the annual inspection of the Metropolitan Special Constabulary Reserve on the Exhibition Ground, Hyde Park. There were over 4,000 of all ranks, representing a substantial proportion of the 27 divisions.

The Duke of York, who was attended by Commander Campbell, R.N., was received by Mr. J. R. Clynes, Home Secretary; Sir John Anderson, Permanent Under-Secretary of State for the Home Office; Sir Walter Allen, Commandant-in-Chief of the Special Reserve; Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Hugh Turnbull, Commissioner of Police for the City of London; and Rear-Admiral Sir Charles Royds, Deputy Commissioner of the Metropolitan Police. Among others present were:—

Lord Fitzwilliam, Lord Drogheda, Lord Wavertree, Sir Herbert Creedy, Permanent Under-Secretary for War, Lady Allen, Mr. E. Shortt, formerly Home Secretary, Sir Charles Biron, Brigadier J. Whitehead and Mr. H. D. Morgan, of the Metropolitan Police, and the Mayors of Camberwell, Hackney, Holborn, Lewisham, St. Pancras, Richmond, Wimbledon, Ealing, and Kingston.

After a personal tour of the lines the Duke of York returned to the saluting base, where he presented the Barclay Walker Cup and medals to the winners and runners-up. The cup, a silver one, is awarded annually to the best team of 24 men and one officer from any division in drill and all-round efficiency tests. The judges are three military officers and one officer from the Metropolitan Police Training Establishment. There were 17 teams in the contest last year, and the winners were the S Division (Hampstead) team, each member of which also received a gold medal, and the runners-up were the N Division (Islington) team, each of whom was presented with a silver medal. The officers of the teams, Inspector C. R. Todd and Sub-Inspector A. W. Philip, were presented to the Duke of York, who shook hands also with each of the recipients of the medals. All the divisions later marched past, the Duke of York taking the salute.

FALLING BIRTH-RATE

SAVING OF INFANT LIFE

The Returns of the Registrar-General for the first quarter of 1930 show that the birth-rate was 16.2 per 1,000 population, the death-rate was 13.5 per 1,000, while the infant death-rate was 77 per 1,000 registered live births.

The birth-rate is the lowest recorded in any first quarter since the establishment of civil registration except that of the first quarter of 1919, when, owing to the War, the rate fell to 15.7 per 1,000. The infant death-rate is the lowest ever recorded in any first quarter, being 16 per 1,000 below the average of the 10 preceding first quarters and 3 per 1,000 below that of the first quarter of 1928, the lowest reached in any earlier first quarter.

The natural increase of population by excess of births over deaths was 26,725, as against a natural decrease in 1929 of 44,112. This difference is to be explained by the fact that influenza was not epidemic in the early months of this year.

The marriage-rate for the fourth quarter of 1929, the latest available, was 16.5 per 1,000. It represents an increase of 7,764 on the corresponding figure for 1928.

UNIVERSITY NEWS

DEGREES AT CAMBRIDGE

CAMBRIDGE, JUNE 1

At a Congregation held yesterday afternoon, the Vice-Chancellor (Mr. A. B. Ramsay, Master of Magdalene College) presiding, the Regent House gratefully accepted the offer of the Rockefeller Foundation to pay the expenses of a Commission appointed by the University to visit libraries in Europe, the United States, and Canada.

Mr. W. N. C. van Grutten, of King's, and Mr. F. J. Dykes, of Trinity, were appointed Pro-Proctors for the ensuing academical year.

Nine Graces were passed by the Senate in favour of the conferment of Honorary Degrees on nominees of the Chancellor in connexion with his installation. [Details of Mr. Baldwin's nominations appeared in *The Times* of May 29.]

The following degrees were conferred:—

M.D.—In person.—L. S. FRY, King's; L. P. L. FIRMAN-EDWARDS, Trin.; R. HILTON, Corp. Chr.; J. V. FEDDAN and B. E. SCHLESINGER, Emm.

PH.D.—By proxy.—H. O'N. HENCKEN, Joh.; C. H. N. JACKSON, Gonv. and Cai. In person.—S. E. A. LANDALE, Corp. Chr.; W. A. R. DILLON-WESTON, Cath.; K. A. C. ELLIOTT, Selw.

M.A.—By proxy.—E. M. ROGERS, Trin.; G. H. A. GERSON, H. B. HARVEY, and F. H. PHIPOT, Joh.; E. G. H. KEMPSON, Chr.; D. HOLLAND, Pemb.; J. G. ADSHEAD, G. H. HARDCASTLE, and A. SOUTER, Gonv. and Cai.; G. C. OWEN, Trin. H.; E. F. UPWARD, Corp. Chr.; J. V. MCCLELLAND, Sid. Suss. In person.—C. W. BLOOMFIELD, E. W. BOWER, R. B. BROWNE, G. P. MANDER, and O. A. SAUNDERS, Trin.; G. W. M. TREPTE, Joh.; T. A. V. WILLIGEN, Cla.; D. P. GORDON, Pemb.; F. BUSH, F. G. G. DAVEY, D. DUCAT, J. H. KEATING, and E. W. RUSSELL, Gonv. and Cai.; G. E. PARKER, D. W. WOOD, and F. H. WILLIS, Trin. H.; E. AYRES, J. MENZIES, G. N. MORICE J. P. MOUNSEY, and J. E. SIMPSON, Corp. Chr.; W. H. SYMONDS and O. J. VOELCKER, Queens'; L. J. MCKAY, H. H. PITCHFORD, and R. P. RADCLIFFE, Calh.; J. W. CALDER, J. D. CHRISTOPHER, R. W. FIRTH, and K. H. VIRNOLES, Magd.; C. H. BISHOP, H. H. CUTTLE, H. HOUGHTON, E. H. NIGHTINGALE, D. A. PHILLIPS, and J. C. C. POOLE, Emm.; K. F. LUND, Sid. Suss.; W. H. B. COURT, and W. F. SPINKS, Down.; B. O. WHEEL and W. R. WORTHINGTON, Non-Coll.

LL.M.—In person.—S. J. BAILEY, Joh.

M.LITT.—By proxy.—H. S. ROBINSON, Emm.

M.B. AND B.CHIR.—In person.—C. Hill, Trin.; G. E. Parker, Trin. H.; J. E. Semple, Corp. Chr.

M.B.—In person.—J. C. C. Poole, Emm.

B.A.—In person.—E. C. M. Brancott, Gonv. and Cai.; A. J. Morley, Non-Coll.

THE EASTMAN PROFESSOR AT OXFORD

NEW YORK, June 1.—The Association of American Rhodes Scholars announce that Mr. George Eastman, of Rochester, N.Y., has given an additional $100,000 (£20,000) for the salary and expenses of the Eastman Visiting Professor at Oxford University. The first appointment to be made is that of Professor John Livingstone Lowes, of Harvard, the author of "The Road to Xanadu" and other poems.—*Reuter.*

SCHOOL AWARDS

The following school awards are announced:—

CHELTENHAM COLLEGE

ENTRANCE SCHOLARSHIPS (confined to boys not already members of the College, nor of the Junior School).—£90. C. R. BAX (James of Hereford Scholar) (Mr. A. E. Lynam, Dragon School, Oxford); £80. J. M. WOOLLEY (Dobson Scholar) (Mr. C. M. Phillips, Prestonville School, Brighton); £80. P. HANNAM-CLARK (Old Cheltonian Scholar) (Mr. E. M. Jackson, Mistley Place, Manningtree); £80. L. LLOYD-EVANS (Harvey Scholar) (Messrs. A. M. Paterson and A. A. Wallis, Wells House, Malvern Wells); £80. R. S. COURTICE (Southwood Scholar) (Mr. F. D. Fee Smith, The Old Hall, Wellington, Salop); £60. G. A. B. BARTLEY-DENNIS (Jex Blake Scholar) (Mr. R. L. Sanderson, Elstree School, Herts); £50. S. P. CASTLEY (James of Hereford Scholar) (Mr. C. G. Gordon Brierley, Bigshotte, Wokingham).

ENTRANCE EXHIBITIONS.—*£40. C. F. POTTER (Mr. C. Clayton Perman, Glyngarth School, Cheltenham); *£30. R. S. HENDERSON (Mr. C. Clayton Perman, Glyngarth School, Cheltenham); £30. D. C. PRITCHARD (Mr. C. G. Gordon Brierley, Bigshotte, Wokingham); *£30. B. F. H. DICKINSON (Mr. G. Meakin, Pembroke Lodge, Southbourne); £25. B. G. G. MARSDEN (Mrs. Pearce, Ripley Court, Surrey); £25. J. C. SKUSE (Exhibitioner in Music) (Mr. G. S. Fowler, St. George's School, Windsor).

HOME SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS (Confined to Boys already members of the College or of the Junior School).—RE-ELECTED SCHOLARS.—£80. J. D. EDGAR (formerly Mr. F. G. Turner, Tormore School, Upper Deal); £80. A. G. M. HEDLEY (formerly Junior School, Cheltenham College); £70. F. E. de W. CAYLEY (from Exhibitioner, 1929) (formerly Mr. I. Sant, St. Edmund's, Hindhead). RE-ELECTED EXHIBITIONER.—£40. A. C. COOPER (formerly Mr. B. W. King-Hall, Ellesworth House, Ellesworth). NEWLY ELECTED SCHOLARS.—£70. G. E. L. CLARKE (Old Cheltonian Scholar) (Junior School, Cheltenham College); £60. V. C. MARTIN (formerly Mr. E. P. Frederick, Wells House, Malvern Wells).

R.A.M.C. MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS.—£50. J. S. DUDDING (promoted to Scholar, from Exhibitioner) (formerly Captain E. A. Tregoning, Saugeen School, Bournemouth); £25. P. J. D. LANGRISHE (Exhibitioner) (Mr. F. D. H. Joy, Aysgarth School, Yorks); £25. C. N. PRIESTLEY (Exhibitioner) (Mr. C. A. Ranger, Pinewood, Farnborough, Hants).

*Note.—For day boys the actual value is two-fifths of the nominal value shown above.

UPPINGHAM SCHOOL

SCHOLARSHIPS.—Elected.—P. D. FLETCHER (Mr. W. P. Singleton, The Elms, Colerall, near Malvern); H. E. BLAIKIE (Mr. G. C. McFerran, Packwood Haugh, Hockley Heath, Warwickshire); J. R. B. MILTON (Mr. A. W. Roberts, Langley House, St. Leonards-on-Sea); R. H. SLAUGHTER (Mr. C. Walford, Homefield, Sutton, Surrey); A. W. SELWYN (Uppingham School, and Mr. W. C. Barton, 43, Rosary-gardens, S.W.); R. E. H. RUDGARD (Messrs. Hope and Summers, Holdon Court, Cockfosters, Herts); J. R. W. POOLE HUGHES (Mr. G. C. McFerran, Packwood Haugh, Hockley Heath, Warwickshire).

RUPERT LEE SCHOLARSHIPS.—Elected.—J. T. TYLER (Oakham School); J. B. HEALEY (Oakham School).

BRYANSTON SCHOOL

AWARDS.—SCHOLARSHIPS.—J. W. GERRARD (Mr. Geoffrey Hoyland, The Downs School, Colwall); M. P. THOMPSON (The Wells House, Malvern); R. C. POWELL (Mr. T. Bunting, Taunton House School, Brighton).

BRITISH CHESS FEDERATION

THE HAMBURG MEETING

(FROM OUR CHESS CORRESPONDENT)

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the British Chess Federation was held at Anderton's Hotel, Fleet-street, on Saturday, Sir Richard Barnett, chairman of the committee, presiding.

It was announced that three new life members had joined the federation. These are Captain W. W. Heneage, Mr. J. A. Neilson, and Mr. W. T. Logan. The last-named are respectively president and secretary of the Glasgow Chess Club.

The British Chess Problem Society reported that they had received 228 problems for the three tourneys promoted by the society, and the awards would be issued in pamphlet form very shortly.

An intimation had been received that the Scottish Chess Association would not re-affiliate to the British Chess Federation. The committee of the federation are asking the Scottish Association to reconsider this decision, which was received with great regret.

In response to a request from the International Chess Federation to appoint a British permanent official arbitrator, who will form one of an International Federation Board, it was decided to appoint Sir George Thomas to fill this position, subject to his consent. The idea of the International Federation is that this Arbitration Board should deal with any question or difficulty that may arise. The incorrect decoding of a move in the London v. Washington cable match of 1928 is a case in point.

For the British Ladies' Championship Tournament, which will form part of the Scarborough Congress of the Federation, the following entries have been accepted:—Miss Abraham, Miss Andrews, Miss L. Eveling, Miss Gilchrist, Mrs. Holloway, Miss Hooke, Mrs. Houlding, Miss Hutchison-Stirling, Mrs. R. P. Michell, Mrs. R. H. Stevenson, and Mrs. Wheelwright. The winner of this tournament will be asked to go to Hamburg to represent England in the tournament for the Women's Championship of the World, and should the winner be unable to go the nomination will apply to the second or third player in the final list.

For the Major Open Tournament the entries are as follows:—J. A. Drewitt, W. A. Fairhurst, C. B. Heath, E. M. Jackson, Miss Menchik, A. Mortlock, D. Noteboom, N. J. Roughton, H. Saunders, A. Seitz, W. H. Watts, and P. Wenman. There will be two first-class, second-class, and third-class tournaments, and there are still a few vacancies in these events. The Committee of the British Chess Federation are prepared to consider further applications to play, and intending entrants should apply at once.

THE SWISS SYSTEM

The secretary, Mr. L. P. Rees, reported that it had come to his knowledge that the organizers of the Hamburg meeting were proposing to play the International Team Tournament on the Swiss system, which is, in effect, a method of pairing the teams with equal, or nearly equal, scores from one round against each other in the next round. Further, that this arrangement had been suggested in order that each team should play only 14 rounds, instead of the 17 rounds normally requisite in a tournament with 18 entrants. Apart altogether from the fact that the teams with the lowest scores might play but very few rounds on this process of selection, the three rounds the proposal would eliminate might have a vital effect on the points to be gained, and the cup is won by the team with the highest aggregate of points. The committee decided to follow up a protest by the Hon. F. G. Hamilton-Russell, the donor of the cup, with a strong protest on behalf of the British Chess Federation against the proposal.

The question of permanent headquarters for the B.C.F. in London was mentioned, and a sub-committee consisting of Mr. R. C. Griffith, Mr. S. J. Holloway, and Mr. R. H. Stevenson was appointed to make preliminary inquiries.

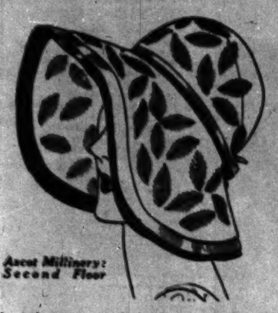
The annual meeting of the London Chess League was held at St. Bride Institute, E.C., on Friday, when Mr. E. R. Turner (Lud-Eagle), was elected president for the year.

The trophies won during the season were presented, among them being the Eastman Cup, which was won by Brixton in the final round. The following is the score of this deciding match against Hampstead:—

W. Gooding ½, W. Winter ½; H. B. Uber 1, V. Buerger 0; R. C. J. Walker 0, R. C. Griffith 1; H. C. Griffiths 1, A. Wyndham 0; J. B. Heath 1, W. F. Bonwick 0; R. H. Newman 1, P. W. Sergeant 0; H. G. Felce 1, E. M. Jellie 0; Dr. F. St. J. Steadman 0, A. E. Mercer 1; H. Golombek 1, C. A. S. Damant 0; R. Coman ½, C. E. Simon ½; W. H. Dobinson 0, T. L. Caswell 1; A. H. Brooks ½, H. G. Dowden ½. Total, Brixton 7, Hampstead 5.

The half-yearly council meeting of the Southern Counties' Chess Union was held at St. Bride Institute, E.C., on Saturday, when Mr. J. H. Van Meurs

ASCOT FASHIONS from the LOUVRE



Ascot Millinery: Second Floor

Linen is very much in favour this season. The smart model illustrated above is of pink linen, stitched with black silk and trimmed with black and pink petersham ribbon. It costs 79/6

This charming picture hat is a fitting complement to the summer toilette. It is fashioned from natural lace straw with black straw skilfully let into the brim and is trimmed with black petersham ribbon. 4 gns

Catalogue of Summer Fashions will be sent free on request.

An exquisite toilette, suitable for race wear and many summer functions, made from light beige silk lace and georgette. A salient feature is the three-quarter length coat, which has the new flared effect. The long full skirt of the dress is of lace, which is repeated in the deep yoke. An unusual panelled effect on the hips gives slimness and height. 15½ gns

Ascot Frocks: First Floor

This charming ensemble embodies fashion's newest line in a particularly graceful manner. Made from beige silk lace and georgette, it has the new three-quarter length coat, while the flared skirt of the dress falls in long and graceful folds. An interesting finish is given by the dainty flower at the shoulder. 10 gns

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BUCKINGHAM PALACE, MAY 31

Sir William Jowitt, M.P. (Attorney-General) had the honour of being received by The King this morning.

The Marquess and Marchioness of Carisbrooke visited The King and Queen this afternoon.

The Prince George, attended by Major Humphrey Butler, opened the new Municipal Aerodrome and the Winford Orthopaedic Hospital at Bristol to-day.

JUNE 1

The King and Queen, with the Ladies and Gentlemen in attendance, were present at Divine Service in the Private Chapel this morning.

The Service was conducted by the Revd. L. H. Nixon (Priest-in-Ordinary in Waiting) and the Revd. Spencer Wade (Vicar of St. John the Evangelist, Gateshead Fell, Durham) preached the Sermon.

Their Majesties, attended by the Ladies and Gentlemen of the Household in Waiting, honoured with Their presence a Concert which was given by the Philharmonic-Symphony Society of New York at the Royal Albert Hall this afternoon.

The Duchess of York visited The King and Queen this afternoon.

Colonel Sir Clive Wigram and Lieut.-Colonel Reginald Seymour have succeeded Captain Sir Charles Cust, Bt., R.N., and Major the Hon. Alexander Hardinge as Equerries in Waiting to The King.

145, PICCADILLY, JUNE 1

The Duke of York, attended by Commander Harold Campbell, inspected the Metropolitan Special Constabulary Reserve and its Auxiliary Force in Hyde Park this afternoon.

Princess Mary, Countess of Harewood, and the Earl of Harewood will pay a visit to the Marquess and Marchioness of Crewe, at Woodcote Grove, Epsom, to-morrow and stay until the Derby.

The Earl of Inchcape left on Saturday for Paris to attend to-day's Suez Canal meeting and will return to London to-night.

Viscountess Elibank will return to St. James's-court to-day from Paris.

Lady Jeane Petherick has gone abroad for about a month. No letters will be forwarded.

Lord and Lady Penrhyn have returned to 28, Wilton-place, S.W.1, from Penrhyn Castle, Bangor.

Lord and Lady Redesdale have left 26, Rutland-gate for High Wycombe.

Sir Evelyn Cecil, who was British delegate on the executive committee of the recent International Railway Congress at Madrid, will return to London to-morrow, with the Hon. Lady Cecil.

Commander the Hon. Douglas Cochrane, R.N., and Mrs. Cochrane have arrived at 24, Onslow-square for the season.

Sir John and Lady Bland-Sutton will leave 29, Hertford-street, Park-lane, to-morrow to see the Passion Play at Oberammergau. They will return to London on June 15.

General and Mrs. George Holdsworth have arrived at 14, Great Stanhope-street from Glynde Place.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Mrs. Henderson-Scott and Major and Mrs. Maxwell Henderson-Scott thank all kind friends for their sympathy and kind thoughts in their great loss. They hope to answer all letters personally as soon as possible.

Captain and Mrs. Guy Vansittart have taken 11, Onslow-crescent, S.W.7, for two months. (Telephone, Kensington 1558.)

Mr. and the Hon. Mrs. Ionides have returned to 49, Berkeley-square, W.

Mr. and Mrs. Roland Nelson have sold 41, Princes-gardens, and their permanent address is Chilterns End, Henley-on-Thames. Miss Joy Nelson is staying with Mrs. J. G. Dugdale at 16, Princes-gardens, S.W.7, for June.

Major and Mrs. J. G. Dugdale and Miss Pamela Dugdale have arrived at 16, Princes-gardens, S.W.7 (telephone, Kensington 6485), for five weeks.

Mrs. Hugh Lee is disposing of her house in Sussex-gardens and has bought Silia Place, Presteigne, Radnorshire, which is now her permanent address.

Mr. and Mrs. Sacheverell Sitwell have arrived at 80, Seymour-street, W.2 (Paddington 3374), where they will remain until the end of July.

At the Derby Ball, organized by Lady Milbanke, in aid of the Royal Northern Hospital, at the May Fair Hotel to-night, there will be an auction of a Derby box at midnight. The box is Balcony No. 12 and contains eight badges. Tickets can be bought at the door of the hotel.

The annual meeting of the Invalid and Crippled Children's Society will be held (by permission of Viscount and Viscountess Allendale) at 144, Piccadilly to-morrow at 3 o'clock.

RECEPTIONS

LADY VIOLET ASTOR

Major the Hon. J. J. and Lady Violet Astor held a reception last evening at their London residence, 18, Carlton House-terrace, to welcome the oversea delegates to the Fourth Imperial Press Conference, which is being held in London this year. The house was decorated with white and mauve lilac, laburnum, and pink carnations from the gardens of Hever Castle. Mr. De Groot's quintet played a selection of music during the evening. There were present delegates representing the Press of Canada, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, the Irish Free State, India, the British West Indies, Ceylon, East Africa, Malta, Newfoundland, the Straits Settlements, Hong-kong, and the League of Nations.

LADY HOWARD DE WALDEN

Lord and Lady Howard de Walden gave a party yesterday afternoon at Seaford House, Belgrave-square, to meet Maestro Arturo Toscanini and the New York Philharmonic Symphony Orchestra. Among those present were:—

The Spanish Ambassador and the Marquess de Merry del Val, the German Ambassador and Frau Sthamer, the French Ambassador and Mme. de Fleuriau and Mlle. de Fleuriau, the Brazilian Ambassador and Mme. Régis de Oliveira and Mlle. Sylvia Régis de Oliveira, and the Italian Ambassador, the Belgian Ambassador and Baroness de Cartier de Marchienne, the Japanese Ambassador and Mme. Matsudaira, the Polish Ambassador, the Norwegian Minister, the Swiss Minister and Mme. Paravicini and Mlle. Livia Paravicini, the Austrian Minister, the Danish Minister and Countess Ahlefeldt-Laurvig and Countess Ingerid Ahlefeldt, the Greek Minister, the Czechoslovak Minister and Mme. Maesryk, Mme. Titulesco, the Chinese Minister and Mme. Sze, and the Albanian Chargé d'Affaires and Mme. Libohova.

Sir Thomas Beecham, Colonel Eustace Bicknell, Mr. Adrian Boult, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Bliss, Prince and Princess Reginald de Croy, Sir Austen and Lady Chamberlain and Miss Diana Chamberlain, the Marquess and Marchioness of Carisbrooke, Lady Cunard, Mr. and Mrs. A. Courtauld, Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Chesterton, Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Cochran, Mr. Albert Coates, the Marquess of Donegall, Count and Countess de Limur and Mrs. Crocker, Viscount and Viscountess Elibank, Lord and Lady Diplomatists and the Hon. Elizabeth Feilding, Sir Edward Elgar, Mr. and Mrs. John B. Mathews, Mr. Edwin Evans, Major-General Lord Edward Gleichen and Lady Edward Gleichen, Countess Howe and Lady Georgiana Curzon, Mr. and Lady Vera Hoghton, Captain and Mrs. Harry Graham, Mr. Gerald Haxton and Miss Hall, Mr. A. P. Herbert, Admiral of the Fleet Earl and Countess Jellicoe, Sir John and Lady Lavery, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir John and Lady Leslie, Mr. Robin Lesse, Mr. Neville Lewis, Lord Montagu, Mr. George Moore, the Duchess of Norfolk and Lady Katherine and Lady Rachel Howard and Miss Drummond, Miss Phyllis Nelson-Ferry, the Countess of Oxford and Asquith, Mr. and Mrs. Norman Page, Colonel and Mrs. Cole Porter, Sir Nigel and Lady Playfair, Mr. Lionel Powell, Lady Ravensdale, Sir Landon and Lady Ronald, the Marchioness of Salisbury, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Snowden, Mr. Gordon Selfridge, Sir Philip Sassoon, Dr. and Mrs. Malcolm Sargent, Dame Ethel Smyth, Mr. G. Bernard Shaw, Mr. Wilson Steer, Mr. Frazer Tayler, Mr. Ernest Thesiger, Viscount and Viscountess Templewood, the Hon. Piers, Viscount and Viscountess Tyrrell, Mr. and Mrs. Vaughan Williams, and Sir Henry and Lady Wood.

FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES

LIEUTENANT J. F. W. MAITLAND, R.N., AND MISS B. DENNY

The marriage arranged between Lieutenant J. F. W. Maitland, R.N., and Miss Bridget Denny will take place on Thursday, July 10, at St. Paul's Church, Knightsbridge.

CAPTAIN W. I. LEETHAM AND MISS M. TRAVERS

A marriage has been arranged, and will take place in July, between Captain William Ian Leetham, 11th Hussars, son of the late Captain William Leetham, 5th Dragoon Guards, and Mrs. Kenneth Walker, of Boulston, Haverfordwest, Pembrokeshire, and Marjorie, second daughter of Captain R. W. Travers, R.N., retired, and Mrs. Travers, of Dellcroft, Alleyn Park, Dulwich.

CAPTAIN F. T. GASS AND MISS EDGELL

The engagement is announced between Captain Fenwick Temperley Gass, 10th Gurkha Rifles, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Gass, of Wylam, Northumberland, and Merriel Bonville, only daughter of the late C. H. Edgell and Mrs. Edgell, of Cove, Bampton, Devon.

CAPTAIN A. S. W. WILLIS AND MISS C. BYRNE

The marriage arranged between Captain A. S. W. Willis, M.C., Royal Tank Corps, and Miss Clodagh Byrne will take place on Thursday, June 12, at Holy Trinity, Brompton, at 2.15 o'clock.

CAPTAIN C. E. L. WATKINS AND MISS A. B. EVANS

The engagement is announced between Cecil Eric Legrew Watkins, M.C., The King's Own Yorkshire Light Infantry, attached The Sudan Defence Force, elder son of the late Walter Legrew Watkins, and Anne Barbara, youngest daughter of Lewis Evans, F.S.A., F.R.A.S., of The Rise, Dawlish, Devon.

MR. D. S. NEWTON-KING AND MISS N. JONES

The engagement is announced between Dennis Slingsby Newton-King, The Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry and Sudan Defence Force, son of Lieutenant-Colonel F. J. and Mrs. Newton-King, and Noël, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Llewellyn Jones, of St. Martins, Guernsey.

MR. I. C. LAUDER AND MISS B. HAND

The engagement is announced between Ian Connaill Lauder, 4th Battalion, 5th Mahratta Light Infantry, son of Mrs. Lauder, of 63, Cambridge-gardens, Kensington, and the late Colonel W. B. Lauder, C.B., C.M.G., and Betty, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Hand, of York House, Hendon.

SQUADRON LEADER W. H. DE W. WALLER AND MISS LAMBE

The marriage arranged between Squadron Leader W. H. de W. Waller, R.A.F., and Miss Lambe will take place quietly on July 17 in London.

MR. M. ZVEGINTZOV AND MISS D. LUCAS

The engagement is announced between Michael, only son of the late Colonel Alexander Zvegintzov, Imperial Russian Guard and Russian State Duma, and of Mme. Zvegintzov, formerly of Petrograd, and Diana, second daughter of the late Frank Lucas, C.B., C.V.O., and Mrs. Frank Lucas, 50, Oakley-street, Chelsea.

MR. J. FERGUSSON AND MISS F. DUGDALE

The marriage arranged between Mr. James Fergusson and Miss Frances Dugdale will take place on Thursday, July 17, at St. Columba's Church, Pont-street, at 2.15.

MR. J. E. HEWENS AND MISS M. VAN DER STRAETEN

The engagement is announced between John Edward Hewens, son of the late Mr. H. E. Hewens and of Mrs. Hewens, of Chungates, Taplow, Bucks, and Madeleine, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Van der Straeten, of Paris.

MR. C. J. FRYER AND MISS H. LONGDEN-KNOTT

The marriage arranged between Mr. Colin John Fryer and Miss Heather Longden-Knott will take place at St. Andrew's Church, Sonning-on-Thames, on Tuesday, June 24.

MR. R. GARDNER AND MISS J. WILCOX

The engagement is announced between Rodney Gardner, second son of Mr. and Mrs. Thornton Gardner, of Kooringa, Wallingham, and Jean, youngest daughter of Mrs. George Wilcox, of Darling Point, Sydney.

MR. J. W. S. MOUNT AND MISS GEIKIE

The engagement is announced between James William Spencer, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. S. Mount, of Hode, Patrixbourne, Canterbury, and Margaret Jessie, elder daughter of Dr. and Mrs. J. S. Geikie, of 8, Alloway-place, Ayr.

MR. E. J. CASTELLO AND MISS E. M. COHEN

The marriage arranged between Mr. Ellis J. Castello and Miss Elizabeth M. Cohen will take place on Thursday, June 5, at the Central Synagogue, Hallam-street, at 2.30 p.m.

MR. E. C. ROSE AND MISS R. ROWELL

The engagement is announced between Edward Cranfield Rose, of Brampton, Huntingdon, and Miss Rose Rowell, Ivydene, Chipping Norton.

MR. SCHRÖDER AND MISS DARELL

The wedding of Mr. Schröder and Miss Darell will take place to-day at St. Margaret's Church, Westminster, at 2.15.

DINNER

ALMINA LADY CARNARVON

Almina Countess of Carnarvon and Lieutenant-Colonel Dennistoun gave a dinner at the Ritz Hotel on Friday evening to some of the guests invited to the Marchioness of Downshire's dance. Among those present were:—

The Brazilian Ambassador and Mlle. Oliveira, Mme. Titulesco, Lord Thomson, the Earl and Countess of Lisburne, the Earl and Countess of Carnarvon, Viscountess Hailsham, Captain and Lady Margaret Illingworth, the Hon. Robert and Lady Serena Jamet, Mr. A. and Lady Diana Gibb, the Hon. Mrs. Pitt-Rivers, the Hon. Mrs. Brougham and Miss Brougham, Sir Brograve and Lady Evelyn Beauchamp, Commander and Mme. Bunster, Mr. and Mrs. R. Hirsch, Lady Horne, Mrs. Alsdair Dennistoun, the Hon. Peter Gardner, Colonel the Hon. A. Alexander, the Hon. David Rhys, and the Hon. Edward Jessel.

SERVICE DINNER

THE ROYAL IRISH REGIMENT

The annual dinner of The Royal Irish Regiment took place at the Army and Navy Club, Pall Mall, on Friday. The following were present:—

Major-General J. B. Forster (president); Major-Generals G. A. H. Beatty and B. J. C. Doran; Brigadier-Generals W. H. S. Doran and L. C. Koe; Colonel J. G. Edwardes; Lieutenant-Colonels W. M. Acton, W. E. S. Burch, A. G. Chichester, H. J. Downing, G. A. Elliot, J. J. Fox, G. M. Grosan, Sir Walter Edgeworth-Johnstone, O. L. French Lloyd, L. G. Pilkington, E. Roche-Kelly, and E. B. Sandeiser; Majors M. E. W. Gledhill, H. E. Rudkin, and T. E. H. Taylor; Captains E. C. Beard and H. G. O. Downing; Messrs. S. A. L. Downing and J. H. A. Nevill; and the Rev. B. S. Rawlinson.

THE WOLFE MEMORIAL

The Wolfe Memorial Committee have now issued tickets for the unveiling ceremony at Greenwich on June 5, and the list is closed. Any persons who have accepted the invitation and not received tickets are asked to apply immediately to the secretary, Wolfe Memorial Committee, 39, Prince's-gate, S.W.7.

FUNERALS

MACLEAN OF ARDGOUR

Princess Louise, Duchess of Argyll, was represented by Captain A. Campbell at the funeral of Maclean of Ardgour, sixteenth laird, which took place on Saturday afternoon at Ardgour. The chief mourners were the Hon. Mrs. Maclean (widow) and two of her daughters.

Among others present were:—

The Duke of Argyll, the Duke of Montrose, the Earl of Morton and Hon. William Douglas, Mr. R. Chinnery-Haldane of Glenegles, the Earl of Breadalbane, Lochiel and Major Ewen Cameron of Lochiel, Mr. F. S. Cameron-Head of Inverailort, Sir Arthur Nicholson of Arisaig, Rear-Admiral Sir Charles Ottley, Lord Inverclyde, Major Ellice, Mr. Edward R. Malcolm (representing Sir Henry and Lady Fairfax-Lucy and Mrs. Strutt), Stewart of Achnacone, Sir Hew Hamilton-Dalrymple, Colonel F. Popham, Mr. R. R. Maclean, Mr. A. B. Maclean, Mr. John Macdonald, Colonel T. L. Brown (vice-chairman, Territorial Association), Dr. Crichton Mitchell (representing the Royal Meteorological Society), Major E. Macfarlane and Mr. Charles Campbell, Colonel Lord Arthur Browne, Captain Charles Maclean (representing Colonel Sir FitzRoy Maclean), Lord James Stewart-Murray, Colonel Campbell, Miss Campbell of Inverneill, Mrs. Croll, Major Hector Maclean, Major G. C. Maclean, Dr. Bruce Maclean and Mr. William Maclean (representing the Clan Maclean Association), Colonel Stirling, Colonel Cecil Barlow, Miss Jean Burns, Captain Malcolm, and Commander Newton.

MR. PHILIP H. WADE

The funeral of Mr. Philip H. Wade took place at Brookwood on Friday, May 30. The Rev. Prebendary Gough officiated at the service. The mourners included:—Mrs. Philip Wade, Miss Norah Wade, Miss Wade, Lady Power, Mrs. Gawler Mills, Mrs. Carrington Wilde, Brigadier-General T. H. Wade, Major M. C. C. Harrison, and Mr. Arthur Harrison.

NEW DOCKHEAD CLUB FOR GIRLS

On Saturday Princess Helena Victoria laid the foundation-stone of a new dockhead club and hostel for girls in connexion with the Time and Talents Guild. The Bishop of Southwark and the Rev. J. Scott Lidgett conducted the service.

Ecclesiastical News and Wills and Bequests will be found on page 9

MARRIAGES

MR. C. SIMMONS AND MISS A. YATE

The marriage took place at St. Michael's, Madeley, Shropshire, on Saturday, of Mr. Charles Simmons, of 25, Drayton-court, younger son of the late Mr. Robert Simmons, of Caversham, and Mrs. Simmons, and Miss Adelaide Yate, younger daughter of Colonel Sir Charles Yate, Bt., and Lady Yate, of Madeley Hall, Shropshire. The Bishop of Hereford officiated, assisted by the Rev. C. Mercer.

The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a gown of cream satin beauté. Her train was of old Brussels lace, and she carried a sheaf of lilies. The child attendants—Miss Joan Simmons, Miss June Stanier, and Miss Dugdale—wore ankle-length gowns of frilled white organdie, with cherry-coloured sashes and shoes. The bride was also attended by two pages, Master Robert Simmons and Master Frank Stanier, who wore cherry-coloured Kate Greenaway suits.

Mr. H. F. C. Donnell was best man, and a reception was held at Madeley Hall. The honeymoon will be spent motoring. The bride's going-away dress was of green crêpe de Chine, with a fur-collared coat to match.

THE REV. E. W. ORMEROD AND MISS MACONCHY

The marriage took place at St. Nicolas Church, Newnham, Hampshire, on Saturday, of the Rev. Edward Wareing Ormerod, second son of the late Mr. Joseph Arderne Ormerod, M.D., F.R.C.P., and Mrs. Ormerod, of 25, Wimpole-street, and Greenhill, Upham, Hants, and Miss Deborah Agnes Maconchy, only daughter of Brigadier-General E. W. S. K. Maconchy and Mrs. Maconchy, of Edenmore, Hook, Hants. Canon B. K. Cunningham officiated, assisted by the Rev. G. Campbell.

The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a gown of parchment-tinted moiré. Her train of old Brussels lace was carried by Miss Mary Somerset and Miss Daphne Macdonald. Her tulle veil was held in place with a halo of orange blossom, and she carried a bouquet of pale yellow roses and lilies-of-the-valley. The grown-up bridesmaids, Miss Douglas of Mains, Miss Eleanor Chalk, Miss Cicely Peel, and Miss Harris St. John, wore blue georgette dresses, with halos of forget-me-nots, and carried bouquets of shaded sweet peas, and the child attendants wore dresses of blue chiffon, with wreaths of silver ribbon and forget-me-nots.

Mr. T. Ormerod (brother of the bridegroom) was best man. A reception was held at Edenmore, and among the guests were:—

Mr. and Mrs. Maconchy of Rathmore, the Hon. Mrs. Douglas of Mains, Miss Evelyn Campbell, Mrs. J. J. Mallock, Mrs. Colvill, Miss A. Maconchy, Mrs. G. Maconchy, Colonel and Mrs. Ormerod, the Rev. H. and Mrs. Chalk, Mr. and Mrs. H. Ormerod, Dr. and Mrs. Christopherson, Miss Ormerod, Mrs. Noel Somerset, Mrs. Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. Condon, Lady Hort, Mrs. E. S. Ormerod, Miss Evans, the Rev. H. Bell, Miss A. Ormerod, Mr. and Mrs. Campbell of Cannes-Ross, Mr. Colin and Lady Angela Campbell and Miss Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. Douglas of Mains, Mr. and Mrs. J. Stewart, Major and Mrs. Mordaunt Richards, Mr. and Mrs. F. Richards, Mr. Mrs., and Miss Anderson, Lady Tritton, Miss Tritton, Lieutenant-Commander and Mrs. J. Colvill, Captain and Mrs. R. Colvill, Mr. and Mrs. Peel, Captain and Mrs. Le Hunte Ward, Mrs. Macdonald, Mrs. Donald, Mrs. Campbell, Mrs. Marsh, Miss Sheila Maconchy, Miss F. Campbell, the Misses Campbell, Mrs. R. Mallock, Mr., Mrs. and Miss Lee, Mr. and Mrs. Norman Lee, the Hon. Mrs. Durant, Mrs. George Lee, Colonel and Mrs. Harris St. John, Mrs. and Miss W. Harris St. John, Sir Herbert and Lady Cayser, Mr. and Mrs. Mortimer Pechell, the Hon. Mrs. Charles Sciater-Booth, the Hon. Walter and Mrs. Sciater-Booth, Captain Llewellyn, Lord and Lady Dorchester, Brigadier-General Maxwell and Miss Maxwell, Mrs. Maxwell, Colonel and Mrs. Ferrar, Brigadier-General and the Hon. Mrs. Bunbury, Mrs. Baillie, Mrs. Arthur Jeffreys, Mr., Mrs., and Miss Harvey, Mr., Mrs., and Miss Pilcher, Air-Commodore and Mrs. Masterman, Brigadier-General and Mrs. Gamble, Miss Mallock, Brigadier-General and Mrs. Matthews, Mrs. and Miss Close, Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Tomkins.

Sir Vincent and Lady Raven, Mrs. Thompson, Dr. and Mrs. Balgarnie, Mr. and Mrs. Cobb, Captain and the Hon. Mrs. Anthony Bell, Colonel and Mrs. Welch, Sir John and Lady King, Mr. and Mrs. J. King, Mr. and Mrs. Newall, Mr. and Mrs. Duff, Mrs. Madocks, Colonel the Hon. Henry and Mrs. Napier, Mrs. and Miss Lloyd, Lieutenant-Colonel and Mrs. Hopper, Lieutenant-Colonel and Mrs. Comyn, Mr. D. Anderson, Brigadier-General and Mrs. Otway Herbert, Mrs. Robert Weir, Lieutenant-Colonel and Mrs. Elliott, Mrs. Gregory, the Rev. F. and Mrs. Mowatt, Mr. and Mrs. Lumley Cator, the Rev. H. and Mrs. Parsons, Mrs. Holme and Miss Killick, Captain and Mrs. Lucas, Colonel, Mrs., and Miss Levenson, Lady Blane, Miss Bruce, Miss G. Hankin, Mr. and Mrs. Walford, Lieutenant-Colonel and Mrs. Bradshaw, Mrs. Carmichael-Ferrall, the Rev. and Mrs. Stapleton, Miss Stapleton, Admiral Sir Rudolf and Lady Bentinck, Miss Bentinck, Mrs. and Miss Halliday, Colonel and Mrs. J. K. Tod, Mrs. Blair, Lady Macnaghten, Mrs. Geddes, Mrs. Venn, Mrs. Hugh Bell, Mrs. Ridley, Mrs. and Miss De Courcey Daniell.

Sir Cecil and Lady Brett, the Misses Richards, Miss Oldfield, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hoare, Mrs. and Miss Russell, Miss Mears, Commander and Mrs. Chichester, the Rev. Mellis and Mrs. Douglas, General Sir Henry and Lady Watkis, the Misses Goff, the Hon. Mrs. Marshall, the Rev. G. and Mrs. Emmet, Colonel and Mrs. Hulbert, Mr. and Mrs. Wrottesley, the Rev. H. and Mrs. Sewell, Mrs. Cartland, Mrs. Carter Campbell, the Rev. J. and Mrs. Crosbie-Oates, Mrs. Norman, Mrs. Blackden, Mr. and Mrs. Houston, the Misses Chamberlain, Major Mrs., and Miss Lort-Phillips, Major and Miss Salt, Mrs. and Miss Eden, Captain and Mrs. Cust, Mrs. Sullivan, Mr. G. V. Sullivan, Miss Morris, Miss Hoare, Colonel and Mrs. Olivier, the Rev. J. and Mrs. Berkeley, Mr. and Mrs. Crum Ewing, Lady and Miss Bourdillon, Major-General Sir Andrew and Lady Steuart, and Miss Stuart, Brigadier-General and Mrs. Dawkins, Mr. and Mrs. Du Buisson, and Mr. and Mrs. Broadbent.

SIR JOHN GANZONI AND MISS TURNER

The marriage of Sir John Ganzoni, K.B.E., M.P. for Ipswich, and Miss Turner took place at All Saints Church, Ennismore-gardens, S.W., on Saturday. The Rev. Herbert J. Relton officiated and Mr. L. E. Milburn was best man.

THE NEW WHITGIFT GRAMMAR SCHOOL

FOUNDATION-STONE LAID

The Bishop of Croydon (Archdeacon E. F. Woods), taking the place of the Archbishop of Canterbury, on Saturday laid the foundation-stone of the new Whitgift Grammar School at Haling Park, Croydon.

The park is the last remaining portion of a large estate, of which the mansion that formerly stood there was granted on lease by Queen Elizabeth to Lord Howard of Effingham, of Armada fame, who died in Haling House in 1624. To commemorate that fact the school weather vane will be a miniature replica of an Elizabethan galleon. The new building, of red brick with Bath stone dressings, will cost over £113,000, excluding £10,000, which is to be spent on laying out playing fields and terraces. In it 750 boys will be educated. The design includes a double quadrangle, and a great hall to seat 1,000, with organ and cinematograph projection apparatus. Science, art, and music rooms will be provided, and dining hall, handicraft, workshop, gymnasium, and rifle range. The present grammar school in North End, when vacated, will be taken over by the Whitgift Middle School, which was saved by strong public sentiment from a comparatively recent threat of extinction. When the whole scheme is complete the foundation, which dates from the sixteenth century, will be able to educate 500 more boys than now.

The CHAIRMAN of the GOVERNORS (Alderman A. J. Camden Field), at Saturday's ceremony, expressed deep regret at the absence of the Primate, and it was resolved to send a letter of sympathy and good hope.

The BISHOP OF CROYDON brought from Dr. Lang a message that he greatly valued his connexion with Croydon and the foundation of his Elizabethan predecessor. The Bishop mentioned, as a coincidence, that when the Whitgift Grammar School was opened Archbishop Tait was kept away by indisposition, and the ceremony was therefore performed by Dr. Tait's suffragan. Incidentally, the Bishop remarked that besides representing the Primate, and being there as Bishop, he stood before his fellow townspeople also as their archdeacon, rural dean and vicar, and as a governor of the Whitgift Foundation.

The architects of the new school are Messrs. Leathart and Granger, John-street, Adelphi, W., and the builder Mr. E. H. Smith, Croydon.

FREE CHURCH PULPIT CHANGES

The following changes in Free Church pulpits are announced in the *Christian World*:—

CONGREGATIONAL.—The REV. C. H. CRISP, of Wivenhoe, Essex, has accepted an invitation to Ely, Cambs; the REV. D. E. BROCK, of Steeple Bumpstead, Essex, to Brigg, Lincs; the REV. R. RIGG, of Macduff, to Selkirk; Mr. C. B. LANSDOWN, of Hackney and New College, to Hadleigh, Essex; Mr. C. S. DAVIES, of Hackney and New College, to Cowes.

BAPTIST.—The REV. C. H. ROBINSON, of Melbourne, Derbyshire, has accepted an invitation to Broughton Union Church, Manchester; the REV. M. FLINT, of Yiewsley, to Redhill, Surrey; the REV. J. MURPHY, of Fraserburgh, to Denny, Stirlingshire; Mr. F. WILKINSON, of Rawdon College, to George-street, Peterborough. The Rev. W. J. Juniper is resigning the pastorate at West Mersea, Essex.

Lady Salisbury opened on Saturday the new Warrington Church of England Training College at Wavertree, which has been erected at a cost of about £160,000, to house 200 women for training in the teaching profession. Lord Grey presided. The old college was burned down at Warrington in 1933.

DANCES

THE SEASON'S LIST

The following is a list of private dances which will be given during the coming season. The list will be revised and repeated every Monday:—

TO-NIGHT.—The Countess of Granard, for her daughter, Lady Eileen Forbes.

TO-MORROW NIGHT.—The Hon. Mrs. Wilfrid Abel Smith and Mrs. Alasdair MacGregor of Cardney, for their daughters, Miss Sylvia Abel Smith and Miss Gelda MacGregor.

47th (2nd London) Divisional ball, Hyde Park Hotel.

JUNE 5.—Lady Margaret Nicholson, for her daughter, Miss Joan Nicholson.

The Hon. Mrs. Home Drummond Moray and Mrs. Hugh Gurney, for their daughters, Miss Anne and Miss Grace Drummond Moray and Miss Priscilla Gurney.

JUNE 6.—Mrs. Arthur J. Collins, for the coming-of-age of her son, Mr. G. A. K. Collins.

JUNE 9.—412th Battery (Suffolk Yeomanry), R.A., T.A., Benacre Hall, Suffolk (by permission of Sir Thomas and Lady Gooch).

JUNE 11.—Mrs. St. George, for her daughter, Miss Vivien St. George.

JUNE 12.—Mrs. Brian Molloy, for her daughter, Miss Molly Molloy.

The Hon. Mrs. Wentworth Chetwynd (dinner dance), for her daughter, Miss Joan Chetwynd, 28, Cleveland-square.

Mrs. Barty-King (small dance), for Miss Marguerite Barty-King.

JUNE 16.—Mrs. John Walter, for her son's coming-of-age, Claridge's.

The Royal Caledonian ball, Grosvenor House.

JUNE 17.—Peterhouse. May Week ball.

Lady Bird (small dance), for her daughter, Miss Pamela Bird, 90, Eaton-place.

Corpus Christi College. May Week ball.

JUNE 18.—Mrs. Cecil Colvin and Mrs. G. K. Benton (small dance), for Miss Daphne Colvin, 83, Cromwell-road, S.W.

JUNE 19.—Baroness Quarles van Ufford, for her daughter, Miss Morrison-Scott, 44, Belgrave-square.

JUNE 20.—Annual Session ball of the Royal Naval College, Greenwich.

Lady Merriman, for Miss Rosemary and Miss Violet Merriman.

The Old Cheltonian ball, Town Hall, Cheltenham.

JUNE 23.—Christ Church Commemoration ball.

Magdalen College Commemoration ball.

The Hon. Lady Anstruther-Gough-Calthorpe.

JUNE 24.—New College Commemoration ball.

Lady Violet Astor, Zoological Gardens.

JUNE 25.—Mrs. Christopher Hoare, 40, Great Cumberland-place.

St. John's College Commemoration ball.

Mr. E. S. Edgar, for his daughter, Miss Margaret Edgar, Hyde Park Hotel.

Mrs. J. W. Converse (dinner-dance and *cabaret*).

JUNE 26.—O.U.D.S. Commemoration ball, Town Hall, Oxford.

Mme. Calmettes (small dance), for her daughter, Miss Rosemary Calmettes, 53, Portland-place.

The Hon. Mrs. Guy Wilson, for her daughter, Miss Susan Wilson.

Sir William and Lady Portal's (Golden Wedding) dinner and small dance, Ritz Hotel.

JUNE 27.—Lady Howard Stepney, for her daughter, Miss Marged Howard Stepney.

Royal Artillery (Summer) ball, Royal Artillery Mess, Woolwich.

Wycombe Abbey School dance (for seniors of Wycombe Abbey, St. Leonards and Benenden Schools), Park Lane Hotel.

JUNE 30.—Mrs. Alfred Pitman, for her daughter, Miss Sybil Pitman.

Lady Keyes and Mrs. Dorrien Smith, for Miss Diana and Miss Katherine Keyes and Miss Anne Dorrien Smith.

JULY 1.—Mrs. Weisweiller (small dance), for her daughter, Miss Nadine Weisweiller, 2, Albert-gate.

JULY 2.—The Hon. Mrs. R. H. Hermon-Hodge (small dance), for her daughters, Miss Pamela and Miss Lorna Hermon-Hodge.

The Dowager Lady Glentanar, for her grandson, Lord Waleran, 11, Hill-street, W.

JULY 3.—Mrs. Hugh Gladstone and Mrs. J. A. W. Talbot (small dance), for their daughters, Miss Jean Gladstone and Miss Lettice Talbot.

Lady Howard de Walden (dinner-dance), for her daughter, the Hon. Bronwen Scott-Ellis.

JULY 4.—Mrs. Patrick Villiers-Stuart (small dance), for her niece Miss Katherine Taylor, and her daughter, Miss Patricia Villiers-Stuart.

Downside dance, May Fair Hotel.

JULY 7.—Third Trinity Boat Club ball, May Fair Hotel.

Mrs. W. Reierson Arbuthnot (small dance), for her daughter, Miss Betty Arbuthnot.

JULY 8.—Lady Luke of Pavenham, for her daughter, the Hon. Enid Lawson-Johnston.

Mrs. Richard Raphael (small dance), for her daughters, Miss Marjorie and Miss Rosemary Raphael.

JULY 9.—Vincent's Club ball, May Fair Hotel.

JULY 10.—Trinity Hall Boat Club ball, May Fair Hotel.

Ladies' Carlton Club.

JULY 11.—Eton and Harrow ball, Hurlingham Club.

Mrs. Alan Pilkington (small dance), for her daughter, Miss Rosemary Pilkington, 56, Sloane-street.

Mrs. Warren Pearl, 26, Rutland-gate.

Eton ball, Grosvenor House.

JULY 12.—Mrs. E. J. Cottam (small dance), for her daughter, Miss Audrey Cottam, Piccard's Rough, Guildford.

JULY 15.—Bar Golfing Society, Lincoln's Inn.

Mrs. A. M. Pollock Hodsoll, for her daughters, Miss Peggy and Miss Prudence Hodsoll, Stilemans, Munstead Heath, Godalming.

SOUTH AFRICAN WAR VETERANS

MEMORIAL SERVICE

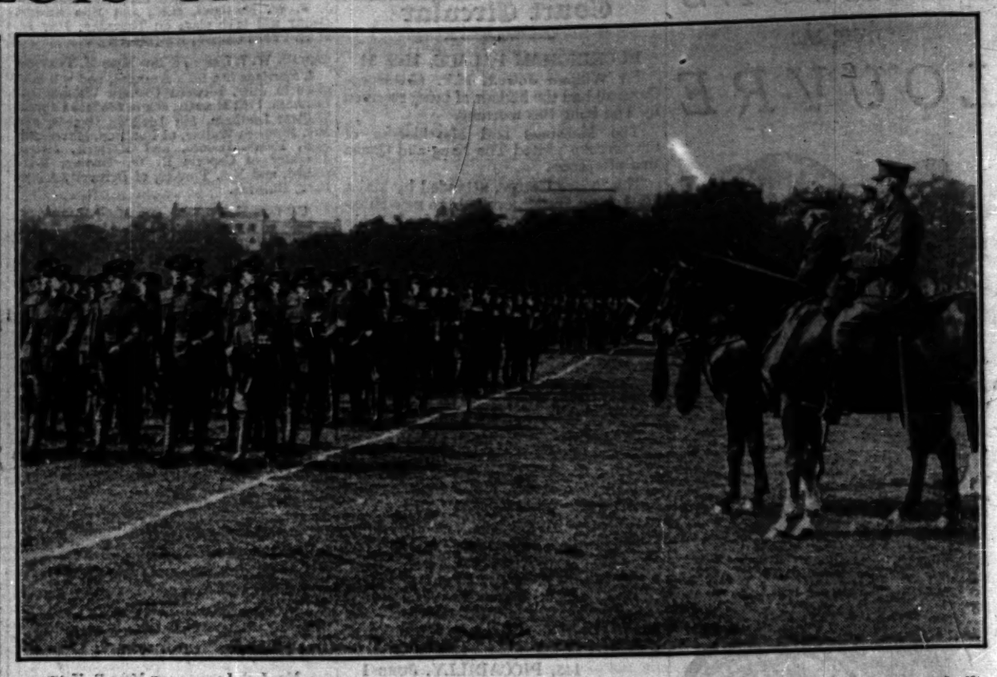
Members of the South African War Veterans' Association, including a few in the scarlet uniform of the Chelsea Pensioners and many wearing four, five, or six medals, mustered on the Horse Guards Parade yesterday morning for the second annual memorial service.

FIELD-MARSHAL LORD METHUEN, who was accompanied by General Sir Ian Hamilton, addressed the men. He said he did not think anything had ever given him more pleasure than the formation of associations of this kind. Though intended at first only as a London organization, their own movement could now count on Bristol, Hull, Shaw, and Salisbury, while veterans in New South Wales and New Zealand were anxious to be included on their rolls, to take up their badges, and to allow him (Lord Methuen) to be their chief president. He held that association in the utmost regard. The unrest in the country was, no doubt, what might be expected in the aftermath of the Great War, and they must do their utmost to encourage peace not only in the world but in our own nation. There was a comradeship among veterans of the South African War which was not possible to the same extent in the Great War because they were always together and never changing regiments or brigades as in the latter campaign. The column of which he had charge was out on the veld over two years, and they hardly ever entered a town. He wished to say that he could not have wished for a finer brigade, consisting of Yeomanry, Australians and New Zealanders, and British infantry, to serve under him.

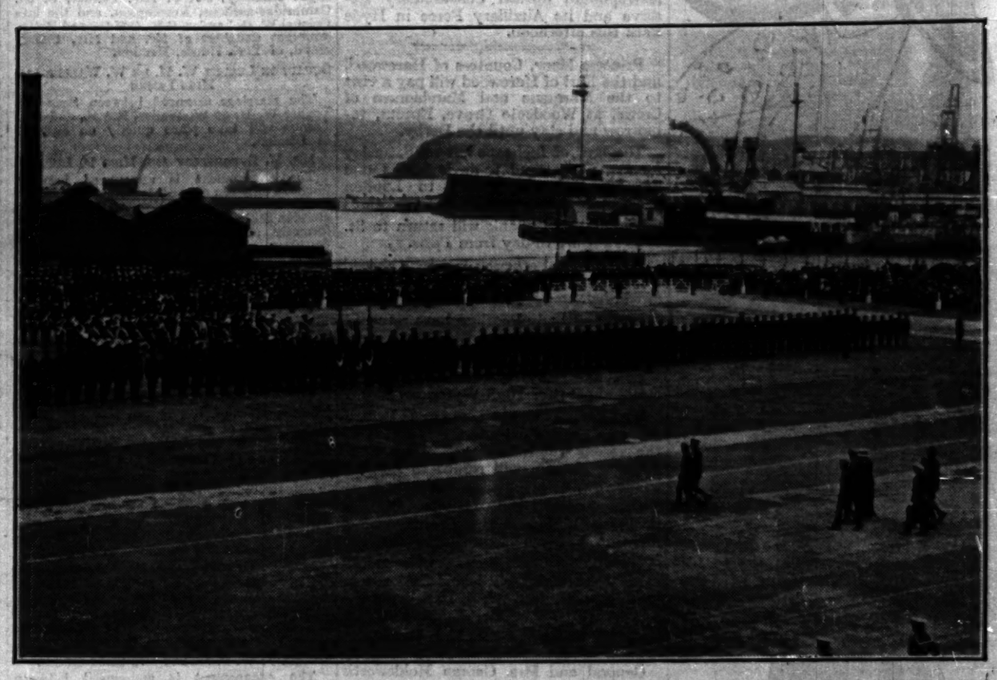
He noticed among their ranks some men of advancing age, whose years ranged somewhere near his own. He had read recently a publication dealing with what it called the "disease of age," but he personally felt as fit at 85 as he did

THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT INSPECTS THE RIFLE BRIGADE

50 YEARS COLONEL-IN-CHIEF.—The Duke of Connaught, who is 80, celebrated on Saturday the completion of 50 years as Colonel-in-Chief of The Rifle Brigade by an inspection of the 2nd Battalion, The Rifle Brigade and affiliated Territorial battalions in Hyde Park. He is seen riding at the head of the regiment after the inspection. On his left is Lieutenant-General Sir Cameron Shute, and on his right Lieutenant-General Sir Reginald Stephens.



THE MARCH PAST.—The troops marching past their Colonel-in-Chief. About 1,400 ex-Service men of all ranks took part in the parade and march past, including a V.C.



"THE GLORIOUS FIRST OF JUNE" was celebrated yesterday by a combined parade of the 2nd Battalion, The Worcestershire Regiment and a Royal Naval Detachment at the Crownhill Barracks, Plymouth. Our photograph was taken as the Duke of Gloucester, who later presented the regiment with new colours, arrived on the parade ground.

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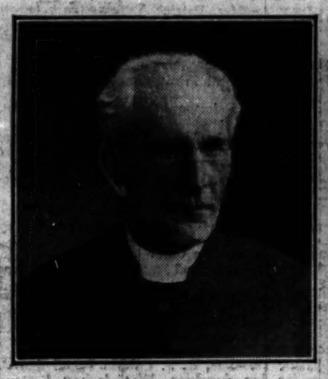

BISHOP G. F. BROWNE, whose death at the age of 96 is announced. He was Bishop of Bristol from 1897 to 1914 and Bishop of Stepney from 1895 to 1897.

GENERAL WOLFE.—The statue to be unveiled at Greenwich on Thursday by the Marquis de Montcalm. The sculptor is Mr. R. Tait McKenzie.

THE HOTEL DE VILLE in Paris illuminated in honour of the visit of the Lord Mayor of London and other British municipal delegates. The Lord Mayor flew back from Paris to London on Saturday.

For the Races

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MALVERN WATER

FRENCH RAILWAY ACCIDENT.—Seven passengers were killed and about 30 injured when the Paris-Marseilles-Nice train was derailed on Saturday night while travelling at about 40 miles an hour near Montereau. Three Englishwomen are said to be among the injured. Our photograph shows the overturned locomotive and wrecked coaches.

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The Times TRADE AND ENGINEERING SUPPLEMENT

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AMONG the many beautiful specimens of new carpet productions for 1930 are the wonderful reproductions on modern looms of Antique Persians and Old Chinese Carpets, nearly priceless in themselves, but now to be obtained in identical colours and in a similar texture—reproduced, moreover, at prices which place these delightful carpets within the reach of everybody

The art of machine reproduction has reached its height in the weaving of these exquisite carpets. The brilliant yellows and characteristic colours of Old Chinese are amazingly true; and in the reproduction of Yhorovan and Kirman XVIIth. century Carpets even the subtle variety of shading due to age is exact

Made specially for Warings, exceptionally fine reproductions of Tabriz and other Persian Carpets are included in the collection of new designs in Axminster Carpets. Equally in the close pile Wiltons it has been possible to copy with extraordinary fidelity the great beauty of the best Kirman and other fine Eastern rugs

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10ft. 6in. x 9ft.	£8. 2.6	12ft. x 10ft. 6in.	£10.17.6
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10ft. 6in. x 9ft.	£12. 5.0	15ft. x 11ft. 3in.	£21.17.6

The illustration is from a photograph of a Waring Wilton Carpet reproducing a very fine Kirman. The design is one of great delicacy of colouring on blue, cream, rose or green ground. The beautiful detail is cleverly brought out in all the beauty of the original

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6ft.8in.x 5ft.4in.	£ 2.15	7ft.1in.x 7ft.1in.	£ 3.17
8ft.0in.x 8ft.3in.	£ 4.17	9ft.2in.x 7ft.2in.	£ 5. 0
9ft.2in.x 9ft.3in.	£ 6. 6	9ft.7in.x8ft.11in.	£ 6.10
10ft.6in.x 9ft.0in.	£ 7. 5	10ft.0in.x10ft.1in.	£ 7.12
11ft.0in.x 9ft.1in.	£ 8. 5	12ft.0in.x 9ft.3in.	£ 8. 5
13ft.0in.x10ft.0in.	£ 9.15	13ft.3in.x12ft.2in.	£12. 5
14ft.3in.x10ft.2in.	£10.17	15ft.1in.x12ft.1in.	£13.10

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WARINGS

LIVERPOOL PARIS MONTE CARLO WARING & GILLOW LTD OXFORD STREET W BRUSSELS DELHI MANCHESTER

Agriculture

FAMILY FARMING

NOVEL ESTIMATE OF "PROSPERITY"

THE ECONOMIC POSITION

(FROM OUR AGRICULTURAL CORRESPONDENT)

Farmers who are said to be doing fairly well are those who carry on mainly or entirely with the help of their families. The claim that these farmers are prospering, however, does not rest on substantial grounds. The family by working together and pooling the results may be able to maintain a state of independence as regards tradesmen, landowners, and others outside, but freedom from payment of statutory wages, whether they be weekly, monthly, or yearly, cannot be accepted as tantamount to financial success. If the substitution of family for hired labour be the measure of prosperity attained, it means that the farmer's sons are satisfied to work for the wages that would be paid to hired hands, or less. In many instances they receive less, and often work longer hours while they can seldom look for the overtime payment that is the legal right of the hired hands.

This point implies a limited prosperity for the great majority of the farmers who alone are supposed to do fairly well—the farmers "who can work their farms within themselves." The fact that the term "doing fairly well" is used in connexion with them suggests a curious interpretation of relative rewards. If the explanation of the comparative success of farmers able to do without hired men be—as in the main it is—that the wage bill is an unreasonably large burden on the farm, it is clear that both the farmer and his family are meagrely rewarded for their time and labour. No one will contend that the sons helping their fathers are so greatly superior as workers to the hired men as when paid equal wages to affect materially the financial result. They may be less exacting regarding time and the payment of the money due to them, since often they live with their parents, but the average hired man is competent and trustworthy. At the same time it is not unfair to suggest that whatever difference there may be is in favour of the family workers, simply on account of their more direct personal interest in things.

WAGES OF FARMERS' SONS

A study of the position warrants the deduction that the family-worked farm is "fairly successful" only because the revenue of the holding is conserved and shared by the family. If this interpretation of the situation be accepted, it justifies the conclusion that popular opinion estimates the merits and claims of the farmer's family on a low scale of value. Agricultural workers are often described as the lowest-paid of any comparable class, but taking a line through the reputed "prosperity" of family-worked farms the sons of farmers fare no better, if as well. The money that goes out in wages, and in present circumstances keeps farmers poor, is not increased in amount, value, or purchasing power by being distributed among the family of the employer. It is, therefore, illogical to assume that families can be prosperous if there is only the equivalent of the wages payable to hired substitutes to be apportioned among them. That this is the reward of most of the families working for their fathers is true, unless, indeed, it exaggerates the figure available for distribution.

It may be wholly erroneous and misleading, therefore, to describe as "successful" farmers employing their own sons. If the sum available for distribution in return for service rendered, is sufficient only to pay the lowest rate of wages to hired men, it cannot on any fair principle of computation be regarded as liberal, not to say prosperous reward for the family of the farmer. If £70 to £100 a year be a meagre wage for the statutory wage-earner it does not undergo any magical transformation when paid to or earned by a member of the family. Yet the error is commonly committed of regarding the claims of the alternative recipients from a different standpoint and describing the one as poorly paid and the other as "doing fairly well." It is largely a case of confusing contentment with prosperity, and of distorting the vision from alleged poverty to imaginary affluence. But however the figures be twisted and presented to harmonize with the ideas of the individual, the fact remains that the money goes no farther in the ownership of the one payee than in that of the other.

THE DRIFT OF FARMING

The economic position of farming is not an encouraging study, but the importance of the subject compels searching and impartial examination. The idea that farmers working their holdings with the aid of their families are prospering is easily exploded—unless a bare wage-rate be regarded as justifying the argument. Yet if this class of farmer is not in a strong position it is difficult to perceive any considerable future for the industry as a self-sustaining or independent occupation, capable of recompensing in reasonable measure those engaged in it for work or capital. The business of farming will not cease on that account, as it will always have attractions for those who are in a position to view the financial result with indifference on the one hand, and those who are content to take statutory wages as their reward on the other. But an industry resting on so unstable a foundation, and so liable to varying moods and fancies, cannot be worthy of the fundamental place it occupies in the solidity and well-being of the nation. Nevertheless, that is the state towards which agriculture in this country is steadily drifting, and failing some adequate change in the financial position of the farmer compelled to live by his farming, and, in equitable circumstances, competent to do so, British farming looks like becoming the occupation either of the man with adequate income from other sources or the class content to work for the statutory wage or less.

FARMING NOTES AND COMMENTS

THE JUNE PROSPECT

(FROM OUR AGRICULTURAL CORRESPONDENT)

The coming of June finds things on the farm in better tune than has been common in recent years. April and May served farmers well. The frequent showers of varying intensity, having about balanced the cold winds and deficient sunshine, crops look healthy in the main, and seldom is there any ground for complaint, or inclination to complain, of the state of the crops on arable or grass holdings. Wheat suffered for a time from want of sun, but it is moving away into robust development and fair abundance appears to be promised. Barley and oats, except perhaps in the later districts, also look well, although the sunless skies have hampered growth. The same applies to root crops, with the added result that cleaning and sowing were delayed by the refractory state of the stronger soils. The meadows and pastures contrast sharply and agreeably with their condition at this time last year. There should now be bulky crops of hay to be made this month. Cutting of rotation crops was begun last week in many parts of the South, and, if all do not equal the estimated two-ton bulk of West Sussex, the prospect is pleasing indeed. Most graziers could carry more animals than are now running the pastures, but there are critical weeks ahead, and the wise and experienced do not lose sight of the possibilities of the ensuing months. The June outlook is reassuring on the farms; if only it were as encouraging in the markets the industry could be viewed with confidence, and the victims of a sequence of exceedingly lean years would taste again the sweets of reasonable prosperity.

THE GRADING OF MEAT

The meat marketing scheme of the Ministry of Agriculture is to undergo a severe test. The attitude of the Birmingham wholesale meat traders has given rise to a situation that will have to be tackled and solved with resolution and intelligence. The Midland traders have challenged the Ministry and the scheme, and unless the use of the National Mark is to be abandoned at the first reverse there must be a rally of organised forces to ensure for the system the protracted and serious trial it merits. The Ministry in its fight can count on the support of farmers who produce meat of the best grades, and also upon that of retailers and consumers who wish to reduce to a minimum the risk of misrepresentation in the qualities of meat. The strongest line of action is to insist upon clear definition of the goods supplied, whether wholesale or retail. Neither producers nor consumers may be satisfied with the result, but, at any rate, if disappointment accrues from correct classification the fault will lie with the interests that demand it, and they are eager to take the risks. It is for the Ministry to see that deception is made as difficult and as unattractive financially as possible. The traders, however, have their rights to fair consideration. They cannot be asked to stock their premises with, or to supply, what is not procurable. It is only to the extent of the quantities available that they can be asked to collaborate in making the scheme workable and helpful.

THE DAIRY INDUSTRY

Whatever the reason, a feeling of acute uncertainty is permeating the dairy industry. One frequently hears remarks of apprehension regarding the future of the milk industry, as well as expressions of severe disappointment respecting current prices for milk, and investigation inspires the belief that many owners of milking herds would not be sorry to be out of the business. Not only is milking "a seven days a week" job, but in other respects milk selling is beset increasingly with exacting conditions that are both irksome and costly. It is small wonder that farmers are manifesting evidences of rebellion. The manner in which home producers are subjected to rigid and vexatious restrictions, combined with closely cut terms for the milk, is calculated to drive producers into other branches of farming. If it were not that milk brings a cheque at regular intervals which enables producers to pay wages, if not other bills, as they fall due, the output of milk would speedily diminish. Labourers dislike the exacting conditions of service on farms where milk is produced, and the owners would be only too ready to turn into some other pursuit if they could discover any that offered even moderate encouragement. It is significant, but farmers view with apprehension the effects of further interference with the handling and distribution of milk. The Consumers Council Bill finds little favour with them.

AN INEXPERIENCED CRITIC

The Danish race are observant but seldom talkative on the agricultural conditions in countries of which they have little experience. There have been occasional exceptions—for example, the political emissary who ventured to enlighten us on British farming a few years ago; but visitors from Denmark and other countries are usually shrewd enough to refrain from expressing their views until they have had some personal evidence with which to support their claims to be heard. The more experienced among them, as among our own farmers, are reticent in giving advice, or in calling attention to what may appear to be defects. A Dane came to South Devon 18 months ago, and he has so far departed from the custom common with enlightened and trained agriculturists as to make known his opinions of our farming, our farmers, and our opportunities. Needless to say, the views are of the superficial and valueless type that were to be expected from one rash enough to attempt to throw light on problems of which he has only a hazy idea. What would be said of the British farmer who has been in Denmark or any other country for a few months and had the audacity to express his views on questions that have been puzzling the ablest minds in the land for many years? Our visitor had better follow the example of the wiser of his countrymen and desist from discussing problems obviously foreign to him. There is one remark, however, in his statement which merits prominence, and if it be pondered in its fullest sense the rest of his observations are bereft of relevance. The remark is:—"In England the farmer is considered as nobody. In Denmark he is the master of the situation and is respected by everybody."

LIVE STOCK JUDGING COMPETITION

The annual competition in the judging of live stock open to students from farm institutes will be held on Thursday, June 5, at Waddesdon, near Aylesbury, the home farm of Mr. James de Rothschild, M.P. Seven institutes have entered teams, and the proceedings merit prominent attention. The National Farmers' Union present a cup to the winning team.

OUR ARABLE ACRES

The *Miller*, presumably expressing the views of the milling industry, is not perhaps an outstanding authority on the lines upon which English agriculture should be fashioned; yet when the medium of an important and strongly organized business makes known its opinions on matters of vital significance to the whole industry, it would be a mistake to disregard them. In effect the advice tendered by the journal is to cease to trouble about growing wheat in this country and to turn our attention to the raising of other crops and products. The Dominions and South America, we are told, can excel us in producing wheat because of superior natural conditions for the purpose, and it is advised that we may as well abandon the wheat market to those countries. In suggesting this course, the millers are thinking only of the industry from their own narrow standpoint. They prefer imported wheat, and it might be a convenience to have no further trouble about buying the produce of our own land. But the true farming view has to be extended to the industry in all its phases, and if wheat and other cereals were excluded, the nation would be committed to grass farming, and, valuable as this system is in certain districts, it would be short-sighted policy, and practically impossible, to put more land down to grass than is already in permanent turf. Mr. Harold Gardner's letter in *The Times* of May 5 directs attention to a weak point in discontinuing tillage husbandry; it means the disorganization of markets for cattle and sheep, or rather of the facilities for preparing them for the markets. It creates a lop-sided state of things that is prejudicial to economic production, to balanced farming, and will ultimately result in the impoverishment of the land. The farming industry as it has been known and practised in this country, and is the example in mixed farming for the rest of the world, is a composite business, and to change it in the manner proposed, merely because it would suit a sectional business to do so, would be unthinkable.

LAND DRAINING SCHEMES

Mr. Quibell is not alone in advising against the expenditure of money to drain land that probably cannot be made to yield a profit to the occupier, or a fair return on the outlay. It is not a question of defective drainage, but of the useful expenditure of public money. Thousands of acres of well-drained land, land that no further cutting of drains could improve, are cultivated or grazed without returning any profit to the farmer, and it would be waste of time and money to increase the area that would come under this category. No doubt there may be rich tracts in the basin of the Wash and other river estuaries that would be benefited by drainage, but, if draining is to be planned on any big scale, severe discrimination should be exercised to harmonize so far as possible outlay incurred and benefit derived. It may be pleaded that work of the kind is to be undertaken to give employment to the workless; if this is the chief or the only reason for embarking upon extensive draining enterprises, the cost should in fairness be debited to unemployment work and not, as is so common with unwanted schemes, proclaimed as public support to agriculture. The industry ought to have some voice in the choice of ways for the expenditure of money in its behalf.

THREE COUNTIES SHOW

The ground at Perdiswell, Worcester, for the Three Counties (Worcester, Gloucester, and Hereford) Agricultural Show covers 30 acres. Entries generally compare well with previous years:—

	Worcester 1927	Hereford 1928	Gloucester 1929	Worcester 1930
Horses	149	161	198	162
Cattle	575	548	613	600
Sheep	194	262	190	206
Pigs	104	189	202	186
Cider	31	64	57	44
Goats	54	58	75	76
	1,197	1,282	1,335	1,274

There is an exceptionally large entry of machinery in motion, and the total entries in the implement section constitute a record.

RICHMOND HORSE SHOW

Many of the best-known exhibitors in the country have entered for the Richmond Royal Horse Show, to be held on June 12, 13, and 14, and there is a record entry of 967. Among the cups and trophies are the King's challenge cup for mounted police, the Prince of Wales's challenge cup for ladies' hunters, and the Duke of York's challenge cup for the officers' jumping competition.

POULTRY BREEDING

PROMISING CAMBRIDGE ADVANCE

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

It is fitting that in the year in which the World Poultry Congress is held in England a British scientist is able to report a definite advance in breeding on Mendelian principles which foreshadows important changes in the practice of commercial egg-production. The material is not yet available for making such changes; but experiments at the National Poultry Institute breeding research station, under the direction of Professor R. C. Punnett, F.R.S., of the Department of Genetics at Cambridge, have reached a stage where it is possible to announce the creation of a fixed breed which shows sex-linkage in the newly-hatched chicks. The external characters are established (though there is some variation in the shank colour, which can be determined as soon as the industry has expressed its preference); but it remains to develop the fecund character of the new breed, so that it is not likely to be released for public service until it can be relied upon to produce eggs in sufficient numbers to meet the requirements of commercial egg-farmers.

From the point of view of the exhibition fancier the breed lacks the appearance of originality. It might be mistaken for an inferior class of Campine, and the name selected by Professor Punnett, the "Cambar," confirms the impression that the Belgian breed has played some part in its composition. It is, however, a striking example of the results accruing from the practice of Mendelian principles, for the process by which it has been brought to its present stage was strictly genetical. The fixed type, carrying sex-linkage in the progeny, resulted by chance from crossings between barred Plymouth Rocks and gold Campines. Following up a series of experiments to determine the distinctive nature of the barring in Rocks and Campines respectively, Professor Punnett established the fact that the barring of the Rock is dominant and sex-linked, whereas the barring of the Campine is recessive to black and non-sex-linked. The effect of systematic crossing, therefore, was to cancel the Campine barring, and the "Cambar" may be described as a type in which the Rock barring has been imposed upon a Campine body. The breed is of the light class, and presumably a non-sitter; and although both white and yellow shanks have been produced, there is little doubt that a white shank will eventually become characteristic of the breed.

From the practical standpoint the chief interest in the new breed lies in its ability to give sex-linkage in very distinctive form, for the male chicks are almost wholly light brown, while the females carry a good deal of dark brown. The significance of this character of sex-linkage within a breed will be appreciated by all who, during the last seven or eight years, have been attracted by the possibilities of crossing for sex-linkage, which was one of Professor Punnett's earlier discoveries. By that method, however, it is necessary to maintain two pure breeds of pedigree strain, and the crossbred progeny have no further value for stock purposes when their productive career comes to an end. Sex-linked crosses have been criticized on these grounds, in spite of which they have gained an increasing number of adherents; but it is obvious that if sex-linkage can be obtained within one breed, thus obviating the need for crossing and assuring a useful career for the hens when they have passed the most profitable season for egg-production, all reasonable objections will disappear, and the commercial egg-producer will be able to keep one breed and discard as many of the male chickens as he pleases as soon as they are hatched.

In these circumstances Professor Punnett's successful application of Mendelian principles to the breeding of commercial poultry may prove to be the most important development of the century; and if equal success attends the efforts of those entrusted with the task of cultivating productive character, there can be little doubt that breeds of the "Cambar" type will inaugurate a new economic era in commercial poultry practice.

BATH AND WEST SHOW

CLOSING AWARDS AT TORQUAY

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

TORQUAY, JUNE 1

The last day of the Bath and West Show at Torquay yesterday opened in dull weather. On the previous day the total attendance was 12,771. The grand total for the first three days was 35,776, and at 12 o'clock yesterday 4,239 had paid for admission.

Events yesterday included sheep-shearing and horse-shoeing, rope and spar making, and in the larger ring there were jumping and driving competitions. A source of great interest to visitors was the competition for the butter-making championship and the Devon championship in the butter test. The first prize-winner was F. E. Tony (Dorchester), and second Mrs. Sofer Whitburn, Andover. She also won the gold medal in butter class 227 (2lb. butter made without salt). Mrs. G. Blackler, Modbury, South Devon, was first, J. Northcott, Bodmin, second; while third was N. D. Miller, Totnes, with a South Devon dairy cow 15 years old.

The sheep-shearing competition for agricultural labourers was won by P. Hutchings, Marland. In the shoeing class for smiths the first and special prize offered by the Devon County Council was won by J. H. Baker, Barnstaple. The first and special prize offered by William Cooke and Co., Limited, competitors under 21, went to R. Sussex, Torrington. Other results were:—

Children's Pony Class.—1, Miss Jill Hermon-Erriman, Folkestone. Driving stallion, mare or gelding, not over 14h.—D. R. Blair, Aversham. Driving stallion, mare or gelding over 14 and not over 15h.—D. R. Blair. Driving, stallion, mare, or gelding, over 15h.—F. C. Minoprio, Nottingham.

Hackney Horse Society's Silver Medals.—F. C. Minoprio and H. J. Colebrook.

Rope and spar making.—The chief winners were A. J. Morrish, Barnstaple, and G. Hingston, Totnes.

Jumping, mare or gelding over 15h.—E. G. Dorse, Taunton; ditto, 15h. and under.—T. Glenross, Chippenham. Chamolee class.—F. V. Grange, Nantwich.

FRUIT AND VEGETABLE PRICES

CONDITIONS AT COVENT GARDEN AND SPITALFIELDS

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

The presence at Covent Garden Market during the past week of large quantities of Spanish oranges caused prices to ease off considerably. Brazilians, by virtue of their very fine quality and attractive appearance, realized higher values. The price of lemons has been firmer, but this only applied to sound fruit. Grapefruit was slightly lower in price. As to apples, which now come from Australia and New Zealand, there has been no change. Commonwealth plums have been in fair supply, and the best dessert varieties have sold well.

The home crop of tomatoes has been slightly easier in price in face of the competition of heavy arrivals from the Canaries, though the condition of these consignments has been generally indifferent. Cucumbers were slightly firmer in price. Small quantities of foreign cherries have been imported and have been selling very well, while apricots, arriving from Spain in fair supply, are selling fairly well. A few plums have been on the market from the Continent, and this week increased quantities are probable. So far, however, the fruit has proved very immature.

Increased quantities of oranges from Spain at Spitalfields Market led to a general reduction of prices, but lemons, especially those from Naples, were a better trade at firm values. The demand for grapefruit continued at the previous rates. Apples were plentiful, and prices generally eased off a little, except in the case of Cox's, which, being shorter in supply, realized higher values. The better condition of bananas ensured a steady demand. Gooseberries arrived on the market and realized good prices.

Greenstuff supplies were heavy except for cauliflowers, which rose in value, and though inquiries were steadily maintained, stocks failed to clear and prices declined both for spring greens and cabbage. There was a good demand for spinach. There were fair supplies of peas from France, which realized firm prices, and large quantities of salads and Dutch lettuce sold well. Rhubarb was in moderate demand, while asparagus, both French and home-grown, was plentiful. Supplies of Canary tomatoes were heavy, and prices fell owing to the increasing competition of the home-grown and Dutch varieties. The inquiry for old potatoes was affected by the large arrivals of new potatoes from Spain and the Channel Islands.

OXFORD MISSION TO CALCUTTA

BISHOP GORE presided at the annual meeting of the Oxford Mission to Calcutta at the Church House, Westminster. The annual report stated that for the third year in succession the income of the mission had declined, but as expenditure had also declined there was no ground for complaint. SIR ARTHUR HIRTZEL (treasurer) said they had a capital fund of £8,400 for extension purposes, a pension fund of £9,500, and a reserve fund of £5,000.

LIVE STOCK SALES

NOTED HAMPSHIRE SHORTHORNS

£7,000 FOR A HERD

The disposal sale of Mr. H. S. Horne's herd of pure-bred tuberculin-tested Dairy Shorthorns was conducted by Messrs. John Thornton and Co., at Aldsworth, near Westbourne, Hants, on Friday, and attracted a large and very representative company, which bid freely for the stock. Mr. Horne's herd was well known to all breeders of Dairy Shorthorns, and last year it scored very many successes at various shows; on Friday, trade reached a higher level than at almost any sale for a long time past, and various three-figure prices were recorded. Major Miller Mundy, Red Rice, Andover, gave 180 guineas for the cow Ticken Craggs 3rd, and took Hadnock Oxford, a six-year-old cow, at 150 guineas, and Thorndale Rosebud 21st, at 110 guineas; 160 guineas was the final bid on two occasions: first, for the Royal Show cow, Overpoover Fragrance, whose new owner is Mr. E. Hayes Dashwood, an Oxfordshire breeder, and later in the sale, Mr. W. J. Morton, Northwood, Middlesex, bought the unbeaten show heifer Wildham Winsonia, also for 160 guineas. Various other females realized three-figure prices, while bulls made up to 100 guineas, paid by Major Miller Mundy for Anderson Wild Bates, one of the stock bulls used in the herd, which, although only founded a few years ago, was one of the most important in the country. Apart from a number of non-pedigree cows and heifers, 118 head realized the great total of £6,997 4s., and averaged between £59 and £60, notable figures for so large an offering at the present time.

Previous to the Shorthorn sale referred to above, Mr. H. S. Horne's small herd of pedigree Aberdeen-Angus cattle was offered by Messrs. John Thornton and Co. There were no prices at all high, so that an average of £38 6s. 1d. for 14 head was very satisfactory, with a total amount paid of £536 11s. Mr. G. E. Leavey, Stansted, Sevenoaks, acquired the majority of the animals and gave 35 guineas for the young bull Goodwood Priory, bred by the Duke of Richmond and Gordon. He also paid, among other prices, 36 guineas for Ida of Asloun, a heifer, which, like all the catalogued females, was bred in Scotland. Two of these, Pride 7th of Pitmedden and Emeline of Mains, each made the leading price of 41 guineas from Mr. Stanley Dennis, Hambrook, Chichester, and Mr. F. Brown bought the three-year-old Peranesca for 40 guineas, other females making lower figures.

Messrs. John Thornton and Co. had the support of a large company at Hall Farm, Broughton, Astley, Rugby, on Tuesday, when a selection of 35 head of pure-bred Dairy Shorthorns from the prize herd of Mr. G. P. Golden averaged £42 17s. 5d. and realized £1,501 10s. This was the second periodical sale from the herd, and there was a good, steady trade, although no very high prices were paid. The best was 80 guineas, given by Lady Joan Legge for the four-year-old stock bull Lord Leicester 59th, and also by Mr. H. W. Hall for Lord Leicester 96th, which has been entered for the forthcoming Royal Show; the cows and heifers averaged £43 10s., and Mr. Gerald Clarkson, Lutterworth, Rugby, obtained one of the choicest lots in the freshly-calved Lady Doreen 20th for 70 guineas; this was the leading price among the females, while Mr. W. L. Everard, M.P., gave 60 guineas for Lady Kethlenda 5th, a heifer sired by Lord Leicester 71st. Two young bulls were also sold from Mr. Clarkson's herd, one being Bitteswell Lord Leicester 3rd, a July calf, which changed owners at 36 guineas.

110 GUINEAS FOR A FRIESIAN

The dispersal sale of Mr. A. Norman Dugdale's herd of pure-bred British Friesian cattle was conducted by Messrs. John Thornton and Co. at Longridge, near Preston, Lancashire, on Wednesday, and some capital prices were secured for the best stock. Altogether 49 head realized £1,985 11s., averaging £40 10s. 5d.; 31 cows and heifers averaged £44 12s. 10d., 16 yearlings and calves £27 11s. 3d., and two bulls £30 6s. 6d. One of the outstanding females was the prize-winning three-year-old, Dutton Jeltje, of pure imported blood, which registered the top price of the day, the new owner being Mr. A. J. Creed, Goldicote, Stratford-on-Avon; Mr. Creed's successful bid was 110 guineas, and he also purchased a younger sister of this cow for 80 guineas. Mr. A. Wilson Paisley, acquired Thurston Karel Jeltje, a well-known show cow, for 60 guineas, and various other satisfactory prices were recorded for females. Dutton Karel 3rd, a yearling bull, was taken at 85 guineas by Mr. W. H. R. Gilbert, Aston Flamville, Leicestershire; the other bull offered was Dutton Buringa, only eight months old, which went for 68 guineas to Mr. A. Wilson.

Mr. T. Reid's pedigree British Friesian cattle came under the hammer of Messrs. J. Hannaford, Son, and Southcombes, at Leigh Cross Farm, Chulmleigh, Devon, on Wednesday, when, including two Guernsey cows, 24 head brought in £638 8s.; the demand for 13 cows, which averaged £32 11s. 9d., was very satisfactory indeed, although there were no high prices. The first seven cows were all bred by Mr. B. Parkinson, Cresheld Hall, Yorkshire, and largely laid the foundation of the herd; one of the pick was Cresheld Snowdrop 2nd, a thousand-galloner, with her first calf; she is not yet four years old, and was obtained for 38 guineas by Mr. G. E. Ford; Cresheld Violetta and Cresheld Beechnut 2nd were sold to Captain W. A. Hancock, Wrington, Plymouth, for 36 guineas, and to Mr. H. H. Watts, of Barnstaple, for 33 guineas; other cows acquired to form the herd included several from Mr. T. Mansfield, Winterbourne, Bristol; the two best were Winterbourne Chrysanthemum 2nd and Winterbourne Rosemary; the former cow and her calf went at 41 guineas to Mr. G. E. Ford, Winterbourne Rosemary making 36 guineas from Mr. G. Down, of Winkleigh.

Mayfield (Sussex) Fair was held on Friday, and brought together several hundred cattle. A sharp trade was experienced by Messrs. E. Watson and Sons, especially for the best coloured cattle, a total sum of £5,740 being paid for 495 head. Mr. J. Austen bought a fat steer for £26, and £23 each was given by Mr. A. Stapley for eight two-three-year-old Sussex steers. Another buyer was Mr. A. Hicks, who purchased a two-year-old Shorthorn heifer for £24 10s., a fat heifer for £23, and a two-and-a-half-year-old Sussex heifer for £20 15s. Prices for sheep included 47s. per head, given by Mr. F. Rogers, for a pen of 16 cross-bred tegs, and 42s. for similar sheep, purchased by Mr. J. Austen.

Over 200 bulls were entered at the show and sale held at Barnard Castle on Tuesday, and there was a reasonably good demand for many of the lots. The "over 18 months old" class was led by a bull exhibited by Mr. J. W. Kidd, who sold his winner for £31; Mr. T. Highmoor's entry, which finished second, realized £27, and £30 was paid for a bull which gained the third prize for the executors of Mr. J. Wilson. Mr. R. Sayer's leader among animals of under 18 months (with all calf teeth) realized £30, while the calf class was topped by a bull from Mr. J. R. Bell; this exhibit was sold for £34, £37 10s. being given for the second prize-winner of Mr. W. Kidd.

HUNTERS AT YORK

A three days' sale of hunters and blood-stock took place on Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday at Messrs. Walker and Sons' Repository at York, a considerable number of good prices being recorded. Lord Grimthorpe obtained 450 guineas for his black gelding, Oak Leaf, 280 guineas for the chestnut gelding, Habtonian, and 100 guineas for Gladsome. On the opening day the principal item on the catalogue was the sale of hunters belonging to Major L. B. Holliday, M.F.H. (Badsworth Hunt); two of these realized 310 guineas each; two 210 guineas each; and 10 head brought in £1,769 5s., and averaged over £176 apiece. The top price for one of the Middleton Hunt horses of Colonel M. Borwick, M.F.H., was 230 guineas for County Down, a brown gelding, five years old. Other prices included 180 guineas for a four-year-old chestnut gelding, entered by Sir Digby Warren, and 155 guineas for a hunter from Mr. S. S. Lockwood, who has given up the Derwent Hounds.

By order of the executrix of the late Mr. William Charles Rich, the stud of hunters and ponies were sold on Tuesday at Malmesbury, Wiltshire, by Messrs. Teagle and Sons, of Little Somerford. Most of the horses are well known in the Beaufort and V.W.H. countries, and the plum was Dreadnought, a hunter up to 16st.; this fine performer, ridden by a lady, was bought by Major C. A. Branfell for 110 guineas; other prices were much lower, among them being 47 guineas, given by Mr. G. Hetherington for the grey mare, Scotch Mist, 45 guineas paid by Mr. Victor Parry, of Cheltenham, for Wild Rose, a nine-year-old bay mare, and 42, 41, and 40 guineas.

Messrs. Henry Manley and Sons had an entry of 180 horses for the second sale in May, held on Friday at Crewe; there was a better trade for cart and van animals than at the previous one, many buyers being present from the South, while farmers were securing horses in preparation for harvest operations. Mr. George French, of Nottingham, acted as judge, and first prizes were gained by Mr. H. Fury and Mr. A. Booth, of Ringway. In the sale ring two of the best lots were geldings, entered by Mr. Fury, who sold them for 67 guineas and 62 guineas. A grey gelding from Mr. R. Reddrop changed hands at 63 guineas, and a good-looking black gelding from Mr. E. Lewis realized 62 guineas. Among other prices were 60 guineas for a horse entered by Mr. T. Cantrill, 58 guineas for Mr. [illegible] Wild's bay gelding, 55 guineas (twice), 52 guineas (twice), and many others down to 30 guineas.

GOOD TRADE IN PIGS

A large company assembled at Hall Farm, Hutton Wandesley, near York, on Tuesday, for the annual sale of pure-bred Large White pigs from the Tockwith herd, the property of Mr. E. Thomlinson, and in the hands of Messrs. Harry Hobson and Co. the fixture proved one of the best pig auctions held so far this year. Considering that 55 of the animals were born since last July, the all-round average of £18 1s. 6d. (excluding 11 weaners) was very satisfactory; 60 sows, served gilts, and empty gilts averaged £17 7s. 11d., while five boars made the exceptionally good average, for males, of £26 5s.; 65 head brought in £1,174 19s., the total being increased to £1,253 8s. 9d. by 11 weaners. The outstanding price of 45 guineas was paid by Blackburn Corporation for Tockwith Beaverbrook 2nd, an eight-months-old boar of splendid size, length, and depth. His two litter brothers realized 23 and 22 guineas, the respective buyers being Mr O. F. Rowntree, the Yorkshire breeder, and North Riding Mental Hospital. Among the females, the one to make the principal price of 35 guineas, the buyer being Mr. J. H. Hallas, of Outwood, Wakefield, was a gilt, sired by Bourne Bradbury 45th. Mr. J. E. B. Cowper, from Scotland, bought a gilt for 34 guineas, her litter sister being sold for 30 guineas to Mr. W. Dagger, Preston, Lancashire, while Mr. J. A. Fox, of Doncaster, and Blackburn Corporation purchased female pigs for 33 and 32 guineas respectively.

From the Wakefield herd and pedigree Large White pigs, owned by Mr. James H. Hallas, Messrs. Harry Hobson and Co. sold a selection of 40 head at Outwood, near Wakefield, Yorkshire, on Wednesday, for £589 2s., averaging £14 4s. 6d., the average for 33 sows, and in-pig and empty gilts being £14 11s. 6d., and that for seven boars £12 12s. Prices went up to 30 guineas, which was given by Mr. J. Watson, a York buyer, for a young boar sired by Wakefield Prince Edward. The second female in the ring was Wakefield Buttercup 8th, a three-year-old sow, claimed at 25 guineas by Mr. D. H. Archer, of Ossett. Mr. J. Midgley, from Huddersfield, was the buyer, for 22 guineas, of Wakefield Mana 2nd, a gilt, whose litter sister realized 20 guineas to Mr. R. N. Bowling, of Leeds. Other prices were lower, but the demand throughout was very satisfactory.

There was a very good and level trade throughout for both Large White and Large Black pigs at Sawston, Cambridge, on Friday, when Messrs. Harry Hobson and Co. dispersed selections from the herds of Messrs. Edward Towgood and Sons, and Mr. H. G. Spicer, J.P. Altogether 61 Large Whites averaged £16 4s. 2d., and Large Blacks £18 11s. 5d., the total sum made for the full offering of 98 head being £1,500 9s., with an average all round of £15 6s. 2d. Lord Northampton was the principal buyer of Messrs. Towgood's Large White sows and gilts, his representative, Mr. H. E. Shand, making winning bids of 32 and 17 guineas for gilts and 22 guineas for the old sow, Towgood Champion Girl 24th, while he also gave 30 guineas for Histon Lion 7th, a young boar entered for the forthcoming Royal Show at Manchester.

Mr. Spicer's Large Blacks were also in good request, and gilts were bought by Mr. W. Wood, from Essex, for 25 guineas, and by F. K. Dennis, Clymping, Sussex, for 22 guineas. A boar realized 19 guineas to Mr. W. G. Richardson, Shackerstone, Nuneaton, and all of the Large Black gilts, served by a Large White boar, caused very good bidding.

WASTE OF WATER

METERS FOR HOSEPIPES SUGGESTED

Mr. HENRY EDWARD STILGOE, Chief Engineer of the Metropolitan Water Board, gave the presidential address of the Institution of Water Engineers in London. He said schemes involving the stopping-up, diversion, and widening of highways were not carried out without expense to those who provided the water. The raising or lowering of the surface of the road and the widening and straightening of an old highway had rendered it necessary to lay new mains or to divert existing ones. That infliction of additional expense called for an amendment of the highway law enabling compensation to be claimed when the mains, or access thereto, were prejudiced. There was at present a movement on foot to compel water undertakers to lay at their own expense a main on each side of the street, and also at their own expense to lay and to maintain so much of the communication or supply pipe to the premises as lay under the surface of the street. In such an event he contended there should be an amendment of the law providing for the readjustment of the financial burdens. It was an economy to the property owner that there should be duplicate mains, as it was cheaper to lay the second main than the series of supply pipes crossing a wide street. The cost of the second main, therefore, should be borne by the property owners.

Large quantities of water, he continued, were used through hosepipes attached to taps supplied direct under the pressure of the mains, and such supplies should be charged for by meter. The difference in volume discharged through a ¾in. tap supplied direct from the main and one supplied through the storage cistern in the house was very great. The meter would go far to reduce unnecessary and thoughtless consumption and misuse. The expenditure of large capital sums and the best efforts of the engineer in devising and constructing works of water supply could be defeated by extravagant and unnecessary consumption of water.

Emphasizing the need for protecting sources of water supply against pollution, he said that not only was the consumption per head of the population increasing, but the people were spreading upon areas where the underground water supplies were insufficient for their needs, and these underground supplies had to be augmented by river water. There were the recent cases in Essex where water was to be brought to Ilford from the River Stour, a distance of 40 miles, and water from the Chelmer was brought for the supply of Southend.

BUILDING MATERIAL PRICES

By the courtesy of the *Builder* we are able to give the average prices prevailing during the week ended May 30 for some of the principal materials used in the erection of houses, and to compare them with the prices charged before the War and those in operation at the beginning of 1923:—

Materials	Aug., 1914	Jan., 1923	May 30, 1930
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Bricks, per 1,000:—			
Best stocks ..	1 16 0	4 2 6	4 3 6
Flettons ..	1 14 0	3 1 0	3 12 3
Glazed ..	13 0 0	22 0 0	20 10 0
Thames ballast, per yard ..	5 9	13 6	9 9
Thames sand, per yard ..	7 3	16 0	12 0
Shingle (¾in., per yard ..	—	14 0	11 6
Portland cement, per ton ..	1 18 0	3 3 0	2 4 0
Greystone lime ..	1 8 0	2 16 6	2 10 0
Ground blue lias ..	1 0 0	2 18 6	1 17 6
Bath stone, per ft cube ..	1 7½	2 11	2 10
Portland stone ..	2 4½	4 7	4 4½
Good sound building timber, per standard:—			
4×11in. ..	16 10 0	34 0 0	27 10 0
3×7in. ..	—	22 10 0	22 0 0
2½×7in. ..	—	22 10 0	21 0 0
3×11in. ..	15 0 0	32 10 0	25 0 0
2×11in. ..	—	32 10 0	28 0 0
3×4in. ..	—	21 0 0	21 0 0
Slates, per 1,000 of 1,200:—			
24in.×12in. ..	—	41 17 0	31 0 0
22in.×12in. ..	—	38 0 0	27 19 6
20in.×12in. ..	15 17 6	33 8 3	24 7 6
20in.×10in. ..	13 2 6	28 11 6	20 17 6
18in.×10in. ..	13 6 0	23 12 0	17 5 0
16in.×10in. ..	—	19 16 0	14 14 6
16in. ..	10 5 0	15 8 3	11 5 0
R. S. joists, per ton ..	9 10 0	12 0 0	12 10 0*
Iron:—			
Common bars, per ton ..	9 0 0	12 10 0	11 0 0*
Mild steel bars, per ton ..	9 5 0	12 0 0	10 0 0*
Steel bars ..	9 5 0	12 0 0	9 10 0
Cut nails ..	11 10 0	21 10 0	16 0 0*
Sheet lead ..	22 15 0	35 10 0	27 0 0
Raw linseed oil, per gallon ..	2 4	3 7	3 11
Turpentine, per gallon ..	2 6	3 9	3 10
Ground English white lead, per ton ..	30 5 0	55 5 0	51 0 0
White lead paint, per ton ..	—	77 10 0	70 10 0

NINETEENTH CENTURY AND AFTER

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JUNE REVIEWS

A GENERAL STOCKTAKING

The June reviews this month go in for a good deal of stocktaking, as the home political situation, India, and Imperial trade policy are examined from various points of view

In the *Nineteenth Century* Professor J. Coatman writes on the Indian situation; the unrest set up by Gandhi ought not to be overrated; the disturbances which have occurred have been sporadic and due to poular exuberance, whereas the Gandhi movement has not become what he desired it to be, and if his policy does not find wide acceptance the goal of Dominion status does. The Navy Treaty is examined by Mr. H. Sidebotham, who regards it as no great step forward because of the way in which the awkward question of the freedom of the seas was shirked; Mr. MacDonald, who had the key to the whole problem of disarmament, let it drop and contented himself with arithmetic. Lord Winterton, M.P., writes of Egypt; strategically we are stronger than ever there, but if the fellaheen suffer, as he thinks they will, under Egyptian administrators they must blame themselves. Mr. Duff Cooper examines the political outlook, which is more favourable to the Conservatives than to the other parties. Reminiscences of three Imperial Press Conferences are given by Mr. J. W. Kirwan; Mr. H. A. Tripp, of Scotland Yard, writes of the abilities and disabilities of women police; and Dr. F. M. Ashley-Montagu gives the text of three newly found "Imaginary Conversations" by Landor. Lastly, Sir H. Perry Robinson, estimating Haig as a soldier, puts him with Wellington and Marlborough.

CONTEMPORARY

In the *Contemporary* Mr. F. W. Hirst leads off with a consideration of the Budget, which is of a simplicity easy to understand but bitter enough for those who have to pay the piper, though the additional taxation is inevitable after the policy of expenditure which has led to it; there ought to be some popular check on expenditure if democracy is to escape ruin, and, while Mr. Hirst has no reason to distrust Mr. Snowden's desire to ensure that expenditure shall not grow higher, he has doubts of the longevity of the Government; "an opportunity has been missed"; the "good stroke" which Mr. Snowden might have done for free trade has not been done. Mr. S. K. Ratcliffe discusses Mr. Hoover's "critical year"—critical because of the naval negotiations, the Tariff Bill, prohibition, and the collapse of the "boom" period. Mr. W. L. Smyser writes of Dr. Schober, the Austrian "police president and diplomat." Mr. Brougham Villiers sees in the cooperative movement everywhere a gathering body of opinion which will work for free trade. Dr. Scott Lidgett, in "Evangelical Catholicity," looks forward to the Lambeth Conference and lays down the broad terms on which the catholicity of the Christian Church must be recognized as an active principle by the bodies composing it: there must be perpetual mutual recognition and cooperation between them.

FORTNIGHTLY

Laymen who wish to know in outline how medicine has progressed in the last 25 years can hardly do better than read Sir Humphry Rolleston's article on the subject in the *Fortnightly*. How the latest moderns react against modernity is explained, with examples, by Mr. G. K. Chesterton. The main issue of disarmament, as Mr. J. H. Harley sees it, lies in the world's acting as a whole; in particular the League must not be allowed to dissolve into rival combinations; Mr. Horsfall Carter's article on the Psychology of Peace is a protest against fussy statesmanship. The lesion between man and earth in Great Britain is Mr. W. J. Blyton's subject: to recolonize the rural areas a reasonable price for corn should be guaranteed, with the consequence, perhaps, of 250,000 more people being kept on the land within the first three years. The mechanization of culture on the American model is examined by M. André Siegfried, who seems to accept it as inevitable, but against the European grain. Sir John Marriott writes on Queen Victoria and Melbourne, and Mr. A. Waugh on Robert Bridges.

NATIONAL REVIEW

Two editorial notes in the *National Review* are signed, we observe, with the welcome initials L. J. M. The *National* rejoices over the Fulham by-election and the proposed Canadian tariff; but only the enemies of England rejoice over the result of the Naval Conference; the naval consequences are examined later on by "Custos," in an article headed "What of our Navy Now?"; the Americans are studying strategy with the deliberate view of operating successfully off British overseas bases, but their shouts of triumph now are the best obstacle against the British Government's plan to negotiate a still worse treaty six years hence. The lie is given direct to the lies in recent scandalous War books and plays by Sir Frank Fox; he asks for the production of official facts and figures to contradict the base slanders in these publications of the British troops. Captain B. S. Townroe writes of "Quack Cures for Slums"; Mr. Greenwood, he holds, has missed an opportunity in not setting up a National Housing Board independent of parties and elections.

ENGLISH REVIEW

The *English Review* in its editorial comments finds plenty in home and foreign affairs to dislike and to lay at the door of the ideologues; in particular it shows up the dangerously rising expenditure on social services. Mr. Ernest Remnant hopes the Conservative G.H.Q. will be thoroughly overhauled; safeguarding, if properly presented, might sweep the country; but as a dissolution may fall within the year, the party organizations must get ready at once. Vice-Admiral Taylor sums up the results of the Naval Conference as a gamble on the continuance of peace as a means of security for the British Empire; if the nation is not so optimistic as the Prime Minister it should refuse ratification. Major-General Sir Henry Freeland writes of security in India, with particular reference to the vulnerability of the railways; he suggests that realities are lost sight of by the Viceroy's advisers because they are too much occupied with the political game in the Legislature. The expenses of going to law and especially of appealing to the House of Lords are exposed by Mr. Cyril Pearce, who would abolish that House as a Court: its findings are now final not because they are always unanimous but because there is no further Court above it.

In the *Empire Review* Mr. G. H. Ferguson, Prime Minister of Ontario, declares that Canadians have faith in Great Britain's solving "her economic problem and the problem of the Empire": it is a business problem, not one of doctrinaire economics, and he finds in the idea of a permanent Advisory Economic Council of Empire a fruitful germ; meanwhile he welcomes Lord Beaverbrook's campaign. Captain P. Macdonald, M.P., follows; he is sure the Dominions will cooperate, since they are "unanimously in favour of the economic unity of the Empire," and need our markets even more than we need theirs; the first step must be to ring-fence the Empire with a system of tariff discriminations. Then comes Mr. W. A. Hirst, whose view is that "free trade within the Empire, whether proposed by Lord Beaverbrook or anyone else, is impossible"; the Dominions desire to protect their industries, but by agreement with each an intelligent process of give-and-take could be arranged.

The *United Empire* prepares for the Empire Press Conference, sums up the Prince of Wales's African tour, and prints in full several valuable recent addresses on Imperial subjects.

LITERARY

In an "apology for novel-writing" Mr. Hugh Walpole answers a recent criticism of the novel in the *Cornhill*: he pleads for a good story, and hopes that the newer novel yet to come will combine the subtleties of the present with the zest of the older. Mr. Julian Huxley's tale of a large tutelary lizard in Central Africa is the outcome of recent experiences. The flight of Charles II. after Worcester is traced in Sussex by Colonel P. T. Etherton; Mr. E. S. P. Haynes writes of Edward Clodd; and Mr. S. T. James forecasts the evolution of the railways: "to-morrow" they will be far better run than they are now.

In *Blackwood's* Mr. Leonard Whibley writes of an eighteenth-century foreign tour which can never pall—that of Walpole and Gray; Mr. R. S. Garnett has some book-hunting adventures to tell, and Mr. L. S. Norman relates the story of cattle-driving over great distances in Central Africa.

In *Chambers's* we can ride across Iceland with Mr. Athole Murray and front man-eaters with Mr. D. Maule.

Life and Letters consists largely of Mr. Osbert Sitwell's sketch of the rise and fall of the war-poet Bundle; on a real poet, Bridges, Mr. D. MacCarthy contributes a short note.

ILLUSTRATED

The *Windsor* contains a sketch of Mr. Baldwin's career and an account of Clifton College. Mr. G. A. Greenwood discusses the "Maxton Revolt and its Consequences" in the *World To-day*. In the *Strand* are some good coloured illustrations to go with Mr. Frank Rutter's article on famous artists and their models. To the *Blue Peter* Mrs. Conrad contributes highly interesting memories of Joseph Conrad. In *Great Thoughts* the Foreign Secretary's career is outlined by Mr. Thornton Hall. *Discovery* treats of Sheffield University, the writer being Sir William Hadow. Golfers will like Mr. W. Woodward's article on Bobby Jones in *Pearson's*. In the *Royal* Hobbs writes of "That Century Habit." *My Magazine* treats of William Friese-Greene, "founder of the kinema world." The *B.O.P.* begins a new serial of Cavalier days. *Good Housekeeping* describes a tapestry factory in Cheshire. In the *Woman's Magazine* we read of Iceland and parts of Switzerland as holiday places; and Schuls-Tarasp as a holiday resort is described by Lieutenant-Colonel G. S. Hutchinson in *New Health*. "Scandinavia for your holidays," says Mr. Ivor Brown in *Nash's*. Wolsey's association with Ipswich is brought out, in connexion with the pageant, in the *Sunday at Home*. "£ s. d. and the Derby," by Mr. Richard Adney, appears in the *London*. Fryars, West Chiltington, is the Sussex house described by Lady Wolseley in this month's *Sussex Magazine*. In the *Landmark* Mr. J. A. Spender writes of Lord Grey of Fallodon.

THE
ROUND TABLE
A Quarterly Review of the Politics of the British Commonwealth

Leading Contents for June:—

TOWARDS PEACE OR WAR?
PURITANS AND PROFLIGATES IN FINANCE
THE GANDHI MOVEMENT
THE PROBLEM OF JAPAN
KING ALFONSO AND THE CRISIS IN SPAIN
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THE PROGRESS OF SCIENCE

CLIMATES OF THE PAST

ROYAL SOCIETY DISCUSSION

(FROM OUR SCIENTIFIC CORRESPONDENT)

The second of the annual discussions with which the Royal Society usually tries to diversify its proceedings took place a few weeks ago, and the report has now been published in the Society's octavo journal.

The climates of to-day are zoned roughly parallel to the Equator. The Equatorial zone is a broad band of torrid heat and torrential rain, with abundant vegetation wherever the land is not too elevated. North and south of this is a band of desert, with extremes of temperature but little or no rain. Then towards the Poles in both hemispheres lies the favoured temperate zone, which, again, passes into the barren region of Polar ice. It is admitted that there are local departures from the general distribution of climate, due to sets of ocean currents, prevailing winds, disposition of highland and lowland. Has this arrangement, or one much alike, persisted through the geological past? If so, how comes it that there are coal beds, evidence of luxuriant vegetation, coral reefs, supposed evidence of warm seas, or the plain traces of glaciers in various geological epochs in regions where these would seem to be impossible to-day?

Dr. Simpson, as a meteorologist, laid down some general propositions as being beyond dispute. As the earth is a sphere, rotating round an axis which, during geological time, has always had about the same inclination to the ecliptic, there must always have been climatic zones, the mean temperature of which decreased from the Equator to the Poles, and there must always have been a summer half-year and a winter half-year. The actual climate within a zone depends on the intensity of solar radiation and the distribution of land and water, but the mean temperature of a climatic zone can be shown to be almost entirely unaffected by the distribution of land and water. the actual departures seldom exceeding 5 degrees Cent. Climatic changes could certainly be produced by changes in the intensity of solar radiation, and in his opinion there was sufficient evidence for the existence of changes in solar radiation, but limited in magnitude and of relatively short duration, as geological time goes, in all geological periods. Such variations would account for the four advances of ice in the Alps during the glacial and inter-glacial periods of the Pleistocene.

But the general effect of large variations in solar radiation would be an increase in the mean temperature of all zones, when the intensity was greater, and a decrease in all zones when it was less. They could not account for the large changes on which many geologists had insisted, as, for example, for the climate of Europe, temperate to-day, having been frigid in the Pleistocene, sub-tropical in the Miocene, and tropical in the Carboniferous; or for the presence of sub-tropical or tropical conditions in what are now the Polar regions, and Polar conditions in what are now equatorial. To account for these, he had to go to Wegener's theory of the shifting of the Poles and the drifting of the continents. Only on that hypothesis could the different distributions of climate be accommodated to the inevitable zoning of the surface of the sphere.

CRITICISMS

Dr. Simpson got much praise, but little support except for his suggestion that frequent but relatively slight changes in solar radiation had produced many of the minor variations in climate. On the larger issue, Dr. C. E. P. Brooks claimed that he had under-estimated the possible effect of variations of land and sea, and especially of ocean currents. Corresponding zones in the North and South Atlantic, for example, differ by from 7 to 5 degrees, the difference being almost certainly brought about because two-thirds of the Atlantic equatorial current was deflected into the northern hemisphere. In the late Carboniferous the diversion of heat from the southern to the northern hemisphere was greater than at any other part of the history of the earth. The geographical equator, in fact, had never been the thermal equator.

Professor J. W. Gregory adduced thermo-dynamical calculations made by Kelvin which showed that if Northern Asia, Northern America and Northern Europe were lowered 1,000ft., the present icebound Arctic Ocean would be replaced by an iceless sea and an island at the North Pole would have a temperate climate with ice only in the hollows. In his opinion the evidence showed that glaciated areas in the tropics had not been at sea level, were very local and could have been accounted for by local variations in elevation and contour. The three points most clear in the geological history of climate were that climate had remained fairly uniform throughout geological time, that there had been zones approximately parallel to the Equator, and that thermal inequalities of distribution had often been greater than they were at present.

From the botanical point of view, Professor Seward insisted that the value of fossil plants as guides to climate had been exaggerated. He thought that there was no evidence from fossils of there having been a tropical climate in the northern hemisphere at the close of the Carboniferous period. The species were all extinct; it was known that the species of a genus alive now showed great differences in resistance to climatic conditions. In the course of geological time, moreover, the flora had become less uniform all over the world, with the result that fossil plants which now suggested the tropics might quite well have been temperate or even sub-arctic. The Director of the Natural History Museum and the Secretary of the Zoological Society insisted, so far as animals were concerned, on the point made by Professor Seward. Inferences from fossils as to climate were apt to be extremely misleading.

INSURANCE CHESS CLUB

TOURNAMENT RESULTS

(FROM OUR CHESS CORRESPONDENT)

The annual meeting of the Insurance Chess Club was held at the Old Bell, Holborn, E.C., last week, with Sir Gerald H. Ryan (Phoenix), president of the club, in the chair.

In moving the adoption of the committee's report and statement of accounts, the CHAIRMAN reminded those present that the club was started in 1893, and asked how many of the original members were living and present.

Later, Mr. G. GLOVER said that so far as he could remember there were three original members of the club present—Sir Gerald Ryan, Mr. E. Burford Morrison (Sun), and himself.

The CHAIRMAN presented the various trophies to the winners of the competitions and made a presentation to the retiring secretary, Mr. L. A. Durham. The president and officers were re-elected *en bloc*.

The results of the various competitions are as follows:—

INDIVIDUAL CHAMPIONSHIP TOURNAMENT.—G. Tregaskis and R. Wynn-Williams, 4 each; R. G. D. Adder, 3½; H. Crockett, 6; L. A. Durham, 5; A. E. Luck, 4; J. Mason and H. G. Slater, 3½ each; A. Tooke, 3; C. H. Preston, 2½; A. Furlong, 1½.

Mr. G. Tregaskis (Sun) won the match to decide the tie, and will hold the cup presented by Sir Gerald Ryan for the ensuing year.

MAJOR TOURNAMENT.—F. Lecoard, 5½; D. G. Durham 5; E. J. Pindlay and G. H. Wilmot, 4½ each; C. F. Brodie and P. Layzell, 4 each; G. Glover, 3½; A. Bain, 3 A. Walters, 2.

MINOR TOURNAMENT I.—A. V. Pearce, 6½; G. C. Mansfield, 5½; J. Nabarro, 5; G. C. Nurse and W. H. Dibden, 4 each; C. S. Frost and J. A. Rood, 3 each; H. S. Saunders and Moore, 2 each.

MINOR TOURNAMENT II.—W. J. Walsh, 4; L. Stephens, 3; E. H. Matthews and G. W. Thompson, 2 each; B. R. Cornwell, 1; H. A. Holmes, none.

In several of these sections the full number of games was not played.

For the inter-office competition, which is the other part of the club's activities, 18 offices and insurance firms entered, running 28 teams in all. The Prudential Insurance Company's team won the First Division again this year, scoring 8½ points out of a possible nine. The results are as follows:—

FIRST DIVISION.—Prudential 8½, Royal and Sun 6 each, Bowring 5½, Atlas 5, Phœnix 4, Motor Union and Liverpool Victoria 3½ each, Unicorn and Lloyd's 1½ each.

SECOND DIVISION.—Eagle Star 8½, Prudential II. 5, United Kingdom 4½, Atlas II., Alliance, Royal London and Northern 4 each; Hartley Cooper 2½, London and Manchester 1½.

THIRD DIVISION.—Royal Exchange 7½, Alliance II. and Phœnix II. 6 each, Royal II. 5, Sun II. 4, Motor Union II. 3, Eagle Star II. and Bowring II. 2 each, Royal London II. 1½.

REGULATION OF SPEED BOATS

At the summer meeting of the Conference of Health and Pleasure Resorts at Ramsgate the executive submitted a report on speed boats. In this it was stated that in respect of unlicensed speed boats the present powers were not sufficient to prevent private owners from causing a nuisance. This was not confined to seaside resorts, for riverside towns were also concerned. The chief grounds for complaint were, apparently, excessive noise, danger to bathers and also to other craft, and damage to fishing. The Committee felt the Ministry of Health should be asked to introduce legislation to give local authorities the power to regulate and control privately owned speed boats. They considered, however, that as the popular use of this form of pleasure boat was of comparatively recent origin the appeal to the Ministry should be deferred until the end of this season so that the results of the experience of the behaviour of private owners of speed boats might be collated. They recommended that the local authorities should be asked specially to note during the season the effect of the use of privately owned speed boats in their districts. The recommendations of the executive were adopted.

WIRE-HAIRED FOX TERRIERS

WORKING CONFORMATION

(FROM OUR KENNEL CORRESPONDENT)

On first being exhibited wire-haired fox terriers were described as rough-haired terriers, a name that has long fallen into disuse. They were rough 60 years ago, looking shaggy and unkempt, and if a modern dandy of the show ring were confronted with one of his ancestors he would disown him on the spot. To-day the coat must be level, without a hair awry, the only resemblance being in the texture, which should be harsh. When trimming came into fashion the result was crude and unfinished compared with the works of art of the present day, which are so manipulated as to improve the appearance of a dog beyond all belief.

We discuss the ethics of trimming no longer. What was once faking is now a practice sanctioned by authority. Until the Kennel Club framed the existing regulations exhibitors of all the wire-haired breeds were sitting on thorns. Every one recognized that to show one of these dogs in his natural state was ridiculous, but none knew how far it was possible to go without incurring the risk of objection, disqualification, and perhaps worse. After matters had been put upon a logical basis, the progress of the wires was uninterrupted. From playing the part of Cinderella to the smooths, they have advanced from their humble state to one of paramount importance. No show dogs are more discussed or subjected to criticism so exacting. America has succumbed as whole-heartedly as we have done, and the breeder of an outstanding specimen requires much resolution to withstand the allurements of the dollar multiplied by several thousands.

The current Year Book of the Wire Fox Terrier Association, issued recently by Mr. A. A. W. Simmonds, the hon. secretary, gives an indication of the activities of breeders. Most terrier men, being sportsmen, are naturally sensitive upon a point that is of general interest. Has breeding for exhibition impaired the working instincts inherent in all this useful family? Major G. B. Ollivant, in a thoughtful article, admits that the standard drawn up for the guidance of breeders and judges, is satisfactory, but implies that, in his opinion, its provisions are not always enforced. "Dog shows are essential to keep up the standard of a terrier when a large number of terriers are bred and only a proportion of them get worked." Therefore, judges must see that a conformation fitting a dog for work is maintained.

The structure of a hunter was in the minds of the men who drew up the standard, and Major Ollivant urges that there should be no departure from this ideal. We may require a certain kind of head on our show terriers, and no one would quarrel with that concession to looks, but, on the whole, one agrees with his conclusion that "when summing-up a terrier, always remember that faults in construction are far more serious than faults in what we may call auxiliary points, important as these are, for conformation is the structure on which the other points are built."

The subject is amplified further by the answers to two questions put by the editor of the Year Book:—Do you consider (a) that there has been a tendency of recent years to deviate from working points in show fox terriers? and (b) that more attention should be paid at shows to working conformation? The Duke of Beaufort, who seldom attends shows, thinks, from photographs of prize winners, that they are being bred too big for work. Lord Bathurst writes:—"It is certainly to the interest of working-fox terrier breeders to pay every attention to conformation, so that they may be of a suitable size to go into any earth or drain into which a fox may go; therefore they must be of small size with light bone and short legs." Captain H. R. Phipps, president of the association and a master of hounds, is under the impression that smaller dogs are being bred to-day than a few years ago, which must surely be an advantage. On the whole he does not consider there is any cause for alarm that we are breeding terriers unfit for their legitimate work.

Mr. C. Chester-Master, secretary of the Working Pedigree Fox Terrier Association, is all in favour of breeding to the standard. "The most perfect show fox terrier, i.e., one that most nearly conforms to the standard laid down by the Fox Terrier Club, would be the most perfect type of working fox terrier, provided that he did not turn the scale at more than 17lb. at the outside." Utilitarians and exhibitors, he contends, are going along the same road. Why not go hand in hand? Mrs. M. V. Hughes, a prominent exhibitor, thinks that the present-day fox terrier is deteriorating in constitution. "Half of those exhibited to-day lack spring of rib and depth of brisket." That is to say, all the terriers that are exhibited do not approach perfection. This, of course, is so in every breed, but criticism is helpful, and it does no harm to point out the defects of those that are not quite equal to the best.

MR. MORRISON ON GARDEN CITIES

OPENING OF NEW BRIDGE AT LETCHWORTH

At Letchworth on Saturday Mr. Herbert Morrison, the Minister of Transport, opened a new bridge which connects the north and south sides of the town over the London and North Eastern Railway line from Hitchin to Cambridge. After the opening Mr. Nathaniel Micklem, K.C., Treasurer of Lincoln's Inn, unveiled a tablet affixed to the bridge in memory of the late Sir Ralph Neville, the first chairman of First Garden City, Limited, after whom the bridge is named. Mr. A. W. BRUNT, chairman of the Letchworth Urban District Council, presided.

In declaring the bridge open Mr. MORRISON, who had at one time lived in Letchworth, said he was very familiar with the old wooden footbridge erected some 21 years ago by the First Garden City, Limited, for he had frequently used it in paying visits to his wife before they were married. The great ideals of the late Sir Ebenezer Howard had found material expression in the development of Letchworth, which constituted a great practical example of the possibility of modern housing and town-planning. It was a thousand pities that the Garden City ideal had not come in a practical form before the industrial revolution. Had it done so the drab industrial towns of Great Britain and the vast disorganized sprawl of London would not have happened. From the point of view of transport, no less than that of public amenity, the endeavour to combine industrial, agricultural, shopping, and housing development in one town was all to the good. There was no better illustration of the fact that Greater London—much as he loved it—was a big blunder than the time and energy lost by people of the Metropolis in travelling to and from their places of employment.

Speaking at a luncheon afterwards, Mr. Morrison said there was a false idea to-day that the solution of the unemployment problem was to be found in the spending of hundreds of millions of pounds on the construction of roads. When they got beyond the point of a highway system adequate for the purpose it followed that the money spent involved charges in production which were not productive in themselves. When they got to that point they were not adding anything to the solution of unemployment.

The cost of the new bridge was £6,414 and the cost of the new roadway £5,000. The bridge was designed by Mr. Henry Brown, the engineer to the L.N.E. Railway, and the superstructure was the design of Mr. Barry Parker, F.R.I.B.A.

LONDON'S RESERVOIR CAPACITY

Mr. H. E. STILGOE, M.Inst.C.E., was in the chair at the Park Lane Hotel at the 31st annual dinner of the Institution of Water Engineers, of which he is the president.

Proposing the toast of "The Metropolitan Water Board," Mr. C. CLEMESHA SMITH, M.Inst.C.E., past president of the institution, said the whole organization of the board was a marvel of skill, science, and efficiency.

Sir WILLIAM PRESCOTT, Chairman of the Metropolitan Water Board, in response, said the board had been in existence for 27 years, and viewing the position in which it found itself to-day, both in regard to the adequacy and purity of its supplies, he thought they could look forward to the future with confidence and optimism. When the board took over the undertakings of the old companies the reservoir storage capacity was 4,000,000,000 gallons. To-day it was approaching 30,000,000,000 gallons.

The toast of "The Institution of Water Engineers" was proposed by Mr. E. A. SANDFORD FAWCETT, and responded to by the PRESIDENT. "The Guests" was proposed by Mr. A. E. CORNWALL-WALKER, past president of the institution, and acknowledged by Sir LYNDEN MACASSEY, K.C., and Sir JOSEPH PEDAVEL.

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A copy of this Prospectus has been delivered to the Registrar of Companies for registration.

The List will open on Monday, 2nd June, 1930, and will be closed on or before Wednesday, 4th June, 1930.

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(Incorporated under the Companies Acts, 1862 to 1928.)

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The 6 per Cent. Cumulative Preference Shares confer the right to a fixed cumulative preferential dividend at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum on the capital paid up thereon and rank both as regards dividends and capital in priority to the 6½ per Cent. Cumulative "A" Preference Shares and Ordinary Shares, but do not confer any further right to participate in profits or assets.

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The remaining profits and assets of the Company are distributable among the holders of the Ordinary Shares. The Company is precluded from issuing any new shares ranking in priority to the 6½ per Cent. Cumulative "A" Preference Shares or the creation of an Extraordinary Resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of such shares.

The Company reserves the right to redeem at any time after 31st October, 1935, and before 31st October, 1950, on giving three months' notice in writing of its intention so to do, the whole or any part of the 500,000 6½ per Cent. Cumulative "A" Preference Shares at 21s. 6d. per Share, together with a further sum equal to 6½ per cent. on the amounts paid up on such Shares calculated from the date up to which the dividend last paid on such Shares was calculated down to the date of redemption, less such amount as would have been deducted in respect of Income Tax had such further sum been paid by way of dividend. In the event of the Company determining to redeem part only of the 6½ per Cent. Cumulative "A" Preference Shares, the particular Shares to be redeemed will be ascertained by drawings.

Subject to any special terms as to voting upon which any Shares may be held, every member shall upon a show of hands have one vote and upon a poll one vote in respect of every five 6 per Cent. Cumulative Preference Shares, every five 6½ per Cent. Cumulative "A" Preference Shares and each Ordinary Share held by him.

WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED, 41, Lothbury, E.C., and Branches (Bankers to the Company),
BARCLAYS BANK LIMITED, 54, Lombard Street, E.C., and Branches } Bankers to Subsidiary
MIDLAND BANK LIMITED, Poultry, E.C., and Branches, } Companies
NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK LIMITED, 15, Bishopsgate, E.C., and Branches,

are authorised to receive Applications for the above Shares, payable as follows:—

	£ s. d.
On Application	7 6 per Share
On Allotment	7 6 ,, ,,
On 7th July, 1930	10 0 ,, ,,
	£1 0 0 ,, ,,

Payment in full may be made on Allotment, and interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum will be allowed on such prepayments.

PROSPECTUS.

The proceeds of the present issue will be applied to meeting expenditure incurred or to be incurred in connection with the development of the Company's business and in repayment of Bank and other loans and redemption of Debentures.

The Company owns either directly or through its subsidiaries the **whole of the issued Share Capital** (except as stated below) of the undermentioned British Companies engaged in the manufacture and distribution of photographic materials:—

Imperial Dry Plate Co., Ltd.
Thomas Illingworth and Co., Ltd. (except 10,880 6 per cent. Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each).
Sale Ltd.
Gem Dry Plate Co., Ltd.
Photographic Materials, Ltd.
Ayres, Ltd. (which owns all the Shares in Marion and Co., Ltd., Pagel Prize Plate Co., Ltd., and Rajar, Ltd.).
Wellington and Ward, Ltd. (except 201 Ordinary Shares of £1 each, 28,027 10 per Cent. Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each and 16,400 8 per Cent. Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each).

The above-named Companies are well known in the photographic trade, both in this country and abroad, for the excellent quality of their photographic plates, paper, roll films, portrait and X-Ray films, cinematograph films, &c., and in addition to their own branches on the Continent and in the Far East, are represented by Agents of the highest standing.

In addition to the Company's factory at Ilford the subsidiary Companies have factories around London, at Cricklewood, Park Royal, Southgate and Edgware, at Watford and Elstree in Hertfordshire, at Warley in Essex, and Mobberley in Cheshire.

With the exception of the factory at Watford and a portion of the factory at Southgate, which are held on leases terminating in the years 1967 and 2014 respectively, all the properties are freehold and cover an area of over 45 acres with more than 700,000 sq. ft. of factory accommodation and, in addition, a number of freehold dwelling-houses for the employees.

All these properties are free of charges except a subsidiary Company's factory at Elstree, on which an undertaking to create £65,000 Debentures has been given to the Bank as security for a loan of this amount, and a subsidiary Company's factory at Warley on which £30,000 Debentures have been created. It is proposed to pay off this loan and the Debentures from the proceeds of the present issue, but apart from the properties entirely free of charge.

Under the Articles of Association of Ilford, Limited, no Debentures or Debenture Stock may be issued without the sanction of the holders of the 6 per Cent. Preference Shares in the original capital of the Company, and in any event the Ilford group may not borrow or raise any moneys so as to make the amount borrowed or raised and outstanding exceed the issued capital for the time being of the Company.

The Directors of Ilford, Limited, undertake during the current year to submit the necessary resolutions to an Extraordinary Meeting of the Company, for the alteration of the Company's Articles of Association so as to provide that no Debenture or Debenture Stock may be issued without the sanction of an Extraordinary Resolution of the holders of the 6½ per Cent. Cumulative "A" Preference Shares now offered for subscription.

Ilford, Limited, undertakes during the current year to procure the above-mentioned subsidiary Companies to alter their Articles of Association so as to provide that they will not, except with the sanction of a General Meeting of Ilford, Limited, create any Debentures or other charges on their respective assets which will in the aggregate exceed 10 per cent. of the issued capital for the time being of Ilford, Limited.

PROFITS.—Messrs. TURQUAND, YOUNGS & CO., Chartered Accountants, report as follows:—

To the Directors of ILFORD, LIMITED. London, 15th May, 1930.

GENTLEMEN,—As Auditors of Ilford, Limited, we report that the profits of the Company, as shown by the published accounts in respect of the past six financial years, after charging all expenses and making provision for depreciation and Income Tax, were as follows:—

Year ended 31st October,			
1924	.. ..	..	£50,746
1925	.. ..	..	57,220
1926	.. ..	..	64,831
1927	.. ..	..	76,473
1928	.. ..	..	119,891
1929	.. ..	..	121,512

The rates of dividends paid by the Company in respect of the above financial years on its issued Shares were as follows:—

Year.								
1924.	190,000 6 per Cent. Cum. Pref. Shares ..	6 per cent.	310,000 Ordinary Shares ..	10 per cent.
1925.	.. ..	6 ,, ,,	310,000	10 ,, ,,
1926.	.. ..	6 ,, ,,	310,000	12½ ,, ,,
1927.	.. ..	6 ,, ,,	372,000 .. .. .. plus Capital Bonus of 20 per cent.	12½ ,, ,,
1928.	.. ..	6 ,, ,,	574,200 Ordinary Shares .. plus Capital Bonus of 10 per cent.	12½ per cent.
1929.	.. ..	6 ,, ,,	574,200 Ordinary Shares ..	15 per cent.

We are, Gentlemen,
Yours faithfully,
TURQUAND, YOUNGS & CO.,
Chartered Accountants.

On the basis of the profits for 1929, as shown by the published accounts, the dividend on the 6½% Cumulative "A" Preference Shares, less Income Tax (after paying the dividend on the 190,000 Preference Shares), is covered more than 4½ times, but the policy of the Directors of Ilford, Limited, and its subsidiary Companies has been to conserve the finances and strengthen the position of the subsidiary Companies by placing a portion of profits of the subsidiary Companies to reserves, &c., so that in fact the profits of the Company, together with the undistributed aggregate profits of its subsidiaries, are considerably in excess of these shown above.

ASSETS.—The Assets of Ilford, Limited, and its subsidiary Companies amount to £1,359,769, as shown by the following certificate furnished by Messrs. PRICE, WATERHOUSE and Co., Chartered Accountants:—

To the Directors of ILFORD, LIMITED. London, 19th May, 1930.

GENTLEMEN,—In accordance with instructions we have examined the books and accounts of Ilford, Limited, and its Subsidiary Companies, and we certify that the aggregate net assets based on the last Balance Sheets of the respective Companies, which were prepared at dates between 31st October, 1929, and 31st January, 1930, after making requisite adjustments, including the Underwriting Bank Loans and the Purchase Price of Share Capital of a subsidiary Company (amounting in total to £376,692), which it is proposed to meet out of the proceeds of the present issue, were as shown by the following statement:—

	Ilford, Ltd., excluding Subsidiary Companies.		Subsidiary Companies.		Total.
Land and Buildings	£75,251	..	£365,145	..	£440,396
Plant, Machinery, &c.	90,544	..	236,827	..	327,371
Stock, Debtors, Cash and Investments	374,130	..	611,262	..	985,392
	489,925	..	1,213,234	..	1,703,159
Deduct: Liabilities, including Dividends payable	112,083	..	157,319	..	269,402
	377,842	..	1,055,915	..	1,433,757
Deduct: Share of Assets attributable to Outside Interests	—	..	73,988	..	73,988
Balance, exclusive of Goodwill	£377,842	..	£981,927	..	£1,359,769

We are, Gentlemen, yours faithfully,
PRICE, WATERHOUSE and Co., Chartered Accountants.

The Goodwill of Ilford, Limited, which originally stood at £302,899, has been written down, entirely out of profits, until it now stands at only £70,600, as shown in the last published accounts.

Apart from Contracts made by the Company in the ordinary course of business, the following Contracts have been entered into, viz:—

Contract dated 29th May, 1930, and made between the Company and Messrs. Snell and Swaffield, by which, in consideration of an underwriting commission of 2½ per cent., and an over-riding commission of 1 per cent., on the nominal amount of the Shares now offered, Messrs. Snell and Swaffield guarantee the subscription of this issue and have taken 190,000 Shares firm.

Forty-three Contracts dated as mentioned below and all entered into by British Photographic Plates and Papers Limited, with the following parties respectively, namely:—4th Dec., 1929: (1-2) J. B. R. Wellington, (3-4) H. W. Hall, (5-6) C. S. Downing, (7-8) H. H. Ward, (9) E. I. Wellington, (10) J. B. R. Wellington and H. W. Hall and C. S. Downing, (11) A. J. Child, (12) E. H. Hall; 12th Dec., 1929: (13) A. W. Coles, (14) A. Coles; 13th Dec., 1929: (15) J. C. Calfas; 14th Dec., 1929: (16) E. W. Zimmermann, (17) M. Zimmermann, (18) H. R. E. Ward; 16th Dec., 1929: (19) J. G. Ward, (20) K. Ward, (21) C. W. Ward; 17th Dec., 1929: (22) W. E. Hichens, (23) F. W. T. Krohn and A. J. Read, (24) J. B. Bensley, (25) C. P. Wellington; 20th Dec., 1929: (26) L. de Haviland, (27) E. R. E. D. Calbara and C. M. Bell, (28) C. Bell and M. M. Zimmermann; 30th Dec., 1929: (29) J. E. Parry; 14th Jan., 1930: (30) D. T. Bell, (31) F. M. Thompson, (32) F. M. Bell, (33) M. M. Zimmermann and C. Bell, (34) M. J. Bell; 29th Jan., 1930: (35-38) K. C. Scheele; 12th Feb., 1930: (39) D. P. Geddes, (40) E. Smith; 21st Feb., 1930: (41) J. Hall; 14th May, 1930: (42) H. R. Ainsworth; and 13th May, 1930: (43) Ilford, Limited.

A copy of the above contracts, the originals of the above Certificates, a print of the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association and a copy of the Resolution creating the Shares now offered, may be inspected at the Offices of the Solicitors on any day while the list remains open, between the hours of 11 a.m. and 4 p.m.

The minimum amount which in the opinion of the Directors must be raised by the present issue in order to provide for the matters mentioned in paragraph 5 of part one of the Fourth Schedule of the Companies Act, 1929, is under (1) (b) £17,500, under (1) (c) £196,444, and under (1) (d) £288,000, but the whole of the present issue has been underwritten.

Various sub-underwriting agreements to which the Company is not a party have been entered into.

A brokerage of 3d. per Share will be paid on all allotments to the public in respect of applications bearing the stamp of a Banker, Broker or other approved agent.

Applications for Shares, together with a deposit of 2s. 6d. per Share, should be made on the accompanying form and sent to the Company's Bankers or to any of the Subsidiary Companies' Bankers. Where no allotment is made the application money will be returned in full, and where the number of Shares allotted is less than that applied for the surplus will be credited in reduction of the amount payable on allotment and any balance remaining will be returned. Failure to pay any instalment when due will render the Shares and all previous payments liable to forfeiture. Interest at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum will be charged on instalments in arrear.

Prospectuses and Forms of Application for Shares may be obtained from the Company's Bankers, Brokers and Solicitors, the subsidiary Companies' Bankers, and from the Company's Registered Office.

Dated 30th May, 1930.

Directors.

SIR IVOR PHILIPPS, K.C.B., D.S.O. (Chairman).
COLONEL F. W. EVATT. J. KEMP-WELCH.
CAPTAIN T. MIDGLEY ILLINGWORTH. D. LEWIS.
MAJOR D. BLUNDELL MEIN, D.S.O., M.C. COLONEL V. B. RAMSDEN, D.S.O., M.C.

Bankers.
WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED, 41, Lothbury, London, E.C.2.
Solicitors.
ASHURST, MORRIS, CRISP AND CO., 17, Throgmorton-avenue, London, E.C.2.
Auditors.
TURQUAND, YOUNGS AND CO., Chartered Accountants, 19, Coleman-street, London, E.C.2.
Solicitors.
SNELL AND SWAFFIELD, 5, Copthall Buildings, London, E.C.2 (and Stock Exchange).
Secretary and Registered Office.
B. L. DRAKE, F.C.I.S., Ilford, Limited, Ilford, Essex.
Temporary Address for this Issue only.
ILFORD, LIMITED, 243, Winchester House, Old Broad-street, London, E.C.2.

This Form must be filled up and sent with remittance to any of the following Banks:—
WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED, 41, Lothbury, London, E.C.2, or any of its branches.
BARCLAYS BANK LIMITED, 54, Lombard-street, London, E.C.3, or any of its branches.
MIDLAND BANK LIMITED, Poultry, London, E.C.2, or any of its branches.
NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK LIMITED, 15, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.2, or any of its branches.

No.....

ILFORD, LIMITED.

Issue of 500,000 6½ per Cent. Cumulative "A" Preference Shares of £1 each at par.

(1)

APPLICATION.

To the Directors of ILFORD, LIMITED.

Gentlemen,—Having paid to your Bankers the sum of £..... being a deposit of 2s. 6d. per Share payable on application for.....6½ per Cent. Cumulative "A" Preference Shares of £1 each in the above Company, I/we request you to allot me/us the same upon the terms of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and of the Prospectus dated 30th May, 1930, and I/we agree to accept the same or any less number of Shares you may allot to me/us and to pay the balance due from me/us by the instalments specified in the said Prospectus and I/we authorise you to register me/us as the holder/holders of the Shares so allotted.

Dated....., 1930.

USUAL SIGNATURE.....

NAME IN FULL.....
IN BLOCK CAPITALS. (Please state whether Mr., Mrs., or Miss.)

ADDRESS.....

OCCUPATION.....
(PLEASE WRITE DISTINCTLY.)

Cheques must be made payable to "Bearer" and crossed "A/c Ilford, Limited."
If "Order" cheques are allowed to "Bearer," the alteration must be signed by the Drawer.

No receipt will be issued for payment on application, but an acknowledgment will be forwarded in due course, either by Letter of Allotment or by return of deposit.

Finance & Commerce

CITY OFFICE: 15, GEORGE-STREET, E.C.4
TELEPHONE: MANSION HOUSE 4702

CITY NOTES

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES

TO-DAY'S NEW ISSUES

Last month a further appreciable fall occurred in wholesale prices, our index number published this morning being only 116.3 or 2.2 per cent. lower than at the end of April. As compared with a year ago the decline is as much as 11.8 per cent., while the fall since the beginning of 1929 is no less than 15.4 per cent. Last month's decline was mainly due to food prices, a movement which may be regarded as partly seasonal. The severity of the decline in prices in the past 17 months is too apparent to need emphasis. The only comparable fall in recent times was the 47 per cent. decline which occurred in the 17 months ended December 31, 1921. But that abnormal movement followed a very active inflation of credit and further was complicated by changes in the gold value of the pound sterling. Clearly the present decline in prices is due to production being in excess of demand. Production has increased in nearly all lines, but demand has not expanded proportionately. Since demand itself springs from production, it follows that the failure of demand to keep pace with production must be due to some factor which interferes with the free exchange of the goods produced. If it were due to the unsymmetrical relation in which the different classes of services and goods are produced, goods in excess of supply would fall in price while those in short supply would rise. But the fall in prices having been very general points to the probability that maladjustment of prices prevents producers and consumers coming together. Professor Bowley has contributed an article on the disparity between wholesale and retail prices to the current number of *Lloyds Bank Monthly Review*, in which he contends that there is no evidence that the recent difference in the rates of fall of wholesale and retail prices is due to inordinate increases in any of the intermediate items such as costs of transport, commissions, and final distribution costs. But the inordinate difference between the pre-War and present retail prices is very obvious. He himself points out that the present price of bread is about double the pre-War price, though the price of wheat is even closer to the pre-War level. The wide disparity between wholesale and retail prices explains the relative prosperity of distributing houses compared with that of producers; the fact that it is largely responsible for over-production and under-consumption is the point which must be inwardly digested before it can be cured.

The Johannesburg Loan

The prospectus is published to-day of the City of Johannesburg Five per Cent. Loan, amounting to £1,000,000, which is offered at 97½ per cent. The loan has a maximum life of 30 years, being repayable at par on October 1, 1960, but the borrower has the option to redeem the stock, in whole or in part, on or after October 1, 1950, on giving three months notice. Johannesburg, with a population of 342,932, has a debt of £11,495,000, including the present issue. There is, however, an accumulated redemption fund of £6,019,011, so that the net outstanding debt is only £5,475,989. Revenue for the past financial year amounted to £3,132,195, giving a surplus over expenditure of £39,134. Rating power of the city is 7d. in the pound, and the rate imposed for the last financial year was 6½d. The proceeds of the new loan will be applied mainly to electricity and gas extensions, tramways, sewerage, and native housing. The issue is likely to be well received, for the terms are regarded as fair, and Johannesburg does not often appear in the London money market.

Ilford Limited Preference Issue

An issue of 500,000 Six and a Half per Cent. Cumulative "A" Preference shares of £1 each is made at par to-day by Ilford Limited. This old-established undertaking, which occupies an important position in the photographic trade, will now have an issued capital of £1,264,200. The new Preference shares will rank after £190,000 of Six per Cent. Preference shares and before £574,200 of Ordinary shares. Excluding from the liabilities bank loans and the purchase price of share capital of a subsidiary company (amounting together to £376,692), which it is proposed to meet out of the proceeds of the present issue, the net assets of the company and its subsidiaries amount to £1,359,769. Profits for the past six years are given in the prospectus, and the figures show unbroken progress. For 1929 the profit was £121,512. On this basis the dividend on the new Preference shares is covered more than 4½ times, but the directors point out that the actual margin available was considerably in excess of the figures published, as the company follows the practice of leaving with the subsidiary companies a portion of their annual earnings for the purpose of enabling them to build up their own reserves; this portion has not, therefore, been shown in the published profit and loss account of the parent undertaking. The company reserves the right to redeem the new Preference shares at any time after October 31, 1935, and before October 31, 1950, on giving three months' notice, at a price of 21s. 6d. per share, plus accrued dividend.

The City of Constantinople Loan

An announcement was made about a month ago of the decision of the Turkish Government to abolish the tolls on the Galata Bridge in Constantinople so far as pedestrians, taxicabs, and private motor-cars are concerned. This decision, which apparently is connected with the "Westernizing" movement that bulks so largely in present Turkish policy, is a matter of practical concern to holders of the Constantinople loan of 1909, for the bridge tolls form the special security for their bonds. It is understood that the Turkish authorities have under consideration the provision of alternative security, which it has been suggested may take the form of a charge upon the tramway and omnibus receipts of the municipality. So long as any alternative offer gives reasonable promise of providing a sum equivalent to that given by the pledged revenues from the Galata Bridge tolls the bondholders are unlikely to offer serious objection, but it will, of course, be necessary that any rearrangement of the kind be embodied in a properly drawn up agreement and approved by the bondholders.

The Underground Conversion Option

Holders of the Six per Cent. Income Bonds of the Underground Electric Railways Company of London are given until the end of this month to exercise their option of converting them into the company's Ordinary shares at 21s. per share. It is of importance that steps should be taken before that date either to make the exchange into shares or to sell the bonds in the market, for it is reasonably certain that the present price of 111 for the bonds will not be obtainable when they are quoted ex option. It has to be remembered that on and after July 1, 1930, the company will have the power at any time to redeem the bonds at 103, on giving six months' notice, and it may therefore be assumed that the difference between 103 and the current quotation represents approximately the value of the right of conversion.

Antofagasta Railway Report

The year 1929 for the Antofagasta (Chili) and Bolivia Railway Company was the first in which the undertaking was worked as a complete metre gauge line, after the change from the old narrow gauge. The period was one of satisfactory working conditions. Gross receipts of the railway and waterworks were £1,997,328, an increase of £155,483, or 8.44 per cent. For this addition increased activity in the tin and copper mining establishments served by the railway was chiefly responsible. The tonnage of nitrate carried showed only a small increase. Working expenses amounted to £1,249,167, or £139,343 more. A considerable part of the increase is attributable to additional contributions to Debenture amortization. Other causes were heavier expenditure on repairs to buildings and fixed plant, and consolidation of the permanent way after its disturbance by the change of gauge. Owing to the heavier outgoings, the net receipts at £748,161 were only £16,144 larger, but miscellaneous revenue received an addition of over £100,000 owing to the credit of 2½ years' interest on the holding of Five per Cent. First Mortgage bonds of the Bolivia Railway Company. The directors are repeating last year's allocation of £100,000 to reserve, and are again paying a dividend of 7 per cent., while they carry forward £521,426 as compared with £464,758, after providing for income-tax reserve and writing off the cost of the recent issue of Ordinary stock.

Ottoman Railway Hardships

On several occasions in recent years it has been necessary to refer to the difficulties which the Ottoman Railway from Smyrna to Aidin has experienced in its dealings with the Turkish Government, and it is a matter for regret that the latest advices from Smyrna indicate that this unsatisfactory state of affairs still continues. It may be remembered that in June, 1927, the company signed a Reparations Agreement with the Turkish Government which provided (*inter alia*) that the company should be given power substantially to increase its rates. This agreement, which was signed by the duly accredited representatives of the Turkish Government, and promulgated by a special law passed in the Turkish Assembly, has never been ratified, and the company is still struggling to cope with a situation which becomes increasingly difficult. The recent weakness of the Turkish piastre has added to the company's difficulties. When the above agreement was framed the rate was about 935 piastres to the pound; it is now 1,025 nominal, yet the company has no power to adjust its rates to counterbalance the effects of the depreciated currency. Representations have been made to the Turkish authorities, and a Government Commission was recently sent to Smyrna to discuss the question of rates, but it is reported that negotiations have broken down owing to the uncompromising attitude of the Government representatives. The company has expended millions of capital in providing transport throughout some 10,000 square miles of territory. Its energies have transformed vast tracts into fertile areas, and, though it suffered damages to the extent of nearly £3,000,000 during the War, it continues to render cheap and efficient service. Turkey badly needs railway systems, and the pursuance of a policy which hinders enterprises of this nature would certainly appear to be inimical to her interests.

Flag Discrimination in Portugal

It may be recalled that at the annual meeting of the Chamber of Shipping in February, Portugal and Peru were mentioned as countries which still openly discriminated against the shipping of other nations, while Spain was cited as doing so indirectly. Representations have since been made to Portugal through the International Shipping Conference and by various maritime countries. Discrimination is principally exercised in Portugal by means of Customs rebates in favour of goods imported in Portuguese ships, by port charges which favour Portuguese vessels, and by requirements for ships carrying emigrants from Portugal which have the effect of favouring vessels owned in that country. It is urged in criticism of the discriminatory Customs dues that the Portuguese Exchequer thereby sacrifices revenue generally equal to a substantial proportion of the freight on the relative goods and often as much as, or many times greater than, the freight. Manufacturers in cities who have been able to supply the needs of Portugal on the most economical terms have found that the discrimination has compelled Portuguese importers to purchase from less economical markets, and it has been no consolation to those who had established trade connexions with Portugal to know that Portuguese people have had to meet the cost. Examples given of discrimination in port charges are that in the case of a typical passenger vessel of 15,000 tons gross a foreign ship would pay three times the amount in various charges that would be levied on a Portuguese ship of the same tonnage; that a regular foreign cargo liner of 2,000 tons would pay six times as much as a corresponding Portuguese vessel; that a foreign coal carrier would pay nine times more than a Portuguese ship; and that a foreign wheat carrier would pay more than twice the charges levied on a Portuguese vessel.

Suggested Reconsideration

Discrimination of this type is, it is pointed out, contrary to the provisions of the Maritime Ports Convention prepared by the League of Nations, and to resolutions adopted by the International Chamber of Commerce. A distinction is drawn between such measures of discrimination and direct subsidies to shipping which, it is generally recognized, are the affair of each nation. In this connexion some misunderstanding seems to have been caused in Portugal by the effects in this country of the Trade Facilities Acts, and shipowners have made it clear that the assistance at one time given to the building of ships was not generally desired by the shipping industry, and that it was employed to assist shipbuilding and was applied to the construction in this country of vessels for foreign owners as well as for British firms. The International Shipping Conference, in making representations on the subject of the discrimination, has been expressing, on behalf of all the maritime nations represented in it, the irritation which is caused by the forms of discrimination exercised in Portugal, and it is hoped that the matter will be carefully reconsidered.

MONEY MARKET

EASY CONDITIONS

Although it was the last day of the month the Money Market on Saturday experienced conditions of great ease. In view of the impending large addition to supplies of credit involved by the disbursement to-day of the half-yearly dividend on the War Loan, lenders acted with freedom. Old loans were renewed by houses other than the clearing banks at 1½ per cent., and fresh money was offering in abundance at 1½ per cent. The discount market had a weak tendency. Brokers again quoted 2½ per cent. as their buying rate for three months remitted bills, but in competition it was found necessary to make a slight concession on that quotation. "Hot" Treasury bills were on offer at 2 1-16 per cent. on the spot and at 2 1-32 per cent. for delivery this week. The market sold a few June bills at 1½ per cent. One of the banks bought August bills at 2 1-16, and at this rate the central banks were buyers of three months paper.

The Bank rate is 3 per cent., to which it was reduced from 3½ per cent. on May 1. The banks' deposit rate is 1 per cent. and the deposit rates of the discount houses are 1 per cent. at call and 1½ per cent. at notice.

Loans (per Cent.).	Discount (Bank Bills) (per Cent.).				
Day to day.	For short periods.	60 days.	3 months.	4 months.	6 months.
1¼—2	2	2½	2¼	2⅜—2¼	2⅝—2½

Discount (Treasury Bills)			(Fine Trade Bills)	
2 Mths. %	3 Mths. %	3 months.	4 months.	6 months.
2⅛—2¼	2⅛—2¼	3—3⅛	3⅛—3⅛	3⅛—4

CALLS OF THE WEEK

To-day	Barnsley Corp., 5% Stk., 1950-60	..	33%	£350,000
..	India Govt., 6% Bds., 1933-35	..	24%	£1,680,000
..	San Paulo 7% Coffee Ln., 1930	..	23%	£2,800,000
..	"Shell" Transport, 7% 2nd Pref. Shares	..	5/-	£1,250,000
Wednesday	Swansea Corp., 5% Stk., 1945-55	..	33%	£525,000
..	Bk. of Nova Scotia, $100 shares	..	823	$500,000
Thursday	Sunderland Corp., 5% Irr., 1950-60	..	40%	£400,000

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

The foreign exchanges were very quiet. Dollars were again slightly dearer, the New York rate closing 1-32c. lower at $4.85¼. The Paris rate was unchanged, but the Berlin (20.36m.), Zurich (25.11½f.), Stockholm (18.11½kr.), and Brussels (34.81½b.) exchanges all moved slightly against London. Spanish currency was steady, closing ¼c. higher at 39.93p. Among the South American exchanges the Buenos Aires rate weakened, finishing at 42⁹/₁₆d., as compared with 42²²/₃₂d. Brazilian currency was a shade easier at 5 53-64d.

The following table gives the range of telegraphic exchange quotations within which business was reported on Saturday:—

Place	Method of Quoting	Par of Exchange	May 31	May 30
New York	$ to £	4.86⅔	4.85⅞-85 15/16	4.85⅞-4.86
Montreal	$ to £	4.86⅔	4.86-4.86 5/16	4.86⅛-86⅜
Paris	Fr. to £	124.21	123.92-123.99	123.90-123.95
Brussels	Bel. to £	35.00	34.81-34.82	34.81¼-81¾
Milan	Lire to £	92.46	92.24-92.28	92.24-92.27
Zurich	Fr. to £	25.2215	25.10⅝-11¼	25.11-25.11⅝
Athens	Dr. to £	375	374⅜-375¼	374⅜-375¼
Helsingfors	M. to £	193.23	192⅞-193¼	192⅞-193¼
Madrid	Pts. to £	25.2215	39.90-39.95	39.75-39.90
Lisbon	Reis to £	—	108⅛-108⅝	108⅛-108⅝
Amsterd'm	Fl. to £	12.107	12.05 1/16-06¼	12.07 1/16-06¼
Berlin	M. to £	20.43	20.35¼-36⅜	20.36-20.36⅞
Vienna	Sch. to £	34.58⅓	34.44-34.47	34.45-34.47
Budapest	Pen. to £	27.82	27.79-27.83	27.79-27.83
Prague	Kr. to £	164.25	163¾-164	163¾-164
Warsaw	Zloty to £	43.38	43.31¼-43.37	43.33-43.38
Bucharest	Lei to £	25.2215	25.17-25.27	25.17-25.27
Const'ple	Let to £	815.6	817-819	817½-819
Belgrade	Pet. to £	110	1.025‡	1.025‡
Athens	Din. to £	25.2215	274⅞-275¾	274⅞-275¾
Kovno	Lit. to £	48.24	48.16-48.17	48⅛-48⅜
Reval	Cr. to £	675.659	665-675	665-675
Reval	K.Kr. to £	18.159	18.22-18.27	18.22-18.27
Oslo	Kr. to £	18.159	18.15⅜-18.16	18.15¾-16¼
Stockholm	Kr. to £	18.159	18.13-81.11¼	18.10½-11⅛
Copenh'g'n	Kr. to £	18.159	18.16-18.16¾	18.14-18.15⅝
Alexandria	Pat. to £	97 1/16	97 1/16-97 3/16	97 1/16-97 3/16
Bombay	Per Rup.	18d.	1/5 29/32-15/16	1/5 29/32-15/16
Calcutta	Per Rup.	18d.	1/5 29/32-15/16	1/5 29/32-15/16
Madras	Per Rup.	18d.	1/5 29/32-15/16	1/5 29/32-15/16
Hong-kong	Per Dol.	—	1/3 5/16	1/3 5/16
Kobe	Per Yen.	24.58d.	2/01 29/32-7/16	2/01 29/32-7/16
Shanghai	Per Tael	—	1/7 7/8-1/8	1/7 9-1/8
Singapore	Per Dol.	2/4	2/31 29/32-32	2/31 29/32-32
Batavia	Fl. to £	12.107	12.05 1/16-07¼	12.06 1/16-07¼
Manila	Per Dol.	24.096d.	2/00 1/16	2/00 1/16
Rio de Jan.	Per Mil.	5.890d.	5 31/32-58 3/32	5 31/32-6 1/32
B. Aires	Per Dol.	47.577d.	42 31/32-43 1/16	42 31/32-43 1/16
Valparai'so	Pr to £	40‡	39.91‡	39.93‡
Montevid'o	Per Dol.	44d.	44½-45	44⅝-45¼
Lima†	Soles to £	12.186	12.87½	12.85
Mexico	Pesos to £	9.76	10.10-10.35	10.10-10.35

† 90 days. ‡ Based on legal stabilization at 92.90-93.05 to 100kr. ‡ Nominal.

EMPIRE EXCHANGE RATES

BUYING RATES PER £100

	Demand	30 days' sight	60 days' sight	90 days' sight
On:—	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Australia ..	92 12	6 92	7 3 91 10	0 90 18 9
New Zealand ..	93 17	6 93	2 92 15	0 92 3 9
Africa and Rhodesia	98 15	0 98	2 0 97 10	0 96 17 6

SELLING RATES

	Cable Transfers	Demand
On:—	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Australia	93 17 6	93 10 0
New Zealand	95 7 6	95 0 0
South Africa	99 15 0	99 12 6
Rhodesia	99 16 3	99 13 9

The Bank of England announced on Saturday the setting aside of £100,000 in SOVEREIGNS, the purchase of £57 in BAR GOLD, and of £7 in FOREIGN GOLD COIN. Since Wednesday last there has been a net efflux of

HOME COMMERCIAL MARKETS

COAL TRADE REPORTS

GRAIN AND FARM PRODUCE

LONDON (The Baltic Exchange), May 31.—Wheat.—Influenced by better Winnipeg closing advices, the market ruled firm at about late rates and there was rather more inquiry. For 2,585 tons Bombi, 62¾lb. (part cargo), per Hydra, B.U. May 19, 29s. 6d. per qr. was paid and late yesterday 7,000 tons West Australian, per Maris de Larrinaga, B.U. May 12, were sold at 41s. 9d. For Pacific, June, July and Aug., 29s. was sought; 29s. 6d. for Rosario, 62¾lb., early June; and 29s. 9d. for Barb, 62¾lb., June. Australian, due and afloat, were offered at 41s. 3d.; and choice white Karachi, June-July, at 29s. 6d. Parcels were firm at 6d. to 9d. advance for Manitoba, but Plates were the turn easier. No. 2 Northern Manitoba, per Lochgoil, due June 23, sold at 41s. 3d. net; and choice white Karachi, May-June, at 29s. 3d.

The wheat futures market, influenced by the firmness in Winnipeg closing advices and dearer offers of Manitoba, opened with values 4d. higher and, with a moderate business put through, made further improvement, closing prices being 2d. to 9d. over yesterday's final levels.

Per 480lb.	Opening values	Noon values	Closing values	Prev. closing values
	Manitoba Grade			
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
May	40 5	40 5	40 5	40 1
July	39 11	39 11	39 11	39 7
Nov.	40 6	40 3	40 4	40 0
	London Grade			
May	37 4	37 6	37 9	37 0
July	37 5	37 7	37 5	37 1

Maize was quiet and unchanged, but with an easier tendency. For 5,810 tons (part cargo), La Plata, per Hydra, B.L. May 19/23, 23s. 6d. was paid. For this quality May-June, 24s. 9d. was asked, and 23s. 6d. for June-July. Rosarios/Bahia, shipping-shipped, was offered at 22s. Parcels were quiet and rather lower to sell. La Plata, June-July, sold at 23s. 9d.

Barley was steady and quiet. Algerian-Tunisian, July-Aug., 19s. 6d.; and Persian, July, 18s. 3d.

Oats were firm and dearer. La Plata, June, 13s. 3d.; July, 13s. 6d.; and Aug., 13s. 9d.

The following are farmers' deliveries from returns received in the week ended May 31 and for the season to date (40 weeks):—

	Wheat	Barley	Oats
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
This week ..	194,305	36,554	17,479
Average price ..	8s. 7d.	7s. 9d.	6s. 5d.
Same week last year ..	94,090	10,078	14,691
Average price ..	9s. 6d.	8s. 9½d.	7s. 0½d.
This season ..	3,918,106	11,008,818	1,823,227
Average price ..	9s. 3d.	8s. 9½d.	7s. 0½d.
Last season ..	9,298,228	11,897,980	2,708,097
Average price ..	9s. 6d.	10s. 8½d.	9s. 4d.

LIVERPOOL, May 31.—Wheat.—C.i.f. parcels were quiet at 2d. to 3d. lower on sales being reported. Quotations:—No. 1 Northern Manitoba, June, 43s. 6d.; No. 2, 41s. 9d.; No. 3, 41s.; No. 5, Manitoba, June, 37s. 9d.; No. 2 mixed durum, June, 38s. 9d.; No. 2 hard (Gulf), June, 39s. 9d.; Rosario, 62¾lb., shipping/shipped, June, 38s. 6d.; Barl, June, 38s. 11½d.; Barusc, 62¾lb., June, 38s.; choice White Karachi, shipping/shipped 41s. 9d.; May-June, 40s. 6d.; Australian, shipping/shipped 41s. 6d.; Chilian (northern ports), June, 37s. 3d.; western Pacific, June-July, 39s. Spot parcels were quiet, and prices, early easier or dearer; graded wheat futures opened 2½d. per cental higher in sympathy with firmer closing Winnipeg advices that declared mostly on large Scotch shipments, but recovered on covering and some outside buying orders and closed firm at ½d. advance. Sales, 300 loads.

Graded Wheat Futures

Per 100lb.	Opening values	Business done Highest	Lowest	Closing values	Prev. closing values
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
July	8 1	8 2½	8 0¼	8 2½	8 0¼
October	8 2	8 2½	8 1¼	8 2½	8 1¼
December	8 2¾	8 3	8 2	8 3	8 1¾

Maize.—C.i.f. parcels were quiet and easier for La Plata. Afloat was quoted 24s. 9d. and 24s. 6d. per quarter; May-June, 23s. 9d.; June-July and July-Aug., 23s. 3d.; Jan/Cal/Feb, June-July, 22s. 9d.; Aug., 23s.; No. 2 white East African, May-June, 24s.; No. 3 white, 23s. 6d.; No. 4, mixed yellow/July-Aug., 23s. 6d. Spot parcels were quiet and unchanged.

Oats.—C.i.f. parcels firm but very quiet. Chilean tawny, June-July, 14s.; La Plata, 7.4-g., June-July, 13s. 6d.

Paris was steady.

Cambridge, May 31.—Wheat was 3d. to 3s. 6d., delivered to mill. Quiet trade in barley. Grinding sorts, 2s. to 3s.; oats, 1s. to 2s.

Gloucester, May 31.—There was practically no English grain on offer and values were nominal with an easier tendency for wheat.

Northampton, May 31.—Trade was very slow and prices were unchanged. Wheat, 3s. to 3s. 6d.; oats, 2s. to 2s.; barley, 2s. to 3s.

Peterborough, May 31.—Wheat was quoted at 3s. All grain was in small supply.

London, May 31.—Potatoes (The Borough).—Home-grown deliveries totalled 2,000 tons. Quotations:—Best sample shetland King Edward, £2 10s. to £3; second grade shetland King Edward and Scotch King Edward, £2 to £2 10s.; Ilafkoff Majestic and shetland King Edward, £2 to £2 10s.; per ton, New, Jersey, 12s. to 14s.; St. Malo, 12s.; Cherbourg, 5s.; and Spanish Malaro, 3s. to 8s. 6d. per cwt., ex market.

Covent Garden.—The demand for fruit and vegetables was fairly brisk, with plentiful supplies on offer. Quotations:—Australian apples, 11s. to 15s.; Tasmanian apples, 12s. to 16s.; New Zealand apples, 12s. to 13s. 6d. per box; English forced pine grapes, 2s. 6d. to 4s.; Belgian Hambro grapes, 2s. 6d. to 4s.; Almeria grapes, 3s. to 4s. per lb.; Australian grapes, 14s. to 18s. per case; South African grapes, 8s. to 18s. per box; English hothouse peaches, 5s. to 22s.; Belgian peaches, 6s. to 21s.; green figs, 5s. to 18s. per dozen; Guernsey melons, 3s. 6d. to 6s.; French Cantaloupe melons, 3s. to 10s. each; St. Michael's pineapples, 2s. 3d. to 3s. 6d. each; Devon gooseberries, 3s. to 5s.; Kent gooseberries, 3s. to 4s. per lug; Canary bananas, 12s. 6d. to 24s. per crate; French cherries, 1s. 6d. to 3s. 3d. per box, 6s. 6d. to 8s. per crate; Spanish apricots, 6s. 6d. to 9s. per crate; South African pears, 3s. 6d. to 9s. per box; New Zealand pears, 6d. to 7s. 6d.; Tasmanian pears, 4s. to 7s. per tray; Australian pears, 12s. 6d. to 16s. per case; South African oranges, 15s. to 20s.; Californian oranges, 28s. to 32s. 6d. per box; Brazilian oranges, 16s. to 20s.; Spanish oranges, 14s. to 30s. per case; Messina lemons, 9s. to 14s. per box; Naples lemons, 16s. to 25s. per case; South African grape fruit, 30s. to 32s. 6d.; Porto Rican grape fruit, 16s. to 37s. 6d. per case; English tomatoes, 2s. 6d. to 5s.; rhubarb, 2s. 6d. to 5s. per doz. bundles; Evesham asparagus, 1s. to 1s. 6d. per round bundle and 1s. 9d. to 5s. per flat bundle; cabbage, 1s. to 1s. 6d.; cauliflowers, 3s. to 5s. per doz.; lettuce, 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d. per box; spinach, 1s. 6d. to 2s. per bushel; green onions, 2s. to 3s. per doz. bunches.

COTTON

LIVERPOOL, May 31.—The demand for spot cotton was quieter. Only a small trade was done in American growths, but quotations were 1 point lower. Middling, 8.59d. per lb. Brazilian continued in fair request at an advance of 1 point. Peruvian fair, 7.94d. Peruvian were quieter, but smooth and Tanguis were quoted 1 point higher. Good fair smooth 8.94d., and Good fair Tanguis 8.90d. Egyptian had a slow sale at a decline of 10 points. F.G.F. Sakellaridis 12.56d., and F.F.F. Upper 10.01d. A fair business transpired in African, and quotations were raised 1 point. Middling West, 8.54d., and Good fair East 9.19d. East Indian met with a moderate enquiry at unchanged prices. Fine M.G. Broach is 6.50d., and Fine Oomra 6.55d. per lb.

American futures opened 2 to 3 points lower per cent. to Continental liquidation and hedge selling of outside growths, and after a slight rally due to trade calling values eased again under local selling, and the market closed quiet 2 to 4 points down on the day. The tenders were 3,000 bales on each delivery.

In the Egyptian futures market the Sakellaridis contract closed quiet, 1 to 2 points easier. Tenders of spot and July-Aug. Closing values:—Sakellaridis, June, 12.39; July, 12.49; Sept., 12.40; Oct., 12.23; Nov., 12.23; Dec., 12.23; Jan., 12.31; Feb., 12.42; March, 12.40; April, 12.44; May, 12.50; June 12.50. Upper and Pilion.—June, 9.68; July, 9.67; Aug., 9.62; Sept., 9.42; Oct. 9.28; Nov., 9.29; Dec., 9.37 Jan., 9.40; Feb., 9.45; March, 9.50; April, 9.58; May, 9.62; June, 9.66.

The Empire and miscellaneous contract closed quiet at a decline on the day of 4 points. Tender one new docket. Closing values:—June, 7.91; July, 7.89; Aug., 7.86; Sept., 7.85; Oct., 7.71; Nov., 7.71; Dec., 7.73; Jan., 7.73; Feb., 7.72; March, 7.75; April, 7.75; May, 7.75; June, 7.75.

Description	Sales To-day	Sales So far this week	Exports To-day	Exports So far this week	Imports To-day	Imports So far this week *
American	970	970	—	—	—	—
Brazilian, &c.	700	700	250	250	—	—
Peruvian, &c.	200	200	—	—	2,061	2,061
African, &c.	600	600	250	250	—	—
Egyptian, &c.	200	200	—	—	2,754	2,754
E. Indian	330	330	—	—	600	600
Totals—						
This week	3,000	3,000	500	500	5,415	5,415
Last week	2,000	2,000	500	500	144	144

Amer. Futures To-day Prev. day

Delivery—	Highest	Lowest	Closing	Highest	Lowest	Closing
June	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.11	8.10	8.11
July	8.05	8.04	8.04	8.10	8.05	8.07
August	—	—	7.96	—	—	7.99
September	—	—	7.91	—	—	7.94
October	7.87	7.85	7.86	7.93	7.88	7.90
November	—	—	7.85	—	—	7.89
December	7.87	7.85	7.86	—	—	7.90
January	7.89	7.86	7.87	7.92	7.90	7.91
February	—	—	7.89	—	—	7.93
March	7.95	7.91	7.91	7.98	7.95	7.96
April	—	—	7.93	—	—	7.97
May *	7.98	7.93	7.95	8.00	7.98	7.99

Stocks, &c., for the week ended May 30 are given below:—

	Import	Forw'ded	Sales	Export	Stock
	Bales	Bales	Bales	Bales	Bales
American	12,676	10,905	6,600	700	312,830
Brazilian	4,056	4,515	5,010	101	138,940
Peruvian	400	1,784	2,720	128	57,280
Egyptian	8,225	6,860	850	55	96,080
Soudan	7,562	1,732	650	2,230	95,350
W. Indian	321	229	110	—	3,970
E. African	3,818	1,048	4,700	109	52,560
S. African	—	—	60	—	—
W. African	3,057	487	190	80	35,910
Australian	50	50	—	—	—
E. Indian	7,174	6,972	870	96	50,930
Total ..	47,294	45,815	21,810	3,535	757,480
So far this yr.	2,525,643	2,558,215	1,315,550	190,049	—
Last year	2,850,600	2,818,000	1,506,510	116,600	928,540

The cotton market at Alexandria was closed to-day and will be closed on Saturdays until further notice.

ARTIFICIAL SILK

MANCHESTER, May 31.—There is far from sufficient business available in artificial silk fabrics to enable the looms to be restarted. Though there is certainly a better demand for home consumption and also for one or two markets abroad, the turnover is well below normal. This, of course, is accounted for to a considerable extent by the Indian attempt to stop the importation of dutiable goods. Another factor is the responsibility of doing more than a fragmentary business with China owing to the recent low rate of exchange. The German goods position continues more prominent than the others, and orders are being made by purchasers of rather unexpected value and class. There is also a fair business being arranged in mixture cloths containing a high percentage of artificial silk yarns. The only Indian market that is buying at all is Calcutta, for which outlet there have been small transactions in shirtings, prints, and low brocades. Rayon is showing a rather better tendency, and there has been some recovery in demand for Canada. New Zealand is also making occasional purchases.

COTTON YARNS.—While there have been fair sales for South American, that outlet, speaking generally, is not providing more than a small business. The turnover both of viscose and acetate yarns has been less than predicted. In regard to the latter, the trade is expecting some concession in prices in the early future.

COLONIAL AND FOREIGN PRODUCE

LONDON, May 31.—Sugar.—British refined was in fair demand at unchanged prices. Tate's A T cubes, 23s. 9d.; No. 1, 23s.; H T S, 24s. 9d.; crushed No. 1, 23s. 9d.; ditto H T S, 25s. 9d.; nibs, 23s. 9d.; coffee crystals, 23s. 9d.; mineral water (Cavé, Imps), 21s. 9d.; Tate's fine and coarse granulated, 21s. 9d.; Lyle's No. 1, 21s. 6d.; Tate's London and Lyle's No. 2 granulated, 21s. 3d.; T L granulated, 21s.; wing (wt. cases), 23s. 3d.; lenac (wt. bags), 23s. 9d.; Boost castor, 26s. 3d.; castor, A, 21s. 9d.; ditto, B, 21s. 9d.; pulverized, 23s.; Lyle's yellow crystals, 23s. 3d.; No. 3 crystals, 22s. 3d.; Tate's London and Lyle's No. 2 granulated, moists forward, 21s. 3d.; T L granulated, 21s. For export:—Tate's No. 1 refine (in cartons), 23s. 1½d.; No. 3, 22s. 7½d. Home-grown granulated, prompt, ex Fly, Ipswich and Cantley, quoted 23s. 9d. net, less 1½ on London; Anglo-Scottish, prompt, quoted 23s. 6d. to 23s. 9d., ex factories; T L ex refinery, 23s. 1½d.; West Indian, crystallized, spot, quoted 23s. 6d. to 23s. 9d.; white Java, July-Sept., quoted 8s. 10½d.; Oct.-Dec., 9s., c. and f., India. Czech granulated, prompt, quoted 9s. 1½d.; Nov.-Dec., 8s. 3d., f.o.b., Hamburg. Dutch granulated, prompt, quoted 8s. 6d., f.o.b., Rotterdam. Polish crystals, prompt, quoted 7s. 4½d., f.o.b., Danzig. Raws were quiet; preferential, 9s. per cent., May-June, quoted 10s. 6d., value; San Domingo and/or Cuban, 9s. per cent., July, quoted 6s. 11½d. to 7s. 0d., sellers, c.i.f.

White sugar futures were inactive. Calls:—

10.30 a.m.

Month	Sellers	Buyers	Month	Sellers	Buyers
	s. d.	s. d.		s. d.	s. d.
May ..	6 6	7 0	New Contract basis, 96 per cent., c.i.f.		
Aug. ..	6 2¼	6 1½	Jan. ..	7 2¼	7 2¼
Oct. ..	6 5¼	6 3	March ..	7 2¼	7 2½
Dec. ..	6 7½	7 0½	May ..	7 10½	7 9¼

Visible supplies of sugar are given by Messrs. C. Czarnikow, Limited, as follows:—

	Date	1930	1929
United Kingdom	May 1	232,000	249,000
France	Do.	360,000	393,000
Germany	Do.	1,102,000	985,000
Czechoslovakia ..	Do.	431,000	399,000
Holland	April 1	220,000	229,000
Belgium	May 1	146,000	180,000
Poland	Do.	347,000	281,000
	Europe	2,968,000	2,804,000
U. States—Atlantic ports ..	May 3	838,000	846,000
Cuba—All Ports ..	Do.	1,755,000	1,539,000
Cuba—Interior ..	Do.	1,945,000	1,425,000
Total tons		7,506,000	6,504,000
Previous total ..		8,532,000	5,823,000

Cocoa.—Accra cocoa easier; fair fermented, May-July, quoted 35s. 6d. per cwt.; mid crop, 31s. 6d.; new crop, Oct.-Dec., 28s. 6d., sellers, f.o.b. Future were easier, and no business was reported. Call (Accra cocoa):—

11 a.m.

Month	Sellers	Buyers	Month	Sellers	Buyers
	s. d.	s. d.		s. d.	s. d.
June	38 0	38 6	Sept. ..	36 0	37 3
July	37 0	36 0	Dec. ..	36 0	37 6
Aug.	37 6	36 0			

Rice was quiet. Burma No. 2, cleaned, spot, quoted 12s. 6d. per cwt.; June, in singles to Continent and U.K., 12s. 3d.; No. 3, doubles to Levant, June, 12s. 9d.; S.Q., July, doubles, Cuba (main ports), 12s. 4½d., sellers, c.i.f. Brokens, Burma No. 1, June-July, quoted 11s. 7½d.; 2s. 11s., sellers, c.i.f. Siam Garden No. 1, June-July, doubles, quoted 15s. 9d., sellers, c.i.f., U.K.-Continent. Saigon No. 1, June-July, singles, quoted 12s. 4½d., sellers, c.i.f., U.K.-Continent.

Rangoon Beans.—Hand-picked white, spot, quoted 10s. 6d., per cwt.; June-July, 11s., c.i.f., U.K.

Sago Flour was quiet. June-July quoted 10s. 7½d. per cwt., sellers, c.i.f., U.K.

Tapioca was quiet. Rice Java flake, spot, quoted 27s.; June, 25s. 9d., sellers, c.i.f. Fair flake, Singapore, May-June, quoted 12s. 3d., value, c.i.f., Havre. Seed pearl, May-June, quoted 12s. 6d., value, c.i.f. Java seed, spot, quoted 25s.; June, 24s., value, c.i.f.

Spices.—Pepper was barely steady. Black Singapore, spot, quoted 11d. per lb.; Lampong, 11d.; white Muntok 1s. 1½d., sellers. To arrive, black Singapore, f.a.q., May-July, quoted 10d., value; Lampong, May-July, quoted 10d.; Aug.-Oct., sold at 9d.; white Muntok, May-July, quoted 1s. 0½d., sellers; Aug.-Oct. sold from 1s. to 1s. 1½d. No delivery sellers. Cloves quiet; Zanzibar, spot, quoted 11½d.; May-July, 11½d., sellers, c.i.f.

Rubber.—Plantation grades were quiet and barely steady. Smoked sheet, spot, sold at 6½d. per lb. and sellers; June from 6½d. to 6¾d., and buyers; July at 6¾d. and sellers; July-Sept. quoted 6¾d., sellers; Oct.-Dec., sold at 7¼d. and sellers; crepe, spot, quoted 7¼d., sellers; crepe, spot, quoted 7¾d., sellers. Pale grades unchanged; hard fine, spot, quoted 7¾d., sellers.

Gambier was quiet. Good marks, June-July, quoted 24s. 6d. per cwt., sellers, c.i.f.

Shellac.—The spot market was quiet; T N orange, basis fair, quoted 122s. 6d. per cwt.; A C, 145s., sellers. Futures were steadier; Aug. delivery quoted 114s., buyers; Oct. delivery, 118s., buyers. Shipment market steady; T N, bags, May-June, quoted 110s., sellers, c.i.f. Calcutta cable, dated May 31, gives:—Spot quoted Rs.55, buyers; June sold at Rs.52, and buyers; July, Rs.52, buyers.

Hemp.—Manilla grades were quiet. Grade J, May-July, quoted £24 per ton, sellers; Grade K, £23, sellers; Grade L, No. 1, £22 15s., value; No. 2, £21 5s., sellers; Grade M, No. 1, £22, sellers; No. 2, £21 5s., value, c.i.f. African sisal steady; Tanganyika and Kenya, No. 1, good marks, May-July, quoted £28 10s., value; f.a.q., £28, value, c.i.f. Mexican sisal unaltered.

Jute.—The market was closed, and will remain closed on all Saturdays during June.

Copra was steady. Singapore, f.m.s., June, quoted £20 15s. per ton, sellers, c.i.f., Rotterdam. Ceylon, f.m.s., May-June, quoted £21 12s. 6d., value, c.i.f., usual ports. Dutch East Indies, f.m.s., May-June, quoted £20 15s., sellers, c.i.f., one port. Mixed (to Padang), May-June, quoted £19 15s., South Sea, kiln dried, £19 12s. 6d., sellers, c.i.f., Marseilles.

LIVERPOOL, May 31.—Sugar Exchange.—The market opened with values 1½d. lower to ½d. higher than the previous closing rates. The tone remained quietly steady, with May value 7s. 2½d. and August 7s. 3½d. at noon. The close was 4d. to 5d. up, to 1d. decline on the day. The following business was transacted on the Liverpool Variation Contract:—Cane, 96 degrees, c.i.f. Liverpool, November shipment at 5d. rebate: beet, 88 per cent., f.o.b. Hamburg, Stettin or Danzig, July delivery, 1s. 9d., and November delivery 1s. 2½d. rebate.

	Opening	Closing
May	7/3d.-7/2b.	—
June	7/3d.-7/2b.	7/3d.-7/2b.
July	7/3½s.-7/2½b.	7/3½s.-7/2½b.
August	7/4s.-7/3½b.	7/4s.-7/3b.
October	7/6½s.-7/5½b.	7/6½s.-7/5½b.
December	7/9½s.-7/8½b.	7/9½s.-7/8½b.
January	7/10½s.-7/10b.	7/11s.-7/10b.
March	8/2s.-8/1b.	8/1½d. paid
May (1931)	8/4½s.-8/3½b.	8/4d. paid

SEEDS AND OILS

LONDON (The Baltic Exchange), May 31.—Linseed was steady, but quiet; Calcutta to London, May-June, £18 17s. 6d., sellers; bold, Bombay to London, May-June and July-Aug., £19 10s., sellers; La Plata, May-June and June-July, to Hull, £17 12s. 6d., sellers. Rapeseed was quiet; Toris, May-June and June-July, to Hull/Continent, £15 7s. 6d., sellers; Jamba, June-July, to Hull, £16 3d. Cottonseed was generally quiet; Bombay, June-July, to Hull, nominal, £6 10s.; Egyptian, black, June, to Hull, £6 18s. 9d.; July, £7 and Aug., £7 2s. 6d.; Sakellaridis, June, £6 10s.; July, £6 11s. 3d.; and Aug., £6 18s. 9d., sellers. Groundnuts was steady; Coromandel, machined, to Rotterdam/Hamburg, June-July, £15 6s. 3d.; and July-Aug., £15 7s. 6d., sellers. Castorseed was quiet; Bombay, June-July, to Hull/Antwerp, £15, sellers. Palm Kernels were dull; to Hull, June-July, quoted £14 6s. 3d.; July-Aug. and Aug.-Sept., £14 8s. 9d. Linseed Oil was firm, with a fair demand; spot, La Plata, nominal, at £43; June, £41; July-Aug., £39 17s. 6d., paid and sellers; Sept.-Dec., £38. Rape Oil was dull; crude extracted, £37; technical refined, £38 10s., naked, ex wharf. Cotton Oil was quiet; Egyptian, crude, £29; refined common edible, £34; and deodorized, £36, naked, ex mill.

HULL, May 31.—Linseed Oil was firm; spot quoted £42 15s.; June, £42; July-Aug., £40 15s.; Sept.-Dec., £39 2s. 6d. Cotton Oil quiet; Egyptian, crude, spot, £28 10s.; edible refined, spot, £31 10s.; technical, spot, £31 5s.; deodorized, spot, £33 10s. Palm Kernel Oil.—Crude, naked, 5½ per cent., spot, £20 15s. Groundnut Oil.—Crushed/extracted, spot, £31 10s.; deodorized, spot, £35 10s. Soya Oil.—Extracted, spot, and crushed spot £29; deodorized spot £32 10s. Rape Oil.—Crushed/extracted spot £36 10s.; refined spot £38 10s. per ton ex mill. Cod Oil and Castor Oil remained quiet and unchanged. Turpentine was quiet; spot quoted 41s. 6d. per cwt.

METALS AND MINERALS

GLASGOW, May 31.—Coal.—Though business is not very brisk the market generally is steadier this week. As a result of the collieries enforcing short-time working over a fairly lengthy period supplies have now been brought into line with the general run of demand, and collieries are thus not under the same necessity to cut prices to keep stocks moving as they had been for a good many weeks past. In the case of nuts, in fact, the market is rather short of supplies at the moment, and shippers are having some difficulty in making up cargoes of these sorts. London has been a buyer again of nuts lately. Round coal is still the dull feature of the market, although Fifeshire steam coal appears to be comfortably placed and maintaining a steady price. There is a fair volume of inquiry circulating for forward business, but the price question is proving a drawback in the negotiations. The collieries are not prepared to cut their prices, and shippers are accordingly not disposed to take risks.

Current prices for the shipping trade are round the following:—

Ayrshires.—Ell, best, 13s. 6d.; rejlist, best, 13s. 6d.; splint, second, 14s. 3d.; navigation, 13s.; navigation seconds, 14s. 6d.; Hartley, 15s.—all per ton f.o.b. Glasgow. Steam, 12s. 6d.; trebles, 12s. to 12s. 6d.; doubles, 11s. 6d.; singles, 10s. 9d.; pearls, 10s. 6d.; drese, 9s. 6d.—all per ton f.o.b. Grangemouth.

Fifeshires.—Dysart navigation, 13s. 6d. to 13s. 6d.; first steams, 13s. 6d.; third steams, 13s. 3d.; trebles, 13s. to 14s.; doubles, 11s. 9d. to 12s.; singles, 11s.; pearls, 10s. 9d.—all per ton f.o.b. Burntisland or Methil.

Lothians.—Prime steam, 12s.; second steam, 11s. 6d.; trebles, 12s.; doubles, 11s. 6d.; singles, 10s. 9d.; pearls, 10s. 6d.—all per ton f.o.b. Leith.

Ayrshire.—Unscreened navigation, 10s.; jewel, 10s.; steam, 12s. 3d.; trebles, 12s. 6d.; doubles, 11s. 6d.; singles, 10s. 9d.; pearls, 11s.; dross, 10s. 6d.—all per ton f.o.b. Ayr or Troon.

Iron and Steel.—Great satisfaction is felt on Clydeside that the new Cunard liner is to be built at John Brown and Company's yard at Clydebank. The order comes at a time when work is very scarce both in the shipyards and the iron and steel trades, which are, of course, considerably dependent upon the shipbuilding industry. It is not known yet when work will be commenced on the new ship, as there are still several important factors to be settled on the complete design—even its tonnage has not been made known publicly so far—but there is little likelihood of any delays so far as Brown's are concerned, and when ultimately a start is made the steel trade should benefit considerably. Altogether there is a more hopeful feeling in steel trade circles, although for the time being it cannot be said that production has broadened to any appreciable extent. There are, however, some inquiries on the market which hold out the prospect of more regular employment in various directions. The tube trade is now doing better, and this is proving helpful to steel workers. One of the tube works is said to have sufficient work on hand to ensure steady employment over the next two years. The better classes of tubes are not so well placed as heavier tonnages, but even in these there has been some improvement lately.

In the sheet trade makers of this black sheets are much better employed than those engaged on the heavier gauges, the scarcity of orders for which is causing producers serious concern. The galvanized sheet trade is quiet owing largely to the disturbance in India, which is normally an important outlet for this branch of the trade. Wrought iron and re-rolled steel are still exceedingly keen competition, and are not showing any improvement. Pig iron is also in slow demand, with the indications of some more furnaces being put out of operation before very long.

There have been no changes in prices during the week, except in the case of heavy steel scrap, which has been reduced further by fully half-a-crown.

Current quotations are:—

	Home	Export
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Scotch "crown" bars ..	10 5 0	9 15 0
Sections (angle bars) ..	8 7 6	7 7 6
Small ship plates ..	8 7 6	7 7 6
Boiler plates	10 10 0	10 10 0
Steel bars (re-rolled) ..	7 12 6	7 12 6
Black steel sheets (light) ..	9 0 0	8 15 0
Gal. corr. sheets, 24s. ..	12 15 0	12 5 0
Pig iron, No. 3	3 18 6	—
Hematite	4 1 0	—
Heavy steel scrap ..	3 0 0	—
Cast iron machinery scrap ..	3 7 6	—

* Subject to rebate of 10s. per ton.

NEWCASTLE, May 31.—Coal.—The depression in the local export trade was unrelieved throughout the week. Demand for both prompt and forward shipment was very poor and an adequate outlet for production could not be found, with the result that great irregularity of work at the pits was inevitable. The ample supplies of all but small coal were freely available at recent lowest prices and occasionally at further reductions. Small coal, the output of which was reduced beyond the required amount by the difficulty in clearing large coal, continued steady. Manufacturing fuel was easier at a decline of 1s. Gas coke was scarce and firm, but other cokes were plentiful at recent low prices.

Contract inquiries during the week included 25,000 tons of Durham gas coal for July to October shipment to the Bordeaux gas works, and 5,000 tons of Wear special qualities for June to August shipment to the Petersburg gas works. Only an order for 4,000 tons of best steam coal was secured from the Finnish State Railways locally, the price being 17s. 6d. c.i.f. Abo for June-August. Scottish shippers secured orders for 15,000 tons and Polish shippers for 11,000 tons.

Prices were approximately:—

	May 31	May 24
Best Hetton large	13/6	13/6
Best Blyth small	10/6 to 11/-	10/6 to 11/-
Tyne prime small	11/- to 11/6	11/- to 11/6
Tyne prime large	12/9 to 13/6	12/9 to 13/6
Bunkers	13/- to 15/-	13/6 to 15/-
Gas coal (best)	15/9 to 16/-	15/9 to 16/3
Coking coal	13/- to 15/6	13/6 to 14/-
Manufacturing fuel	14/- to 16/-	15/- to 17/-
Gas coke	21/6	21/9
Furnace coke	17/3 to 18/-	17/3 to 18/-

CATTLE

CARLISLE, May 31.—Supplies were larger, amounting to 1,000 head, but business continued quiet. Quotations:—Two-year-old heifers, £14 to £16; heifers for short keep, £17 to £20; fed heifers, £17 to £19; and polled bullocks, £16 to £18 a head.

NORWICH, May 31.—There was a steady demand for beef at unchanged prices. Prime sorts made up to 12s., while other qualities ranged from 10s. to 11s. per stone. There was a short supply of store cattle, with little inquiry for small animals, and £10 to £18 a head was made. Quotations for calves remained the same as last week. Mutton was scarce and dearer at 1s. 2d. per lb. Out-of-wool lambs were in good supply and were in fair request at 1s. 4d. to 1s. 5d. per lb. A fair supply of pigs was penned, and quotations were easier. Londoners and cutters ranged from 12s. to 12s. 6d., while bacoseers were offered in small numbers from 11s. to 11s. 6d. per stone. Fat sows changed hands from £5 12s. to £13; stores sold from 30s. to 85s. At market:—Cattle, 1,227, sheep, 900; and pigs, 720.

MEAT AND FISH

LONDON, May 31.—Smithfield Meat (official weekly report).—Supplies for the week ended May 31 amounted to 9,000 tons, as against 8,676 tons in the corresponding week last year. Imported beef, principally Argentine, formed 84 per cent. of the beef supplies, as against 84 per cent. a year ago. Imported mutton, mainly New Zealand, formed 67 per cent. of the total supply of mutton and lamb, as against 65.4 per cent. the same week last year. Imported pork and bacon formed 32 per cent. of the total supply of pork and bacon, as against 48.9 per cent. a year ago. The bulk of the poultry and game supply was imported, 57.5 per cent., as against 58.7 per cent. a year ago. Imported rabbits formed 87.5 per cent., as against 90 per cent. same week last year. Imported eggs formed 29.2 per cent., as against 15.3 per cent. a year ago; and imported butter, chiefly Australian, formed 65.7 per cent., as against 60.6 per cent. same week last year. The quantity of fresh chilled beef, veal, mutton, lamb, and pork marketed during the week aggregated 1,683 tons, as against 6,991 tons of chilled and frozen meats.

Billingsgate Fish.—Arrivals (stalled 498 lots, and only very light supplies were held over at the close). Quotations:—Salmon, English, 2s. 6d. to 3s.; Scotch, 2s. 10d. to 3s. 3d.; Irish, 2s. 6d. to 3s.; grilse, 2s. 6d. to 2s. 8d.; salmon trout, 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d.; soles, 1s. 3d. to 1s. 7d.; skips, 1s. 2d. to 1s. 6d.; mullet, 2s. to 3s.; whitebait, 1s. to 1s. 3d.; lobsters, 1s. 3d. to 2s. 3d.; crabs, 2d. to 6d.; cod and prawns, 1s. to 3s. per lb. Turbot, 6s. to 9s. 6d.; brill, 5s. to 6d.; lemon soles, 8s. to 14s.; halibut, 9s. to 12s.; whitings, 6s. to 10s.; magrims, 2s. to 4s.; dory, 1s. to 2s. 6d.; live cod, 3s. to 3s. 6d.; plaice, 6s. to 12s.; haddocks, 2s. 6d. to 7s.; mackerel, 2s. 6d. to 3s.; whiting, 2s. to 5s.; gurnet, 2s. to 3s. 6d.; skate, 2s. 6d. to 5s.; roker, 5s. to 7s.; conger eels, 2s. to 4s. 6d. English and Scotch herrings, 2s. to 3s.; dry haddocks, 7s. 6d. to 12s. 11d. per stone. Live eels, 8s. to 30s. per draught. Blasters, 2s. to 4s.; kippers, 3s. to 6s. per box. Shrimps, English, brown, 1s. 6d.; and pink, 1s. to 1s. 6d. per gallon.

ARGENTINE GRAIN OPTIONS

BUENOS AIRES, May 31.—Wheat closed steady at 4c. to 3c. advance. Maize quiet at 3c. to 2c. decline. Oats steady and unaltered. Linseed firm at 19c. to 15c. higher.

Closing Prices	To-day	Prev. close
Buenos Aires:—		
Wheat, July delivery	10.12	10.08
,, August delivery	10.21	10.18
Maize, June delivery	5.95	5.98
,, July delivery	5.90	5.92
Oats, July delivery	4.80	4.80
Linseed, June delivery

COMPANY MEETINGS

PEARSON AND KNOWLES AND PARTINGTON COMPANIES

MEETINGS OF DEBENTURE-HOLDERS AND SHAREHOLDERS

AMALGAMATION PROPOSALS APPROVED

THE NEW COAL AND STEEL CORPORATIONS

PROVISION OF £2,000,000 OF FRESH CAPITAL

BANKERS' SUPPORT OF THE RATIONALIZATION SCHEME

QUESTION OF CONTROL AND THE OUTLOOK

SPEECHES BY SIR EDWIN CORNWALL AND SIR PETER RYLANDS

A Series of Meetings of the holders of Debentures and shares in the Pearson and Knowles Coal and Iron Company, Limited, the Moss Hall Coal Company, Limited, the Wigan Junction Colliery Company, Limited, and the Partington Steel and Iron Company, Limited, was held on Friday last at Winchester House, Old Broad-street, London, E.C.

The meeting of the Five per Cent. Income Debenture stockholders in the Pearson and Knowles Company was held first.

The Right Hon. Sir Edwin Cornwall, Bt., P.C., D.L., J.P., presided.

The Secretary (Mr. George R. Dobson) having read the notice convening the meeting,

The Chairman said:—Ladies and gentlemen,—The requisite quorum of stockholders as fixed by the trust deeds being present or represented by proxy for the purpose of passing extraordinary resolutions I declare the meeting competent to proceed.

I have been nominated by the trustees of the Income Debenture stockholders and appointed by order of the Court of the Railway and Canal Commission to preside at this meeting, which has been convened for the purpose of considering first an amalgamation scheme which has been lodged for the confirmation of that Court, and, secondly, the amalgamation agreement of March 27, 1930, upon which the terms of the scheme as presented to the Commission are formulated. A meeting of the shareholders of the company is also to be held to-day for the purpose of considering the scheme and agreement so far as they affect them. The holders of the Prior Lien Debenture stock and the Serial Income Notes, whose position under the proposed amalgamation I refer to later, have already consented to the proposals now being put forward for your consideration.

Details of the Scheme

The circular, if read in conjunction with the application and scheme and the summary of the amalgamation agreement sent to you, clarifies the whole situation. From a perusal of these documents you will have gathered that the directors of the company recommend a scheme for the amalgamation of the company, and its subsidiaries, Partington Steel and Iron Company, Limited, the Moss Hall Coal Company, Limited, and the Wigan Junction Colliery Company, Limited, with the Wigan Coal and Iron Company, Limited, a company whose name and extensive operations in the coal, iron and steel industries have been well known in Lancashire and elsewhere for many years.

The amalgamation contemplates the formation of two new companies to be called "The Wigan Coal Corporation, Limited," which corporation will take over what might be termed the "coal assets" of the amalgamating companies, and "The Lancashire Steel Corporation, Limited," which will take over the "iron and steel assets" and coke ovens and by-product plants. The issued share capital of Rylands Bros., Limited (the entirety of which is, as you know, held by Pearson and Knowles), will also be transferred to the new Steel Corporation.

The method by which the valuation of the assets of the amalgamating companies has been arrived at, the number of shares to be allotted in respect of the sale of such assets to the two new corporations, the liabilities to be retained by the company and those to be undertaken by the two new corporations, and the capitalization of the two new corporations, are fully set out in the amalgamation agreement. If any Debenture-holder present requires any more precise information we shall be happy to furnish it. I should, however, say that Sir William McLintock (in conjunction with Mr. Howard J. Walker and Messrs. H. A. Brassert and Co., Limited) has given most careful consideration to the compilation of the figures comprised in such valuations.

Position of Loan and Debenture Stockholders

I now come to the point which is of more importance to you, as to what will be the position of the Loan and Debenture stockholders of the company after the amalgamation. The existing companies, as you know already from the documents, will become holding companies, and, collectively, the largest shareholders in the two new corporations, which will become operating companies.

The Prior Lien Debenture stock of the company, amounting to £50,000 (which is held in equal shares by the bankers of the company and Armstrong Whitworth Securities Company, Limited), which ranks first in point of charge upon the properties and assets of the company, will be cancelled in exchange for 52,632 of the Seven per Cent. Second Preference shares to be allotted to Pearson and Knowles by the new Steel Corporation. The £490,000 Serial Income Notes held by the bankers will also be cancelled upon the terms that £490,000 additional Income Debenture stock will be created and that such additional stock and the £300,000 of the stock held by the trustees for the Serial Income Notes shall be handed to the bank as security for the debt of £490,000 now owing by the company. In order to effect this arrangement the total amount of the Income Debenture stock will be increased to £1,760,000. The charge on the floating assets of the company in favour of the Serial Income Noteholders, which ranks in priority to the charge comprised in your security, will thereupon be discharged. The debt owing to the bank will only be repayable on the same terms as now exist in respect of the Serial Income Notes, which is by instalments spread over a period of years and subject to the net income sufficing for that purpose. This will enable the Debenture stock—subject to your consenting to the release of the properties now comprised in the security—to have a first floating charge in the terms of the resolutions over the whole of the assets of the company, including all the shares to be received from the two new corporations other than those to be allotted to the Prior Lien Debenture holders as previously mentioned. From the Income Debenture stockholders' point of view this clears away two possible menaces to the security they now hold.

Fresh capital of about £2,000,000 is to be provided for the two new corporations, which will enable important new construction, improvements, and additions to be carried out, and, as stated in the circular from the directors of the company, every precaution will be taken to ensure that the new work will be economically and effectively carried out under the supervision of competent engineers.

Reasons for Procedure Adopted

It may be asked why it has been necessary to proceed before the Railway and Canal Commission under the Mining Industry Act, 1926. The short answer is: In order to facilitate the carrying out of the amalgamation and to save expense.

The Mining Industry Act, 1926, gives special facilities to companies engaged wholly or partially in the coal industry to amalgamate their undertakings with a view to the more economical and efficient working, treating, or disposing of coal. Four of the five companies which are included in the amalgamation scheme either wholly or very largely engaged in working, treating, and disposing of coal. Two of them are also engaged in the iron and steel industry. The fifth company is the Partington Company, which does not own or work coal-mine or carry on a coal undertaking. The scheme of amalgamation has therefore been presented to the Railway and Canal Commission under the Mining Industry Act by the four companies engaged in the coal industry. So soon as the new Steel Corporation is formed the Partington Company will transfer its property, undertaking, and assets to that corporation so as to complete the amalgamation of the steel interests.

There will be a great saving of time and expense in the formation of the two new corporations, and the transfer of the properties by means of the Order of the Court of the Railway and Canal Commission, and, as the amalgamation is undoubtedly of important national interest and for the welfare of those engaged either as owners or as workers in the coal industry, I believe that we may consider it will in all its essential details receive the approval of that Court in due course. Provision has been made in the amalgamation agreement so that, if by any chance the scheme is not so sanctioned, the amalgamation will be carried out if the resolutions before this meeting are passed and the meetings of the other companies concerned duly approve of the amalgamation proposals.

"Rationalization"—Attitude of the Bankers

It will be appreciated that the amalgamation and scheme are designed to give complete "rationalization" to the undertakings which are being brought together and by such means to attract the fresh capital which is to be provided and to give it fair and adequate security. Without bringing into existence the two completely new corporations and without the assistance of the bankers concerned, this would not, I am advised, have been practicable owing to the varied existing financial holdings in the amalgamating groups.

It has been suggested in some quarters that the assistance given by the bankers has been actuated with the desire to obtain the control and direction of the industrial or commercial side of the new undertakings. That suggestion is not well founded, and I do not believe there is any intention on the part of the bankers of this country to depart from the British principles of banking or to engage in industrial or commercial enterprises on Continental lines. What has been stipulated by those finding the fresh capital and is desired by all concerned is that complete rationalization, as understood in this country, should be given a fair chance and that the errors and weaknesses of the past in the industries should be avoided. The administration and management of the rationalized undertakings will be left to those experienced men of business who may be selected to take charge of them.

A More Promising Outlook

The board of this company are of opinion that the proposed amalgamation creates a more promising outlook for the company than at present exists, and they are impressed with the benefits which should be derived from the unification of interests and from the improved operating conditions which should be obtained through the instrumentality of the new coal and steel corporations. They believe that the new Steel Corporation, located as it will be on the Manchester Ship Canal, will be favourably situated as regards markets and that under the plans contemplated, which include concentration of iron and steel production at Irlam, as far as possible its operations should be carried on under much more favourable conditions than exist at present. The directors consequently recommend the adoption by all parties concerned of the amalgamation.

So soon as the amalgamation proposals are approved by all the amalgamating companies the application to the Court of the Railway and Canal Commission for approval of the scheme will be heard and immediately after the Court's decision is known the new corporations will be formed and the amalgamation will be given effect to. The proposals for amalgamation have been received with approval in many directions and I trust that this meeting will be unanimous in the decision which it comes to to-day.

I have not gone into more detail because, as already mentioned, the matters involved and the steps to be taken are clearly set out in the papers sent to you. Before asking you, however, to vote on the proposals outlined in the resolutions, I or the advisers of the company present will be pleased to reply to any questions which you may wish to ask or to supply any further information required.

Overwhelming Support

It is now my duty to move:—"That the resolutions set out in the notice convening this meeting of the holders of the Five per Cent. Income Debenture stock of Pearson and Knowles Coal and Iron Company, Limited, dated May 21, 1930, be and the same are hereby approved and agreed to," and I will ask Mr. Frater Taylor to second the motion.

Mr. J. Frater Taylor seconded the resolution and, after some questions by stockholders had been answered by Sir Ernest Roney, solicitor to the company, a card vote was taken for submission to the Court.

The Chairman said that the result of the voting was that the resolution was carried by an overwhelming majority. Out of a total of £1,270,000, the votes in favour of the resolution represented upwards of £863,104.

MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

An Extraordinary General Meeting of the company followed.

Sir W. Peter Rylands, J.P., presided.

The Secretary having read the notice,

The Chairman said:—Gentlemen,—I have been appointed by Order of the Court of the Railway and Canal Commission to preside at this meeting, which has been convened for the purpose of considering, first, an amalgamation scheme which has been lodged for the confirmation of that Court, and, secondly, the amalgamation agreement of March 27, 1930, upon which the terms of the scheme as presented to the Commission are formulated.

The Pearson and Knowles group of companies comprises collieries with a capacity of 1,250,000 tons of coal per annum, steel works at Partington with a large potential output of finished steel, also finishing mills with engineering works at Warrington, together with Rylands Brothers, Limited, important producers of wire and wire manufactures.

Well Situated Works

The steel works at Partington are well situated and the general layout and present equipment are satisfactory and afford a starting point for new developments, but much new capital is required if the Partington works are to enjoy to the full the advantage of their position, both in regard to supplies of the necessary raw materials, and more particularly in regard to the large market for steel which lies close at hand.

In our collieries we possess valuable mines, but there are also some mines approaching exhaustion, and here again our future prospects are wrapped up in the adoption of a policy of rationalization and expansion, assisted by a judicious expenditure on improvements which promise great economies in the cost of production.

The Wigan Coal and Iron Company, who have larger coal interests than our own, find themselves in a similar position to the Pearson and Knowles group of companies both in regard to their steel works and in regard to their collieries.

As explained in the letter circulated among you accompanying the notice convening this meeting, the position of the companies included in the amalgamation has been exhaustively examined on both the technical and financial sides.

Assistance by Experts

For the technical aspect we have had the assistance of Messrs. H. A. Brassert and Co., Limited, of London and Chicago, who are regarded as a great, if not the greatest, authority upon the technique of steel manufacture.

On the coal side we have been assisted by Mr. Howard J. Walker, of Wigan, who is the leading authority upon coalmining in Lancashire. Based upon the reports of these experts and upon his own findings, Sir William McLintock, one of the leading authorities on mergers of this kind, developed his conclusions in due course, as you have been advised in the circular.

In the light of the reports we have received, a scheme has been drawn up which has been approved by the directors of the companies concerned, and with the support of Messrs. J. Henry Schröder and Co. and the Securities Management Trust, Limited, the necessary new capital will be provided, which will enable us to proceed with a substantial programme of new developments mainly at Irlam. As stated in the circular from the directors every precaution will be taken to ensure that the new work will be economically and effectively carried out under the supervision of competent engineers.

The New Companies

The scheme is broadly a coal scheme, involving as a primary step the formation of the Wigan Coal Corporation, Limited, which will acquire the coal interests of the Wigan Coal and Iron Company, Limited, and of the Pearson and Knowles Coal and Iron Company, Limited, including the Moss Hall Coal Company, Limited, and the Wigan Junction Colliery Company, Limited, comprising a productive capacity of upwards of 4,000,000 tons of coal per annum. This enables us to proceed under the Mining Industry Act, 1926, and the application for approval and confirmation of the scheme as a whole under that Act will be submitted to the Railway and Canal Commission at an early date.

Having dealt with the coal assets the scheme necessitated the amalgamation of the steel assets which is to be done by the transfer of the steel assets of the Wigan Coal and Iron Company and the Pearson and Knowles group, including the Partington Company, the shares in Rylands Brothers, Limited, and the coke ovens and by-product plants to a new corporation styled "The Lancashire Steel Corporation, Limited," and so place the control and direction of the coal and steel assets respectively of the amalgamating companies in the hands of two new corporations. Each of these new corporations will proceed to apply the principles of rationalization on the one hand, and to develop production to the highest extent, on the other, and by the expenditure of the new capital which is to be provided seek to achieve the great reduction in cost of production which is the essence of the scheme, and which is confidently predicted by our technical advisers.

The Alternative

Having regard to the nature of these proposals, I feel confident that this scheme will receive your cordial support. The alternative before us is a continuance of the present independent organizations, with only a prospect of a lingering existence and a constant struggle, with little hope of a return upon your capital.

After further explanation of details of the scheme as contained in the documents circulated among the shareholders, the chairman proceeded:—Before asking you to vote on the proposals outlined in the resolutions I or the advisers of the company present will be pleased to reply to any questions which you may wish to ask or to supply any further information required.

I formally move:—"That the resolutions set out in the notice convening this meeting of the shareholders of the company dated May 21, 1930, be and the same are hereby approved and agreed to," and I will ask Mr. Andrew Whyte to second the motion.

Mr. Andrew Whyte seconded the resolution and, after Sir Ernest Roney had replied to a shareholder's questions, a card vote was taken.

The Chairman said that as a result of the voting the resolution was carried unanimously.

Meetings of the Moss Hall Coal Company, Limited, and the Wigan Junction Colliery Company, Limited, followed, Sir W. Peter Rylands presiding, and in each case the resolution was carried unanimously.

THE PARTINGTON MEETINGS

A Meeting of the holders of the Five per Cent. Guaranteed First Mortgage Debenture stock in the Partington Steel and Iron Company, Limited, was next held.

Sir Edwin Cornwall, who presided, said:—Gentlemen,—I have been nominated by Mr. John Bleckly and Sir W. Peter Rylands, the trustees of the deeds constituting the Five per Cent. Guaranteed First Mortgage Debenture stock of Partington Steel and Iron Company, Limited, to preside at this meeting pursuant to the provisions of such deeds. The requisite quorum of the stockholders being present in person or by proxy for the purpose of passing extraordinary resolutions as fixed by such deeds, I declare the meeting competent to proceed.

This meeting has been convened for the purpose of considering the amalgamation agreement of March 27, 1930. Meetings of the shareholders of the company are also to be held to-day for the purpose of considering the agreement so far as it affects them and other matters. The whole of the Six per Cent. Income Debentures of the company are held by the bankers of the company and Armstrong Whitworth Securities Company, Limited, and, although a formal meeting has been called to-day, no difficulty will arise with such holders, as the terms of the amalgamation agreement have already been approved by them.

The Board's Recommendations

The circular, if read in conjunction with the summary of the amalgamation agreement sent to you, gives a very clear account of the proposals now being made. From a perusal of these documents you will have gathered that the directors of the company recommend a scheme for the amalgamation of the company with its parent undertaking, Pearson and Knowles Coal and Iron Company, Limited, and subsidiaries, the Moss Hall Coal Company, Limited, the Wigan Junction Colliery Company, Limited, also with Wigan Coal and Iron Company, Limited, a company whose name and extensive coal, iron and steel operations have been well known in Lancashire and elsewhere for many years.

It is proposed that two new corporations shall be formed, to be called "The Wigan Coal Corporation, Limited," which corporation will take over what might be termed the "coal assets" of the amalgamating companies, and "The Lancashire Steel Corporation, Limited," which will take over the "iron and steel assets," coke ovens, and by-product plants. The issued share capital of Rylands Bros., Limited (the entirety of which is, as you know, held by Pearson and Knowles), will, as part of such amalgamation, be transferred to the Lancashire Steel Corporation, Limited.

The method by which the valuation of the assets of the amalgamating companies has been arrived at, the number of shares to be allotted in respect of the sale of such assets to the two new corporations, the liabilities to be retained by the company and those to be undertaken by the two new corporations, and the capitalization of the two new corporations are fully set out in the amalgamation agreement. If any Debenture stockholder present requires any more precise information I shall be happy to furnish it. I should, however, say that Sir William McLintock (in conjunction with Mr. Howard J. Walker and Messrs. H. A. Brassert and Co., Limited) has given his most careful consideration to the compilation of the figures comprised in such valuations.

Effect on Debenture Stockholders

I now come to the point which is of more importance to you, as to what will be the position of the Loan and Debenture stockholders of the company after the amalgamation. The existing companies as you know already from the documents will become holding companies, and, collectively, the largest shareholders in the two new corporations which will become operating companies.

The £183,910 Five per Cent. First Mortgage Debenture stock of the company (the greater portion of which is now held by Armstrong Whitworth Securities Company, Limited) is to be exchanged and cancelled on or before June 30, 1933, for Six per Cent. Income Debentures of the company at the rate of £110 Debentures for every £100 of stock and such Debentures will rank *pari passu* with the £1,000,000 Six per Cent. Income Debentures of the company now issued and outstanding, thus increasing the total amount of such Debentures to approximately £1,202,000. Pending such exchange, however, and in lieu of the charge now attached to the First Mortgage Debenture stock, such stock will constitute a first floating charge (on the terms set out in the resolutions) on the assets of Partington Company which would of course include the shares to be allotted to the Partington Company in the Lancashire Steel Corporation, Limited. The Income Debentures will on the transfer of the properties and assets of the company to the new Steel Corporation have a floating charge on the assets and undertaking of the company (in the terms set out in the resolutions) subject only to the First Mortgage Debenture stock until such stock is exchanged and cancelled as before mentioned.

The Fresh Capital Arrangements

Arrangements have already been concluded with Messrs. J. Henry Schröder and Co. for raising fresh capital by means of an issue of the 1,250,000 Seven per Cent. First Preference shares of £1 each, and for the subscription by the Securities Management Trust, Limited, of the 500,000 "B" Ordinary shares of £1 each of the new Steel Corporation if the amalgamation becomes effective by August 27 next. Further capital is also being provided for the new Coal Corporation by the issue of Debenture stock.

The fresh capital which is to be provided for the two new corporations will enable important new construction improvements and additions to be effected, and, as stated in the circular from the directors of the company, every precaution will be taken to ensure that the new work will be economically and effectively carried out under the supervision of competent engineers.

"Rationalization" of the Undertakings

It will be appreciated that the amalgamation and scheme are designed to give complete "rationalization" to the undertakings which are being brought together and by such means to attract the fresh capital which is to be provided and to give it fair and adequate security. Without bringing into existence the two completely new corporations and without the assistance of the bankers concerned, this would not, I am advised, have been practicable owing to the varied existing financial holdings in the amalgamating groups.

In the opinion of the directors of the company, and of the experts they have consulted, the amalgamation and the provision of a large amount of fresh capital create a more promising outlook for the Partington Company than at present exists. The new Steel Corporation—in which the Partington Company will be directly interested—in association with the new Coal Corporation should be in a favourable position to work economically by reason of its close proximity to markets with its modernized lay-out and effective equipment for its purposes as manufacturers.

As stated in the circular from the board of the company, the principal holders of securities outstanding in the Pearson and Knowles group of companies, including the Partington Company, and the company's bankers, have been consulted upon the amalgamation and the terms which have been allocated in respect of the assets to be transferred, and also as to the changes which are proposed in the rights attached to the various securities as a consequence of the amalgamation. Such holders and the company's bankers unanimously approve of the scheme.

I have not gone into more detail because, as previously mentioned, the matters involved and the steps to be taken are to my mind clearly set out in the papers sent to you. Before asking you, however, to vote on the proposals outlined in the resolutions, I or the advisers of the company present will be pleased to reply to any questions which you may wish to ask or to supply any further information required.

I now move:—"That the resolutions set out in the notice convening this meeting of the holders of the Five per Cent. Guaranteed First Mortgage Debenture stock of Partington Steel and Iron Company, Limited, dated May 21, 1930, be and the same are hereby approved and agreed to," and will ask Mr. James Hawson to second the motion.

Mr. James Hawson seconded the motion and a vote was taken. The Chairman declared it carried by an overwhelming majority.

A meeting of the holders of the Six per Cent. Income Debentures followed, at which the resolutions were carried.

Shareholders' Approval

An Extraordinary General Meeting of the shareholders of the company was next held.

Sir W. Peter Rylands, who presided, explained the details of the scheme and then moved:—"That the resolution set out in the notice convening this meeting of the shareholders of the company dated May 21, 1930, be and the same is hereby approved and agreed to."

Mr. Andrew Whyte seconded the resolution, and, after some questions by shareholders had been answered, a vote was taken and the Chairman declared the resolution carried.

"CHADE"

(Compania Hispano Americana de Electricidad S.A. Barcelona)

FURTHER PROGRESS OF THE COMPANY

INCREASED DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED

The Ordinary General Meeting of the Compania Hispano Americana de Electricidad S.A. was held on Wednesday in Madrid.

Excmo. Sr. Don Juan Ventosa (vice-president of the company) presided, and, speaking of the progress of the company, said:—The increase in consumption of electricity in the city of Buenos Aires and the favourable development of the province of the same name induced us some time ago to endeavour to concentrate in this zone the activities of the various undertakings controlled by us. In 1923 and 1924 we purchased the businesses of the concerns supplying electricity to the districts of General Sarmiento, Moreno, and La Plata. Later we took over the business of the Magdalena district, and finally, in 1929, we attained direct control of the production and supply of power in Buenos Aires and in a zone of 100 kilometres around the Federal capital.

With this object in view, besides acquiring the electric power companies of General Rodriguez, Las Heras, Pilar, Coronel Brandzen, San Vicente, Canuelas, Echeverria, Marcos Paz, and Escobar, we have obtained control of the Compania de Electricidad de la Provincia de Buenos Aires, which supplies electrical energy throughout the important districts of Almirante Brown, Lomas de Zamora, Quilmes, San Martin, Mantanzas, and Florencio Varela. As a result the zone served by Chade and other directly controlled undertakings in the Province of Buenos Aires—i.e., apart from the Federal capital—has increased from 1,577 square kilometres in 1920 to 12,497 square kilometres in 1929. The population of the zone served by the Chade group of companies in the Province of Buenos Aires has increased from 269,190 in 1920 to 1,305,100 in 1929. During the past year we also acquired an interest in the Primitiva Gas Company of Buenos Aires, with which we have made an agreement for the co-ordination of the services of both companies.

In accordance with the policy expressed above of endeavouring to concentrate the direct business of the company in Buenos Aires and in a zone around the Federal capital the board decided to take a favourable opportunity to dispose of the interests which our company held in the Empresa de Luz y Fuerza of Mendoza, situated over 1,000 kilometres from the city of Buenos Aires.

Larger Consumption of Power

The business of the company in 1929 has been carried on satisfactorily. The increase in the consumption of power produced by the electrical power stations of Buenos Aires has been 15.2 per cent., which is—with the sole exception of the year 1924—considerably better than for any other year during the period 1920 to 1929. The total current consumed has reached the figure of 625,559,198kw. During the months of 1930 that have already passed the increase in consumption has been maintained at a higher level (17 per cent.) than the average for 1929.

As announced in October, the directors decided to purchase immediately a new turbine of 52,500kw., which will be installed in the super-power station of Buenos Aires. In spite of the financial difficulties of the world during 1929 the businesses in which our company participates have continued their normal progress. The concerns in which we participate have not only been able to maintain the dividends of former years, but in some cases have been able to increase them considerably.

The item in the balance-sheet of "Operating surplus, dividends, interest, and other revenues" has increased from 114,670,760.73 pesetas in 1928 to 120,756,628.35 gold pesetas in 1929. The balance of net profits available for distribution is 52,718,513.50 gold pesetas, against 50,884,559.60 pesetas, equivalent to 42,993,751.69 gold pesetas, for last year.

This enables the board, without departing from their traditional conservative policy, to propose the payment of a total dividend of 17 per cent. gold, free of Spanish taxes, against 15 per cent. gold last year, in spite of this dividend having to be paid on a fully paid-up capital of 260,000,000 pesetas.

MINING NEWS

Mining Trust.—Weekly Progress Report.—Mount Isa, No. 40 Shaft, depth 3440; Lawlor 03aft. depth, 2607; drifts, crosscuts, &c., 2556; diamond drill hole "E," No. 9, 800ft. S. from Davidson Shaft, from 822ft. to 942ft., assayed 16·6 per cent. lead, 14·2 per cent. zinc, 4·4oz. silver; hole being continued. Construction.—Pipe line from Rifle Creek dam completed; mill building completed and good progress being made with erection of machinery, smelter, and power plant. New Guinea Goldfields.—Location No. 8.—S.E. drift from No. 1 cut advanced 16ft.; total, 325ft.; assay, 72z.; width, 45 inches. Location No. 3.—S.W. drift from No. 3 crosscut advanced 9ft.; total 60ft.; assay, 10oz.; width, 30 inches. Location No. 31.—S.E. drift from No. 3 S. crosscut advanced 7ft.; total, 80ft.; assay, 10oz.; width, 36 inches. Location No. 6.—Shaft depth, 126ft. Location No. 14.—Shaft depth, 150ft.

JOHN LEWIS & COMPANY

SPECIAL CHARACTER OF THE ORGANIZATION

STAFF AND PARTNERSHIP SHARES

REPLY TO COMMENTS AND QUESTIONS

MR. J. SPEDAN LEWIS'S STATEMENT

The Second Annual General Meeting of John Lewis and Co., Limited, was held on Friday last at the company's premises in Oxford-street, London, W.

Mr. J. Spedan Lewis (chairman of the company) presided, and, before inviting questions upon the accounts and report of the directors, remarked that, as on the previous occasion, the report had given all the information usually given only in the speech of the chairman. This new departure had been strongly commended by leading organs of the Press both in this country and abroad, and the board proposed to adhere to it. On the previous occasion he had offered no observations at all before inviting questions, but there were a few remarks that he felt he ought to make in view of the special circumstances of the present meeting.

Remuneration of the Staff

In the first place, he mentioned that, as recently as last Sunday, a newspaper had endeavoured to produce upon the minds of its readers an impression that payments mentioned in the report of the auditors as having been charged to associated companies or to himself should really have been charged to the profit and loss account. The directors had endeavoured to make clear in their report that this was not the case, but, in view of the importance of the point, he thought that he should repeat that the amount charged to the profit and loss account in respect of remuneration of the staff had been the full normal percentage of turnover. That was to say that an ordinary management seeking to make in the ordinary way profit for themselves would not have needed to spend upon obtaining the services of employees any more than the total sum that had been charged to the profit and loss account.

In the second place, he thought that the shareholders would agree that it would have been better if there had been time for what would have been the rather difficult task of deciding how to shorten the report without making any regrettable omission. He thought that in future the report should be two-thirds, or at most three-quarters, of the present length. (Several shareholders expressed agreement, although after the meeting one intimated that any shortening whatever would have been regrettable.)

Strength of the Preference Position

In the third place, more emphasis should, perhaps, have been laid in the report upon the fact that no Preference shareholder could lose one penny until he (the chairman) had lost the whole of his estate. The shareholders might trust him to part with the control of the company long before that point was reached. The shareholders had really nothing whatever to worry about. The truth was that an operation so big as the taking over of the Harries business could not be judged properly upon a 12-month view. No doubt yearly publication of accounts, as required by law, worked well normally, but it did not work well in a special case of this kind, which was rather of the nature of a three-year operation. In the same way, if in ordinary circumstances companies had to publish their accounts weekly, or even monthly, the figures would be often alarming, although by the end of the year no cause for alarm would appear.

He was glad to be able to tell them that the recent attacks did not appear to have increased the normal volume of share transfers, but it was, of course, very regrettable that the price obtained by those who had occasion to sell at this particular time should have been affected either by natural misapprehension of the true significance of the accounts of the last year, or by such grossly incompetent or deliberately misleading comments and suggestions as had appeared in a few newspapers of minor standing.

Reply to Questions

The Chairman then invited questions, and a shareholder inquired whether the board had any means of knowing how a certain newspaper had obtained what appeared to be advance information of a confidential character.

The Chairman answered that the directors had no reason to doubt the trustworthiness of any of the employees of the company, and the auditors, who, as he thought all the shareholders were probably aware, were one of the most eminent firms in the world—(hear, hear)—were, of course, extremely careful in the same direction and had likewise no reason for doubt. He was inclined to think that it might have been a case of the putting forward of a mere guess as a piece of definite advance information, but the shareholders were aware that in the present state of the law that sort of thing could be done to a considerable extent with impunity and that a certain type of journalist was not above doing it.

At this point the chairman quoted a letter from a shareholder who had written that, in his opinion, the recent attacks in a certain section of the Press would have been very unlikely if the company had been large advertisers. (Laughter.) The chairman observed that this opinion was natural and, indeed, obvious common sense, but that he felt at the same time that he ought to take that occasion to say quite definitely that he had been deeply impressed by the entire fairness with which the Press as a whole had always treated another drapery company with which he was connected, and which was likewise one of the few drapery companies that were conspicuously not advertisers.

There were no other questions, and the accounts and report were thereupon approved unanimously, as were the other motions upon the paper.

Trade Customers

In seconding a vote of thanks to the chairman, which was likewise carried unanimously, a shareholder drew attention to the fact that most, if not all, of the large West-end drapery companies gave trade customers a specially favourable price, whereas John Lewis and Co., Limited, made no such distinction between trade customers and the ordinary public.

The Chairman, in acknowledging the vote of thanks, observed upon the latter point that he was fully persuaded that a genuine wholesale trade in uncut pieces could be undertaken advantageously only upon a quite separate stock and that trade customers, in the common West-end draper's sense of the words, could not be served more cheaply than the ordinary public. It followed, therefore, that, unless they were to be served really at a loss, the giving of a special trade price must necessarily mean that the ordinary public were charged an unnecessarily high rate of profit. This was, in fact, what happened, and the fact went far to explain the very conspicuous success of that part of their business.

In addition to the foregoing summary of the proceedings of the meeting it is thought desirable to reproduce here the two following sections of the report that was issued with the accounts.

Special Characteristics of the Company

If this report were not so long already, we should have included a note upon the main differences of character between the former Harries trade and our own, but, though we think that this might be of interest to a good many of our readers, we feel that it is better not to trouble them upon this occasion with anything of that kind. For the same reason we are deferring to another occasion the detailed description of our partnership system to which we referred in the 46th paragraph of our last report.

But we ought, perhaps, upon this occasion to recall to your minds the following facts: When the chairman had become the sole and exclusive owner of the business of John Lewis and Company he was advised that, if he were willing to "sell out," he could realize his business interests for about £1,000,000, which he could then have invested in securities of the highest class in this country or elsewhere.

Instead of doing this, he put the whole of his fortune at the "tail-end" of the capital of your own company and of its associates, and he did this in such a way that all of the profit will go to the staff while he lives upon his capital, of which he reckons that there will be enough for his life-time and for such bequests as he will wish to make. Under this arrangement he will never receive at any time from first to last a penny more than the original capital-sum for which he was advised that he could sell out then completely for immediate cash. Had he chosen to realize his interests and to invest the proceeds, he would have had thenceforward from securities of the highest class a yearly income of about £50,000, whereas, under the arrangement that he actually made, he will receive from all this property no income or profit whatever, either now or at any future time.

Moreover, the "tail-end" charge in the safest of businesses obviously cannot be nearly so safe as a set of investments judiciously distributed among the choicest securities of the most stable countries of the world.

At best the chairman was incurring years of somewhat anxious and somewhat arduous work, and, of course, he was taking a real risk that unforeseeable developments of politics or other irresistible causes might lose him quite a large part of his capital.

He took this course because he has always felt that it is highly desirable that those who have the luck to be the heirs of successful business men and who do not desire to make for themselves fresh business profits and who are inclined to a life of public service should not withdraw their capital from business and, having invested it securely, devote themselves to a Parliamentary or similar career, but should "stick to the shop" and work patiently and carefully at the task of reforming industry from within, and so make some return to that particular field from which their own fortunes came.

The ordinary course means freedom from all private business and financial cares and the great interest and pleasure and social attractions of a career in public life. But, in the chairman's opinion, there are too many public-spirited men in Parliament and elsewhere outside the world of business, and too few in positions of actual expert control of large industrial organizations.

When the first Factory Acts were got through Parliament, and hideous abuses, in the way of child labour and so on, were thereby brought to an end, the career of the Yorkshire manufacturer, Mr. Fielden, was of immense use to those who were in charge of the Bills.

They had to meet the obviously sincere and highly influential opposition of such men as John Bright, who constantly assured the House that the proposed reforms would be disastrous to British industry.

The supporters of the Bill were able to keep on answering: "Look at Fielden. He has actually done all these things that you say are crazy. And for a time he himself was called crazy for doing them. But he has made himself a millionaire"—(and in those days millionaires were rarities)—"and now people are saying that he has shovelled his money out to his work-people and God has shovelled it back again."

In the chairman's opinion the magnificent labour force of this country has been brought into such a deep-seated chronic condition of irritation at the idea that it is exploited grossly by profiteering captains of industry, who charge far too much for their admittedly indispensable services, and by profiteering dealers in money, who likewise charge far too much for their admittedly indispensable capital, that, sooner than continue to make such profits for those parties, it will prefer and is preferring to half-starve itself and all our country along with itself. To-day, May 20, *The Times* tells us that the number of days lost in 1929 in industrial disputes was 8,287,000.

Far-reaching sincere experiments to discover reforms that will distribute industrial income less unequally and that will increase rather than diminish industrial discipline are, in the chairman's opinion, the supreme need of our times and he is taking accordingly the steps that have just been mentioned to do in that regard his own duty as he sees it.

Among other reasons for which it has been thought desirable that these matters shall be mentioned again upon this occasion is the fact that certain newspapers made recently upon your company attacks that they could not have made if they had exercised ordinary care in the way of making previous inquiries. It is thought that, if they had realized the special character of the business, they might have been more careful to conform to the usually very high standards of the British Press.

Possibility of Cooperation by Shareholders and Their Friends

As in the case of any similar company, shareholders and their friends can materially increase our business by their own patronage and recommendation, and in the case of this particular company they can also materially stimulate the zeal and so increase the efficiency of the staff by investing in Preferred Ordinary shares of The John Lewis Partnership, Limited.

Any such help in the creation of a "market" in these shares will hasten the development of the full advantages of our system, because the shares are the form in which the staff get their "partnership benefit," and it is extremely desirable that they shall be able, if they choose, to sell their shares readily and for a fairly satisfactory price, say, at present, twenty shillings, or even a little less, though in a few years the shares should stand higher. The mere regular payment of the dividend (7½ per cent. yearly, cumulative, and payable on December 1 and June 1) will remove eventually every difficulty, but the company was formed only last year and in the meantime, while the quantity of shares issued so far (150,000) is still comparatively small and the company under the disadvantage of being new both in itself and in its character, buyers of even a few of these shares will be rendering valuable help as well as getting a share entitled to a cumulative dividend of 7½ per cent. and having in our judgment a good prospect of not inconsiderable capital profit.

It is hoped that some of those who read this notice may feel inclined to do what is in their own power to hasten the development of the new idea that lies behind our own system.

It has been very warmly praised by experts of the highest eminence, and its details have been settled upon the very best professional advice.

It is already succeeding, but it is very desirable from every point of view that its success shall be as rapid as possible. Anyone who at this stage provides members of the staff with an opportunity of selling some of their shares will be giving really valuable help in that direction, and the chairman will be very grateful for it.

It may be thought that the staff ought to retain the shares themselves, but people whose incomes are quite small and who have homes to buy or children to educate or other important needs of ready-money are bound to be much more delighted and encouraged at finding themselves receiving a share that they can turn into ready-money, than at finding themselves receiving a share that they are not allowed to sell and that merely produces them an income of ninepence at the end of each six months.

As a matter of fact, there is already appearing among the staff a very definite tendency to be reluctant to part with shares. In this, of course, they are well-advised, for there is every likelihood that the shares will receive in fact an absolutely punctual dividend and will be saleable in a few years time for a price substantially better than they will fetch at present. But it would not have been surprising if people who are for the most part quite unused to the idea of being shareholders at all should have been unable to feel the reality of these and of other motives for holding.

This is the only reason for which we have felt some regret at what we consider to be the necessity of the new practice of requiring the staff actually to sell shares in order to get income during absence from duty. Obviously there is a risk that, if people once begin to sell, they will not stop until they have killed and eaten the whole of their little goose that would lay for them golden eggs of dividend.

Inquiries regarding the shares should be addressed to the Secretary, The John Lewis Partnership, Limited, 21, Holles-street, Cavendish-square, London, W.1.

LAKE VIEW INVESTMENT TRUST

A SUCCESSFUL YEAR

INCREASED DIVIDEND

MR. SANDFORD POOLE'S SPEECH

The Tenth Ordinary General Meeting of the members of the Lake View Investment Trust, Limited, was held on Friday last at Winchester House, Old Broad-street, London, E.C.

Mr. W. Sandford Poole (chairman of the company) presided.

Mr. J. E. Lloyd, A.C.A. (one of the joint secretaries), having read the notice convening the meeting and the report of the auditors,

The Chairman said:—Gentlemen,—The report and accounts which the directors submit to you to-day have been in your hands for some time past, and with your approval we will take them as read. They set out in a full and complete manner the result of our operations during the year, but there are a few points to which, perhaps, you will allow me to refer.

The Revenue Account

The dividends and interest received, less income-tax, amounted to £150,082, compared with £131,388 for the previous year, and, after charging all expenses, including Debenture stock interest, the net rev

the foreigner who manufactures the same articles under less restrictive conditions and in countries where taxation is much lighter than it is here. Protected labour and unprotected industries cannot go hand in hand with any prospects of success. The numbers of our unemployed have risen from 1,104,861 to 1,739,500 in the last 12 months.

If the scourge of unemployment is to be lifted, income-taxes and death duties must be substantially lightened and our fiscal policy must be changed. When this is done home investments may have a better chance, as money will again be available for enterprise and development, both at home and abroad, thereby stimulating the demand for labour. We cannot afford to keep 1,750,000 of our population in idleness at the public expense while at the same time purchasing the bulk of our foodstuffs from overseas, our own lands in the meantime going out of cultivation. It is to be hoped that our politicians will take warning before it is too late.

THE LATE MR. CHARLES LLOYD

Since the last meeting we have suffered a severe loss in the removal by death of our senior joint secretary and esteemed friend, Mr. Charles Lloyd. He had held office with this company and its predecessor company for upwards of 36 years, and was in active attendance up to January 18 last, the very day on which he died. The board have expressed to Mrs. Lloyd and her family their sincere sympathy in their bereavement and their sense of the loss which the company has sustained in the removal of a valued and trusted officer. I feel sure the shareholders will wish to be associated in this expression of sympathy and regret.

Mr. R. S. Caverhill has been appointed investment manager and Mr. John Edward Lloyd, the late Mr. Charles Lloyd's son, has been appointed joint secretary to act with Mr. Hay.

NEW ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

As stated in paragraph 11 of the report, there will be submitted to you to-day a resolution adopting new articles of association. The passing of the Companies Act, 1929, made certain alterations in the articles necessary, and when considering these your directors thought it an opportune time to overhaul the articles entirely and bring them into accord with modern practice. This was done, and we were advised by the company's solicitors, Messrs. Birkbeck, Julius, Edwards and Co., that the more convenient manner of giving effect to the necessary alterations was by adopting new articles of association rather than by altering the existing ones.

It will not be necessary for me to comment on the substance of these alterations, as a copy of a letter from the solicitors pointing out the principal alterations was circulated to members with the report.

The last resolution set out in the notice of meeting deals with the division of the undistributed funds of Number One Secretariat, Limited (formerly Lake View Secretariat, Limited). As I mentioned at the meeting last year, that company was originally formed to provide clerical services and office accommodation for this trust and other companies housed at No. 1, London Wall-buildings. The whole of the capital of £1,000 is held by this trust, and the surplus funds were accumulated for use as a benevolent fund for the staff.

The resolution which was passed at the last annual general meeting of this trust authorized the directors to concur in the division of the undistributed funds into separate funds for the benefit of various classes of employees. The terms of that resolution required the appointment of trustees, which has been found to be undesirable, as your directors are quite satisfied that the objects which they had in view can be more suitably attained without limiting so closely the manner in which the funds are to be administered. We are therefore asking you to pass a resolution which will amplify our powers, and, while still permitting the distribution of the fund for the benefit of employees as originally intended, will obviate the necessity of keeping the funds as paid over distinct from any other benefit funds set up by the Trust Managers Secretariat, Limited, or any other company taking over part of the Number One Secretariat staff.

With these remarks I now beg to move: "That the directors' report and accounts submitted to this meeting be received and adopted."

Mr. W. F. TURNER seconded the motion, which was carried unanimously.

The dividend as recommended was approved; the retiring director, Mr. J. H. Cordner-James, was re-elected, and the auditors, Messrs. Ford, Rhodes, and Ford, were reappointed.

A further resolution adopting new articles of association was passed, and another resolution affecting the arrangements for the division of the undistributed funds of Number One Secretariat, Limited (formerly Lake View Secretariat, Limited), was also unanimously approved.

The proceedings terminated with a vote of thanks to the chairman, directors, and staff.

BARU (JAVA) ESTATES

SATISFACTORY RESULTS IN A DIFFICULT PERIOD

The TWENTIETH ORDINARY ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of Baru (Java) Estates, Limited, was held on Friday at 3-5, Rood-lane, London, E.C.

Mr. R. F. BUMT presided and, having apologized for the absence through illness of Mr. Vernon Wethered (chairman of the company), read the speech which had been prepared by that gentleman, in the course of which he stated that the year 1929 had been a period of considerable difficulty, starting with comparatively high hopes for rubber, but ending with a note of extreme depression. Coffee, also, had fluctuated in price to an inordinate extent. The result was a net profit of £17,366, or well over 15 per cent., after making ample allowance for depreciation, with net sale prices of 8d. per lb. and 63s. 9d. per cwt. for rubber and coffee respectively.

That they had been able to produce such results was due to the fact that costs had been reduced, in the case of rubber by nearly ½d. per lb. and over 8s. per cwt. for coffee, so that in spite of a lower net selling price for rubber of ½d. per lb., they had managed to earn £1,606 more profit on trading.

FINANCIAL POSITION

Liquid assets had been considerably augmented by the addition of the new issue since the last balance-sheet, and the surplus of assets over liabilities in the balance-sheet of some £36,000 was adequate for all ordinary purposes and disclosed a satisfactory financial position.

Although prospects for 1930 were not very encouraging, their cost of production was low and they had sufficient reserves to tide over a period of depression. Needless to say, a cautious dividend policy was necessary, for the position of the world's coffee market, besides that of rubber, was unsatisfactory. They continued, however, to make good profits from coffee.

The report was unanimously adopted, and the final dividend of 5 per cent. (making 10 per cent. for the year) and the distribution of 480,000 fully-paid shares of 2s. each in the Tanah Estates, Limited, were approved.

FREIGHT MARKETS

On the BALTIC SHIPPING EXCHANGE on Saturday afternoon the freight market closed with a quiet tone in most sections. The River Plate, however, upheld the recent improvement in the case of handy-size steamers, paying 15s. 6d. liners San Lorenzo to U.K./Cont. A moderately large vessel was fixed from Rosario to Marseilles or Genoa at 13s.; but large tonnage at Bahia Blanca was unchanged in value at 9s. 3d. for shipment to Antwerp or Rotterdam. Tonnage was fixed on liner terms for cleaned fish from Vladivostok to London or Liverpool at 97s., Hull, and Durban chartered coal for Bombay at 9s. 9d. June.

Fixtures included the following:—Rosario—Isabrain, 6,600 tons, Marseilles or Genoa, 12s. one; 12s. 9d. both ports, early June. San Lorenzo,—Lonza, 5,600 tons, 10 per cent., U.K./Cont., 12s. 9d., early June. Bahia Blanca,—Medora, 7,000 tons, 10 per cent., Antwerp or Rotterdam, 9s. 3d., early June. Vladivostok,—Stanmore, 30,050 sacks, London and/or Liverpool, 97s. per ton of 40 cubic feet, cleaned fish, liner terms, July. Durban,—Stanley, 6,000 tons, 10 per cent., Bombay, 9s. 9d., coal, June. Townvale, Stanmore, 3,800 tons maximum, Halifax, 12s., salt, June.

REINSURANCE RATES

The following reinsurance rates are now being quoted in the London market:—

Vessel	Voyage and Casualty	Guarantee per cent.
Ships or Steamships	Bunting on harbour bottom at Manchester, having been on fire	20

AMALGAMATED PRESS

CONTINUED EXPANSION OF THE BUSINESS

SUBSTANTIAL INCREASE IN PROFITS

ANOTHER RECORD IN ADVERTISING REVENUE

SUCCESS OF COMPANY'S PUBLICATIONS

LORD CAMROSE'S REVIEW

The THIRD ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Amalgamated Press, Limited, was held on Friday last at Cannon Street Hotel, Cannon-street, London, E.C.

The RIGHT HON. LORD CAMROSE (chairman of the company) presided.

The SECRETARY (Mr. J. R. Sumpter, F.C.I.S.) read the notice convening the meeting, and, in the absence through indisposition of Sir Gilbert Garnsey, Mr. F. S. TULL read the report of Messrs. Price, Waterhouse and Co., the auditors.

The CHAIRMAN said:—Ladies and gentlemen,—Following the usual course on these occasions, I propose to take the report and balance-sheet as read.

The balance-sheet and report before you is the third to be issued since this company was reconstructed, and the first report covered a period of 26 months. The other two have dealt with normal periods of a year each.

You will have observed that the profit of £923,743 is almost exactly £50,000 more than last year, and is substantially in excess of the figure given in the prospectus as the average for the four years prior to the formation of the present company.

GOODWILL AND COPYRIGHTS

In accordance with the provisions contained in the new Companies Act, we, in common with all other companies, have in future to show the item of goodwill and copyrights separately in the balance-sheet. You will observe that whereas we showed last year the figure of £6,725,000 as the balance of the purchase price of the business, including goodwill, copyrights, freehold land, plant, &c., this year that item has been split into two, and we show copyrights and goodwill at cost, £5,326,601, and freehold land and buildings, plant, machinery, &c., £1,353,326.

In all its stark nakedness, as it were, this seems a very large figure for what some people might call the intangible asset known as "Copyrights and Goodwill." On the other hand, I think you will agree that this item covers the most important and valuable asset which any trading company can possess. In the case of a company like the Amalgamated Press, which has nearly every year since its foundation 36 years ago shown an increased profit, the valuation by the investing public of this item of goodwill, as evidenced by the price of the Ordinary shares in the market, has shown a steadily increasing figure.

ASSETS AND EARNING CAPACITY

From the shareholders' point of view the value of the assets of any company depends upon the profits earned by those assets, but when you take into account the profits shown by this company, not only this year, but for many years preceding, I venture to submit that this item of goodwill and copyrights by no means represents over-valuation of the earning capacity of the business of the Amalgamated Press. Naturally, in the case of any newspaper or publishing company, from the very nature of the business, this item must always be a large one, and although it is, and always should be, the policy of the directors to see that adequate reserves are maintained in the company, that policy is not necessarily dictated by the valuation put upon copyrights and goodwill.

The rearrangement of our balance-sheet necessitated by the new regulations makes any comparison with last year somewhat difficult, but there are no alterations of a material character this year to which I need draw your special attention. You will, of course, notice that as the result of our allocations from reserves last year the item of preliminary and formation expenses, amounting to £347,059, has now disappeared entirely, and I think you will agree that to be in a position to do this after two years' trading indicates an unusually strong financial position.

ALLOCATION OF PROFITS

I turn now to the directors' report, which shows you how the directors propose the profit shall be allocated. Including the carry-forward of £123,000, we have available £1,047,644. Deductions of the interest on the Debenture stock, the Preference dividends, and the Ordinary interim dividend, leaves us a balance of £460,659. We propose that the allocation to reserve this year should be £230,000, as against £180,000 last year, bringing that fund to a round sum of £400,000. Then we propose that £10,000 shall be added to the Pensions and Allowances Fund.

You will remember that I referred to this last year and said that it was our intention to maintain the same policy in regard to staff pensions as had been pursued by our predecessors. This is the first definite allocation we have made out of profits to this fund.

DIVIDEND OF 15 PER CENT.

We recommend the payment of a final dividend on the Ordinary shares of 8 per cent., making the total for the year 15 per cent., the same as last year, and finally propose to carry forward the sum of £134,659, as against £123,909 brought forward. Including our addition to the carry forward, we are therefore increasing our reserves by approximately £234,000, which is equal to something like 21 per cent., free of tax, on the Ordinary share capital.

As you will have gathered from the profits we have earned, the publications of the company have again done well. Both from a sentimental and a business point of view, you will be pleased to hear that *Answers*, the first publication to be issued by the founders of this company, continues to retain its popularity in a remarkable form, both with the reader and with the advertiser. Just as a matter of interest, the circulation of *Answers* this week is far in excess of that for the corresponding week of last year, and when you consider that this publication has now maintained a progressive record for a period of 42 years, it will, I think, be generally admitted as one of the outstanding features of the publication field.

FASHION JOURNALS

We have, of course, a large interest in publications which deal with fashions and the wants of women generally. Our journals catering for this field are well to the fore, and advertisers who are able to check their results in a direct way continue to pay remarkable tribute to the pulling powers of these publications.

Home Chat continues to hold its prominent position, and to name a few others, *Women's Pictorial*, *Women's Weekly*, *Women's World*, and *Home Companion* are to-day as strong as they ever were with the reader and the advertiser alike. The fiction magazines, such as the *Storyteller* and the *Argosy*, are recognized as the leading magazines of their kind in this country.

NEW PUBLICATIONS

Following the regular programme of this company, we have been active during the year in regard to new publications, and have produced several new monthly, fortnightly, and weekly issues. We have every reason to be satisfied with the results.

Wife and Home, a beautifully produced magazine dealing with the home, children, and other interests, has proved a great success. Another of our new publications has been a magazine called *Woman and Beauty*, a title which explains itself. This journal has been splendidly received and has already obtained a circulation far surpassing our anticipation. I am happy to say that advertisers have recognised the success of these ventures and are making a steadily increasing use of them.

Modern Masterpieces of British Art, one of our part publications, has been accepted as one of the most beautiful works of its kind—a great credit to the company.

The *Concise Encyclopaedia* has sold extremely well, and the letters we have received show how pleased the public are with this work.

We have also issued new weekly publications appealing to boys and adults, and the year has been a busy and active one.

THE "WOMAN'S JOURNAL"

Far too many journals are issued by us for me to make individual reference to them, but I must mention the *Woman's Journal*, first produced two years ago, and a magazine of outstanding merit, both as regards quality of production and the character of its contents. I think it is right to say that the *Woman's Journal* is recognized as the finest magazine of its class and style issued in this country, a fact which our friends in the advertising world have not been slow to appreciate.

The receipts from the advertising side of the business have again been most satisfactory. Last year I was able to tell you that the total figure showed an increase over the previous year and constituted a record. This year I can make the same statement, for the figures show an increase over those of last year and have established a new record in the history of this company.

It is worth while emphasizing once again the unique field for the advertiser which is provided by the publications of the Amalgamated Press. Our periodicals and magazines cover not only the large towns, but, thanks to our extensive system of distribution, are to be found in the remotest parts of the country. It is not too much to say that the publications which we issue constitute in themselves the basis for a very far-reaching and extensive advertising campaign, catering, as they do, for every class and section of the community. Practically all our journals are home journals, so that the waste circulation is practically nil, and evidence of this is to be found in the fact that we are constantly receiving unsolicited testimonials to the value of our journals as advertising mediums from agents and advertisers alike.

EFFICIENCY OF THE PRINTING BUSINESS

The extensive printing businesses owned by this company produce practically the whole of our publications. We have spared no money to maintain these establishments in a thoroughly efficient and up-to-date manner, and have availed ourselves of every practical method of increasing efficiency and output.

Our paper-making business, the Imperial Paper Mills, situated at Gravesend, has also had a satisfactory year's trading. We have now in the course of erection there another large paper-making machine, which we expect to have ready for operation in the course of a few months. Making as we do the paper for not only our own publications, but also for many other periodicals in the country, it behoves us to see that this plant is of the most efficient and economical character possible, and we have every justification for thinking that there is no firm in the country able to give a better service to its customers than is the Imperial Paper Mills.

WORK OF THE STAFF

In concluding my remarks I should like once again to refer to the work which has been done by the staff during the year. I am sure you, as shareholders, will be interested to know that the staffs, both at Fleetway House, and all our other establishments, are extraordinarily loyal and enthusiastic, and it is only fair to say that a great deal of the excellent results which we have been able to show you year by year are due to the splendid feelings of cooperation which prevail between the staffs and the management.

It is with pleasure, therefore, that I take the opportunity of expressing the thanks not only of the directors, but of the shareholders as a whole, to all those employed in the service of the Amalgamated Press. I now beg to move: "That the report of the directors and statement of accounts for the year ended February 28, 1930, be received and adopted, and that the dividends, reserves, and appropriations recommended therein be and are hereby approved."

SIR J. GOMER BERRY, Bt. (deputy-chairman), seconded the resolution, and it was carried unanimously.

The auditors, Messrs. Price, Waterhouse, and Co., were reappointed.

On the motion of Mr. M. S. MYERS, a cordial vote of thanks was passed to the chairman, directors, and staff, and, after an acknowledgment by the CHAIRMAN, the proceedings terminated.

ASSOCIATED TIN MINES OF NIGERIA

POSITION AND PROSPECTS

The THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Associated Tin Mines of Nigeria, Limited, was held on Friday last at the Fur Trade Sale Room, Garlick-hill, London, E.C.

The Hon. LIONEL HOLLAND (the chairman) said he thought the accounts made a not unfavourable showing, taking into consideration the adverse conditions which had prevailed during the past year. They had received an average price for their 70 per cent. tin concentrates of £142 9s. 11d. a ton, an appreciable reduction even compared with the low record of £158 2s. 1d.—of the previous accounting period of 18 months. The past year's operations had served to establish the all-important fact that, even with the commodity at a price abnormally depressed, the undertaking as now organized could work at a profit.

The production for the year was 3,082 tons of concentrates, or just about equal to that of the preceding 18 months. Since January last they had reduced the rate of production from an approximate monthly return of 250 tons to a maximum of 200 tons a month. They had cordially accepted and would loyally observe the policy recommended by the Tin Producers' Association to reduce output to 80 per cent. of the 1929 figure. The financial position of the company was a reasonably strong one, and until quite recently he had hoped that the directors would have been able to submit a resolution to pay a dividend on the past year's working; but the further heavy fall in the price of the metal that had lately occurred, and the unsettled outlook, both in the metal market and general trade position, had compelled them to revise their programme. If the price of tin revived, the directors would gladly embrace the opportunity of paying an interim dividend when it could be distributed without endangering the prospects of the business. Since January 1 last no less than 9,000 additional tons of payable ore had been located, bringing up the actual reserves to the handsome figure of over 31,000 tons.

Mr. J. G. FOLEY said he would be surprised if, by the end of another 18 months, their output was not nearer 50,000 tons than 30,000 tons.

The report was adopted.

CASUALTY REPORTS

(FROM LLOYD'S)

AGILITY.—Hull, May 31.—Steamer Agility, of London, while proceeding through the swing bridge at Selby last midnight collided with the swing part of the bridge and dislodged it. Road traffic completely stopped. Steamer has bulwark and other damage above deck, and will lose cargo ex hank; barges below bridges.

ASIA.—Jedda, May 30.—French s. Asia, before reported. Bunkers still burning. Owing to 15 degrees hot port authorities insisted captain moving vessel, as likely to sink and become dangerous to navigation. Vessel beached north-west. Salvt Real this morning.

BURGENLAND.—Port Swettenham, May 31.—German m.v. Burgenland, Hamburg, &c., for Tsingtao, aground. Must lighten by means of lighters.

INGER.—See Literno.

KATE.—Stmr. May 31.—Greek s. Kate ashore: assistance will be sent.

Stmr. June 1.—Greek s. Kate arrived to-day, all well.

LITERNO.—St. Catherine's Point, June 1.—Following received from Niton Radio:—Italian m.v. Literno, Fredericia for Fayal, in collision about 11.30 p.m. G.M.T. May 31, seven miles S.W. of Beachy Head, with Swedish s. Inger, Swansea for Great Yarmouth. Inger's bows damaged. Literno does not require assistance and is standing by: has picked up two men, many others in water.

Newhaven, June 1.—Italian m.v. Literno in collision off Beachy Head this morning with Swedish s. Inger, Newhaven lifeboat landed bodies at Eastbourne. 10 of Inger, two unaccounted for. Several steamers still searching in vicinity of accident. Literno badly damaged.

St. Catherine's Point, June 1.—Following from Niton Radio:—S. Literno reports at 11.30 a.m.:—After many vain searches at 11 a.m. persisting fog proved Have Roads badly damaged Newhaven.

MAY.—Batheast, May 31.—Barque May, of Batheast, which sailed from here yesterday for Maryport, has put back here with machinery trouble.

Maiden (before reported) arrived May 30 from Newport (Mon.).

SCOTTISH MAIDEN.—New York, May 31.—British motor timber Scottish Maiden (before reported) arrived May 30 from Newport News for repairs.

North Foreland, Wireless Station, May 31.—American s. American Shipper reports 3.30 a.m., passed sailing yacht with dinghy towing astern adrift in Channel midway between Nore Lightvessel and West Oaze Buoy, apparently no sign of life on board.

Mails and Shipping

OUTWARD MAILS

TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES

Mails will be dispatched from London to the destinations shown.

The times given are the latest hours for posting at the General Post Office, King Edward-street, London, E.C.1. In some of the district offices collections will be closed earlier.

NOON.—To China (all ports)*, Japan*, United States*, Bahamas, Bermuda, Central America (British Honduras, Guatemala, Honduras Republic, Nicaragua, Panama, Salvador), Cuba and Mexico, Chile (North), Colombia (exc. Santa Marta), Ecuador, Peru (exc. Iquitos), West Indies (Leeward Islands).

TO-MORROW (TUESDAY)

NOON.—To China (all ports)*, Japan*, United States*, Bahamas, Bermuda, Central America (British Honduras, Guatemala, Honduras Republic, Nicaragua, Panama, Salvador), Cuba and Mexico, Chile (North), Colombia (exc. Santa Marta), Ecuador, Peru (exc. Iquitos), West Indies (Leeward Islands).

6 P.M.—To China (all ports)*, Egypt, Palestine and Syria, Guianas (British, French, and Dutch), Ireland and Faroe Islands, Straits Settlements*, Venezuela, West Indies (Trinidad, Grenada, St. Vincent, and St. Lucia).

FULL LIST OF DISPATCHES

In the following table are shown the main overseas mails, other than daily, including those set out above, to be dispatched shortly from London:—

Destination	Posting at G.P.O., London	
ARGENTINA, BOLIVIA, CHILE (exc. North), PARAGUAY AND URUGUAY: Ital. pkt. (Giulio Cesare)	June 4	6 p.m.
R.M.S.P. (Asturias)	June 5	6 p.m.
R.M.S.P.† (Asturias)	June 6	6 p.m.
Houlder (Upway Grange)	June 7	7.30 a.m.
Fr. pkt.†† (Mendoza)	June 7	5.30 p.m.
Ger. pkt.† (Antonio Delfino)	June 7	6 p.m.
ASCENSION AND St. HELENA: U.-Castle (Durham Castle)	June 29	7.30 a.m.
AUSTRALIA: P. & O. (Narkunda)	June 5	6 p.m.
P. & O. (Malwa and Balranald)	June 12	6 p.m.
AUSTRALIA (Adelaide, &c.) AND ALL EASTERN STATE CITIES: Air Mails	June 5	6 p.m.
BAHAMAS, BERMUDA, PERU (exc. Iquitos): Via N.Y. (Leviathan)	June 2	8 p.m.
BRAZIL: (Pernam, Bahia): R.M.S.P. (Siltaria)	June 5	Noon
(Ceara, Maranhao): Booth (Benedict)	June 5	2 a.m.
(Rio, Santos): R.M.S.P. (Asturias)	June 5	6 p.m.
(Rio, Santos): R.M.S.P.† (Asturias)	June 6	6 p.m.
(Rio, Santos): R.M.S.P.†† (Demerara)	June 6	5.30 p.m.
(Rio, Santos): Fr. pkt.†† (Mendoza)	June 7	5.30 p.m.
(Rio, Santos): Ger. pkt.† (Antonio Delfino)	June 7	6 p.m.
(Ceara, Maranhao): Booth (Benedict)	June 7	6 p.m.
CANADA (all parts): Via N.Y. (Homeric)	June 4	2 a.m.
(Quebec City, &c.): Direct (Duchess of Atholl)	June 6	2 a.m.
(Quebec City, &c.): Direct (Emp. of Scotland)	June 7	2 a.m.
(exc. Quebec City, &c.): Via N.Y. (Aquitania)	June 6	6 p.m.
(exc. Quebec City, &c.): Direct (Emp. of Scotland)	June 7	2 a.m.
(Mag. Post) (all parts): Direct (Duke of Scotland)	June 6	5.30 p.m.
CANARY ISLANDS (Las Palmas): Via Madrid and Cadiz	June 4	7.30 a.m.
(all parts): Ger. pkt. (Wadai)	June 6	8 p.m.
CAPE VERD IS.: Via Lisbon	June 7	6 p.m.
CENTRAL AMERICA (Br. Honduras, Guatemala, Honduras Republic, Nicaragua, Panama, Salvador); CUBA AND MEXICO: Via N.Y. (Leviathan)	June 2	8 p.m.
CEYLON: P. & O. (Narkunda and Kaisar)	June 5	6 p.m.
P. & O. (Malwa and Balranald)	June 12	6 p.m.
CHINA (all parts): Via Siberia* (all parts): Holt* (Dardanus)	Daily	Noon
(all parts): Via Suez (Narkunda and Kaisar)	June 3	6 p.m.
(Shanghai, N. China): Via N.Y. (Aquitania)	June 5	6 p.m.
COLOMBIA (exc. S. Marta), CHILE (N.): Via N.Y. (Leviathan)	June 6	8 p.m.
(S. Marta): R. & F. (Patuca)	June 2	7.30 a.m.
COSTA RICA: Via N.Y. (Homeric)	June 2	8 p.m.
Via N.Y. (Aquitania)	June 4	2 a.m.
DUTCH EAST INDIES: Du. pkt. (Patria)	June 6	8 p.m.
P. & O. (Narkunda)	June 4	6 p.m.
EAST AFRICA (Kenya, Uganda, Zanzibar and Tanganyika): P. & O. (Narkunda)	June 5	6 p.m.
ECUADOR: Via N.Y. (Leviathan)	June 2	8 p.m.
EGYPT, SUDAN, PALESTINE, &c.: Air Mails†	June 7	6 a.m.
EGYPT, PALESTINE AND SYRIA: Ital. pkt. (Ausonia)	June 3	6 p.m.
Ital. pkt. (Ausonia)	June 4	9 a.m.
EGYPT (exc. Port Said) AND SUDAN: Ital. pkt. (Ausonia)	June 4	9 p.m.
EGYPT (exc. Tort Said): Ital. pkt. (Heloisa)	June 5	9 a.m.
EGYPT, CYPRUS, SUDAN, PALESTINE, &c.: P. & O. (Narkunda)	June 5	6 p.m.
FALKLAND IS.; Via M'video (Asturias)	June 5	5 p.m.
FIJI AND SAMOA: Via "Frisco (Homeric and Sonoma)	June 4	2 a.m.
Via "Frisco (Aquitania and Sonoma)	June 6	8 p.m.
GUIANAS (Br., Fr. and Du.): Fr. pkt. (Macoris)	June 2	6 p.m.
Fr. pkt. (Macoris)	June 3	6 p.m.
Du. pkt. (Cryssen)	June 7	7.30 a.m.
ICELAND AND FAROE Is.: Direct (Botnia)	June 3	6 p.m.
INDIA, ADEN, PERSIA (exc. North) (Ahwaz, Bushire and Mohammerah) AND SEISTAN: P. & O. (Narkunda)	June 5	6 p.m.
INDIA, IRAQ, PERSIA AND PERSIAN GULF: Air Mails†	June 7	6 a.m.
IRAQ, PERSIA (Ahwaz, Bushire and Mohammerah): P. & O. (Narkunda)	June 5	6 p.m.
JAMAICA: J.D.F. (Jamaica Producer)	June 2	Noon
Via N.Y. (Homeric)	June 4	2 a.m.
E. & F. (Patuca)	June 6	7.30 a.m.
Via N.Y. (Aquitania)	June 6	6 p.m.
JAPAN: Via Siberia*	Daily	Noon
Via N.Y. (Homeric)	June 4	2 a.m.
Via N.Y. (Aquitania)	June 6	6 p.m.
MADAGASCAR: Ft. pkt. (Gen. Duchesne)	June 4	6 p.m.
MADEIRA: U.-Castle (Carnarvon Castle)	June 6	11.30a.m
MAURITIUS: Via L. Marques (Carnarvon Castle)	June 6	11.30a.m
Fr. pkt.* (Gen. Duchesne)	June 4	6 p.m.
NEWFOUNDLAND: Direct (Newfoundland)	June 5	9 p.m.
Via Canada (Emp. of Scotland) (Mag. Post): Direct (Newfoundland) (Mag. Post): Via Canada (Emp. of Scotland)	June 7	2 a.m.
NEW ZEALAND: Via Suez (Narkunda)	June 5	6 p.m.
NEW ZEALAND: Air Mails†	June 5	6 p.m.
PERU (Iquitos): Booth (Aldan)	June 12	6 p.m.
PORTUGUESE EAST AFRICA: U.-Castle (Carnarvon Castle)	June 6	11.30a.m
SOUTH AFRICA (Port Elizabeth, East London, Durban, &c.): Air Mails*†	June 6	11.30a.m
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST AFRICA (Union Provinces, Rhodesia, Nyasaland, Bechuanaland, &c.): U.-Castle (Carnarvon Castle)	June 6	11.30a.m
STRAITS SETTLEMENTS: Holt* (Dardanus)	June 3	6 p.m.
STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, SIAM, FRENCH INDO-CHINA, NORTH BORNEO, &c.: P. & O. (Narkunda and Kaiyan)	June 5	6 p.m.
UNITED STATES: U.S.L.* (Leviathan)	June 2	6 p.m.
Pr. pkt. (Paris)*	June 3	Noon
W. Star (Homeric)	June 4	2 a.m.
Cunard (Aquitania)	June 6	6 p.m.
Cunard† (Carmania)	June 7	2 a.m.
VENEZUELA: Fr. pkt. (Macoris)	June 2	6 p.m.
Fr. pkt. (Macoris)	June 3	6 p.m.
Du. pkt. (Cryssen)	June 7	7.30 a.m.
WEST AFRICA (Gambia): Belgian Congo (exc. Katanga) and French Middle Congo: Bel. pkt.† (Thysville)	June 4	6 p.m.
Fr. Equatorial Africa (Gabon), Fr. General and Sudan: Fr. pkt. (Ionie)	June 2	6 p.m.
Fr. pkt. (Brazza)	June 7	6 p.m.
Fr. Guinea: Fr. pkt. (Multzer)	June 2	6 p.m.
Fr. pkt. (Brazza)	June 7	6 p.m.
Sierra Leone, Liberia, Gold Coast, Nigeria, Ivory Coast, Dahomey, Br. Togoland, Br. Cameroons: R.D. (Accra)	June 4	2 a.m.
Br. Cameroons, Fernando Po and Spanish Guinea: Ger. pkt. (Wadai)	June 6	8 p.m.
WEST INDIES (Leeward): Via N.Y. (Leviathan)	June 2	8 p.m.
(Trinidad, &c.): Fr. pkt. (Macoris)	June 2	6 p.m.
(Trinidad, &c.): Fr. pkt. (Macoris)	June 3	6 p.m.
(Trinidad, &c.): Du. pkt. (Cryssen)	June 7	7.30 a.m.
(Barbados): Du. pkt. (Cryssen)	June 7	7.30 a.m.

* Correspondence to be forwarded by this route must be specially so addressed.

† Air fee is 4d. per oz. in addition to the ordinary postage.

†† Air fee is 3d. per half oz. in addition to the ordinary postage.

‡ Air fees, to be prepaid by ordinary postage stamps, in addition to the ordinary postage and registration fee. If any, are as follows:—

To Egypt and Palestine, &c.	2d. per half oz.
" Iraq	3½d. "
" Persia and India (Karachi)	5d. "
" India (Delhi)	7d. "

An Air Mail label should be attached.

† Letters and post-cards only.

†† Printed papers, letters and post-cards will be sent by this dispatch only when addressed accordingly.

DISPATCHES OF PARCEL MAILS

Parcel mails will be dispatched to the destinations shown, the times given being the hours for posting at the General Post Office. TO-DAY, 11 A.M.—To Cuba (via U.S.A.) and British Honduras, Liberia, Nigeria and British Cameroons, Sierra Leone, West Indies (Barbados, Grenada, St. Lucia, Trinidad and Tobago). 6 P.M.—To Bahamas and Bermuda, Bolivia (via U.S.A.), Chile (all parts) (via U.S.A.), Honduras Republic (via U.S.A.), Mexico (via U.S.A.), West Indies (Leeward Islands). TO-MORROW, 9 A.M.—To Bolivia, Chile (via U.S.A.), Ecuador (via U.S.A.), Greece (for sea direct), Japan (via U.S.A.), Panama Canal Zone (via U.S.A.), Peru (exc. Dept. of Loreto) (via U.S.A.), United States. 11 A.M.—To Canary Islands. 1.10 P.M.—To Egypt, Palestine, Sudan and Syria (via France), India (via France), Iraq, and Persia (via France and Desert Motor Service, Mauritius (direct). 6 P.M.—To Brazil (Bahia and Pernambuco).

INWARD MAILS DUE

Letter mails are expected from the following countries and will probably be delivered in London as shown:—

TO-DAY.—Canada, Japan, Shanghai and North China, by s. Albertic; Kenya, Uganda and Tanganyika, by s. Leonato de Italia; Egypt, Sudan, Palestine and Syria, by s. Ausonia; Gambia, Sierra Leone, Gold Coast, Nigeria, Cameroons, Fernando Po and Spanish Guinea, by s. Kaiser-i-Hind; China and Japan, via Siberia. Dutch East Indies, by s. Indrapura. South Africa and Madeira, by s. Edinburgh Castle. Australia and Ceylon, by s. Orama.

LINERS EXPECTED

The following table shows the approximate times at which, according to the latest information available, incoming liners are expected at home ports:—

TO-DAY

ALBERTIC, (W. Star), from Montreal, Liverpool 9 a.m.
ARABIC (W. Star), from New York; Liverpool.
CITY OF HALIFAX (Ellerman), from South Africa; Liverpool.
CORTORDIA (Donaldson), from Quebec; Clarence.
EDINBURGH CASTLE (U.-Castle), from South Africa; Southampton, 6 a.m.
MONTANOWA (A.T.L.), from New York; King George V. Dock, 5 a.m.

TO-MORROW

AQUITANIA (Cunard), from New York; Southampton.
CITY OF CANBERRA (Ellerman), from Australia; London.

FORTHCOMING SAILINGS

Particulars of forthcoming sailings of liners from this country will be found in the companies' announcements on page 2.

MOVEMENTS OF LINERS

(FROM OWNERS AND LLOYD'S)

ABERDEEN AND COMMONWEALTH LINE

EMPRESS BAY .. For Hull, left 8thmts. 31st.

AFRICAN

ABINSI .. Outward, left Lagos 29th.
BASSA .. For Calabar, left Duala 29th.
BIAFRA .. For Lds., left Tenerife 30th.
HENRY STANLEY .. Fm. Calabar, arr. Lagos 29th.
NEW MEXICO .. Fm. Hull, arr. Tenerife 30th.

AMERICA-LEVANT LINE

BANDRIA .. For Venice, left Griz 29th.
BOSNIA .. For L'pool, left Buccia 29th.
RIVER HUDSON .. Fm. Makri, arr. A'andria 31st.

BIBBY

SHROPSHIRE .. Fm. Rangoon, arr. Ldn. 31st.
YORKSHIRE .. For Rangoon, left Mersey 31st.

BLUE FUNNEL

EUMAEUS .. For Ldn., left Pt. Swettenham 29th.
HECTOR .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Hong-kong 30th.
ORESTES .. For Ldn., left Yokohama 29th.

BLUE STAR

ALMEDA STAR .. For B. Aires, left St. Vincent 30th.
ARANTORA STAR .. Cruise, left 8thmts. 31st.
AVILA STAR .. Fm. Ldn., arr. B. Aires 29th.
DORIC STAR .. For China, left Pt. Said 30th.
NAPIER STAR .. For Ldn., left E. Grande do Sul 30th.

BOOTH

POLTCARP .. Fm. Hampton Roads, arr. Para 29th.

BRITISH AND AFRICAN

ARA .. For L'pool, left Takoradi 29th.
DAGOMBA .. For W. Africa, left L'pool 31st.
DARU .. For Bathurst, left Dakar 29th.
DUNKWA .. For Cont., left Las Palmas 30th.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

BEAVERBRAE .. Left Montreal 30th.
BEAVERFORD .. For Montreal, left Gravesend 31st.
DUCHESS OF ATHOLL .. Fm. Montreal, arr. Mersey 31st.
DUCHESS OF BEDFORD .. Fm. Montreal, arr. Quebec 31st.
DUCHESS OF RICHMOND .. Left Montreal 30th.
EMP. OF AUSTRALIA .. For Quebec, left 8thmts. 31st.
MONTCALM .. For Montreal, left Cherbourg 30th.
MONTROSE .. Fm. Montreal, arr. Ldn. 31st.

CLAN LINE

CLAN ALPINE .. For U.K., left Apia 28th.
CLAN LENDALY .. For Malabar, left Oran 30th.
CLAN MACALISTER .. For Beira, left L'pool 31st.
CLAN MACBEAN .. Fm. N.Y., arr. Belize 29th.
CLAN MACBRAYNE .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Marmagoa 30th.
CLAN MACINDOE .. For Ldn., left Durban 31st.
CLAN MACNAIR .. For E. Ldn., left Mossel B. 26th.
CLAN MACPHEE .. For Glasgow, left L'pool 30th.
CLAN MATHESON .. For Ldn., left Pt. Said 30th.
CLAN OGILVY .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Beira 30th.
HALIZONES ..

The Estate Market

SALES THIS WEEK

PALACE AND ABBEY

Except for one auction to-day, the dozen City sales of real estate this week are all on two days, to-morrow and Thursday. This afternoon a Carshalton freehold of 18 acres will be sold by Messrs. Morgan, Baines and Clark. To-morrow a large number of leasehold ground-rents, yielding a substantial net income for 20 years, will come under the hammer of Messrs. Rogers, Chapman and Thomas, who have for sale Southfields freeholds, a house and a proprietary garage in Wimbledon Park-road, a freehold in Victoria-road, Kensington, and Isle of Thanet freeholds, in Minster and Westgate-on-Sea. The reversion to freeholds in St. Pancras, with a large income for the next 27 years, forms one of the investments to be sold by Messrs. Rutley, Vine and Gurney. City premises, in Wormwood-street, await an offer through Messrs. Reynolds and Eason; and two large freeholds in Vauxhall Bridge-road, for sale by Messrs. Weston and Sons, derive value from their nearness to Victoria Station. Shops in Brixton-road, and Lordship-lane, East Dulwich, are in Messrs. Stimson and Sons' list for Thursday.

The Old Palace, Bekesbourne, near Canterbury, formerly Church property and associated with Cranmer, is one of nine properties for sale to-morrow by Messrs. Hampton and Sons at St. James'-square. The present house is seventeenth century, approached through a Tudor gatehouse. The Little Stour, in the grounds of four acres, gives surprisingly good trouting. "Upset" prices are named for Northwood House, four acres, at Herne Bay, £2,250; and Orchard House, an acre at Wargrave-on-Thames, £3,150. Other lots are Kenwood, Weybridge, three acres; a house at Chesham Bois; Hartwells, over two acres, at Pinkneys Green, Maidenhead; Greylands, Guernsey, five acres; Thirlmere, a freehold of an acre in Bexhill-on-Sea, with Messrs. Staines and Co.; and a freehold in Talbot-avenue, Bournemouth, jointly with Messrs. Fox and Sons.

Hinton Abbey, Somerset, a Tudor freehold, is the chief property for sale at Messrs. Harrods' mart to-morrow, and the joint agents are Messrs. Fortt, Hatt, and Billings (Bath). In "Highways and Byways in Somerset" (Macmillan and Co.) Mr. Edward Hutton has a note that seems appropriate, in view of the sale to-morrow:—

> I found a man examining the ruins . . . and whom I had tried to avoid. He came striding up to me and suddenly asked whether I thought of "taking the place."
>
> "I did not know it was to be had."
>
> "Yes, it is, and I hope you have no designs upon it, for I want it myself."
>
> "You may be quite easy in your mind," said I, "I could not afford it."
>
> "Neither can I; neither can I, but I have known it ever since I was a boy, and I have always wanted to buy it—not for myself."
>
> "You would return it to the Carthusians?"

The conversation, in which the history of the place is set forth, ended by the stranger bowing assent to the last question, and pleasant farewells.

Tillicoultry, near Stirling, will be offered by Messrs. Knight, Frank and Rutley at Glasgow on July 16 for Major Wardlaw Ramsay. The sale will include Tillicoultry House, dating from about 1756, and 1,529 acres. The estate has been in the present ownership, with one small break, for over a century.

Admiral of the Fleet Sir Roger Keyes has purchased the Tingewick House estate of 91 acres, near Buckingham, in the Bicester Hunt country.

Downe Golf Course, at Keston, five miles from Bromley, about 240 acres, has been sold "as a going concern."

Messrs. James Styles and Whitlock have disposed of the lease of Batworth Park, Arundel, a property of about 22 acres, on the estate of the Duke of Norfolk.

AUCTION SUMMARY

PROPERTY (TOWN, SUBURBAN, AND COUNTRY) SALES THIS DAY

Auctioneers	Place of Sale	Description
Morgan, Baines and Clark	The Mart, E.C. (2.30)	Freehold Property
Badley, Chaplin & Trotter	25, Thornton Hill, Wimbledon, S.W. (2.0)	Freehold Property

FURNITURE, WORKS OF ART, &c. SALES THIS DAY

Messrs.	Sefton Place, near Arundel (12.0)	Contents of the Residence
Knight, Frank and Rutley	Hornby Castle, Bedale, Yorks (1.0)	Antique Furniture, Pictures, Porcelain, &c.
Christie, Manson and Woods	King-street, St. James, S.W. (1.0)	Engravings
Sotheby and Co.	34-5, New Bond-street, W. (1.0)	Rare Books
Badley, Chaplin & Trotter	25, Thornton Hill, Wimbledon, S.W. (2.0)	Furniture, &c.
H. R. Harmer	6-8, Old Bond-street, W. (2.30)	Rare Postage Stamps
Glendining and Co.	7, Argyll-street, W. (—)	Rare Coins

LAND VALUATION WORK

CLAIMS OF CUSTOMS AND EXCISE OFFICERS

(FROM OUR CIVIL SERVICE CORRESPONDENT)

The effect of the Government's general policy in regard to indirect taxation is giving rise to concern among Customs and Excise officers, whose position as a class is already stated to be unsatisfactory in view of the large numbers of "unattached officers" who have not been definitely assigned to a district.

The matter has recently received the attention of the executive committee of the Customs and Excise Federation, of which the officers' organization is a constituent, and it has been decided to request the Chancellor of the Exchequer to receive a deputation. If this request is granted the deputation will explain how the repeal of indirect taxation, including the lapsing of the safeguarding duties, will affect the officer grade, and it will ask that duties in connexion with land valuations shall be given to the Customs and Excise Department. At present such duties would normally fall to the Valuation Office of the Inland Revenue Department.

TERRITORIAL ARMY AMBULANCE COMPETITION

The annual competition for the Territorial Army Ambulance Challenge Shield took place in Manchester recently. The shield was won, for the third year in succession, by the 167th (City of London) Field Ambulance, with 320½ marks out of a possible 400. The runners-up cup, presented by Lieutenant-General Sir Matthew Fell (late Director-General, Army Medical Services), was won by the 13th (4th London) General Hospital, with 316½ marks. Lieutenant-General H. B. Fawcus, Director-General, Army Medical Services, after presenting the badges and runners-up cup, commented on the keenness shown by the teams, and said that the War Office regarded the competition as a great stimulus to training in the Territorial Army. He hoped that teams of regimental stretcher bearers from combatant units would take part in the competition next year. The shield will be presented to the winners at the Mansion House by the Lord Mayor of London.

COMPANY MEETING NOTICES

4 lines 20s. (minimum)

OTTOMAN BANK.—Notice is hereby given that, in accordance with Article 40 of the Statutes, the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held on Tuesday, the 24th June, 1930, at Winchester House, Old Broad-street, London, at 12.30 p.m., to receive a Report from the Committee, on the Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1929, and to elect Directors and to replace the retiring Members of the Committee of Control.

By the 27th Article of the Statutes the General Meeting is convened of Shareholders possessed at least of 20 shares each, who are desired to forward certificates of their shares, or receipts for the deposit thereof, at the Head Office or the Chief Office of the Company, Liverpool, or at either of the several Branches or Agencies, at least 10 days before the day fixed for the Meeting.

By order of the Board,
W. F. SHEPPARD, Secretary.

London, 2nd June, 1930.

BONDS CANCELLED

PROVINCE of BUENOS AIRES 5 per CENT. STERLING LOAN of 1886.

Notice is hereby given that the following BONDS have been purchased by the operation of the Sinking Fund and CANCELLED:—

1,376 BONDS of £20 EACH.

10 to 11	..	2	14242	..	1
165	..	1	14330	..	1
297	..	1	14342	..	1
350	..	1	14530 to 14535	..	6
382	..	1	14576	..	1
781	..	1	14653	..	1
840 to 844	..	5	14737	..	1
906	..	1	14807	..	1
1009 to 1010	..	2	14938 to 14939	..	2
1023 to 1024	..	2	15076	..	1
1029 to 1034	..	6	15081	..	1
1037 to 1038	..	2	15175	..	1
1062 to 1065	..	4	15193	..	1
1074 to 1075	..	2	15207	..	1
1132 to 1137	..	6	15238 to 15239	..	2
1274	..	1	15367	..	1
1291	..	1	15393 to 15399	..	7
1362 to 1372	..	11	15456	..	1
1381	..	1	15588	..	1
1570	..	1	15738 to 15739	..	2
1597	..	1	15775	..	1
1631 to 1632	..	2	16034	..	1
1648 to 1652	..	5	16060 to 16062	..	3
1654 to 1656	..	3	16114 to 16115	..	2
1774	..	1	16119	..	1
1933 to 1934	..	2	16195 to 16196	..	2
2049 to 2057	..	9	16203 to 16207	..	5
2064 to 2071	..	8	16210 to 16217	..	8
2082 to 2083	..	2	16359	..	1
2236 to 2240	..	5	16391 to 16404	..	14
2414 to 2415	..	2	16532 to 16534	..	3
2421	..	1	16622 to 16623	..	2
2438	..	1	16641 to 16642	..	2
2454	..	1	16646	..	1
2477	..	1	16652	..	1
2512	..	1	16657 to 16658	..	2
2528	..	1	16665	..	1
2613 to 2618	..	6	16668	..	1
2689 to 2690	..	2	17009	..	1
2725	..	1	17064	..	1
2790	..	1	17100	..	1
2846 to 2847	..	2	17260 to 17266	..	2
2863	..	1	17291	..	1
2867 to 2868	..	2	17299	..	1
2872	..	1	17379	..	1
2917	..	1	17389	..	1
2973 to 2974	..	2	17391 to 17392	..	2
3265	..	1	17400	..	1
3326	..	1	17468 to 17469	..	2
3329 to 3330	..	2	17496	..	1
3460	..	1	17516	..	1
3498	..	1	17587 to 17589	..	3
3529	..	1	17599 to 17600	..	2
3572	..	1	17637	..	1
3575 to 3577	..	3	17713 to 17714	..	2
3773	..	1	17803	..	1
3778 to 3780	..	3	17854	..	1
3858	..	1	17940	..	1
3992	..	1	18066	..	1
4054	..	1	18104	..	1
4167	..	1	18158	..	1
4220	..	1	18293 to 18294	..	2
4376 to 4377	..	2	18305	..	1
4382	..	1	18485	..	1
4426	..	1	18498	..	1
4465	..	1	18527 to 18529	..	3
4536	..	1	18533 to 18536	..	4
4596	..	1	18545 to 18546	..	2
4778 to 4792	..	15	18569	..	1
4805	..	1	18632	..	1
4823 to 4832	..	10	18783 to 18784	..	2
4838	..	1	18796	..	1
4868	..	1	18806	..	1
4889 to 4893	..	5	18828	..	1
4929 to 4930	..	2	18850	..	1
5096 to 5097	..	2	18876	..	1
5175 to 5176	..	2	18951 to 18952	..	2
5208 to 5209	..	2	18959	..	1
5260 to 5263	..	4	18973	..	1
5337 to 5338	..	2	19095	..	1
5399	..	1	19124 to 19125	..	2
5425 to 5426	..	2	19164	..	1
5434	..	1	19187	..	1
5488	..	1	19226	..	1
5562 to 5563	..	2	19293	..	1
5691	..	1	19297	..	1
5698	..	1	19301 to 19303	..	3
5813 to 5814	..	2	19330	..	1
5826	..	1	19441 to 19443	..	3
5843	..	1	19498	..	1
5850 to 5851	..	2	19508	..	1
5882 to 5883	..	2	19564 to 19568	..	5
5908	..	1	19606	..	1
5926	..	1	19628 to 19629	..	2
6025	..	1	19737	..	1
6138 to 6139	..	2	19742	..	1
6159	..	1	19759 to 19760	..	2
6208 to 6209	..	2	19808	..	1
6260	..	1	19839 to 19840	..	2
6436 to 6437	..	2	19898 to 19902	..	5
6468 to 6469	..	2	20062	..	1
6489 to 6490	..	2	20066	..	1
6604	..	1	20088 to 20090	..	3
6786	..	1	20094	..	1
6810	..	1	20160	..	1
6844	..	1	20195	..	1
6861	..	1	20323 to 20326	..	4
6891	..	1	20329	..	1
6898 to 6907	..	10	20336	..	1
6921	..	1	20339	..	1
6992 to 6999	..	8	20614 to 20615	..	2
7034 to 7041	..	8	20639	..	1
7104	..	1	20686	..	1
7109 to 7110	..	2	20763 to 20796	..	4
7175	..	1	20799	..	1
7233	..	1	20847 to 20848	..	2
7354	..	1	20915 to 20920	..	6
7532	..	1	21280 to 21282	..	3
7539 to 7540	..	2	21323	..	1
7558	..	1	21425	..	1
7601	..	1	21515 to 21516	..	2
7635 to 7638	..	4	21542	..	1
7871 to 7873	..	3	21685	..	1
7904 to 7905	..	2	21760	..	1
7933	..	1	21853	..	1
7936 to 7938	..	3	21939 to 21941	..	3
7982	..	1	21952	..	1
8158	..	1	21964 to 21965	..	2
8170	..	1	22036 to 22037	..	2
8266	..	1	22448 to 22449	..	2
8276 to 8277	..	2	22453 to 22456	..	5
8329 to 8330	..	2	22551 to 22552	..	2
8516	..	1	22650	..	1
8575 to 8579	..	5	22602 to 22603	..	2
8762	..	1	22696	..	1
8771 to 8772	..	2	22944	..	1
8805	..	1	22946	..	1
8807	..	1	22971 to 22972	..	2
8870	..	1	22996 to 23003	..	8
9105 to 9106	..	2	23037	..	1
9124	..	1	23044 to 23045	..	2
9167 to 9168	..	2	23120	..	1
9175	..	1	23167 to 23168	..	2
9203	..	1	23222	..	1
9269 to 9270	..	2	23383	..	1
9325 to 9335	..	11	23425 to 23426	..	2
9340 to 9343	..	4	23479 to 23482	..	4
9370	..	1	23554 to 23555	..	2
9407 to 9408	..	2	23666	..	1
9420	..	1	23694	..	1
9649	..	1	23748	..	1
9655	..	1	23791 to 23792	..	2
9658	..	1	23863 to 23864	..	2
9725	..	1	23906	..	1
9742	..	1	23982	..	1
9770	..	1	24068	..	1
9859	..	1	24127	..	1
9861 to 9862	..	2	24139	..	1
9958	..	1	24155 to 24156	..	2
10035	..	1	24186 to 24187	..	2
10138 to 10139	..	2	24193 to 24194	..	2
10348	..	1	24226 to 24227	..	2
10350	..	1	24239	..	1
10382	..	1	24347	..	1
10466	..	1	24405	..	1
10469 to 10470	..	2	24492 to 24493	..	2
10607	..	1	24519	..	1
10639	..	1	24521	..	1
10831 to 10832	..	2	24541	..	1
10966	..	1	24569 to 24572	..	4
11011 to 11014	..	4	24587	..	1
11198	..	1	24603	..	1
11285	..	1	24616	..	1
11318	..	1	24677	..	1
11407	..	1	24687	..	1
11431	..	1	24695	..	1
11472 to 11473	..	2	24718	..	1
11579	..	1	24723	..	1
11614	..	1	24731 to 24733	..	2
11653 to 11657	..	5	24747	..	1
11676 to 11677	..	2	24936	..	1
11801 to 11802	..	2	24847 to 24850	..	4
11829	..	1	24890	..	1
11836	..	1	24896	..	1
11871	..	1	24924	..	1
11944 to 11945	..	2	25012	..	1
11999 to 12002	..	4	25069 to 25070	..	2
12023 to 12031	..	9	25123	..	1
12172	..	1	25125	..	1
12179 to 12180	..	2	25144 to 25145	..	2
12201	..	1	25169 to 25170	..	2
12242 to 12244	..	3	25205	..	1
12333 to 12334	..	2	25263	..	1
12382 to 12383	..	2	25315	..	1
12398	..	1	25378 to 25378	..	2
12491 to 12493	..	3	25386 to 25387	..	2
12527	..	1	25479 to 25480	..	2
12655	..	1	25520	..	1
12825	..	1	26057 to 26060	..	4
12828	..	1	26114	..	1
12846	..	1	26116	..	1
13014	..	1	26125	..	1
13045 to 13048	..	4	26154	..	1
13093	..	1	26161	..	1
13096	..	1	26172 to 26173	..	2
13307 to 13308	..	2	26187	..	1
13347 to 13348	..	2	26219 to 26220	..	2
13364 to 13365	..	2	26248 to 26249	..	2
13426 to 13427	..	2	26295 to 26296	..	2
13447	..	1	26303	..	1
13487	..	1	26306	..	1
13326 to 13337	..	2	26376	..	1
13536	..	1	26468 to 26471	..	4
13558 to 13561	..	4	26477	..	1
13673 to 13674	..	2	26523 to 26524	..	2
13725	..	1	26537	..	1
13750 to 13753	..	4	26663 to 26693	..	2
13755	..	1	26779 to 26780	..	2
13757 to 13760	..	4	26870 to 26878	..	3
13762 to 13768	..	7	26969 to 26970	..	2
13827	..	1	27000	..	1
13878 to 13879	..	2	27063 to 27064	..	2
13896	..	1	27126	..	1
14188	..	1	27258	..	1

BONDS CANCELLED (continued)

27278 to 27282	..	5	35469 to 35471	..	3
27385	..	1	35522 to 35527	..	5
27675 to 27678	..	2	35549 to 35552	..	4
27692	..	1	35555 to 35557	..	3
27715	..	1	35630	..	1
27741	..	1	35633 to 35635	..	3
27868 to 27869	..	2	35640 to 35641	..	2
27914 to 27915	..	2	35647	..	1
27917	..	1	35651	..	1
27968	..	1	35655	..	1
28040	..	1	35658	..	1
28080	..	1	35749 to 35752	..	4
28134	..	1	35771	..	1
28136 to 28140	..	5	35773	..	1
28202	..	1	35780 to 35789	..	10
28227 to 28228	..	2	35536	..	1
28272 to 28276	..	5	35907 to 35910	..	4
28291 to 28292	..	2	35581	..	1
28313	..	1	35588	..	1
28392	..	1	36089	..	1
28404 to 28405	..	2	36097	..	1
28472	..	1	36124 to 36127	..	4
28434	..	1	36361	..	1
28448	..	1	36383	..	1
28490	..	1	36423	..	1
28511	..	1	36436	..	1
28513	..	1	36590 to 36591	..	2
28518	..	1	36594 to 36595	..	2
28859 to 28860	..	2	36645 to 36646	..	2
28915	..	1	36771	..	1
28957 to 28959	..	3	36828	..	1
28974 to 28975	..	2	36906	..	1
29043 to 29044	..	2	36909	..	1
29266 to 29268	..	3	37050	..	1
29281	..	1	37055	..	1
29329	..	1	37059	..	1
29335	..	1	37125 to 37126	..	2
29466	..	1	37144	..	1
29653 to 29655	..	3	37404	..	1
29659 to 29659	..	2	37592	..	1
29726	..	1	38092	..	1
29804 to 29805	..	2	39198	..	1
29813	..	1	39209	..	1
29815	..	1	39877	..	1
29852	..	1	40532 to 40536	..	5
30011	..	1	40579	..	1
30032	..	1	40851 to 40852	..	2
30035 to 30036	..	2	41086	..	1
30100	..	1	41104 to 41108	..	5
30130	..	1	41416	..	1
30246 to 30247	..	2	41504 to 41505	..	2
30264	..	1	41638	..	1
30319	..	1	41813 to 41814	..	2
30416 to 30417	..	2	41978 to 41979	..	2
30443	..	1	41996 to 42000	..	5
30475	..	1	42038	..	1
30605	..	1	42226	..	1
30613 to 30615	..	3	42228	..	1
30823	..	1	42283	..	1
30641 to 30642	..	2	42473 to 42474	..	2
30651 to 30659	..	9	42490	..	1
30704 to 30707	..	4	42502 to 42503	..	2
30717	..	1	42520 to 42524	..	5
30723	..	1	42532 to 42534	..	3
30725	..	1	42550 to 42551	..	2
30746	..	1	42555	..	1
30773	..	1	42559	..	1
30929 to 30930	..	2	42566 to 42567	..	2
31013	..	1	42594	..	1
31061 to 31062	..	2	42702	..	1
31074	..	1	42780	..	1
31133	..	1	42818	..	1
31501 to 31503	..	3	42824 to 42825	..	2
31537	..	1	42836	..	1
31539	..	1	42844	..	1
31693	..	1	42847	..	1
31714	..	1	42857	..	1
31737 to 31738	..	2	42990	..	1
31818	..	1	43277	..	1
31866 to 31871	..	6	43465	..	1
31875 to 31878	..	4	43550 to 43551	..	2
31907	..	1	43585	..	1
31929	..	1	43615 to 43616	..	2
31968	..	1	43630 to 43632	..	3
31980 to 31982	..	3	43647	..	1
32087	..	1	43661	..	1
32171	..	1	43678	..	1
32181 to 32182	..	2	43680	..	1
32192 to 32193	..	2	43682	..	1
32231 to 32234	..	4	43684	..	1
32248	..	1	43691	..	1
32275	..	1	43700	..	1
32286	..	1	43818 to 43819	..	2
32289 to 32290	..	2	43850	..	1
32370	..	1	43955	..	1
32519	..	1	43968	..	1
32577	..	1	44220	..	1
32609	..	1	44223	..	1
32668 to 32669	..	2	44227	..	1
32691 to 32692	..	2	44305 to 44306	..	2
32724	..	1	44367	..	1
32868	..	1	44393	..	1
32908	..	1	44421	..	1
32914	..	1	44488 to 44489	..	2
32935 to 32936	..	2	44495 to 44498	..	4
32990 to 32991	..	2	44509	..	1
32996	..	1	44610	..	1
33011	..	1	44654	..	1
33115 to 33117	..	3	44663 to 44664	..	2
33135	..	1	44691	..	1
33214	..	1	44850 to 44851	..	2
33291	..	1	44882 to 44884	..	3
33285 to 33286	..	2	44925	..	1
33305 to 33306	..	2	44955	..	1
33332	..	1	44965	..	1
33403 to 33405	..	3	44971 to 44972	..	2
33440 to 33441	..	2	44976 to 44979	..	4
33467	..	1	45018 to 45019	..	2
33505	..	1	45021	..	1
33517	..	1	45023 to 45024	..	2
33585	..	1	45026 to 45029	..	4
33627	..	1	45031 to 45033	..	3
30605	..	1	45286	..	1
30219	..	1	41813 to 41814	..	2
30416 to 30417	..	2	41978 to 41979	..	2
30443	..	1	41996 to 42000	..	5
30475	..	1	42038	..	1
30605	..	1	42226	..	1
30613 to 30615	..	3	42228	..	1
30823	..	1	42283	..	1
30641 to 30642	..	2	42473 to 42474	..	2
30651 to 30659	..	9	42490	..	1
30704 to 30707	..	4	42502 to 42503	..	2
30717	..	1	42520 to 42524	..	5
30723	..	1	42532 to 42534	..	3
30725	..	1	42550 to 42551	..	2
30746	..	1	42555	..	1
30773	..	1	42559	..	1
30929 to 30930	..	2	42566 to 42567	..	2
31013	..	1	42594	..	1
31061 to 31062	..	2	42702	..	1
31074	..	1	42780	..	1
31133	..	1	42818	..	1
31501 to 31503	..	3	42824 to 42825	..	2
31537	..	1	42836	..	1
31539	..	1	42844	..	1
31693	..	1	42847	..	1
31714	..	1	42857	..	1
31737 to 31738	..	2	42990	..	1
31818	..	1	43277	..	1
31866 to 31871	..	6	43465	..	1
31875 to 31878	..	4	43550 to 43551	..	2
31907	..	1	43585	..	1
31929	..	1	43615 to 43616	..	2
31968	..	1	43630 to 43632	..	3
31980 to 31982	..	3	43647	..	1
32087	..	1	43661	..	1
32171	..	1	43678	..	1
32181 to 32182	..	2	43680	..	1
32192 to 32193	..	2	43682	..	1
32231 to 32234	..	4	43684	..	1
32248	..	1	43691	..	1
32275	..	1	43700	..	1
32286	..	1	43818 to 43819	..	2
32289 to 32290	..	2	43850	..	1
32370	..	1	43955	..	1
32519	..	1	43968	..	1
32577	..	1	44220	..	1
32609	..	1	44223	..	1
32668 to 32669	..	2	44227	..	1
32691 to 32692	..	2	44305 to 44306	..	2
32724	..	1	44367	..	1
32868	..	1	44393	..	1
32908	..	1	44421	..	1
32914	..	1	44488 to 44489	..	2
32935 to 32936	..	2	44495 to 44498	..	4
32990 to 32991	..	2	44509	..	1
32996	..	1	44610	..	1
33011	..	1	44654	..	1
33115 to 33117	..	3	44663 to 44664	..	2
33135	..	1	44691	..	1
33214	..	1	44850 to 44851	..	2
33291	..	1	44882 to 44884	..	3
33285 to 33286	..	2	44925	..	1
33305 to 33306	..	2	44955	..	1
33332	..	1	44965	..	1
33403 to 33405	..	3	44971 to 44972	..	2
33440 to 33441	..	2	44976 to 44979	..	4
33467	..	1	45018 to 45019	..	2
33505	..	1	45021	..	1
33517	..	1	45023 to 45024	..	2
33585	..	1	45026 to 45029	..	4
33627	..	1	45031 to 45033	..	3
30605	..	1	45286	..	1
47201	..	1	49984	..	1
47203 to 47206	..	4	49967 to 49969	..	3
47210 to 47211	..	2	49971	..	1
47218	..	1	50060	..	1
47322	..	1	50008	..	1
47381	..	1	50020	..	1
47428	..	1	50022	..	1
47512 to 47515	..	4	50041	..	1
47521	..	1	50044	..	1
47523	..	1	50053	..	1
47527	..	1	50055 to 50057

APARTMENTS AND BOARD-RESIDENCE
(continued)

SEASIDE AND COUNTRY

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Bed room, bath, and breakfast from 9s. a day.
Weekly inclusive terms from five guineas.
Inspection invited. Brochure sent free.
Telephone, Park 2402 (five lines).
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(Accommodation for 240 Guests.)
Most convenient for any part of London.
Beautiful Public Rooms. Passenger Lift.
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Full board (minimum 4 days).
12s. per day; £4 7s. 6d. per week.

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SELSDON PARK HOTEL,
SANDERSTEAD, SURREY. 'Phone: Purley 2000.
Half an hour from the City and West End. Combining the luxury of the most modern hotel with country house atmosphere and moderate inclusive terms.
Golf on PRIVATE 18-HOLE GOLF COURSE
Luxurious car service between Hotel and East Croydon Station. Billiards. Tennis. Dancing. All free. Squash, hard tennis, hard water, standard golf links reserved in every bed room. Numerous suites and rooms with private bath room. Electric lifts. Fully licensed.
Profusely illustrated Brochure free on request.
Every Saturday Dinner and Dance 10s. 6d.
Jack Hylton presents his Rhythmagicians.

DUNMORE HOTEL,
SHALDON, SOUTH DEVON.
Torquay, six miles. 'Phone: Shaldon 2.
Fully licensed.
BATH AND WEST SHOW.
WHITSUNTIDE.
Opening of New Ballroom June 7th.
Exhibition by World Champion Ballroom Dancers.

SIDMOUTH. Victoria Hotel, one of the finest Hotels in the West. Golf, tennis, sea and brine baths. Lift. Fine Suites. Garages, many lock-ups. A.A., R.A.C.

SIDMOUTH.—BELMONT HOTEL, first class, most modern, overlooking and near sea; two acres of grounds; self-contained suites, bed rooms with private baths; passenger lift.

TORQUAY, PARK HALL HOTEL.
Facing sea. Central heating, hot and cold water all bed rooms; free tennis; garage.—Mrs. T. Bagley. Tele. 3454.

TUNBRIDGE WELLS. THE EARLS COURT HOTEL.
Tele. 1511. Finest position in Mt. Ephraim. Passenger lift.

WINCHESTER. ROYAL HOTEL.
Leading Family Hotel.
Central but very quiet. Every comfort.
Overlooking own garden. Central heating. Telephone 81.

WORTHING THE BEACH HOTEL.
A first-class charmingly appointed Hotel, facing Sea (A.A.). Every bed has a Vi-spring overlay mattress on a box-spring. Hot and cold running water in every bed room.
Telegrams: "Sunny," Worthing.

WOODY BAY, MARTINHOE, MANOR HOTEL. Beautifully furnished. Every comfort. Own spring mattresses. Lovely grounds. Tennis. Bathing. Garage.

ESCAPE from noise and bustle.—The ROYAL PIER HOTEL, YARMOUTH, ISLE of WIGHT; quiet and peaceful; lawn to sea; first-class cuisine and service; garage. A.A.—Manager.

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BRAEMAR, FIFE ARMS HOTEL.
Patronised by Royalty and the Court.
Golf, Tennis, Fishing, Mountaineering. Recently renovated. Private Suites. Brochure on application.
'Phone 14. J. Taylor.

CRIEFF.—The Queen of Scottish Health Resorts. A beautifully situated "mid the hills and dales of Perthshire, with first-rate centre and many healthful and pleasurable attractions. Golf, tennis, bowling, fishing, and mountaineering; 30 minutes from the famous Gleneagles.—Write for Booklet to Amenities' Secretary (Dept. C), Crieff. Excellent train service and holiday tickets by the L.M.S. Railway.

DUNDEE. THE ROYAL BRITISH HOTEL.
The leading Hotel and Restaurant in Dundee.

EDINBURGH. BLAIR ATHOLL HOTEL.
Grosvenor-street (West End). 'Phone 612171.
A highly recommended comfortable Hotel.

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MELVILLE-CRESCENT (West End).
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MACHRIHANISH, CAMPBELTOWN, N.B.
UGADALE ARMS HOTEL.
Ideal Golfing Resort on Shores of Atlantic.

MONIFIETH.—PANMURE HOTEL. Route on the famous East Coast Golf Course. Station three minutes. Dundee six miles. 'Phone 111.

NORTH BERWICK. BRAMERTON HOTEL.
Two minutes from Station. Links and Tennis Courts.

OBAN. ROYAL HOTEL.
Adjoining Station. Overlooking Bay.
Garage. A.A. and M.U. 'Phone 82. Terms, Proprietor.

RY direct Sleeping Car from King's Cross or Euston; CRIANLARICH HOTEL, PERTHSHIRE; 500ft. up. Mountaineering. Splendid salmon and trout fishing. Headquarters B.S.A.C. and A.A. 'Phone 2. Also ROYAL HOTEL, TYNDRUM, PERTHSHIRE. Both Loch and River fishing, including famous River Orchy. Tennis Court. Own Garage, and cars for hire.

RUSACK'S ST. ANDREWS
On the Links.
Home Farm. Suites. Winter Garden and Garage.
Why not come to SCOTLAND this year?

SKELMORLIE HYDRO HOTEL
Skelmorlie, Ayrshire, on the Firth of Clyde. Tennis, Golf, Bowling, &c. The centre for famous Clyde Pleasure Sailings. For illustrated Booklet and terms apply Managress.

ST. ANDREWS. ALEXANDRA HOTEL.
3 minutes from Golf Course.
Nearest to Station and Tennis Courts. 'Phone 60.

ST. ANDREWS.—ATHOLL HOTEL; close to Station; overlooking Links and Sea; Garage and Lock-ups. A.A.—'Phone 124.

STONEHAVEN. BAY HOTEL.
Lift to all floors. Garage. Fully licensed.
Excellent Golf. Tennis. Bowling. 'Phone 60.

WALES

CORBETT ARMS HOTEL, Towyn-on-Sea, N. Wales. Fully licensed. Tele., 9 Towyn. Every comfort, good food. Garage. A.A., R.A.C.—Resident Proprietress.

PARIS HOTELS, RESTAURANTS, AND TEA ROOMS.

THE AMBASSADOR On the new Boulevard Haussmann.
The largest Continental Hotel. 600 rooms. 600 baths.

HOTEL APOLLO (D. POISSON, Prop.), 31, Rue Dunkerque, opp. Nord Station; 100 rooms; latest comfort; from 30f.; 50 baths. Full board from 55f.

HOTEL ASTORIA CHAMPS-ELYSEES (facing Arc de Triomphe).
RESTAURANT open to non-residents.

HOTEL BRIGHTON, 218, Rue de Rivoli.
In the heart of the fashionable centre.

HOTEL LOUIS LE GRAND, 2, Rue Rouget de l'Isle, Paris. Off Rue de Rivoli (Tuileries).

HOTEL LUTETIA 43, 45, 47, BOULEVARD RASPAIL.
THE SMARTEST. THE MOST MODERN.
Tariff with plan sent on request.

MEURICE HOTEL AND RESTAURANT.
RUE DE RIVOLI.
OVERLOOKING THE TUILERIES GARDENS.

NOEL PETERS Passage des Princes.
Open daily from 10 a.m. Dinner 7 p.m.
THE OLDEST AND MOST PARISIAN RESTAURANT.

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Rooms and bath. Very quiet. Moderate terms.

ROYAL HAUSSMANN 2-4, BOULEVARD HAUSSMANN.
An hotel of distinction. Most central location.

THE
HOTEL-RESTAURANT RITZ.
PLACE VENDÔME.

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Facing the Tuileries Gardens.
AN ARISTOCRATIC HOTEL.

HTL. de l'UNIVERS 19, Rue Croix des Petits Champs, Mod. Comfort.

HOTEL WESTMINSTER 13, Rue de la Paix.

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3 lines 4s. 6d. (minimum)

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FOREIGN RESORTS AND HOTELS
3 lines 6s. (minimum)

BOMBAY. GRAND HOTEL. Latest and most comfortable in Bombay. Built on modern European sanitary principles.

BELGIUM

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, ANTWERP-LIEGE (BELGIUM)
APRIL-OCTOBER, 1930.
Put up at
RESIDENCE-PALACE,
155, rue de la Loi, BRUSSELS.
The largest establishment of the kind in Europe where rest will find
Large and Small Flats luxuriously furnished.
Hotel rooms most comfortable.
Restaurant—Ornamented Façade on the 11th floor. Splendid panorama of Brussels.
Swimming bath. Russian and Turkish baths. Golf School. Garage for 300 cars.
Theatre—Foyer—Shops.
Hairdresser—Post Office. Bank.
All in the building.

BELGIUM.—KNOCKE-ZOUTE-sur-MER.—RUBENS HOTEL; first class; ideal situation on sea front, near Casino, golf, and tennis; no taxes. Apply prospectus.

BLANKENBERGHE. HOTEL D'HONDT.
Noted for comfort and attention.—E. D'Hondt, Propr.

BLANKENBERGHE.—HOTEL BRISTOL. First-class. Best position on front. Moderate terms. English clientèle. Restaurant (open to non-residents).

CONTINENTAL PALACE, BLANKENBERGHE, near Casino; facing sea and bathing; first-class throughout. Patronised by the leading English families.

FRANCE

ARROMANCHES (Calvados, France). GRAND HOTEL.
Seaside. Special price June.

CORSICA, ILE ROUSSE (five hours from Nice).—NAPOLEON BONAPARTE; 150 rooms, with bath and telephone. Park 100ha. Golf 16 holes; tennis, beach.

DINARD.—VICTORIA and BRITANNIA. Near Beach and Casino. Moderate terms. Same management Beaumont House, Pl. Royal, PAU (Pyrenees).

DINARD.—HOTEL DES TERRASSES. Facing sea.
First class. Open June 1st. Moderate terms.

DINARD, LE GRAND HOTEL.
Unique situation on the River Rance and the Sea. Next to Tennis Grounds and Casino.
Excellent Cuisine. 150 rooms. 80 baths.
WILL OPEN JUNE 20th.

DINARD.—HOTEL DE PROVENCE ET ANGLETERRE. Now open. Central heating; 80 rooms, 20 private baths; lift. Moderate prices.—Joubert, Prop.

EVIAN (Haute Savoie, France).—PETIT ERMITAGE. View on lake and mountains. All comfort. Healings and rest. Diets. English spoken. Moderate prices.

JUAN-LES-PINS.—HOTEL SPLENDIDE, 80 rooms. Facing South; with balconies; bath rooms; open to new golf course. Patronised by English visitors. From 60frs.

JUAN-LES-PINS, PENSION MAJESTIC. Latest comfort. Excellent cooking; 100 yards from sea. Pension from 24frs. per week.

LE TOUQUET.—THE CARLTON, right on beach; 200 rooms. Whitsuntide, 75frs.; July from 90frs.; Aug. from 100frs.; all taxes included.

LUC-SUR-MER (Calvados, France).
HOTEL BELLE PLAGE.
On the sea; 110 rooms; comfort; tennis; park; complete boards; service and taxes included, 60frs.

NICE.—SPLENDID HOTEL. 150 rooms (80 with bath). 'Phone in every room. Central. Full pension from 80frs. and 100frs. with bath rooms.

ST. LUNAIRE, DINARD (France).—Paris and St. Briac Hotel; facing sea; near golf; all comfort; apartments, with bath; garage.

TOURS. HOTEL METROPOLE.
100 rooms, 25-150frs. Meals 25frs. Inclusive from 65frs

TROUVILLE-SUR-MER.
HOTEL BELLEVUE. Place du Casino.
A good Hotel at moderate prices.
RESTAURANT "A LA SOLE NORMANDE."

HOTEL DES ROCHES-NOIRES.
First Class. Right on the Beach. Entirely transformed 1928. Excellent Restaurant. PRIVATE GARAGES.

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MILAN. PALACE HOTEL.
De Luxe. Up to date. 300 beds. At the Central Station.

MILAN.—HOTEL PRINCIPE AND SAVOIA.—The newest leading Hotel; 250 rooms, 150 baths.—Management, Cavaliert, G. Parattin and Brothers.

MILAN.—HOTEL CONTINENTAL.—Entirely renewed; 300 rooms, 150 baths. Latest comfort.—Same proprietor Hôtel du Nord.

TREMEZZO, Lake of Como.—GRAND HOTEL and VILLA CARLOTTA. Splendid situation, adjoining "Villa Carlotta." Up-to-date first-class Hotel.

SWISS RESORTS

GRIMMIALP (4,100ft.) Bernese Oberland.
GRAND HOTEL. (From Fr.12.)
Pleasant Summer Resort.

GENEVA, CARLTON HOTEL.
Beautiful Park; tennis, garage. Ideal for holidays.

LUCERNE. HOTEL SCHWEIZERHOF.
Every comfort. Golf 18 holes. O. Hauser, Proprietor.

LUGANO. HOTEL DE LA PAIX.
First class.
Full South. Beautiful grounds; near lake. From 14frs

BUSINESS PREMISES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

BAKER-STREET, MAYFAIR, &c.—Principal Agents for all available SHOPS, FLATS, and RESIDENCES.—FREEMAN, Ltd., 1, Baker-street, W.1. Welbeck 2975.

BRIGHTON, WESTERN-ROAD, the premier shopping area of the town, amongst the multiple shops. Bold CORNER FREEHOLD SHOP Property with ten rooms over; frontage about 20ft., return frontage about 50ft. Bargain price of £6,500 only with possession on completion, or Lease would be considered.—Agents, WM. WILLETT, LTD., 52, Church-road, Hove, and Sloane-square, S.W.1.

BERKELEY-SQUARE and BOND-STREET (between). Private Dressmakers, &c.—Well fitted Premises to be Let, with Show rooms, fitting rooms, Stock rooms, Offices, and Work room accommodation for over 100 hands; moderate inclusive rental.—Full particulars of WHITE, DRUCE and BROWN, 6, Hanover-square, W.1.

CITY OF LIMERICK.
LIMERICK DISTILLERY.
FOR SALE, EXTENSIVE PREMISES, formerly used as a distillery suitable for factory, storage or building purposes. AREA FIVE ACRES. FRONTAGE to ROAD 1,100 FEET, also water frontage. Dwelling houses on site.
Apply to
J. B. BARRINGTON and Co., Barr

SURBITON COURT

LATEST SUNSHINE FLATS. RENTALS £130 TO £260.
INCLUDES RATES AND CONSTANT HOT WATER.

This charming old-world court is surrounded by modern garages, flowering borders, spacious lawns, hard tennis court, putting and bowling greens, &c.

16 MINS. WATERLOO.
5 mins. Surbiton Station, 25 mins. West End. Close to Hampton Court, Richmond Park, Kew, Roehampton Club, Wimbledon, river, and golf courses.

SURBITON COURT, ST. ANDREW'S-SQUARE, SURBITON.

50 GARAGES.
RESTAURANT.
DOMESTIC SERVICE
as required, also spare rooms and suites Furnished Flats. Osborne Surbiton Estates, Ltd., St. Andrew's-sq., Surbiton. Surrey. Tels., Kingston 2340. Or Nightingale, Page & Bennett, Surbiton & Kingston. Tels., 0499 and 2334. Maple & Co., and Hamptons, London.

FLATS AND CHAMBERS
(Continued from Page 27)

ROBINS, SNELL & TERRY,
London's Principal Flat Agents.

EBURY STREET.—A lady duting unfurnished absence is willing to LET her beautifully FURNISHED FLAT; two reception, three bed rooms, kitchen, bath room, &c.—Apply ROBINS, SNELL and TERRY, 123, Victoria-street, S.W.1. (Victoria 8881.)

WESTMINSTER.—ONE of the best FLATS in popular mansions now being remodelled and thoroughly modernised; large light rooms. Rent £406. No premium.—Apply sole agents, ROBINS, SNELL and TERRY, 123, Victoria-street, S.W.1. Victoria 8881.

HARRODS (adjoining).—Delightful sunny well FURNISHED MAISONNETTE; three bed rooms, two reception, kitchen, and bath room; well arranged. To be LET for a few months at moderate rent.—Keys and details ROBINS, SNELL and TERRY, 123, Victoria-street, S.W.1. Victoria 8881.

BEAUFORT-GARDENS, KNIGHTSBRIDGE.—Very light FLAT, having one large room, two bed rooms, bath room, and kitchenette. Rent £175. Nominal commission to tenant. Recommended as a bargain by EWART GILKES and PARTNERS, 2, Hans-road, S.W.3. Sloane 6148-9.

WESTMINSTER (close to Park).—Excellent MANSION FLAT to be LET Unfurnished; four bed rooms, two reception, kitchen, bath room; lift. Rent only £260 per annum.—Apply CHAS. V. STEVENS and Co., 56, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Vic. 4806.

WESTMINSTER (close to Park).—Bright, well FURNISHED MANSION FLAT; three bed rooms, two reception, kitchen, bath room; lift; phone. Rent £325 per annum. Long lease.—Sole Agent, C. M. MALTBY, 63, Knightsbridge, S.W.1. (Sloane 4240.)

WILTON-STREET (Just off).

EXCELLENT MODERN "MEWS" FLAT; THREE BED, BATH, TWO RECEPTION. All conveniences. Low premium.—Apply sole Agents, CAREBROTHER, ELLIS and Co., 94, Dover-street, London, W.1. (Regent 7846.)

RENT £185 P.A. INCLUSIVE.

FLAT (small), rent £120 inclusive rates, few minutes BOND-STREET, CAVENDISH-SQUARE; modern building, lift, central heating, constant hot water; food and service obtainable.—Write Box 7002, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

GOWER-STREET. — GROUND FLOOR SUITE of vacant June 7th. Inclusive rent £140. Service if required.—79, Gower-street, W.C.1.

HAMPSTEAD (high ground, near stations).—A charming self-contained first Floor FLAT, with large and beautiful apartments; two bed, bath, two reception, kitchen, &c., rent £175 per annum inclusive.—MATCH and Co., Ltd., 14-15, College-crescent, Swiss Cottage, N.W.3.

HOLLAND-PARK (proper). No premiums.—Two delightful Unfurnished FLATS, large rooms; three bed, two reception, kitchen, and bath room. £150 per annum.—GOODWIN and Co., 52, new Broad-street, E.C.2.

HYDE PARK.—FURNISHED FLAT; two bed, one reception, kitchen, bath; constant hot water; 4gns. RICHARDS, 177, Regent-street, W. Regent 2913.

IDEALLY SUITABLE FOR A DOCTOR.—GROUND-FLOOR FLAT; two reception, three bed, bath, &c. Rent £330 inclusive. Constant hot water.—Apply NEWELL and NEWELL, 4, High Holborn, W.C.1. Gerrard 3244.

PALACE-COURT, W.2.

IN A CHARMING OLD-WORLD SQUARE.
KENSINGTON.—A compact MODERN FLAT with delightful outlook over Gardens; two bed, two reception rooms, kitchen; constant hot water; porter. Rent £210 per annum. Newly decorated.—Sole Agents, ROW and SON, 35a, Kensington High-street, W.8.

REALLY CHARMING FLAT.
KENSINGTON (close Gloucester-road Station). Three good bed rooms, bath room, two fine reception rooms, hall, kitchen, &c.

RENT ONLY £265 P.A. INCLUSIVE.

CONSTANT HOT WATER. ELECTRIC PASSENGER LIFT. Uniformed porter, &c. Good lease for small premium.—Sole Agents, MASON and MASON, 2a, Kensington High-street, W.8.

One bed, bath, one reception room, and kitchen.

KENSINGTON (Campden Hill).—FIRST-FLOOR BIJOU FLAT to be LET; rent £135 per annum.—Keys with MARSH and PARSONS, 40 and 42, Church-street, Kensington.

CONSTANT HOT WATER.
KENSINGTON.—A most attractive FLAT in excellent decorative repair, comprising four bed rooms, bathroom, two reception rooms, kitchen; electric light, porter, telephone. £125 asked for lease to include fixtures and fittings.—STORY and Co., 48, Kensington High-street, W.8.

RENT £226 P.A. INCLUSIVE.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE.—MANSION FLAT, second floor; passenger lift; four bed, bath, two reception, kitchen, &c.; redecorated. Rent £400, inclusive; new lease.—PALSER and SON, 60, South Audley-street, W.1.

CENTRAL HEATING.
CONSTANT HOT WATER. LIFT.
MAIDA VALE.—Charming Unfurnished MANSION FLAT in favourite court; two bed rooms, reception room, large lounge hall, kitchen, and bath room; restaurant. £150 per annum. Moderate premium for long lease.—MAGGS and Co., 235, Maida-vale, W.9. Maida Vale 0064.

MARBLE ARCH, within 200 yards of.—MAISONNETTE; four rooms, kitchen, bath, two w.c.'s. Rent £170 inclusive; no premium.—Write Box 8.1697, The Times, E.C.4.

MARBLE ARCH (adjoining).—Charming LITTLE SELF-CONTAINED FLAT to be LET; well furnished; first floor; bed room, reception room, kitchen, bath; all services per maid.—VICTOR CULLEN and SON, 10a, Great Portland-street, W.1. Museum 4326.

MAYFAIR (GROSVENOR-STREET).—FLAT of three rooms and bath room to be LET unfurnished; rent £225; no premium. Mayfair 2351.

MAYFAIR COURT,
STRATTON-STREET, PICCADILLY, W.1.
(Devonshire House Site.)
TO BE LET UNFURNISHED.
SERVICE FLATS.
Unrivalled situation.
Complete Service.
INCLUSIVE RENTALS
FROM £385
per annum without extras.
Accommodation for Personal Maids.
Illustrated brochure to be obtained at THE ESTATE OFFICE on the premises.
Telephone, Mayfair 8081.

NEW CAVENDISH-STREET.—Daintily FURNISHED FLAT; one bed room, one reception, &c.; 'phone; gas fires; only 4gns.—Keys, WARD and DAVIS, 93, Mortimer-street, W.1. Langham 3087-8.

ONE, QUEEN'S-GATE-TERRACE.—FURNISHED, with full service.—MAISONNETTE (five rooms and bath room), 7gns. per week.—T.N., Western 2029.

CHELSEA EMBANKMENT.
PARTICULARLY CHARMING MANSION FLAT, overlooking Chelsea Embankment, facing South; passenger lift; constant hot water; electric heating; five bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, usual offices.
RENT £500 PER ANNUM.
Long lease. No premium.
HARRODS, Ltd., Sloane 34, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

PICCADILLY (one minute).—Well-found LET; charming SERVICE FLAT, Furnished or Unfurnished.—28, Carrington-court, Shepherd Market, Mayfair. Grosvenor 2585.

PORTLAND-PLACE.—Exceptionally attractive FLAT; two reception, three bed, bath room, and kitchen; lift; constant hot water; newly decorated. Rent £460.—ELGOOD and Co., 10, Henrietta-street, Cavendish-square, W.1. Langham 2001.

Five bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, &c.

QUEEN'S-GATE, S.W.7.—WELL FURNISHED FLAT with fine open views over GARDENS, to be LET for two or three months or longer; maids would remain. Strongly recommended by—E. R. PRITCHARD and Co., 13a, Gloucester-road, S.W.7. (Western 1167-1168).

SERVICE FLATS
(facing the Park).
Furnished or Unfurnished for any period.
High-class Restaurant. Children specially catered for.
Apply KENSINGTON PALACE MANSIONS, De Vere-gardens, London, W.8.
Telephone: Kensington 3675 (ten lines).

LIGHT, AIRY AND SOUTH ASPECT.
SERVICE FLAT to be LET Unfurnished; mansion block in Westminster with restaurant; two bed rooms, spacious reception room, &c.; in exceptionally good decorative order; rent £275 per annum, plus service charges; nominal premium for improvements and fixtures.—BOND and Co., 16, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Victoria 7860.

Overlooking and access to large gardens.
Three bed rooms, two reception rooms, bath room, and kitchen.

SOUTH KENSINGTON, S.W.10.—Opportunity of securing the only FLAT available in favourite building, facing south, with early possession; good lease at this low rent. Premium £150, to include linoleums and fixtures. Sole Agents:—E. R. PRITCHARD and Co., 13a, Gloucester-road, S.W.7. (Western 1167-1168).

RENT £210 P.A.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.—An exceptional opportunity occurs to secure a most charming, quiet, and pleasant FLAT, overlooking, and with access to 3½ acres private gardens; three bed rooms, two reception rooms, spacious hall, and usual offices, with every convenience; porters; passenger and service lifts. Inclusive rental £304 per annum (no premium).—Apply Agents, Messrs. SAUNDERS and GOLMICK, 84, Carteret-street, Broadway, Westminster, S.W.1. Victoria 8532.

A CHARMING Detached RESIDENCE, in an ideal situation, just off Wimbledon Common; eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, three sitting-rooms, billiard room; acre, with garage for three and a two-stall stable. To be let, £300 per annum, or for sale at £7,000 Freehold.—Apply

OGDENS OF WIMBLEDON.
Offices facing the Station. 'Phone 0044.

BANSTEAD. Delightful situation, facing South.—Exceptionally choice architect-designed RESIDENCE. Square hall, cloak room, two fine reception, four bed, child bath, ideal offices. Large garden. Garage space. FREEHOLD £2,500, or would be Let at £170 per annum.—PEARSON, Meadow View, Worcester Park, Malden 0972.

EALING.—Owner forced to sell.—Easy-to-run FREEHOLD detached RESIDENCE, Castlebar-hill, splendid position; garage for two cars; pretty gardens; billiard room, lounge, two other reception rooms, six bed rooms; parquet floors; non-basement. PRICE £4,200, open to offer.—Agents, SAUNDERS, 40, Gloucester-road, S.W.7. Western 6611-2.

An exceptionally well-appointed MODERN RESIDENCE.
20 MINUTES FROM LIVERPOOL-STREET,
situate in the best residential part of the district.
Eight minutes from Woodford Station.

FOR SALE, a very attractive FREEHOLD RESIDENCE containing hall, three reception rooms, five bed and dressing rooms, fine loggia, maids' room, bath room, and usual offices; company's water, electric light and gas; central heating. Independent hot-water supply; excellent garage. The garden is well laid out and includes tennis court, kitchen garden, &c.
PRICE £3,250; OFFERS TO OFFER.
Apply Owner's Agents, Messrs. COLLINS and COLLINS, 37, South Audley-street, Grosvenor-square, W.1.

FREEHOLD.—THAMES DITTON LABOUR-SAVING RESIDENCE, facing Common near station; seven bed, three reception; garage (two cars); tennis; fruit, &c. £2,946. Deacon's, Feschurch-avenue, E.C.3.

HAMPSTEAD GARDEN SUBURB (close to Heath).—See the labour-saving houses, unique design, with dome light from roof garden; six bed, two reception, lounge hall, &c.; central heating. £2,200 leasehold.—Apply 44, Litchfield-way, N.W.11. 'Phone, Speedwell 7158. Car available, or 608 bus Highgate to North-way.

HEALTHY HARROW. Rates 8s. 6d. LOCAL AGENTS
Messrs. CLARKE and Co.,
The Harrow Estate Offices, adjoining Met.Stn. Tele.0219.

RICHMOND DISTRICT.
THE IDEAL HOUSE FOR THE CITY MAN.
Only two minutes from Station. High situation in a most delightful spot, central heating, grounds of ¼ acre, including tennis court.
IMPOSING DOUBLE-FRONTED RESIDENCE, easily worked and well planned; six bed rooms, dressing room, three ground-floor reception rooms, sun parlour and lounge; detached double garage. The whole in perfect repair. Low Freehold price of £3,750 will be accepted.

HOUGHTONS of RICHMOND,
"Surrey House," 27, The Quadrant, Richmond (adjoining railway stations). Tels., Richmond 3141 (four lines), and at Kew Gardens and Putney.

LOW-BUILT HOUSE WITH ATTRACTIVE GARDEN
on three sides of it. Standing high on a corner. A unique HOUSE, practically detached, and in a really quiet situation. Central heating.
Within easy reach of City and West End.
Six bed rooms, dressing room, two bath rooms.
THREE GROUND-FLOOR RECEPTION ROOMS.
Room for Garage.
PRICE ONLY £3,000.
NORFOLK and PRIOR.
14, Hay-hill, Berkeley-square, W.1. (Mayfair 6343.)

NEW MALDEN (Waterloo 20 mins.).—Pre-War built MODERN RESIDENCE, in corner position, with half-acre nicely laid-out garden and carriage drive, attractive panelled hall, seven bed, three reception, &c.; garage. £3,000 FREEHOLD, or would be Let at £150 per annum.—SALTER, REX and Co., Chartered Surveyors, 130, Cheapside, E.C.2. (Bel. 6394.)

PURLEY.—SALE, FREEHOLD, fine site, good HOUSE, modern equipment; spacious rooms, verandah, lovely garage.—Particulars, Owner, 44, Highfield-road, Purley.

FLATS AND CHAMBERS (continued)

SERVICE FLAT.
ST. ERMIN'S, WESTMINSTER, facing South, with pleasant outlook.—Unfurnished FLAT; four bed, two reception, two bath. Rent £1,000 per annum inclusive of service. Central heating; constant hot water; excellent restaurant.—Apply HERRING, SON and DAW, 1, Broadway, Westminster. Franklin 6725.

ST. JOHN'S WOOD (favourite building).—Beautifully FURNISHED and decorated FLAT; four bed, bath, two reception rooms; INDEPENDENT HOT WATER; lift, porters, &c. Rent 10gns per week. Another with five bed rooms, 14 gns.—Sole Agents, BRITTON, POOLE and Co., 2, Wellington-road, N.W.8.

£175 PER ANNUM.
Constant hot water and passenger lift.
ST. JOHN'S WOOD.—Three bed rooms, two reception, kitchen, and bath room; nominal sum for lease and fitting.—Apply S. and S. FREEMAN, Ltd., 1, BAKER-STREET, W.1. WELBECK 2975.

LARKHALL ESTATE, CLAPHAM. NEW FLATS. THE LAST THREE BLOCKS are now AVAILABLE for LETTING; three-four rooms; constant hot water; Frigidaire fitments; lock-up garages; large, well-planned rooms; pleasant garden surroundings. Rents, together with rates, from £2 2s. to £2 16s. per week.—Apply for Illustrated Booklet, Secretary, Larkhall Estate, Ltd., Dept. D.T., 101, St. Stephen's House, Westminster, S.W.1. Telephone, Franklin 6276.

TO be LET.—Up-to-date unfurnished FLAT, newly decorated; six rooms, bath room, lounge hall, and usual offices. Rent £206 per year. Can be seen any time, also Sundays.—16, Marlborough Mansions, Cannon-hill, Finchley-road, N.W.6.

CLOSE TO BRITISH MUSEUM.
TWO UNFURNISHED MANSION FLATS of two bed, two reception, &c.; lift. Inclusive rentals £230 and £250. No premium.—BUCKLAND and SONS, 4, Bloomsbury-square, W.C.1. Holborn 7536.

UNFURNISHED FLAT available in this attractive building, with two reception, four bed rooms, kitchen and bath. Rent £350 per annum inclusive. Premium for seven years' lease and tenant's fittings, subject to tenant redecorating at commencement of term; £225, or near offer.—Apply Albert Court Estate Office, Kensington Gore, S.W.7.

ALBERT HALL MANSIONS (adjoining Kensington Gardens).

ABSOLUTELY CENTRAL.
UP-TO-DATE and bright five bed-room MANSION FLAT; constant hot water; lift and porters; two reception and hall, ideal bath room and kitchen; tastefully decorated and expensively fitted. Rent £325. No premium.—HARRODS, Ltd., 65-84, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

W.C.1.—Up-to-date MANSIONS FLATS; two receptions, three-five beds, bath room, and kitchen; constant hot water; £220-£280.—Estate Office, Gordon-mansions, Francis-street, W.C.1. Museum 2377.

WELL FURNISHED SERVICE FLATS to be LET, just out of St. James'-street; hot and cold running water; first-class service.—Apply Steward, 61, Jermyn-street, W.1. 'Phone, Gerrard 1650.

10 *Guineas per Week.*
WESTMINSTER.—Beautifully FURNISHED MANSION FLAT; four bed, bath, two reception; 4-6 months.
HORACE JOYCE and Co., 16, Victoria-street, S.W.1.

WESTMINSTER.—Well FURNISHED SERVICE FLAT; large reception room, two bed rooms, bath room, extra bath room available. Rent 15gns per week.—Apply J. Hargreaves, 210, St. Ermin's, S.W.1. 'Phone, Vic. 3441, or during office hours Vic. 5999.

NEW LEASE. NO PREMIUM.
WESTMINSTER.—MANSION FLAT with five bed, two reception rooms, kitchen, and bath room; fifth floor; passenger lift. Rent £400 per annum.—BOND and Co., 16, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Victoria 7860.

RENT £280 PER ANNUM.
WESTMINSTER. UNFURNISHED FLAT in highest-class mansion; reception, five bed rooms, bath room, kitchen, &c.; available 24th June.—HERON and HERON, 135, Victoria-street, S.W.1.

WESTMINSTER (close to Park).—Excellent MANSION FLAT; two reception, four bed rooms, kitchen, bath room; lift. Rent £280 per annum.—Apply CHAS. V. STEVENS and Co., 56, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Victoria 4806.

BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED SERVICE FLAT.

WHITEHALL COURT.

One sitting room, two double bed rooms and bath room; facing River and Embankment Gardens.—Apply Estate Office, Whitehall Court, S.W.1. Telephone, Victoria 3160.

UNIQUE SERVICE FLATS.
with real character and efficiency.
25, QUEEN'S-GATE, close to Park.—Compact SUITES; sumptuous furnishing; constant hot water; passenger lift; splendid catering and service.—Apply Manager.

£240. Five bed rooms, three reception rooms, bath, &c. ONSLOW-GARDENS. — Attractive MAISONETTE with open outlook; premium £200.—Agents, DRAKE and RUCK, 39, Alfred-place, South Kensington (opposite Station).

FURNISHED SERVICE FLAT.
8GNS. PER WEEK including service. Exceptionally well appointed.—Westminster. Two bed, sitting room, and bath room.—BOND and Co., 16, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Victoria 7860.

SEASIDE AND COUNTRY

BOURNEMOUTH.—Delightfully sunny and well FURNISHED GROUND-FLOOR FLAT, West Cliff; garden; three bed rooms, two reception, kitchen, bath; garage.—Write Box 3776, Smiths, Bournemouth.

HOVE.—Splendidly FURNISHED MAISONNETTE, facing sea; balcony; two reception, six bed, two bath, kitchen; constant hot water, electric lights, gas cooker; 10 guineas week, or Let Unfurnished.—Apply "Covertside," Smallfield, Surrey.

WANTED

WANTED, a well FURNISHED FLAT, in or near QUEEN'S-GATE, from third week in September for 1½ to two years; four bed rooms, two reception rooms, bath room, and usual offices; reasonable rent.—Write particulars to Box S.1691, The Times, E.C.4.

WANTED, UNFURNISHED FLAT or MAISONNETTE, Westminster, Chelsea, Knightsbridge; five rooms, kitchen, bath room. £140 per annum; premium for fittings not exceed £50.—Write Box S.1699, The Times, E.C.4.

WANTED, a MODERN FURNISHED SERVICE FLAT in West End; double bed room, sitting room, and bath room. Rental 4 to 6 guineas.—Write Box 0872, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

SUBURBAN HOUSES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

CHISLEHURST.
Just in the market at less than half original cost.
A unique labour-saving RESIDENCE in perfect repair. A standing high with beautiful views; gravel soil; 12 bed rooms (could make 16), four reception rooms, four bath rooms; central heating throughout by 38 radiators; electric light; garage; charming grounds with tennis court, &c.; admirable for private residence, nursing home, institute, &c. PRICE FREEHOLD ONLY £5,500 or NEAR OFFER.—Personally inspected and recommended by the Agents, Messrs. SAUNDERS and GOLMICK, 84, Carteret-street, Broadway, Westminster, S.W.1. Victoria 8532.

A CHARMING Detached RESIDENCE, in an ideal situation, just off Wimbledon Common; eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, three sitting-rooms, billiard room; acre, with garage for three and a two-stall stable. To be let, £300 per annum, or for sale at £7,000 Freehold.—Apply

OGDENS OF WIMBLEDON.
Offices facing the Station. 'Phone 0044.

BANSTEAD. Delightful situation, facing South.—Exceptionally choice architect-designed RESIDENCE. Square hall, cloak room, two fine reception, four bed, child bath, ideal offices. Large garden. Garage space. FREEHOLD £2,500, or would be Let at £170 per annum.—PEARSON, Meadow View, Worcester Park, Malden 0972.

EALING.—Owner forced to sell.—Easy-to-run FREEHOLD detached RESIDENCE, Castlebar-hill, splendid position; garage for two cars; pretty gardens; billiard room, lounge, two other reception rooms, six bed rooms; parquet floors; non-basement. PRICE £4,200, open to offer.—Agents, SAUNDERS, 40, Gloucester-road, S.W.7. Western 6611-2.

An exceptionally well-appointed MODERN RESIDENCE.
20 MINUTES FROM LIVERPOOL-STREET,
situate in the best residential part of the district.
Eight minutes from Woodford Station.

FOR SALE, a very attractive FREEHOLD RESIDENCE containing hall, three reception rooms, five bed and dressing rooms, fine loggia, maids' room, bath room, and usual offices; company's water, electric light and gas; central heating. Independent hot-water supply; excellent garage. The garden is well laid out and includes tennis court, kitchen garden, &c.
PRICE £3,250; OFFERS TO OFFER.
Apply Owner's Agents, Messrs. COLLINS and COLLINS, 37, South Audley-street, Grosvenor-square, W.1.

FREEHOLD.—THAMES DITTON LABOUR-SAVING RESIDENCE, facing Common near station; seven bed, three reception; garage (two cars); tennis; fruit, &c. £2,946. Deacon's, Feschurch-avenue, E.C.3.

HAMPSTEAD GARDEN SUBURB (close to Heath).—See the labour-saving houses, unique design, with dome light from roof garden; six bed, two reception, lounge hall, &c.; central heating. £2,200 leasehold.—Apply 44, Litchfield-way, N.W.11. 'Phone, Speedwell 7158. Car available, or 608 bus Highgate to North-way.

HEALTHY HARROW. Rates 8s. 6d. LOCAL AGENTS
Messrs. CLARKE and Co.,
The Harrow Estate Offices, adjoining Met.Stn. Tele.0219.

RICHMOND DISTRICT.
THE IDEAL HOUSE FOR THE CITY MAN.
Only two minutes from Station. High situation in a most delightful spot, central heating, grounds of ¼ acre, including tennis court.
IMPOSING DOUBLE-FRONTED RESIDENCE, easily worked and well planned; six bed rooms, dressing room, three ground-floor reception rooms, sun parlour and lounge; detached double garage. The whole in perfect repair. Low Freehold price of £3,750 will be accepted.

HOUGHTONS of RICHMOND,
"Surrey House," 27, The Quadrant, Richmond (adjoining railway stations). Tels., Richmond 3141 (four lines), and at Kew Gardens and Putney.

LOW-BUILT HOUSE WITH ATTRACTIVE GARDEN
on three sides of it. Standing high on a corner. A unique HOUSE, practically detached, and in a really quiet situation. Central heating.
Within easy reach of City and West End.
Six bed rooms, dressing room, two bath rooms.
THREE GROUND-FLOOR RECEPTION ROOMS.
Room for Garage.
PRICE ONLY £3,000.
NORFOLK and PRIOR.
14, Hay-hill, Berkeley-square, W.1. (Mayfair 6343.)

NEW MALDEN (Waterloo 20 mins.).—Pre-War built MODERN RESIDENCE, in corner position, with half-acre nicely laid-out garden and carriage drive, attractive panelled hall, seven bed, three reception, &c.; garage. £3,000 FREEHOLD, or would be Let at £150 per annum.—SALTER, REX and Co., Chartered Surveyors, 130, Cheapside, E.C.2. (Bel. 6394.)

PURLEY.—SALE, FREEHOLD, fine site, good HOUSE, modern equipment; spacious rooms, verandah, lovely garage.—Particulars, Owner, 44, Highfield-road, Purley.

BY INSTRUCTIONS OF ADMIRAL OF THE FLEET SIR ARTHUR D. FANSHAWE, G.C.B., G.C.V.O.

NEWBURY

340FT. ABOVE SEA LEVEL AND COMMANDING GLORIOUS PANORAMIC VIEWS.
THE MOST ATTRACTIVE RESIDENTIAL ESTATE IN THIS FAVOURITE LOCALITY, OCCUPYING WITHOUT QUESTION THE FINEST POSITION IN THE DISTRICT.

FOR SALE,
THE LITTLE PARK ESTATE.

THE RESIDENCE CONTAINS
MAGNIFICENT LOUNGE HALL,
FOUR RECEPTION ROOMS, TWO BATH ROOMS,
13 BED AND DRESSING ROOMS.
TWO LODGES. SIX COTTAGES.
STABLING. GARAGES.

BEAUTIFUL BUT
INEXPENSIVE PLEASURE GROUNDS.
THREE GARDENERS ONLY.

TOTAL AREA, 150 ACRES.
HOME FARM, 115 ACRES, LET.

FULL PARTICULARS, PHOTOGRAPHS, &c., FROM THE SOLE AGENTS,
MESSRS. DREWEATT, WATSON & BARTON, THE MARKET PLACE, NEWBURY.

SUBURBAN HOUSES (continued)

MORGAN BAINES & CLARK,
Auctioneers and Surveyors,
OPPOSITE THE STATION, SUTTON.
(tele. 2220 (2 lines).
FOUR EXCEPTIONAL BARGAINS.

CHEAM, high ground, 10 minutes station.—Well-built Modern Detached RESIDENCE, on two floors only; good hall with radiator, ground-floor cloak room, charming lounge, dining room, five bed rooms, TWO TILED BATH ROOMS, complete labour-saving domestic offices; electric light; parish road; full-size garage; excellent garden with 125ft. frontage; tennis court. £2,650 FREEHOLD.

SUTTON, eight minutes station, south side.—Exceptionally well-built and commodious Detached RESIDENCE; three excellent reception rooms, magnificent billiard room, two ground-floor cloak rooms, seven bed rooms, dressing room, bath room, complete offices; electric light; central heating; good garden. £2,500 FREEHOLD. Extra garden if required.

SUTTON, high position, ¼-mile station, south side.—Charming artistic semi-detached HOUSE; two excellent reception rooms, ground-floor cloak room, four bed rooms, tiled bath room, kitchen, separate scullery; electric light; all services; detached garage with lean-to loggia on south side forming garden room; pretty garden. £1,600 FREEHOLD.

SUTTON, best residential position, seven minutes station.—Attractive well-built semi-detached HOUSE; wide hall, two large reception rooms, five bed rooms, bath room, kitchen with "Ideal" boiler, separate scullery; electric light; parish road; good garden. £1,250 FREEHOLD.

Further particulars of MORGAN, BAINES and CLARK, as above.

ABSOLUTE BARGAIN.
PUTNEY HILL
(Just off); few minutes Station, Shops and Heath. Best part. 15 minutes from Town.
MODERN Detached RESIDENCE. The spacious and compact accommodation, arranged for labour-saving lines, comprises: Large hall three reception rooms, billiard or music room, winter garden, excellent domestic offices, six bed rooms, dressing room, three bath rooms, &c.; secluded useful garden; brick-built motor house. PRICE £3,750, or £750 cash, balance on mortgage.—Sole Agents:

DOUGLAS KERSHAW & CO.,
133, Upper Richmond-road, Putney. Tele., Putney 0249.

WATFORD, BUSHEY, ST. ALBANS, PINNER, NORTHWOOD.—Estate Agents, STIMPSON, LOCK and VINCE. Offices at all centres.

A Choice Position facing
WIMBLEDON COMMON.
SUNNY ASPECT. GRAVEL SOIL.
FOR SALE FREEHOLD.
A CHARMING MODERN RESIDENCE.
ACCOMMODATION ON TWO FLOORS.

Four reception	*Bath*	*Parquetry*
Eight beds	*Electric light*	*floors*

BRICK-BUILT GARAGE. GARDEN.
Apply Agents, JAMES NEAL and SONS, High-street, Wimbledon Common, S.W.19. (D.2929.)

ABSOLUTE GIFT.
£2,950. Twenty-five minutes from Cannon-street, close to the unspoilt village of Old Bexley, in a high, healthy, and rural position.—An exquisitely designed MODERN HOUSE, estimated to have cost over £7,000; vestibule, lounge hall, cloakroom, three reception rooms, eight or nine bed rooms, two bath rooms; electric light, gas, telephone, company's water, main and gravel soil; garage for two cars, stabling and man's room over; extraordinarily pretty gardens, with tennis and other lawns; kitchen garden.

TWO ACRES. FREEHOLD.
Illustrated particulars of Messrs. EWART, WELLS and Co., 11, Bolton-street, Piccadilly, London, W.1.

£675. BARGAIN. — SYDENHAM. — Good HOUSE; five bed, two reception, bath, &c.; excellent decoration.—Owner, 45, Highfield-road, Purley.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

A GEM OF GEMS. (A.D. 1660.)
Perfect example of Jacobean Architecture, full of original panelling.

SURREY, between Hindhead and Godalming, in the loveliest rural part, perfect seclusion, glorious views. To be LET, Furnished, unique old MANOR HOUSE, with original staircase and other features; nine bed and dressing, two baths, four reception, offices; electric light, 'phone, central heating; garage, stable, cottage, wonderful old-world gardens of FIVE ACRES; tennis. Very low rent, premium for lease; only wants seeing.
Apply REGINALD C. S. EVENNETT, F.A.I., Haslemere (Tele. 10); also at Hindhead and Farnham.

SMALL GEORGIAN FARMHOUSE.
TO BE SOLD OR LET, Furnished,
LOVELY PETERSFIELD DISTRICT, park-like country, quiet without isolation, ideal for restoring and converting into Private Residence; four good rooms downstairs and four (large) rooms first floor; SOLID BARN full of old oak; garage and numerous outbuildings; orchard and meadow; SIX ACRES. PRICE £2,500, or £1,400 with house, garage and 1½ acre only; land up to 36 acres available.
Apply REGINALD C. S. EVENNETT, Haslemere, Hindhead, and Farnham.

Hunting, Yachting, Shooting, and Golf in vicinity. Within three miles of the centre of a well-known Essex town.

A Gentleman's exceptionally attractive SMALL RESIDENTIAL ESTATE, comprising charming old GEORGIAN RESIDENCE, containing four reception, five beds, two dressing rooms, bath room; electric light from own plant, modern drainage; telephone installed; garage and stabling; delightfully timbered gardens and grounds; lodge; ample farm premises including registered cowhouse for 15; 74 ACRES in all, 34 rich old pasture. To be SOLD as a whole or with smaller area to suit a purchaser. FREEHOLD. POSSESSION.—Full particulars of C. M. STANFORD and SON, 23, High-street, Colchester. 'Phone 231.

SUSSEX,
ON A PRIVATE ESTATE
A Well-appointed MODERN RESIDENCE of attractive design, occupying a choice situation in favourite locality within 50 minutes of London, on high ground, commanding distant views; three reception, six bed, bath; stabling, garage; lovely gardens and woodland; in all about 5½ acres, affording delightful shady walks, 5½ ACRES. Low price for quick sale.—Photographs and details from F. L. MERCER and Co., 7, Sackville-street, W.1. Tele., Regent 6773.

A SCOT.—To be SOLD, with POSSESSION, attractive FREEHOLD RESIDENCE with 10 bed rooms, three bath rooms, four reception, good domestic offices; stabling, garages; three cottages; lovely old lawns and gardens; parklike paddocks, in all about 21 ACRES; near Ascot Heath and the Royal Enclosure, Swinley Forest, Sunningdale, and Wentworth Golf Links. The whole is in excellent order and strongly recommended.—Sole Agents, GIBBONS and SONS, High-st., Ascot.

In a good sporting neighbourhood, 2½ miles main line station.

A Very well-appointed RESIDENCE, in excellent order, containing three reception rooms, eight bed rooms, dressing room, two bath rooms; electric light, excellent water supply; two large garages and good stabling; two cottages. The gardens and grounds, together with two paddocks, extend in all to about 18 ACRES. Recommended by the Sole Agents, Messrs. BLAKE, SON and WILLIAMS, 49, Chancery-lane, W.C.2; or HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

A PERFECT SPECIMEN of an OLD SUSSEX FARMHOUSE, with massive stone roof and wonderful old oak beams and open fireplaces; in a lovely position at BOLNEY; five bed rooms, two reception rooms; company's water; garage; extensive range of buildings, including fine old barn, affording wonderful material for additions or alterations; very pretty garden, paddocks, and woodlands—in all about 26 ACRES. FREEHOLD, £3,000, or near offer.—Strongly recommended by the Sole Agent, RAYMOND BEAUMONT, F.S.I., Burgess Hill, Sussex.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES (continued)

EIGHT MILES FROM TUNBRIDGE WELLS.—A charming OLD SUSSEX FARMHOUSE, altered and modernised into a gentleman's residence, facing South, and enjoying wide panoramic views; three reception rooms, seven bed rooms, two dressing rooms, bath room; company's water, central heating; stabling, garage, modern buildings, four cottages; delightful old-world gardens, tennis and ornamental lawns; about 50 Acres of woodland and an area of rich pasture, in all about 181 ACRES. Or would be divided and sold with less land.—CARTER, BANKS and BENNETT, Estate Agents, Tunbridge Wells.

NEAR TUNBRIDGE WELLS.—A delightful OLD SUSSEX FARMHOUSE, modernized, containing three reception rooms, five bed rooms, dressing room, bath room; lawn and kitchen garden; grand views. PRICE £1,600.—CARTER, BANKS and BENNETT, Estate Agents, Tunbridge Wells.

SEVENOAKS, few minutes' walk of station, 32 minutes Cannon-street, good residential district. Detached HOUSE; large garden; lounge hall, two reception, five bed rooms, bath room; garage. PRICE £2,650, cash, or offer.—CARTER, BANKS and BENNETT, Estate Agents, Tunbridge Wells.

TUNBRIDGE WELLS (two miles).—To be SOLD, genuine old RESIDENCE, containing three reception rooms, boudoir, seven bed rooms, dressing room, bath room, &c.; garage, old-world gardens.—CARTER, BANKS and BENNETT, Estate Agents, Tunbridge Wells.

TUNBRIDGE WELLS, near station; three reception, gentlemen's lavatory and cloak room, kitchens and offices all on one level, six bed rooms, two bath rooms; lawn and garden with site for garage.—CARTER, BANKS and BENNETT, Estate Agents, Tunbridge Wells.

NEAR TUNBRIDGE WELLS, standing high, with daily service of trains to London; three reception, six bed rooms, bath room; company's water and gas, electric light and telephone; tennis court, lawns and gardens, in all about 1¼ ACRES. PRICE £2,250, open to offer.—CARTER, BANKS and BENNETT, Estate Agents, Tunbridge Wells.

A HEREFORDSHIRE VILLAGE. — Old-fashioned mullion window COTTAGE; stone walls and roof; walled garden; hall, two reception, four bed, bath; garage; electricity. £1,250.—Elliott, Whitchurch, Hereford.

IN PROXIMITY TO
BANSTEAD DOWNS.
560ft. up, near Golf and Station.
TO BE LET UNFURNISHED.
RENT ONLY £240 PER ANNUM.
A fine MODERN RESIDENCE, in splendid order, beautifully placed, with South-West aspect, and lovely views.
BILLIARD ROOM, TWO BATH ROOMS.
COMPANY'S GAS AND WATER.
*The approach is by a main drive, and the accommodation, hall, inner hall, three reception rooms, 10

HURCOMBS, PICCADILLY, W.1.

A GREAT AUTHORITY on books has supplied me with some interesting facts and figures. Curious things happen at Book Auctions, as well as at Picture Sales. For instance, I am informed that a book was bought for £24 because it was incorrectly catalogued. It was resold for £6. Later described as something else, and realised £1,250. In each instance the buyers were well-known experts. Congratulations concerning books that I sell at auction reach me after every book sale. Certainly I have many Records to my credit. If anyone cares to consult "Book Prices Current," or any other authority, and tell me where my RECORDS (not below) have been beaten, I shall be pleased to publish the particulars:—

Gibbon, Decline and Fall	£230
Blackstone's Commentaries	58
Jenkin's Naval and Martial	74
Thornton's Temple of Flora	70
Milton, Paradise Lost	273
Egan's Life in London	260
Hepplewhite, The Cabinet Maker	85
Samuel Johnson's Letters	51
Lamb's Tales from Shakespeare	220
Bernhard's Costumes Suisse	80
Loddige, Botanical Cabinet	63
Lewin, Birds of Great Britain	53
Molière, J. B. P., Oeuvres	390
Ariosto, L., Orlando Furioso	60
Malthus, On Population	68
A Thackeray Letter	150

No buying-in charges if books or any other property fails to sell.

I received a letter from a lady (May 22rd):—"I am, indeed, delighted with the result of the sale of my picture. I was offered £25 for it by a dealer, and I nearly accepted his offer. I hope he was present at the sale." The lady had previously been offered £10 by a dealer in the West of England, so naturally she was very pleased when I sold Lot 221 on May 20th for £320.

A week ago I found at an ancestral home in Worcestershire three fine pictures, but too large to put in the car, so were collected by lorry, which follows in my wake. My principal art expert (who calls anywhere in England for a fee of 21s.) brought away the beautiful Zoffany of Mr. Farquharson in red coat. Mrs. Farquharson and dog, in the car, as the picture is only 28½in. by 37in. The three others average 30in. by 40in.

(2) A Racehorse standing on Heath, with Jockey in red coat, by F. Sartorius.

(3) The Racehorse "Jack of Hilton" (F. Sartorius).

(6) Racehorse "Minister," with jockey up, beating 11 others.

On Tuesday I collected (gratuitously, no charge for a personal call) another Sartorius. Wednesday another Sporting Picture, but sure of artist. On Thursday I had a delightful tour over the Hops Bank to Alton and round about. After a visit to the pretty little village of Selborne—one naturally thought of Gilbert White, the great naturalist, who was a parson there in the Eighteenth Century. At one of my calls I saw what would have delighted him. There is no padding—journalistic touching up, but an actual fact. On reaching the door of one who asked me to pay a gratuitous visit I saw a notice over the letter box, "Mr. and Mrs. Blue Tit and five little Tits are in occupation for a fortnight, so please don't put any letters in the box." When the maid opened the door she pointed out Mr. and Mrs. Blue Tit hopping about with dainty morsels for the little quintet. Before leaving I peeped in and had a look at the happy family. No need for *eyes grave* calls. This journey was not very eventful, but I put half a ton of books in the car. It was a great relief to the owner to get them to Town so easily. Whilst I was occupying the chair as a Methodist Anniversary at Finchley after this delightful tour, the Annual Dinner of the Antique Dealers' Association was taking place simultaneously at the Hotel Victoria, when a noble Lord said:

"That the objects of the Association might be broadly defined as, first, that of taking measures for protecting collectors and dealers from not only fraud, but also honest misconception or errors of judgment; and, secondly, for the stimulation of interest in works of art generally. It was a source of comfort and strength to the collector, however small he might be, to know that what might be called a protective association existed. The dealer in antiques accomplished more for the good of the world than either he or others generally recognised. Many of the artistic treasures which we valued most to-day would never have been known to us at all if it had not been for the industry and the knowledge of those who called themselves dealers in antiques."

It was my first experience of hearing Fred Duxbury, Professor of Elocution, and the first time I heard "The Passing of the Third Floor Back." Space prevents describing the many lessons I could draw from it. I must say that I learnt much from "Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch," about botany and its affinity to Episcopalians, Quakers, Methodists, and all the numerous sects in connexion with our Christian faith. I was more delighted than ever to hear his splendid rendering of "The Merchant of Venice." What lessons one could learn from "Not more than a pound, not one dram over, not one dram under, not a drop of blood to be shed."

It was a most delightful meeting, and any school or church not having had a visit from Mr. Duxbury would do well to get in touch with him. Among other tributes, a Cabinet Minister said that Mr. Duxbury "possesses great gifts of elocution."

A few of the 207 lots sold last Friday:

	£	s.	d.
A Chas. II. 1675 Plain Tankard	484	16	3
A Queen Anne 1709 Plain Coffee Pot	220	0	0
A Geo. II. Pierced Cake Basket	165	0	0
A Queen Anne 1706 Plain Pint Tankard	122	0	0
A pair of Geo. I. 1718 Shaped Base Candlesticks	119	4	6
A Geo. II. Irish Coffee Pot	107	0	0
A Geo. II. Oval Water Jug	105	0	0
An Antique Scotch Plain Teapot	102	0	0
A set of 6 Queen Anne 1704 dessert spoons	97	12	6
A Geo. III. Plain Oval Tray	93	15	0
Eight antique 3-prong dessert forks	81	3	6
Four Geo. III. oval sauce tureens	80	4	0
Four Geo. III. fluted sauce tureens	78	17	0
A Geo. I. Kitchen Pepper	61	0	0
A set of 4 Geo. IV. Tob Salts and a pair of Irish ditto	60	15	0
Six Geo. III. round Candlesticks	85	0	0
A pair of Geo. II. sauce boats	58	7	9
A pair of Queen Anne Tapersticks	54	0	0
A pair of important Diamond Earrings	451	0	0
An emerald, gold and diamond Necklet, and ditto bracelet, pair of Earrings and Brooch	191	0	0
A three-stone diamond ring	120	0	0
A fancy brilliant necklace	110	0	0
An antique diamond cross pendant	101	0	0
An enamel and diamond suite in case	70	0	0

It only costs 21s. for my Representative to call anywhere in England. 42s. Scotland. 63s. Ireland—no fee is charged for a personal call. I make 50 calls every week all over the country, but if it is necessary for my representatives to follow to do what I am unable to do, the usual fee is charged. (I specialize in jewels and silver.) We advise and suggest reserve prices with a view to sale by auction at my rooms in London. If desired, small articles will be brought away in the car.

Auction Sale every Friday of pearls, diamonds, old silver, Sheffield plate. Fortnightly sales antique furniture, pictures, china, and books. No buying-in charges. Stamps purchased for cash to any amount. Parcels safe registered post.

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(*Entrance*, 1, *Dover-street*.)
'Phone, Gerrard 5071-4.

BY ORDER OF THE DIRECTORS OF Messrs. M. SAMUEL & CO., LTD., WHO ARE REMOVING TO THEIR NEW BUILDING.

CITY OF LONDON

THE HIGHLY IMPORTANT

FREEHOLD

BANKING OR COMMERCIAL BUILDING

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Close to THREADNEEDLE-STREET in the CENTRE of the FINANCIAL WORLD.

MODERN in CONSTRUCTION, EXCELLENTLY LIGHTED THROUGHOUT, FRONTAGE about 39 FEET, SITE AREA ABOUT 3,280 SQUARE FEET, TOTAL FLOOR AREA about 13,600 SQUARE FEET, which will be offered for SALE by AUCTION by Messrs.

ST. QUINTIN, SON & STANLEY,

in conjunction with Messrs.

KNIGHT, FRANK & RUTLEY,

at WINCHESTER HOUSE, OLD BROAD-STREET, E.C., on WEDNESDAY, 18th JUNE, 1930, at 2.30 o'clock, WITH THE ADVANTAGE OF VACANT POSSESSION.

Solicitors: Messrs. WALTONS & CO., 101, LEADENHALL-STREET, E.C.3.
Auctioneers: Messrs. ST. QUINTIN, SON & STANLEY, 24, CLEMENT'S-LANE, LOMBARD-ST., E.C.4. Messrs. KNIGHT, FRANK & RUTLEY, 20, HANOVER-SQUARE, W.1.

DEBENHAM, STORR & SONS, LTD.

26, KING-STREET, COVENT GARDEN, W.C.2.

Part by Order of Private Owners and The Metropolitan Police.

JEWELLERY.

Diamond ornaments, SILVER and Plated Ware, Watches, &c., in 570 Lots, which will be SOLD by AUCTION by

DEBENHAM, STORR & SONS, LTD.,

at 26, King-street, Covent Garden, W.C.2, TO-MORROW (Tuesday), at 12.
Catalogues post free. NOTE.—Similar property can be included in FORTHCOMING SALES.

FURS, LACE,

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wardrobes, uniforms, silks, woollens, furniture, guns, bicycles, and miscellaneous effects SOLD by AUCTION FOUR DAYS EACH WEEK by

DEBENHAM, STORR & SONS, LTD.,

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comprising Brilliant necklaces, hair ornaments, brooches, bracelets, pendants, crescents, stars, earrings and rings, gold and platinum bags, vanity and cigarette cases, diamond and platinum wrist watches, pearl rings, pins and studs, pearl ornaments, unset brilliants.

SILVER PLATE,

Plated Ware, Watches, &c., which will be SOLD by AUCTION by

DEBENHAM, STORR & SONS, LTD.,

at 26, King-street, Covent Garden, W.C.2, on THURSDAY NEXT at 12. Catalogues post free.

JEWELLERY,

SILVER PLATE, PLATED GOODS, WATCHES,

and other valuables, which will be SOLD by AUCTION by

DEBENHAM, STORR & SONS, LTD.,

at 26, KING-STREET, COVENT GARDEN, W.C.2,

on THURSDAY, 12th June, at 12. Catalogues post free.
NOTE.—Similar property can be included in forthcoming sales.

DEBENHAM, STORR & SONS, Ltd., will be happy to advise private purchasers as to values and to undertake commissions free of charge.
Telephone: Temple Bar 1161-2. Telegrams: "Viewing, London." Established 1813.

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Messrs. FOSTER

Telephone, REGENT 0909.

Respectfully announce the following Sales by Auction at their Galleries, 54, Pall Mall, S.W.1.

ON WEDNESDAY, JUNE 4th.

OLD DUTCH and ITALIAN PICTURES, old English landscapes and portraits, modern pictures and engravings, at one o'clock precisely. May be viewed and catalogues had.

ON THURSDAY, JUNE 5th.

DECORATIVE FURNITURE, including an Old English secretaire bookcase, Old English mahogany wardrobe, chests of drawers, chevel and other mirrors, a boudoir grand pianoforte by J. Kuhe, Dresden, Persian rugs, Chinese carpet, old English bracket and other clocks, OLD ENGLISH, CONTINENTAL and ORIENTAL CHINA, cut glass, bronzes, needlework, silver and old Sheffield plate, miniatures, Japanese ivory carvings, Japanese gilt lacquer boxes, cabinet objects, &c., removed from 22, Archer-street (part of the estate of an antique dealer); removed from Albany, Piccadilly (part of the estate of a Gentleman deceased), and from various other sources, at one o'clock precisely.

May be viewed to-morrow and Wednesday and catalogues had.

FURNISHED COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES (Continued from Page 28)

EASTBOURNE HOUSES.

KILLICK & DAVIES. 'Phone 228.

EASTBOURNE.—HOUSES and FLATS: Maple 4guns. Central 6guns., near Park 6guns., Beachy Head-road 10guns.—CHARTERS, Estate Office, Eastbourne.

EASTBOURNE, in quiet situation near Sea and Station.—TO BE FURNISHED Detached HOUSE to be LET, for two months or longer; dining room, double drawing room, eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, domestic offices and servants' hall on ground floor; pretty garden; Rent 6guns. per week.—Apply to portor, Mr. Parfitt, Messrs. Dyer & Hobden, Ltd., Auctioneers, or EDGAR HORN, Cornfield-road, Eastbourne.

FOLKESTONE, SANDGATE, HYTHE and DYMCHURCH.—To be LET, FURNISHED HOUSES and SHERWOODS, Agents, at any of the above Head Office, Folkestone.

OXTED AND LIMPSFIELD.

FURNISHED HOUSES for varying periods from Sept. or new week onwards.—Apply E. COLLYER HAMLIN and Co., Estate Agents, Oxted, Surrey. 'Phone, Oxted 160.

GLORIOUS HINDHEAD.—Charming HOUSE to be LET, for August 1st; face view; large grounds; tennis, golf; three reception, 10 bed rooms; 18gns. weekly.—Hunnersys, Twinstead.

GLOUCESTERSHIRE RECTORY; six or eight weeks from July 21st; seven bed rooms, bath, telephone; electric light; plate and linen; tennis; motor available; 8gns. per week or offer.—Farl-worth, Fairford.

HIGCLIFFE-ON-SEA, BARTON-ON-SEA, and NEW FOREST.—To be FURNISHED HOUSES, HEWITT and Co., New Milton.

JORDANS, near BEACONSFIELD.—COTTAGE to be LET; three bed rooms, sitting room, kitchen, bath room; all electric; nicely furnished; 5½ guineas per week; 3 or short period.—Write Box K.389, The Times, E.C.4.

JERSEY.—To be LET, FURNISHED, COUNTRY HOUSE, hillside, facing sea, 10 minutes sea and tram, buses pass gate; three bed rooms, bath, attic, two entertaining; phone; garage; off 8gns. week any time till August 8.—P., Holly Dale, Millbrook, Jersey.

NEAR HASTINGS.—Well FURNISHED brick BUNGALOW, one minute sea; three large double bed rooms (fitted basins, h. & and cold), bath, kitchen; gas cooker, lighting throughout; indoor sanitation; log fires; 6gns. Hastings: June, July, August.—Herrison, Pett Level, Hastings.

TO BE LET, FURNISHED RESIDENCE.—Villa Marguerite, COWLEY, MIDDLESEX. Garage if required. Two reception, four bed, bath, kitchen, and scullery. 12min. Cowley Station, G.W.R.—Terms apply Owner, Hutchings, Choby Lodge, Cowley, Uxbridge. 'Phone 604 Uxbridge.

FURNISHED COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES (continued)

NORTH CORNWALL, near Coast.—VICARAGE; seven rooms; tennis, links near; let August 7 guineas.—Vicar, St. Kew, Wadebridge.

PWLLHELI, N. WALES.—FURNISHED, HOUSE; ideal situation; three reception, six bed rooms; modern conveniences; near sea, golf.—Owen-Jones, Solicitor.

SANDBANKS (BOURNEMOUTH).—Beautifully equipped FURNISHED HOUSE, available July and September; faces due South; five bed rooms (lavatory basins in four), bath room, two reception rooms, lounge hall and offices; balcony; garage with bed room; one minute sands; 16gns. weekly.—JAMES and SONS, Auctioneers, Parkstone, Dorset.

SECLUDED SPOT on SUSSEX COAST.—Ideal BUNGALOW, well FURNISHED; all modern comforts; four bed rooms, kitchen, bath room; to be LET, June, July, August; low rent.—For terms and full particulars apply Manager, The New City, near Bognor.

SHERINGHAM.—Detached, well FURNISHED HOUSE; lovely garden, tennis lawn, lake, &c.; seven bed rooms, bath room, three reception rooms; two garages. Others 3-20 bed rooms.—WALKER, Agent, Sheringham.

HUNTING with the DEVON and SOMERSET STAGHOUNDS, Polo, and Golf.

SOMERSET.—In high ground, in lovely country.—To be LET, FURNISHED, about August 20 for six weeks, a very fine GEORGIAN HOUSE in Park of 200 ACRES; 11 principal bed and dressing rooms, four bath rooms, two reception rooms, ample domestic accommodation; electric light, central heating, &c.; excellent STABLING and GARAGE.

Beautiful GROUNDS with hard and grass TENNIS COURTS.—Further particulars from LOFTS and WARNER, 130, Mount-street, London, W.1.

STEEP, Hants.—Attractive HOUSE to be LET, for August 5 for seven weeks, at £5 5s.; two sitting, five bed rooms; electric light; telephone; garage; three acres.—Apply Powell, Steep, Petersfield.

SURREY HILLS, on ex Golf Course.—FURNISHED HOUSE, August, month; ideal for children; five bed; garage; £4.—Write Box A.1217, The Times, E.C.4.

TO be LET, FURNISHED, from end of June for three or four months, charming RESIDENCE, standing in delightful grounds, situate near WITHAM, ESSEX, L.N.E.R. station 1½ mile; accommodation: three reception rooms, usual domestic offices, 10 bed rooms, bath room; garage for three cars; fine old garden, hard tennis court, croquet lawn, vegetable garden. Rent £12 12s. per week.—Full particulars on application to ALFRED DARBY and Co., Auctioneers and Estate Agents, 97, High-street, Chelmsford. (Tele. No. 2.)

TO be LET, August, September, charming FURNISHED HOUSE; five bed, two reception, bath room; telephone; garage for three; tennis court; garden; 1½ mile Salisbury; 5gns.—Thorne, Rangers Lodge, Laverstock, Wilts.

TO be LET for six months or longer, unique COUNTRY COTTAGE, beautifully FURNISHED; electric light, telephone; lovely garden, tennis lawn; near station, river, and golf course.—Apply Miss Hall, 20, Upper Grosvenor-street, W.1.

WALBERSWICK, SUFFOLK.—Attractive FURNISHED HOUSE to be LET for July and/or August and September, overlooking sea; seven bed rooms, tennis court; garage.—Apply V. O., Millcroft, Walberswick, Suffolk.

HOUSES, &c., WANTED

3 *lines* 6*s.* 9*d.* (*minimum*)

ESSEX, towards Suffolk borders.—Comfortable COUNTRY HOUSE in nice grounds; about three-four sitting rooms and 10-12 bed rooms, bath rooms, &c. Particulars will be treated confidentially and sent only to the client for whom inquiry is made.—KEMSLEYS, 164, Bishopsgate, E.C.2.

FREEHOLD HOUSE WANTED,

Unfurnished, in good position in central part of Town, suitable for a Club House. For a long lease. If reasonable price.—Write Box N.1086, The Times, E.C.4.

HAMPSTEAD DISTRICT.—WANTED IMMEDIATELY, HOUSE on rental basis with option to purchase; 10 beds, four reception; good garden.—Write Box K.295, The Times, E.C.4.

REQUIRE to PURCHASE, TUDOR HOUSE, small acreage, convenient distance of London. Price £15,000 to £18,000.—Write Box G.1991, The Times, E.C.4.

WANTED, if possible within 10 miles' radius of WINCHESTER, preferably on the North or North-East side, HOUSE, only, with two stable cases, containing six bed rooms, three living rooms, two bath rooms; three or four acres of gardens, cottage or space to build. Up to £5,000.—Particulars to Messrs. NICHOLAS, Surveyors, 9, Abbey-street-yard, W.1.

WANTED to PURCHASE, within one hour of the City, a HOUSE of CHARACTER: 10 to 12 bed rooms, four reception rooms, ample bath rooms and up to 50 acres of land.—Particulars H. LIDINGTON and Co., 87, Duke-street, Grosvenor-square, W.1. Telephone Mayfair 0737.

WANTED, by August and September, within one mile radius of Sloane Square, FURNISHED HOUSE with 9-10 bed rooms; must have three rooms on first or second floor. Rent up to 15gns. a week.—Please telephone Messrs. OFFER and OFFER, 81, Elizabeth-street, S.W.1. Sloane 8212-3.

WANTED, a good COUNTRY ESTATE in the Home Counties, with a moderate-size HOUSE and Home Farm if possible, preferably where the land is let off.—J. P., care of MAPLE and Co., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

WANTED, COUNTRY HOUSE to RENT, and Unfurnished; Guildford, Woking, Sydnet area; 12-14 bed rooms; garage; cottage. No agents.—Write Box K.257, The Times, E.C.4.

WANTED, SUSSEX, off main road, SMALL FARM, 10 ACRES; six bed rooms, three reception, bath, &c., good outbuildings; young orchard. No agents.—Write Box S.1705, The Times, E.C.4.

SHOOTING AND FISHING

3 *lines* 6*s.* 9*d.* (*minimum*)

SHOOT to be LET, about 1,400 ACRES, near SWELLINGTON, HANTS; good stock of pheasants, partridge, &c.—Apply Fingrove Manor, Eversley, Hants.

TO be LET, August and September, GROUSE MOOR with FURNISHED HOUSE and gardens; fishing.—Full particulars on application to Watson, Sidwood, Tarset, Northumberland.

TO be LET, near HORSHAM.—On main road, hour's run from Town.—Old-fashioned FARM RESIDENCE; three reception, eight bed rooms; grounds of ¼ ACRE, and the valuable shooting over 865 acres (the best in the district). Very low inclusive rental.—Further particulars from WELLER, SON and GRINSTED, Land Agents, Guildford (Tele. 1360).

BUILDING LAND AND SITES

3 *lines* 6*s.* 9*d.* (*minimum*)

DAILY REACH of TOWN.—BUILDING ESTATE up to 250 ACRES WANTED to PURCHASE, or a farm with plenty of road frontage within 30 miles of London.—F. 6, Stanley-road, Watford.

FACTORIES

3 *lines* 6*s.* 9*d.* (*minimum*)

DO NOT BUILD A FACTORY until you have been to Bristol.

Ready-built factories, close to Docks. Cheap rates water and power. Every modern transport facility. Postcard to the Secretary.

BRISTOL DEVELOPMENT BOARD, 1, Bristol Bridge, Bristol. Ask for "The Book of Bristol Industry."

WHY PURCHASE?
NEWLY-ERECTED FACTORIES TO BE
LET ON LEASE
(within 23 minutes of London).
2,000 to 32,000 square feet.

Extract from Chairman's speech at Annual Meeting: "Also the general policy of your Company to let Factories on a rental basis enabling Manufacturers to employ the whole of their capital in developing their business, instead of sinking a substantial proportion thereof in bricks and mortar."

SLOUGH ESTATES, LTD.,
TRADING ESTATE,
SLOUGH.
Telephone: Slough 240.
OVER 120 FIRMS ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

VACANT FACTORY.—Walham Green, London, S.W. BUILDING, 10,000 feet super. For Sale, Freehold.—Apply THOLE and NEWMAN, 5, Egerton-terrace, Brompton-road, S.W.3.

COLONIAL AND FOREIGN PROPERTIES

3 *lines* 6*s.* 9*d.* (*minimum*)

CANNES.

ONE OF THE FINEST VILLAS.
Just in the Market.
Fully equipped with old French furniture, tapestries, pictures, linen, silver, &c.
GARDEN of ABOUT 12,000 METRES.
Price for quick sale, £55,000, including transfer charges.
Full details of the Agents,
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

ONE HOUR and a HALF from PARIS.—To be LET, for summer season or all year, charming FURNISHED COUNTRY HOUSE; water, electricity, bath, with delightful garden, children's lawn; garage.—Address Mme. Amiel, Dresses, Chez, France.

SAINT BRIAC, near DINARD.—Pretty VILLA to be LET, Furnished, summer months; four bed rooms, bath room; garden.—Apply Hargreaves, Kervily, Saint Briac.

SAUMUR.
TOURAINE (FRANCE). 250,000Frs. Lovely PROPERTY, nine rooms; modern comfort; garage; garden; fine view.—Details, Gautier, Notary.

WIMEREUX.—FURNISHED HOUSE to be LET, August, £40; eight rooms, beautiful well-stocked garden; garage.—Apply McCormick, Villa des Fleurs, Wacquinghem, Wimereux.

HOUSE RENOVATION AND DECORATION

4 *lines* 9*s.* (*minimum*)

WILLETT,
BUILDERS AND DECORATORS.

Estimates given for internal and external decorations, repairs, alterations, reconstructions. Best materials and workmanship at competitive prices. Houses and garages built to order.

WILLIAM WILLETT, Ltd., Sloane-square, S.W.1.
Telephone: Sloane 8141.
And at 86, GLOUCESTER-ROAD, S.W.7.
137A, FINCHLEY-ROAD, N.W.3.
South Lodge, Putney Heath, Roehampton, S.W.15.
and 12, Grand-avenue, Hove.
Joinery Workshops, Parsons Green, S.W.6.

SALES BY AUCTION

4 *lines* 9*s.* (*minimum*)

HAMPTON & SONS,
20, ST. JAMES'-SQUARE, S.W.1.
TELEPHONE: REGENT 7500.
Telegrams: "Selanlet," Piccy, London.
Branches: Wimbledon: 'Phone 0080. Hampstead: 'Phone 3787.

ORDER OF SALE,
TO-MORROW, JUNE 3RD,
AT THE ST. JAMES' ESTATE ROOMS, 20, ST. JAMES'-SQUARE, S.W.1, at 2.30 p.m.

1.—SUSSEX.—"THIRLMERE," BEXHILL-ON-SEA.—Well-appointed Freehold Residence with garage and well-timbered gardens of about AN ACRE. (In conjunction with Messrs. Staines and Co.)

LOT 1.—UPSET PRICE OF £2,150.

2.—BERKS.—"ORCHARD HOUSE," WARGRAVE-ON-THAMES.—Picturesque Freehold Georgian Residence, with stabling, garages, chauffeur's flat, and beautiful gardens of over ONE ACRE, also adjoining is "Orchard Cottage," containing three bed rooms, bath room, and walled garden in rear. In Two Lots.

3.—SURREY.—"KENWOOD," WEYBRIDGE.—Attractive Freehold Residence, with garages, cottage, and beautiful gardens and grounds, natural woodland; also Valuable Building Site with over 247ft. frontage to Godolphin-road, in all nearly THREE ACRES. In One or Two Lots.

4.—CHANNEL ISLANDS.—"GREYLANDS," GUERNSEY.—Valuable Freehold Residential Property, with extensive ranges of glasshouses, garage, packing and other sheds; charming pleasure grounds of over FIVE ACRES.

5.—KENT.—"THE OLD PALACE," BEKESBOURNE, Nr. CANTERBURY.—Genuine XVIIth-Century Freehold Residence, with garages, stabling, and old-world gardens of over FOUR ACRES; also, almost adjoining, is an Old Tudor Gate House.

UPSET PRICE £2,250.

6.—KENT.—"NORTHWOOD HOUSE," Near HERNE BAY.—A group of Freehold Buildings, with gymnasium, carpenter's shop, engine house, superintendent's house; grounds with fruit, and other trees, and a detached two-acre paddock, in all about FOUR ACRES. (In conjunction with the Future Career Association, Ltd.)

7.—HANTS.—27, TALBOT-AVENUE, BOURNEMOUTH.—An artistic Freehold Residence, with garage and pretty garden. (In conjunction with Messrs. Fox and Sons.)

8.—BUCKS.—"CAPESTHORNE," CHESHAM BOIS.—Attractive Freehold House, with site for garage and delightful garden.

9.—BERKS.—"HARTWELLS," PINKNEYS GREEN, Near MAIDENHEAD.—Freehold Country Property, including garage, stabling, outbuildings and charming pleasaunce of over 2¼ ACRES.

Auction Offices:—20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

By order of the Executors.
NOMINAL UPSET PRICE £2,500.
CHISLEHURST, KENT.
300ft. *above sea level,*
enjoying a pretty prospect, near to the Commons and actually adjoining the golf course.

"CAMDEN WOOD," YESTER-RD.

Substantially built and Commodious FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, approached by pretty drive, and containing vestibule and panelled walls, tiled garden porch, four reception and a billiard room, 11 bed and dressing rooms, night and day nurseries, two bath rooms, and usual offices.
Part central heating, company's gas and water, electric light and telephone; main drainage.
Cottage, Garage, Stabling, Greenhouses, &c.
BEAUTIFUL UNDULATING GARDENS AND GROUNDS carrying magnificent specimen and forest trees, providing lawns, fruit garden, &c., in all over

2¾ ACRES.

A Property suitable for private residence, hotel, conversion into flats, or institutional purposes.
VACANT POSSESSION ON COMPLETION.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on TUESDAY, 24th JUNE (unless sold privately).
Solicitors: Messrs. Edwards and Sons, Finsbury-court, London, E.C.2.
Particulars from the Auctioneers,
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

Up-to-date with labour-saving fittings.

WEST WEYBRIDGE.

Four minutes from Station, just half-an-hour from Town; rural position with fine open views; gravel subsoil.
TWO ARTISTIC DETACHED FREEHOLD HOUSES.

"KENWOOD" and "MELROSE,"

WEY MANOR ESTATE.
Containing: Entrance hall, two reception rooms, one with servants' or third sitting room, four bed rooms, bath room, cloak room, kitchenette, and other offices; company's electric light, gas, water; main drainage; telephone; excellent garage; ground, 60ft. by 150ft.
With Vacant Possession.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on TUESDAY, 15th JULY (unless previously sold).
Solicitors: Messrs. Rodgers and Co., 30, Bank-street, Sheffield.
Particulars from the Auctioneers,
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

KENT. Near FAVERSHAM.
Three miles from Lenham Station and 7 miles from main line Station.
The very Attractive
FREEHOLD RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY.
"BUNCE COURT,"
OTTERDEN.
Perfectly rural position. 550ft. up, amidst scene of the prettiest scenery in the county.
The QUEEN ANNE HOUSE contains vestibule, lounge hall, panelled lounge, three reception rooms, two staircases, 12 bed rooms, dressing room, nursery suites, three baths, ample offices.
Central heating. Own electric light and gas. Company's water. Excellent drainage.
GARAGES. PAIR OF COTTAGES.
DELIGHTFUL PLEASURE GROUNDS, kitchen garden, orchard and rich meadowland, in all over

24½ ACRES.

Vacant Possession.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on TUESDAY, 15th JULY (unless previously sold).
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HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

HILLIER, PARKER, MAY & ROWDEN,

SHOP AND BUSINESS PROPERTY AUCTIONEERS, LONDON AND MANCHESTER.

THE DUCHESS THEATRE

AT A RESERVE CONSIDERABLY BELOW THE COST OF BUILDING

JUST OFF THE STRAND

FACING THE STRAND THEATRE

In sight of

DRURY LANE & GAIETY THEATRES

FOR SALE BY AUCTION,

on JULY 2nd, IN THE THEATRE,

unless previously sold.

WITH POSSESSION

JUST OUT OF THE BUILDER'S HANDS

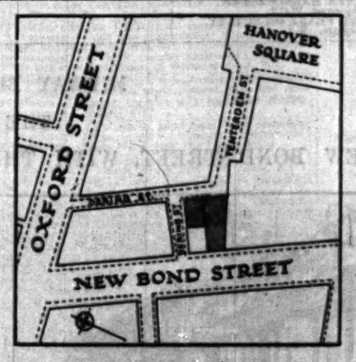
THE ACME OF MODERN THEATRE DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

ERECTED BY MESSRS. F. G. MINTER LTD., OF PUTNEY, TO THE PLANS OF MR. OWEN BARR.

FULL COMMAND OF THE STAGE FROM ALL 800 SEATS IN THE HOUSE. LATEST TYPE OF PLENUM VENTILATING SYSTEM, INTRODUCING WASHED AND HEAT-REGULATED AIR AT CEILING LEVEL, AND EXHAUSTING FROM THE FLOOR. DELIGHTFUL INDIRECT LIGHTING ARRANGEMENTS AND INTERIOR DECORATIONS. WELL DESIGNED STAGE WITH COUNTER-BALANCED SCENE OPERATING SYSTEM, &c., &c.

HELD UNDER TWO LEASES FOR 97 YEARS AT £1,550 P.A. TOTAL GROUND RENT.

SOLICITORS: MESSRS. WALTER BURGIS & CO., 31, BUDGE-ROW, E.C. MESSRS. BARTLETT & GLUCKSTEIN, 199, PICCADILLY, W.1.



73, NEW BOND STREET, W.,

WITH POSSESSION ON 29th SEPT. NEXT.

ONE OF THE FEW LARGE PROPERTIES OBTAINABLE IN THIS EXCLUSIVE STREET, WITH THREE FRONTAGES. NEW BOND ST., 29ft. 8in., DERING ST., 30ft. and 82ft.,

GROUND AREA 5,745 SQ. FT.

LEASEHOLD FOR 80 YEARS FROM MICHAELMAS NEXT

FOR SALE AS A WHOLE OR IN THREE LOTS.

By Auction at the London Auction Mart, E.C.4, on Thursday, June 26th, 1930.

LIVERPOOL

47-51, CHURCH ST. & 1-3, BASNETT ST.

MAGNIFICENT CORNER BUILDING OF 7 FLOORS.

CHURCH ST., FRONTAGE, 56ft.; BASNETT ST. 80ft.
FLOOR SPACE, 22,800 sq. ft.; GROUND AREA, 4,545 sq. ft.
Held for 69½ years unexpired at low Ground Rent of £2,500 p.a.

FOR SALE WITH VACANT POSSESSION.

By Auction on June 17th, 1930, at the Law Assn. Rooms, 14, Cook St.

BIRMINGHAM

72, HIGH ST., 10 DOORS FROM NEW ST.

FINE DEEP SHOP AND 3 UPPER FLOORS.

FRONTAGE 18ft. 6in. DEPTH 80ft.
TOTAL FLOOR SPACE 2,760 SQ. FT.
Leasehold for 80 years at £400 p.a. Ground Rent.

FOR SALE WITH VACANT POSSESSION.

By Auction on June 17th, 1930, at the Grand Hotel, Birmingham.

CITY OF LONDON

LEASEHOLD INVESTMENT
68, BASINGHALL ST.

An excellent Office Building of ground, basement and four upper floors, let on various tenancies, producing a gross, actual, and estimated income of

PER £1,220 10s. ANN.

Held for about 30 years unexpired at £300 p.a.
By Auction at the London Auction Mart, E.C.4, on June 26th next.

SEVENOAKS

FREEHOLD SHOP PREMISES
123 & 128, HIGH ST.

Excellent shop premises with upper parts, in good trading positions.

No. 123. Frontage 12ft. 9in., depth 43ft. 3in.
No. 128. Frontage 20ft. 9in., total depth 52ft. 6in.

The properties will be offered in two lots.
WITH POSSESSION.
By Auction at Sevenoaks, Tuesday, June 24th next.

SALE WEDNESDAY NEXT

AT GLASGOW.

154-156, ARGYLE STREET,
GLASGOW.

TO BE OFFERED AT THE FACULTY HALL AT 3 P.M.

SPLENDID CORNER SHOP,

WITH FINE FIRST-FLOOR SHOWROOM.
142Ft. IN LENGTH,
LARGE BASEMENT SHOWROOM.
ABOUT 7,500 Sq. Ft. IN ALL.

VACANT POSSESSION.

NO BURDENS.

KENSINGTON, S.W

LEASEHOLD SHOP PREMISES,
37 & 37A, HIGH ST.

Prominent corner shop, basement, and two upper floors in a very fine position adjoining Messrs. Barkers. Frontage 19ft. 6in., return 56ft. 6in.

WITH VACANT POSSESSION

on completion, except No. 37A, and part up-stairs, let until August next. Held for about 24 years, unexpired at £1,250 p.a.
By Auction, at the London Auction Mart, E.C.4, on June 26th next.

EDINBURGH

TWO FINE SHOPS.
74 & 76 SOUTH BRIDGE.

And 1-3, Chamberlaw-st., in a valuable position. No. 74, the corner shop, gives 9,000 sq. ft. showroom space.

No. 76 contains 6,250 sq. ft. and has 220 feet depths.

Both properties carry small ground annuals.
WITH POSSESSION.
By Auction, in two lots, in Edinburgh, June 18th next.

Full particulars of the above may be had from Messrs. HILLIER, PARKER, MAY & ROWDEN at their OFFICES:

27, MADDOX-STREET, LONDON, W.1, and at 44, BRAZENNOSE-STREET, MANCHESTER.
Mayfair 0710 (12 lines). Manchester Central 0794.

SALES BY AUCTION (continued)

H. E. FOSTER & CRANFIELD,
at the LONDON AUCTION MART,
155, QUEEN VICTORIA-STREET, E.C.4,
on WEDNESDAY, 18th JUNE, at 2.30.

BEDFORD-ROW.—In the centre of the Legal World. Fine old unrestricted FREEHOLD PREMISES.

No. 2, BEDFORD-ROW

and No. 1, JOC

LONDON: 20, HANOVER-SQUARE, W.1.
EDINBURGH: 90, PRINCES-STREET.
ASHFORD, KENT: 41, BANK-STREET.

KNIGHT, FRANK & RUTLEY.

FOUNDLING ESTATE OFFICE: 11-12, GRENVILLE-STREET, W.C.1.
RICHINGS PARK ESTATE: IVER, BUCKS, AND 298, REGENT-STREET, W.1.
WELWYN GARDEN CITY: BRIDGE-ROAD.

BUSINESS PREMISES, HOTELS, AND INVESTMENTS

WESTMINSTER FREEHOLD

WITHIN THREE MINUTES' WALK OF THE HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT AND ST. JAMES'S PARK (UNDERGROUND) STATION.

IMPORTANT OFFICES AND BUSINESS PREMISES, 4, CENTRAL BUILDINGS, S.W.

Between Tothill-street and Old Queen-street.

The structure, which is built of brick with stone dressings, comprises a basement, ground floor, and five upper floors, with lavatories conveniently arranged on the various floors. Windows open on three sides, and in front of the building is a courtyard.

Central heating, constant hot water, and electric passenger lift are installed.

FLOOR AREA ABOUT 32,300 SQUARE FEET.

EMINENTLY SUITABLE FOR ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS, AND IMPORTANT COMPANIES REQUIRING FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATION IN THE HEART OF THE CITY OF WESTMINSTER.

VACANT POSSESSION on completion of the purchase.

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY.

Solicitors:—Messrs. LINKLATERS and PAINES, 2, Bond-court, E.C.4.
Agents:—Messrs. KNIGHT, FRANK and RUTLEY, 20, Hanover-square, W.1.

29 & 31, OXFORD-STREET, W.1.

SITUATED ON THE SOUTH SIDE OF THAT THOROUGHFARE, WITHIN 50 YARDS OF TOTTENHAM COURT-ROAD TUBE STATION.

LONG LEASEHOLD MODERN SHOP AND BUSINESS PREMISES

comprising

A DOUBLE-FRONTED SHOP having a frontage of about 29ft. 3in., but containing a display window space of approximately 37ft. The depth of the shop is about 43ft., and there is good natural light at rear. The basement is used for show-room purposes.

ABOVE are SIX UPPER FLOORS of well-lighted Offices, floored with wood blocks, and approached by a separate entrance with a good staircase. Good lavatory accommodation is conveniently arranged on each floor.

Electric passenger lift. Central heating.

TOTAL FLOOR SPACE 9,800 SQUARE FEET.

The entire property is held on lease for a term having about 93 years unexpired, subject to a ground-rent of £2,000 per annum, which is covered by a lease of the upper floors at the same rent—£2,000 per annum.

VACANT POSSESSION OF THE SHOP AND BASEMENT.

To be offered for SALE by AUCTION, at the Hanover-square Estate Room, on WEDNESDAY, 18th JUNE, 1930, at 2.30 p.m.

Solicitors:—Messrs. WRIGHT, WOODROW and AYSON, 17, Bowling Green-street, Leicester.
Agents:—Messrs. VICKERS and STANLEY, 47-48, Berners-street, W.1.
Auctioneers:—Messrs. KNIGHT, FRANK and RUTLEY, 20, Hanover-square, W.1.

LEAMINGTON SPA.

WITHIN TWO MINUTES' WALK OF L.M.S. AND G.W. RAILWAY STATION AND CLOSE TO THE PUMP ROOM.

FREEHOLD FULLY-LICENSED BATH HOTEL,

OCCUPYING A PROMINENT CORNER POSITION AT THE JUNCTION OF BATH-STREET WITH SMITH-STREET.

The accommodation comprises:—Three reception rooms, two billiard rooms, three lounges, saloon bar, two public bars, four stock rooms,

54 GUESTS' BED ROOMS,
FIVE BATH ROOMS.

Central Heating. Constant Hot Water.

The Hotel has an old-established connection, and Vacant Possession will be given on completion of the purchase. The Furniture, equipment, &c., are to be taken at valuation in the usual way.

To be offered for SALE by AUCTION, in the Hanover-square Estate Room, on Thursday, 12th June, 1930, at 2.30 p.m. (unless previously sold privately).

Solicitor:—W. H. POWNALL, Esq., Warwick House, Browning-avenue, Boscombe, Hants.
Auctioneers:—Messrs. KNIGHT, FRANK and RUTLEY, 20, Hanover-square, W.1.

LEASEHOLD INVESTMENT

WITHIN 50 YARDS OF THE JUNCTION OF CRANBOURN-STREET, ST. MARTIN'S-LANE, GARRICK-STREET, AND LONG-ACRE, AND 110 YARDS OF LEICESTER-SQUARE TUBE STATION.

MODERN SHOP AND OFFICE BUILDING known as

8 & 9, LONG-ACRE AND 16, GARRICK-STREET,

comprising

IMPOSING FREEHOLD PREMISES, STEEL-FRAMED, with PORTLAND-STONE ELEVATION, and containing spacious GROUND-FLOOR SHOW-ROOMS, and on the upper floors COMMODIOUS OFFICES, designed for the FILM TRADE, with PRIVATE THEATRES, FILM SPACE, DEVELOPING ROOMS, FILM WINDING ROOMS, &c., the whole covering a floor area of about

16,600 SQUARE FEET.

The property possesses the following FRONTAGES.

LONG-ACRE, ABOUT 52FT. 9IN.
GARRICK-STREET, „ 22FT. 9IN.

and with the exception of a small area is let.

ACTUAL and ESTIMATED GROSS INCOME £4,500 PER ANNUM.

The property is held on lease for a term of 42 years from the 24th June, 1919, thus leaving 31 years unexpired at Midsummer, 1930, at a rental of £1,700 per annum.

To be offered for SALE by AUCTION, in the Hanover-square Estate Room, at an early date (unless previously sold privately).

Solicitors:—Messrs. WALTER MARTIN and Co., 8, New-court, Carey-street, W.C.2.
Auctioneers: Messrs. KNIGHT, FRANK and RUTLEY, 20, Hanover-square, W.1.

A VALUABLE LEASEHOLD INVESTMENT

ARISING FROM

9, WEYMOUTH-STREET, PORTLAND-PLACE, W.1.

A MODERN BUILDING, CONTAINING

NINETEEN RESIDENTIAL SERVICE FLATS AND FOURTEEN CONSULTING ROOMS.

ACTUAL AND ESTIMATED GROSS INCOME £13,820 PER ANNUM.

TO BE OFFERED FOR SALE BY AUCTION, IN THE HANOVER-SQUARE ESTATE ROOM, ON WEDNESDAY, 11TH JUNE, 1930, AT 2.30 P.M. (UNLESS PREVIOUSLY SOLD PRIVATELY).

Solicitors:—Messrs. TROWER, STILL and KEELING, 5, New-square, W.C.2.
Auctioneers:—Messrs. KNIGHT, FRANK and RUTLEY, 20, Hanover-square, W.1.

LEICESTER.

A GILT-EDGE FREEHOLD INVESTMENT

arising from

MODERN SHOP AND SHOW-ROOM PREMISES,

66, HIGH-STREET, AND 7, GUILDHALL-LANE,

SITUATE IN A PREMIER SHOPPING POSITION, AMONGST THE PRINCIPAL MULTIPLE TRADERS, BETWEEN UNION-STREET AND HIGHCROSS-STREET.

Of brick and stone construction.

FRONTAGES, HIGH-STREET, 30 FEET, GUILDFORD-LANE, 26 FEET 6 INCHES.

SITE AREA, 4,330 SQUARE FEET, AND A TOTAL FLOOR AREA OF ABOUT 11,700 SQUARE FEET.

LET ON LEASE to the HACKNEY FURNISHING COMPANY, LIMITED, for a term of about 40 years unexpired at the extremely moderate rental of £2,000 PER ANNUM.

To be offered for SALE by AUCTION, in the Hanover-square Estate Room, on Thursday, 26th June, 1930, at 2.30 p.m. (unless previously sold privately).

Solicitors: Messrs. SYRETT and SONS, 2, John-street, Bedford-row, W.C.1.
Auctioneers: Messrs. KNIGHT, FRANK and RUTLEY, 20, Hanover-square, W.1.

GLASGOW.

IN THE MOST VALUABLE PART OF ARGYLE-STREET.

IMPORTANT BLOCK OF SHOP PREMISES, 173-185, ARGYLE-STREET.

WITH EARLY OCCUPATION.

ONE OF THE FINEST SHOPPING POSITIONS IN GLASGOW, on the South side of the street, between St. Enoch-square and Jamaica-street.

TOTAL FRONTAGE TO ARGYLE-STREET ABOUT 95 FEET 6 INCHES,

AND RETURN FRONTAGE TO ADAMS COURT-LANE.

The Premises were formerly occupied by the Bonanza Store.

To be offered for SALE by AUCTION, as a whole or in Lots, on a date to be announced later.

Agents:—Messrs. VICKERS and STANLEY, 47-48, Berners-street, W.1.
Auctioneers:—Messrs. KNIGHT, FRANK and RUTLEY, 20, Hanover-square, W.1. and Edinburgh.

STOCKPORT.

SITUATED IN THE CENTRE OF THE TOWN, CLOSE TO BRANCHES OF MONTAGUE BURTONS, THE TAILORS, MAYPOLE DAIRY COMPANY, LUPTONS, LIMITED, THE BRITISH ARGENTINE MEAT COMPANY, AND OTHER MULTIPLE FIRMS.

FREEHOLD SHOP PREMISES known as 19 & 21, LOWER HILLGATE.

No. 19, LOWER HILLGATE comprises a single-fronted shop having a frontage of about 18 feet and a depth of about 36 feet. It is divided to form a shop with an office and scullery behind. On the first floor are two bed rooms, and above is an attic. The shop is let at a moderate rent.

No. 21, LOWER HILLGATE consists of a ground-floor shop with a stock room behind, and with store rooms on the first floor and attic above. The frontage is about 15 feet and the depth about 38 feet 6 inches.

VACANT POSSESSION OF No. 21 will be given on completion of the purchase.

To be offered for SALE by AUCTION, at the EMPRESS HOTEL, TYRREL-STREET, BRADFORD, on THURSDAY 19th JUNE, 1930, at 2.30 p.m. (unless previously sold privately).

Solicitors:—Messrs. WRIGHT, WOODROW & AYSON, 17, Bowling Green-street, Leicester.
Agents:—Messrs. VICKERS & STANLEY, 47-48, Berners-street, W.1.
Auctioneers:—Messrs. KNIGHT, FRANK and RUTLEY, 20, Hanover-square, W.1.

BRADFORD.

IN THE CENTRE OF THE CITY, AT THE JUNCTION OF WESTGATE, KIRKGATE, IVEGATE, AND UPPER MILLERGATE.

FREEHOLD CORNER BLOCK OF SEVEN SHOPS AND OFFICES 1, 3, 5, 9, 11, & 13, WESTGATE, AND 66, 68, & 70, KIRKGATE.

The extensive upper part, which is known as ST. GEORGE'S CHAMBERS, comprises a mezzanine and four other floors of offices and show-rooms, approached by a separate entrance.

The shops, with one exception, referred to below, and a portion of the upper part, are let to substantial tenants at moderate rentals, amounting to £1,360 per annum, with reversion to increased rentals on the expiration of the existing leases. The remainder of the offices and the principal shop, No. 1, Westgate, and No. 66, Kirkgate, are offered with Vacant Possession.

FRONTAGE ABOUT 140 FEET. FLOOR AREA ABOUT 11,000 SQUARE FEET.

To be offered for SALE by AUCTION, at the EMPRESS HOTEL, TYRREL-STREET, BRADFORD, on THURSDAY, 19th JUNE, 1930, at 2.30 p.m. (unless previously sold privately).

Solicitors: Messrs. WRIGHT, WOODROW, and AYSON, 17, Bowling Green-street, Leicester.
Agents: Messrs. VICKERS and STANLEY, 47-48, Berners-street, W.1.
Auctioneers: Messrs. KNIGHT, FRANK and RUTLEY, 20, Hanover-square, W.1.

MIDWAY BETWEEN OXFORD-STREET AND PICCADILLY.

THE VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTIES,

134-5-6-7, NEW BOND-STREET, WITH THE AEOLIAN HALL, AND 131-2-3, NEW BOND-STREET (UPPER FLOORS),

comprising

EXTENSIVE GROUND-FLOOR SHOP AND SHOWROOM ACCOMMODATION.

THE AEOLIAN HALL,
SEATING 515 PERSONS.
THE SMALL HALL,
SEATING 225 PERSONS.

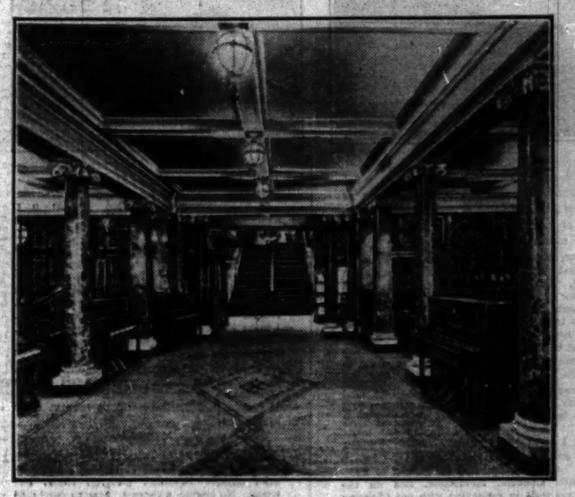
Also excellent SHOWROOMS and OFFICES on FOUR UPPER FLOORS, and SPACIOUS BASEMENTS.

THE ENTIRE PROPERTY OFFERS TO IMPORTANT COMPANIES AND BUSINESS HOUSES AN EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY OF ACQUIRING EXTENSIVE PREMISES IN ONE OF THE FINEST POSITIONS IN NEW BOND-STREET.

TOTAL FLOOR SPACE, 50,000 SQUARE FEET.

Central Heating.

Three Electric and Hydraulic Lifts.



To be offered for SALE by AUCTION, in the Hanover-square Estate Room, on Monday, 30th June, 1930, at 2.30 p.m. (unless previously sold privately).

SOLICITOR: CECIL BEDFORD, Esq., 136, NEW BOND-STREET, W.1.

AUCTIONEERS: MESSRS. KNIGHT, FRANK and RUTLEY, 20, HANOVER-SQUARE, W.1.

FURNITURE, PICTURES, WINES.

TUESDAY, 10th JUNE, and FOUR FOLLOWING DAYS, AT 11 A.M. and 2 P.M. EACH DAY.

HAVING SOLD THE FREEHOLD.

HOTEL CECIL, STRAND, W.C.2.

THE GREAT CELLAR OF CHOICE WINES AND SPIRITS 72,000 BOTTLES

CHAMPAGNES.

Including Ayala 1917, 1919 and 1921, Clicquot Veuve (Ponsardin) 1920 and 1921, Delbeck 1920, 1921 and 1923, De St. Marceaux 1920, Goulet, George 1919, 1920 and 1921, Heidsieck 1919, 1921 and 1923, Irroy 1920, Louis Roederer 1920 and 1921, Lanson, Pere et Fils 1921, Mumm, G. H., 1920 and 1921, Moët and Chandon 1914 and 1919, Ruinart, Pere et Fils, 1911, 1913, 1919, 1921 and 1923, Deutz and Geldermann 1917, 1921 and 1923, Duminy 1914, 1915, 1917 and 1921, Krug 1915, 1919, 1920 and 1921, Perrier-Jouet 1921, Pol Roger 1921, &c.

FRENCH SPARKLING WINES.

Ackerman-Laurance, Clos du Soleil and Château Varsaine, &c.

STILL MOSELLES.

Josephshöfer 1921, Graacher Himmelreich 1926, and Moselero Doctor Premier Cru, &c.

RHINE WINES.

Kreusnacher Riesling feinste Auslese, Oppenheimer Goldberg Spätlese, Johannisberg Liabfraumilch Auslese, Niersteiner Findling, &c.

ITALIAN AND SPANISH WINES (White and Red). Gancia, Extra Dry 1921, Asti Spumante (Fratelli Gancia) old Chianti, Lacrima Christi (red and white), Capri (red and white), Castle Ponal (Cuva Burgundy), Villa Paceta (Claret); Dry England (white).

BORDEAUX.

(White) Sauternes, Graves, Barsac, Château Carbonnieux 1925, Château Larose Blanche (Monopole). (Red) Grand Vin, Château Lauriers, Monopole 1920, St. Julien 1916, Château Citran 1916, Château St. Georges, St. Emilion 1918, Lagrange (St. Julien) 1919, St. Estèphe 1918, and many other well-known brands.

PORT (OLD VINTAGE).

Martinez 1875, 1890, 1904 and 1912, Croft's 1873, 1878, 1894, 1908 and 1912, Offley's 1884, Sandeman's 1887, 1897 and 1904, Dow's 1896, 1899 and 1908, Cockburn's 1908 and 1912, Taylor's 1912 and 1917, and many other more recent vintages.

BURGUNDY.

(White) Montrachet 1916, Meursault 1916 and 1919, Chablis, (Red) Chambertin 1908, 1911 and 1916, Richebourg 1915, Beaune 1915, Nuits Vougeot 1918, Pommard 1923, Volnay 1918 and 1919, and Macon 1919, &c.

BRITISH EMPIRE WINES.

Australia (red and white) and South Africa (red and white).

SHERRY, MARSALA, and MADEIRAS.

WHISKIES.

Antiquary (J. and W. Hardie), White Horse, Gold Label (John Bissett and Co.), Red Label (J. Walker and Sons), Gold Label (John Haig and Co.), Claymore, Grey Label (Train and McIntyre), V.O.S. (Chas. Mackinlay and Co.), John Jameson's Three Star Irish Whisky, and Canadian Club (Hiram Walker), &c.

BRANDIES.

Hines 1870, Rouyer's 1865 and 1848, Grand Aigle 1893, Bisquit Dubouche 1878, Martell's, J. G. Monnet and Co., Otard's 1878, Denis Mounié 1875, Hennessy's, Gautier Frères, Cusenier 1878, &c.

GIN, JAMAICA RUM, AND APERITIFS, &c.

LIQUEURS.

Absinthe, Benedictine (D.O.M.), Chartreuse (Green and Yellow), Cherry Brandy, Cointreau (Triple Sec), Crème de Menthe, Crème de Cacao, Crème de Noyau, Fine old Ginger Brandy, Grand Marnier (Cordon Rouge), Kirschwasser, Kümmel (Baczewski), Maraschino, Milk Punch, &c.

CIGARS.

Calixto Lopez, La Corona, Por Larranaga, Punch, Bock y Ca, Hornso y Julieta, H. Upmann, Juan Lopez, Ramon Alones, Villar y Villar, La Intimidad, Henry Clay, &c.

SALE by AUCTION, on the PREMISES as above, IN THE PRINCES HALL, THAMES EMBANKMENT, W.C. (entrance in Carting-lane, W.C.), on TUESDAY, 10th June, and FOUR FOLLOWING DAYS, at 11 a.m. until 1 p.m., and from 2 p.m. onwards.

ON VIEW (BY CATALOGUE ONLY, PRICE ONE SHILLING EACH) on MONDAY, 2nd JUNE, to SATURDAY, 7th JUNE, from 10 to 5 o'clock daily.

Solicitors:—Messrs. LINKLATERS and PAINES, 2, Bond-court, Walbrook, E.C.4.
Catalogues of the Auctioneers.

TUESDAY, 24th JUNE, AND TWO FOLLOWING DAYS, AT ONE O'CLOCK EACH DAY.

ON THE PREMISES.

BY ORDER OF THE EXECUTORS OF ADELE LADY MEYER.

CHIPSTEAD PLACE, NEAR SEVENOAKS, KENT.

CONTENTS OF THE MANSION.

An Old English lacquer coffer, a pair of Italian carved walnut ceremonial chairs, three carved and gilt side-tables of Chippendale design, a set of 20 high-back chairs in the Italian Seventeenth-century style, BOUDOIR GRAND PIANOFORTES BY STEINWAY and SONS and J. BLUTHNER; an Old English carved wood console table, eleven Chippendale pattern mahogany chairs, a Georgian mahogany dining table in four sections; Flemish walnut armoires, eight Sheraton bamboo-pattern chairs, French kingwood writing table, mounted with ormolu, two French kingwood cabinets, card tables, bronzes, bracket and mantel clocks, Bronzes, wall mirrors, pier glasses; Porcelain; a Dresden dinner service of 270 pieces, glass, Linen, PERSIAN, TURKEY, AXMINSTER CARPETS AND RUGS, silk, rep, damask, and tapestry curtains.

The Furnishings of TWENTY-SIX BED AND DRESSING ROOMS, including Sheraton mahogany and other wardrobes, dressing tables, chests of drawers, bedside cupboards, screens, pedestals and bedding, &c.

OUTDOOR EFFECTS.—Plants; Garden tools, lead and carved stone figures, and miscellanea.

ON VIEW SATURDAY and MONDAY PRIOR.

PRIVATE VIEW BY CARD on FRIDAY PRIOR.

Solicitors:—Messrs. TROWER, STILL and KEELING, 5, New-square, W.C.2.
Catalogues of the Auctioneers.

SALE TO-DAY (MONDAY), 2nd JUNE, AND FOLLOWING DAYS AT ONE O'CLOCK EACH DAY, ON THE PREMISES.

BY ORDER OF HIS GRACE THE DUKE OF LEEDS AND TRUSTEES.

HORNBY CASTLE, BEDALE, YORKS.

Four miles from Bedale Station, five miles from Catterick Bridge Station, nine miles from Richmond, 15 miles from Northallerton, 16 miles from Darlington.

ANTIQUE FURNITURE.

PAINTINGS of the ENGLISH, ITALIAN, and DUTCH SCHOOLS.

PORCELAIN.

A LIBRARY OF MISCELLANEOUS LITERATURE.

THE CONTENTS OF THE MUSEUM.

BED-ROOM APPOINTMENTS.

OUTDOOR EFFECTS.

Solicitors:—Messrs. LOWE and Co., 2, Temple-gardens, Temple, E.C.4. Admission by Catalogue only (price 1s. each), of Messrs. LOFTS and WARNER, 120, Mount-street, W.1, or of the Auctioneers.

TUESDAY, 17th JUNE, ON THE PREMISES, AT 12 O'CLOCK.

FORMERLY THE PROPERTY OF THE RIGHT HONOURABLE THE EARL OF BERKELEY.

FOXCOMBE, BOARS HILL, OXFORD.

Four miles from Oxford Station.

THE REMAINING CONTENTS OF THE MANSION.

A Gothic carved oak chest, Tudor pattern draw tables, walnut refectory tables, Italian carved walnut buffets, bookcase and cabinets, a set of 18 carved walnut dining chairs of Renaissance design, carved walnut dining tables, Jacobean pattern Court cupboards, Bible boxes and chests, mahogany chairs and library furniture. An inlaid mahogany writing table with cylindrical front; French gilt canapés and fauteuils in Aubusson tapestry, Japanese cabinets and screens, Bracket, mantel, and longcase clocks, a baby grand pianoforte by Caveau, Paris, in white enamelled case, A full-size oak billiard table by Thurston and Co., with accessories; paintings, drawings and engravings, ornamental china, marqueterie and inlaid mahogany bed room suites and chairs; a carved Italian painted and gilt four-post bedstead, two carved oak four-post bedsteads, an inlaid mahogany ditto, cheval glasses, mirrors, screens, curtains, carpets and rugs; garden tools, carts and out-door effects, including a pair of lead figures of Amorini, &c.

ON VIEW SATURDAY and MONDAY prior, from 10 to 5 o'clock. Catalogues of the Solicitors, Messrs. DARBY and SON, 50, New Inn Hall-street, Oxford, or of the Auctioneers.

THURSDAY, 5th JUNE, AT ONE O'CLOCK, AT HANOVER-SQUARE.

FURNITURE, CARPETS AND MISCELLANEA

REMOVED FROM A WEST-END MANSION AND FROM OTHER SOURCES. Chairs, settees, mirrors, bookcases, clocks, carpets, carved walnut mahogany, ash, and other bed room furniture in wardrobes, dressing chests, toilet mirrors and wash-stands, writing tables, pictures, engravings, tea and dinner services, glass and miscellanea.

ON VIEW DAY PRIOR.

FRIDAY, 6th JUNE, AT ONE O'CLOCK, AT HANOVER-SQUARE.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH FURNITURE, ENGRAVINGS, PICTURES, &c.

THE PROPERTY of the RIGHT HONOURABLE THE EARL OF MOUNTEDGCUMBE; MRS. JEFFERIS, of THE OLD BARN, DEEPDENE, DORKING; and from other sources, LOUIS XV. MARQUETERIE commode inlaid with a basket of flowers and urns, a French kingwood display cabinet, 5ft. wide, LOUIS XV. KINGWOOD table inlaid with leafage, ACam mahogany oval wine cooler, OLD ENGLISH Longcase clock by James Nicol, Cornmarket (Clockmaker, 1721-1760), another by Thos. Gardner, in Queen Anne lacquer case, a pair of Louis XV. walnut fauteuils in Aubusson tapestry, mahogany and other bookcases, writing and occasional tables, sideboards, settees, stools and mirrors, BRONZES, FRENCH ORMOLU, marble and bronze candelabra, PORTRAIT ENGRAVINGS by J. Faber, R. Houston, J. McArdell, J. Simon, and others, Paintings and drawings, FRENCH mahogany bed room suite, with ormolu mounts and cube pattern inlay, other bed room furniture and miscellanea.

ON VIEW TWO DAYS PRIOR.

WEDNESDAY, 16th JULY, AT ONE O'CLOCK, ON THE PREMISES.

BY ORDER OF THE EXECUTORS OF THE LATE ADELE LADY MEYER.

19, HYDE PARK-GATE, S.W.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH FURNITURE, &c.

A pair of Georgian mahogany pedestals; a Louis XV. carved and gilt settee in Aubusson floral tapestry; a Louis XVI. mahogany upright secretaire; an Italian carved walnut cassone; a Japanese lacquer cabinet on stand; old English tables and carver mirrors; French painted and gilt chairs, settees, stools, marqueterie writing and occasional tables, gilt wood wall mirrors, easy chairs, settees, screens, &c.; Mantel and bracket clocks; English, Continental and Oriental porcelain; china and glass; bronzes; Persian, Wilton and Axminster carpets and rugs; silk brocade curtains; the bed room furnishings, and miscellanea.

PUBLIC VIEW MONDAY and TUESDAY prior from 10 to 5 o'clock. Catalogues of the Auctioneers.

BY DIRECTION OF THE NORTH BRITISH RUBBER CO., WHO ARE MOVING TO NEW AND LARGER PREMISES.

MODERN CORNER SHOP AND BUSINESS PREMISES known as NOS. 200 TO 208, TOTTENHAM COURT-ROAD.

FLOOR AREA ABOUT 50,000 SQUARE FEET.

SHOP FRONTAGE 180FT. TO TOTTENHAM COURT ROAD.

NORTH CRESCENT 35 FEET, ALFRED-MEWS 60 FEET, CHENIES-STREET 60 FEET.

THE BUILDING, which is of substantial modern construction, contains Basement, Ground Floor, and Four Upper Floors, constructed to carry heavy weights, and served by Four Fireproof Staircases and Three Electric Lifts, also service and parcel lifts and a Loading Dock.

Central Heating, and excellent natural light on three sides.

Leasehold as to Nos. 200-203, Tottenham Court-road for a term having 91 years unexpired, and as to Nos. 204-208 for a term having 80 years unexpired, at ground-rents amounting to £1,110 per annum.

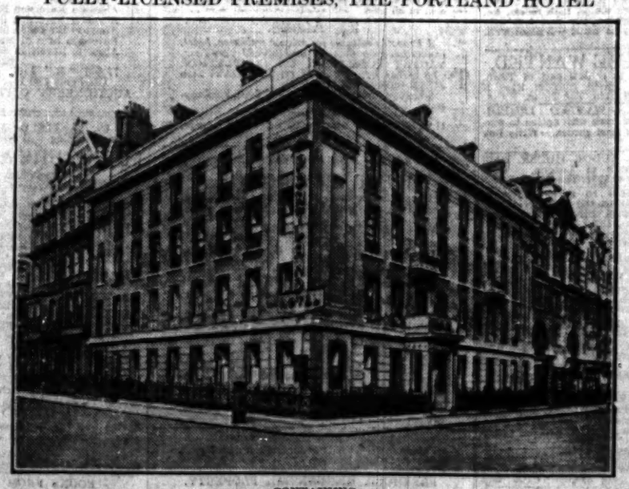
To be offered for SALE by AUCTION, AS A WHOLE OR IN TWO LOTS, in the Hanover-square Estate Room in July (unless previously sold privately).

Auctioneers: Messrs. KNIGHT, FRANK and RUTLEY, 20, Hanover-square, W.1.

GREAT PORTLAND-STREET

ABOUT 200 YARDS FROM REGENT-STREET AND MIDWAY BETWEEN OXFORD-STREET AND GREAT PORTLAND-STREET TUBE STATIONS.

FULLY-LICENSED PREMISES, THE PORTLAND HOTEL



CONTAINING

SIX PUBLIC ROOMS, DISPENSE BAR, 114 GUESTS' BED ROOMS, 14 BATH ROOMS.

Two Passenger Lifts. Electric Lighting. Central Heating.

ALSO THREE SHOPS IN GREAT PORTLAND-STREET.

LETTING TO PRODUCE £1,087 PER ANNUM.

The whole is held under six separate Leases from the Howard de Walden Estate, expiring 6th April, 1993, thus having about 63 years unexpired,

AT A TOTAL GROUND-RENT OF £385 PER ANNUM.

To be offered for SALE by AUCTION, in the Hanover-square Estate Room, on Wednesday, 2nd July, 1930, at 2.30 p.m. (unless previously sold privately).

Solicitors:—Messrs. WELMAN and SONS, 76a, Westbourne-grove, W.2.
Auctioneers:—Messrs. KNIGHT, FRANK and RUTLEY, 20, Hanover-square, W.1.

TOWN HOUSES

4, CARLTON-GARDENS,

FORMERLY THE TOWN HOUSE OF THE LATE LORD BALFOUR.

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY.

THE CROWN LEASE OF THIS IMPORTANT RESIDENCE,

occupying an unrivalled position within a few yards of St. James's Park, overlooking ornamental gardens, and entirely immune from noise.

The house is of dignified proportions, and contains a fine suite of entertaining rooms, decorated in historic styles.

The accommodation is as follows: Reception hall, dining room, library, sitting room, drawing room, boudoir, ante room, secretary's room, five principal bed and dressing rooms, nine secondary and servants' bed rooms, two bath rooms, and the usual domestic offices.

LEASE 16 YEARS.

AT A REASONABLE RENT.

GARAGE PREMISES WITH ROOMS OVER, at 12, CARLTON-MEWS.

Agents: Messrs. KNIGHT, FRANK & RUTLEY, 20, Hanover-square, W.1.

BY DIRECTION OF THE RIGHT HONOURABLE VISCOUNT LEE OF FAREHAM, G.C.S.I., G.B.E., K.C.B.

10, CHESTERFIELD-STREET, MAYFAIR.

LEASE 807 YEARS UNEXPIRED.

GROUND-RENTS £17 4s. 0d. PER ANNUM ONLY.

A DIGNIFIED RESIDENCE

OF THE EARLY GEORGIAN PERIOD, PRESERVING ITS HISTORIC ASSOCIATION, WITH BEAUTIFUL "ADAM" INTERIOR, AND POSSESSING A QUIETUDE DIFFICULT TO FIND IN THESE DAYS.

There are a large hall and a suite of five entertaining rooms, 14 bed and dressing rooms, four bath rooms, convenient and ample domestic offices.

Passenger and Service Lifts.

Independent Hot Water Service.

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY.

Agents: Messrs. KNIGHT, FRANK and RUTLEY, 20, Hanover-square, W.1.

WESTMINSTER FREEHOLD.

A BEAUTIFUL EARLY GEORGIAN HOUSE,

FACING SOUTH, AND HAVING AN UNINTERRUPTED VIEW OVER ST. JAMES'S PARK.

THE HOUSE is unique, having a lofty, spacious Staircase Hall, and the principal rooms panelled in deal, the modern improvements having in no way impaired its historic interest. The accommodation comprises four-five reception rooms, eight-nine bed rooms, three bath rooms, model domestic offices.

TO BE SOLD AT A REASONABLE PRICE.

Sole Agents: Messrs. KNIGHT, FRANK and RUTLEY, 20, Hanover-square, W.1.

GROSVENOR-SQUARE.

THE LONG LEASE OF ONE OF THE FINEST RESIDENCES IN THE ABOVE FAVOURED SQUARE.

NEARLY £13,000 HAS RECENTLY BEEN EXPENDED ON IMPROVEMENTS.

The accommodation comprises:

Large entrance hall, five stately reception rooms, 16 bed rooms, six bath rooms (four tiled), and capital domestic offices.

Parquet floors on ground and first floors. Electric passenger lift, central heating and Electric power plugs.

Rock garden and fountain.

LEASE ABOUT 60 YEARS. GROUND-RENT £700.

A QUICK SALE IS DESIRED AT THE LOW PRICE OF £15,500.

Agents: Messrs. KNIGHT, FRANK and RUTLEY, 20, Hanover-square, W.1.

MAYFAIR.

ADJACENT TO HYDE PARK.

Exceptional opportunity occurs to acquire one of the most ATTRACTIVE MODERN RESIDENCES, IN A FASHIONABLE THOROUGHFARE.

Stone-fronted, Willett-built, South aspect and replete with all modern conveniences, including Passenger and Service Lifts, Central Heating, Marble Bath Rooms, Parquet Floors, Wood-panelled Reception Rooms.

Electric Light and Power.

Beautifully decorated recently, and in perfect order throughout.

LEASE 80 YEARS.

GROUND-RENT £200 PER ANNUM.

MODERATE PRICE.

Agents: Messrs. KNIGHT, FRANK and RUTLEY, 20, Hanover-square, W.1. (11158.)

HARRINGTON HOUSE, KENSINGTON PALACE-GARDENS.

THE CROWN LEASE

of a most stately and probably one of the finest of London's smaller residences. Panelled and decorated in the style of historic periods, suitable for entertaining and completely modern.

IT IS DETACHED IN PRIVATE GROUNDS OF OVER ONE ACRE, OVERLOOKING KENSINGTON GARDENS.

Entrance and reception hall with grand staircase, five reception rooms, billiard room, winter garden, 15 principal bed and dressing rooms, six bath rooms, 10 staff bed rooms, and modern domestic offices.

Electric passenger lift. Central heating and independent hot water.

Hard tennis court, croquet lawn, and flower borders. Garage for seven cars; chauffeur's cottage; three-stall stable, loose box, and ground for quarters.

LEASE ABOUT 34½ YEARS UNEXPIRED. RENT £420 PER ANNUM.

To be offered for SALE by AUCTION, in the Hanover-square Estate Room, on Thursday, 26th June, 1930, at 2.30 p.m. (unless previously sold privately).

Solicitors:—Messrs. MAXWELL, BATLEY and Co., 44-46, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.
Auctioneers:—Messrs. KNIGHT, FRANK and RUTLEY, 20, Hanover-square, W.1.

ROYAL BOROUGH OF KENSINGTON

WITHIN FIVE MINUTES OF KENSINGTON GARDENS.

23A, ELVASTON-PLACE. FREEHOLD.

A small house of particular distinction and charm, containing beautiful interior decorations and panelling.

Hall, lounge, dining room, drawing room, cocktail bar, study, kitchen with maid's lavatory, three bed rooms, bath room, and kitchen offices.

To be offered for SALE by AUCTION, in the Hanover-square Estate Room, on Wednesday, 11th June, 1930, at 2.30 p.m. (unless previously sold privately).

Solicitors: Messrs. BURTON, YEATES and HART, 23, Surrey-street, W.C.2.
Auctioneers: Messrs. KNIGHT, FRANK and RUTLEY, 20, Hanover-square, W.1.

STANHOPE-GATE, MAYFAIR.

A BEAUTIFUL HOUSE OF EXCEPTIONAL CHARACTER AND EQUIPMENT.

UNRESTRICTED FREEHOLD.

The accommodation comprises:—Lounge hall, three reception rooms, ball room, boudoir, study, 15 bed and dressing rooms, Swimming pool, Winter garden, Tudor Inn, six bath rooms, and excellent domestic offices.

Central Heating, Independent Hot Water Service. Electric Passenger Lift. Service Lift. Internal Telephone System.

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY.

Agents: Messrs. KNIGHT, FRANK and RUTLEY, 20, Hanover-square, W.1.

CHELSEA.

FACING SOUTH, OVER THE ROYAL HOSPITAL GARDENS.

A HOUSE OF PARTICULAR CHARM.

WELL PLANNED AND ARTISTICALLY DECORATED. MODERNISED AND READY FOR REOCCUPATION.

Hall, three-four reception rooms, five bed and dressing rooms, bath room, compact domestic offices.

SMALL GARDEN.

Lease about 10 years unexpired.

RENT £8 PER ANNUM.

PRICE £2,500.

A LONG LEASE ON FAVOURABLE TERMS MIGHT BE NEGOTIATED.

Agents: Messrs. KNIGHT, FRANK and RUTLEY, 20, Hanover-square, W.1.

HAMPSTEAD.

15 MINUTES FROM CITY OR WEST END.

47, ARKWRIGHT-ROAD.

DETACHED NON-BASEMENT RESIDENCE

with large, sunny garden. Three reception rooms, sun room, five bed rooms, dressing rooms, nursery suite, by-pass two bath rooms. Entirely redecorated and in beautiful order. Parquet floors.

Ample electric power points, and modern conveniences.

£4,750 FOR LONG LEASE.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

Agents: Messrs. KNIGHT, FRANK and RUTLEY, 20, Hanover-square, W.1.

KNIGHT, FRANK & RUTLEY'S ANNOUNCEMENTS WILL ALSO OCCUPY THE BACK PAGE ON THURSDAY.

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